INOVANCE



Application Guide - CANopen Communication

IS620P Series Servo Drive



A02 Data code 19010699

Preface

Thank you for purchasing Inovance IS620P series of servo drive configured with the CANopen field bus function.

Based on the general Inovance IS620P servo drive, the IS620P-CANopen is added with the CANopen bus communication function, which covers all products of the series. This product can be connected to the high-speed CANopen communication network and implement bus control on site.

This user guide introduces applications related to the CANopen function. For other general functions, see the IS620P Series Servo Advanced User Guide . Contact our technical personnel if you have any question during use.

Inovance commits itself to continuous product improvement. Therefore, this user guide is subject to change without notice.



Notes

- ◆ The drawings in the user guide are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Remember to install the covers or protective guards as specified first, and then perform operations in accordance with the instructions described in the user guide.
- The drawings in the user guide are shown for descriptions only and may not match the product you purchased.
- This user guide is subject to change without notice due to product upgrade, specification modifications as well as efforts to improve the accuracy and convenience of the user guide.
- If the user guide is damaged or lost, contact our regional agents or customer service centers to order the user guide.
- Contact our customer service centers for concerns during use.

Revision History

Date	Version	Revision				
April 2017	A00	First release				
October 2018	A01	Updated the logo.				
February 2020	A01	 Chapter 1: Modified the servo drive nameplate and added with profile torque mode. Chapter 1: Modified the system setting parameter table. Chapter 4: Modified the units of 606Bh, 606Ch, 609Ah, 6099h. Modified the conversion factor of each mode to 6091h and all the diagrams involved. Deleted original sections 4.1.1 to 4.1.4. Added with a new section 4.1.1. Modified the descriptions of 605Ah and added with 605Dh in section 4.2.4. Modified the descriptions and added with descriptions of software limit function and acceleration/deceleration settings in section 4.5. Modified the descriptions of 6060h in section 4.7. Modified the descriptions of 6040h and 6041h in section 4.9.2. Added section 4.1 "Keypad display" Chapter 6: Added with object groups 2011h, 2012h, 202Dh, 202Eh, 2030h, and 2031h. Chapter 7: Added with section 7.3 and modifed descriptions in 7.2. Added with 605Dh, 6074h. Modified 6041h, 605Dh, 6072h, 607Fh, 6081h, 6083h, 6084h, 6085h, 6087h, 6098h, 6099h, 609Ah, 60C5h, 60C6h, 1018h, and 200Ch. Deleted 6093h to 6097h. The "Halt" function is changed from "Not supported" to "Supported". The "User unit" is changed to "Reference unit". Deleted the original Appendix A. Modified the parameter starting with H18, H19, H1A and H1B to H2D and H2E. 				

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Safety Instructions

Safety Precautions

- 1) Before installing, using, and maintaining this equipment, read the safety information and precautions thoroughly, and comply with them during operations.
- 2) To ensure the safety of humans and equipment, follow the signs on the equipment and all the safety instructions in this user guide.
- 3) "CAUTION", "WARNING", and "DANGER" items in the user guide do not indicate all safety precautions that need to be followed; instead, they just supplement the safety precautions.
- 4) Use this equipment according to the designated environment requirements. Damage caused by improper usage is not covered by warranty.
- 5) Inovance shall take no responsibility for any personal injuries or property damage caused by improper usage.

Safety Levels and Definitions



Indicates that failure to comply with the notice will result in severe personal injuries or even death.

Indicates that failure to comply with the notice may result in severe personal injuries or even death.

N Indicates that failure to comply with the notice may result in minor or moderate personal injuries or equipment damage.

Safety Instructions

Unpacking CAUTION • Check whether the packing is intact and whether there is damage, water seepage, damp, and deformation. • Unpack the package by following the package sequence. Do not hit the package with force. • Check whether there are damage, rust, or injuries on the surface of the equipment or equipment accessories. • Check whether the number of packing materials is consistent with the packing list. • Check whether the number of packing materials is consistent with the packing list. • Do not install the equipment if you find damage, rust, or indications of use on the equipment or accessories.

- Do not install the equipment if you find water seepage, component missing or damage upon unpacking.
- ◆ Do not install the equipment if you find the packing list does not conform to the equipment you received.

Storage and Transportation

CAUTION

- Store and transport this equipment based on the storage and transportation requirements for humidity and temperature.
- Avoid transporting the equipment in environments such as water splashing, rain, direct sunlight, strong electric field, strong magnetic field, and strong vibration.
- Avoid storing this equipment for more than three months. Long-term storage requires stricter protection and necessary inspections.
- Pack the equipment strictly before transportation. Use a sealed box for long-distance transportation.
- Never transport this equipment with other equipment or materials that may harm or have negative impacts on this equipment.

WARNING

- Use professional loading and unloading equipment to carry large-scale or heavy equipment.
- When carrying this equipment with bare hands, hold the equipment casing firmly with care to prevent parts falling. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
- Handle the equipment with care during transportation and mind your step to prevent personal injuries or equipment damage.
- Never stand or stay below the equipment when the equipment is lifted by hoisting equipment.

Installation

WARNING

- Thoroughly read the safety instructions and user guide before installation.
- Do not modify this equipment.
- Do not rotate the equipment components or loosen fixed bolts (especially those marked in red) on equipment components.
- Do not install this equipment in places with strong electric or magnetic fields.
- When this equipment is installed in a cabinet or final equipment, protection measures such as a fireproof enclosure, electrical enclosure, or mechanical enclosure must be provided. The IP rating must meet IEC standards and local laws and regulations.

ANGER

- Equipment installation, wiring, maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement must be performed by only
 professionals.
- Installation, wiring, maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement must be performed by only experienced personnel who have been trained with necessary electrical information.
- Installation personnel must be familiar with equipment installation requirements and relevant technical materials.
- Before installing equipment with strong electromagnetic interference, such as a transformer, install an
 electromagnetic shielding device for this equipment to prevent malfunctions.

Wiring

🚺 DANGER

- Equipment installation, wiring, maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement must be performed by only professionals.
- Never perform wiring at power-on. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- Before wiring, cut off all equipment power supplies. Wait at least 15 minutes before further operations because residual voltage exists after power-off.
- Make sure that the equipment is well grounded. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- During wiring, follow the proper electrostatic discharge (ESD) procedures, and wear an antistatic wrist strap. Failure to comply will result in damage to internal equipment circuits.

WARNING

- Never connect the power cable to output terminals of the equipment. Failure to comply may cause equipment damage or even a fire.
- When connecting a drive with the motor, make sure that the phase sequences of the drive and motor terminals are consistent to prevent reverse motor rotation.
- Wiring cables must meet diameter and shielding requirements. The shielding layer of the shielded cable must be reliably grounded at one end.
- After wiring, make sure that no screws are fallen and cables are exposed in the equipment.

Power-on

DANGER

- Before power-on, make sure that the equipment is installed properly with reliable wiring and the motor can be restarted.
- Before power-on, make sure that the power supply meets equipment requirements to prevent equipment damage or even a fire.
- At power-on, unexpected operations may be triggered on the equipment. Therefore, stay away from the equipment.
- ◆ After power-on, do not open the cabinet door and protective cover of the equipment. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- Do not touch any wiring terminals at power-on. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- ◆ Do not remove any part of the equipment at power-on. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.

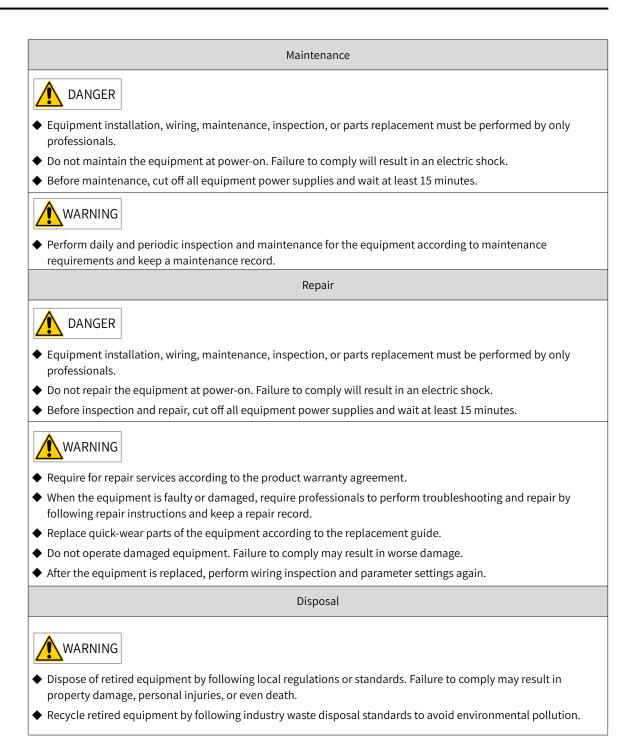
Operation

ANGER

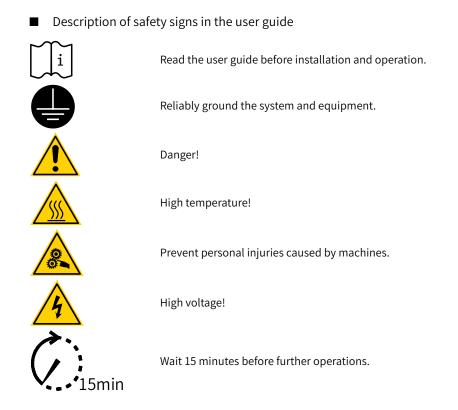
- Do not touch any wiring terminals during operation. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- Do not remove any part of the equipment during operation. Failure to comply will result in an electric shock.
- Do not touch the equipment shell, fan, or resistor for temperature detection. Failure to comply will result in heat injuries.
- Signal detection must be performed by only professionals during operation. Failure to comply will result in personal injuries or equipment damage.

WARNING

- Prevent metal or other objects from falling into the device during operation. Failure to comply may result in equipment damage.
- Do not start or stop the equipment using the contactor. Failure to comply may result in equipment damage.



Safety Signs



Description of safety signs on the equipment

For safe equipment operation and maintenance, comply with safety signs on the equipment, and do not damage or remove the safety labels. The following table describes the safety signs.

Safety Sign	Description
たい たい たい たい たい たい たい たい たい たい	 Never fail to connect protective earth (PE) terminal. Read the user guide and follow the safety instructions before use. Do not touch terminals within 15 minutes after power-off. Failure to comply may result in electric shock. Do not touch the heatsink after power-on. Failure to comply may result in the risk of burn.

1 Product Information

1.1 Nameplate and Model of Servo Drive

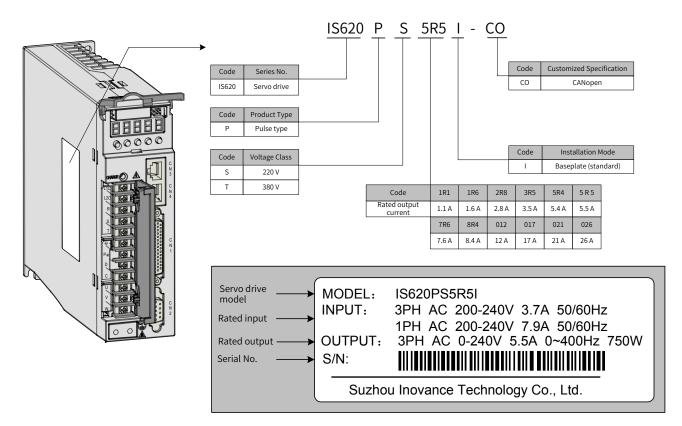


Figure 1-1 Naming and nameplate description of servo drive

1.2 Performance Parameters

Item	Description
Link layer protocol	CAN bus
Application layer protocol	CANopen protocol
CAN-ID type	11bit-CAN2.0A
Baud rate	500 Kbit/s (default) 1 Mbit/s, 250 Kbit/s, 125 Kbit/s, 100 Kbit/s, 50 Kbit/s, and 20 Kbit/s
Maximum number of sites	63
CAN frame length	0 to 8 bytes
Application layer CAN frame type	Data frame, remote frame
Terminal matching resistance	120 Ω
Supported sub-protocol	CiA-301 V4.02: CANopen application layer and communication protocol DSP-402 V2.0: driver and motion control sub-protocol

Item	Description				
	NMT: network management system				
	SDO: service data object				
Supported service	PDO: process data object				
Supported service	Device monitoring: including node protection and heartbeat				
	SYNC: including synchronization generator and synchronous receiving, which is used in PDO transmission				
PDO transmission type	Time trigger, event trigger, synchronous trigger				
Number of supported PDOs	4 RPDOs, 4 TPDOs				
SDO transmission mode Accelerated SDO transmission, fragmented SDO transmission					
	Profile position mode				
	Profile velocity mode				
Supported servo drive mode	Profile torque mode				
	Homing mode				
	Interpolated position mode				

The CANopen communication function of the IS620P series of servo drive supports seven baud rates. The communication distance and baud rate are related to communication cables.

Table 1-2 Supported baud rates

Baud rate (bps)	1M	500K	250K	125K	100K	50K	20K
Length (m)	25	100	250	500	500	1000	1000

Table 1-3 Relation between CAN communication transmission distance, rate, and number of nodes

No.	Transmission distance	Rate	Number of nodes	Cable diameter	
1	25 m	1 Mbps	64	0.205 mm ²	
2	95 m	500 Kbps	64	0.34 mm ²	
3	560 m	100 Kbps	64	0.5 mm ²	
4	1100 m	50 Kbps	64	0.75 mm ²	

For CAN communication, cables of different diameters have little impact on the transmission distance. However, cable diameters must be large. Table 1-4 lists the transmission distance between two nodes under different cable diameters and rates.

Table 1-4	Relationship	hetween	cable	diameters	and tr	ansmission	distance
	netationsinp	Detween	cubic	anannecers	and th	anonnoonon	anstance

Cable diameter	500 Kbps	1 Mbps
3 x 0.3 mm ²	95 m	30 m
3 x 0.5 mm ²	95 m	30 m
3 x 0.75 mm ²	100 m	30 m

2 Wiring

The two RJ45 terminals of the ISP620 servo drive are CANopen communication ports and CN3 and CN4 ports of general products. Figure 2-1 shows the ports.

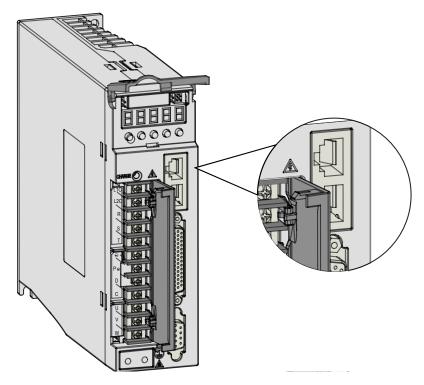


Figure 2-1 CANopen communication ports of the IS620P servo drive

Pins of the two ports are internally connected. Table 2-1 lists definitions of the pins. CAN interface connectors are configured with at least the CANH, CANL, and CGND pins.

Pin No.	Pin	Description	Terminal Pin Layout
1	CANH	CAN communication part	
2	CANL	CAN communication port	
3	CGND	CAN communication ground	2
4	RS485+	DC40E communication part	3
5	RS485-	RS485 communication port	
6	RS232-TXD	RS232 transmit end, which is connected to the receiving end of the host controller	5 6
7	RS232- RXD	RS232 receiving end, which is connected to the transmit end of the host controller	
8	GND	Ground	
Enclosure	PE	Shielding	

Table 2-1 Pin definitions of communication signal connectors



Connecting CGND greatly helps improve the anti-interference performance of CAN ports.

2.1 CAN Communication Cable

1) CAN cable for communicating with PLC

The following figure shows the connecting cable (model: S6-L-T02-2.0) between the servo drive and the PLC under CAN communication:



Figure 2-2 Appearance of the communication cable (model: S6-L-T02-2.0) between PLC and servo drive

Table 2-2 Pin connection of the communication cable	(model· \$6-1-T02-2 0)) hetween PLC and servo drive
Table 2 2 This connection of the commanication cable	(Inoucl. 30 L 102 2.0	

RJ45	5 on Servo Drive Side (A)			PLC Side (B)	
Communication Type	Signal Name	Pin No.	Communication Type	Signal Name	Pin No.
	CANH	1		CANH	1
CAN	CANL	2	CAN	CANL	2
	CGND	3		CGND	3
	PE (shield network layer)	Encloslure		PE (shielded network layer)	Encloslure

2) CAN communication cable for multiple drives connected in parallel

The following figure shows the connecting cable (model: S6-L-T01-0.3) for multiple drives connected in parallel under CAN communication:



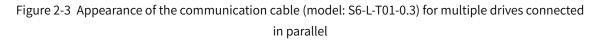


Table 2-3 Pin connections of the communication cable (model: S6-L-T01-0.3) for multiple drives connected in parallel (only pins in CAN group used)

RJ45 c	on Servo Drive Side (A	.)	RJ45 on Servo Drive Side (B)			
Communication Type	Signal Name	Pin No.	Communication Type	Signal Name	Pin No.	
	CANH	1		CANH	1	
CAN	CANL	2	CAN	CANL	2	
	CGND	3		CGND	3	
	PE (shield)	Enclosure		PE (shield)	Enclosure	

2.2 CAN Communication Bus and Multi-node Connection Mode

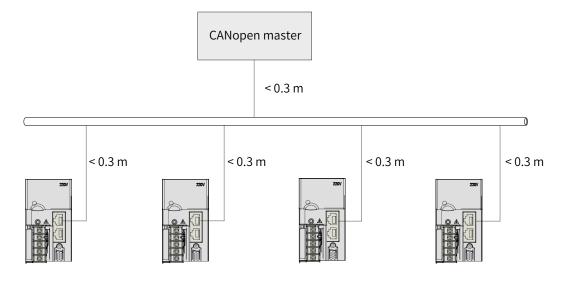


Figure 2-4 CAN communication network topology

The CAN communication network is connected in bus mode, as shown in Figure 2-4.

CAN transmitters and receivers are mounted on the bus. Each branch must be shorter than 0.3 m. Otherwise, reflection is caused and communication problems occur.

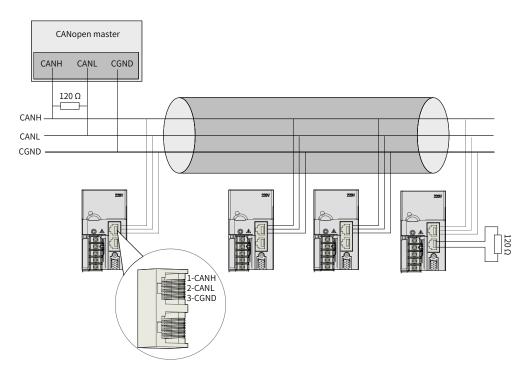


Figure 2-5 Schematic diagram of CANopen cable

- It is recommended that a shielded twisted cable is connected to the bus. A 120 Ω terminal matching resistor is connected to each end of the bus to prevent signal reflection. The shield layer generally uses reliable single-point grounding.
- Use a multimeter to measure the resistance between CANH and CANL to determine whether the receiving resistance on site is correct. The normal resistance value is around 60 Ω (two resistors are connected in parallel).
- Up to 64 devices can be mounted under the bus.

■ When CAN devices communicate over a long distance, CGND of different CAN circuits must be mutually connected to ensure the reference potential of different communication devices is the same.

2.3 Twisted Pair Cables Recommended for CAN Communication Cables

■ The CAN communication network recommends using twisted pair cables, which can better resist high-frequency magnetic field noise interference and reduce external radiation of cables. Figure 2 shows the schematic diagram of a twisted pair cable.

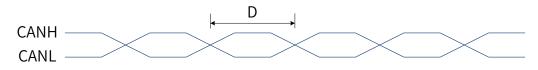
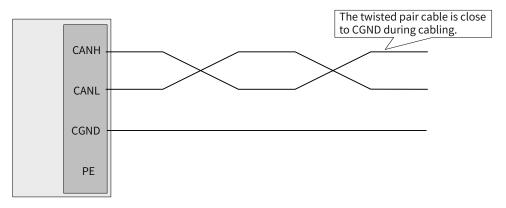


Figure 2-6 Schematic diagram of a twisted pair cable

- The torque D of a twisted pair cable should be smaller than 2 cm. Smaller torque indicates better anti-interference effect.
- During short-distance low-speed communication, a twisted pair shielded cable can be used to enhance the anti-interference capability. Both ends of the shield layer are connected to the PE.
- During long-distance high-speed communication, shielded cables are not recommended. This is because large capacitance exists between the shield layer and the signal cable, which cause delay of transmission signals.

2.4 Recommended Connection Modes of Different Cables





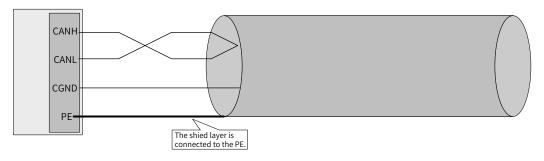
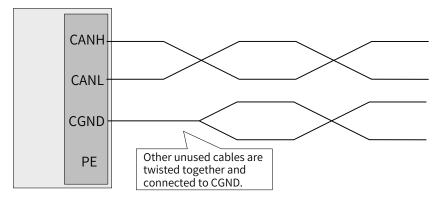
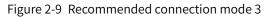


Figure 2-8 Recommended connection mode 2





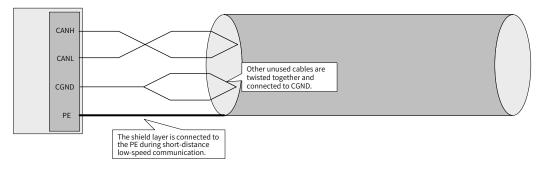
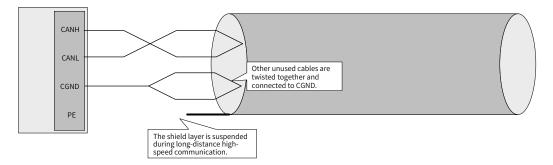
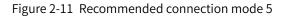


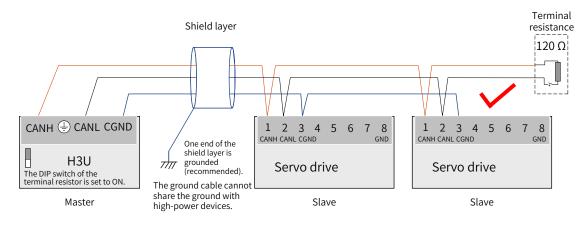
Figure 2-10 Recommended connection mode 4





2.5 Precautions for Grounding during CAN Communication

When CAN communication is used, the CGND terminal of the host controller must be connected to the CGND terminal of the servo drive, as shown in Figure 2-12.







1) A CAN communication terminal resistor is embedded in the PLC and therefore the corresponding DIP switch must be set to ON.

2) It is recommended that the shield layer is grounded at one end.

Do not connect the CGND terminal of the host controller to the CGND terminal of the servo drive. Otherwise, the devices are damaged.

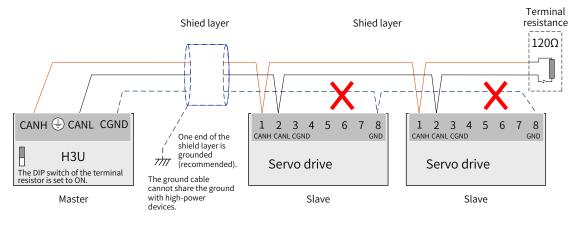


Figure 2-13 Wrong CAN connection method

2.6 Description of Wiring of Other Devices without External CGND Port

2.6.1 Non-isolated CAN Devices Sharing GND or COM Port with Other Signals

Connect the GND or COM port of the device to CGND of Inovance devices, as shown in Figure 2-8.

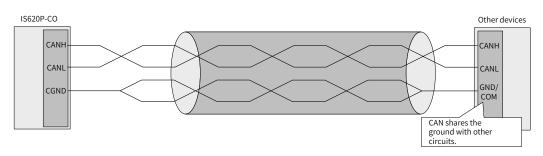


Figure 2-14 Connection mode for sharing the ground with other circuits

2.6.2 No CGND for CAN and Other Ports of Devices

CGND is not connected to any cable. A cable that is not smaller than AWG12 is used to connect PEs of devices. The cable is more than 5 cm away from the CAN communication cable, as shown in Figure 2-9.

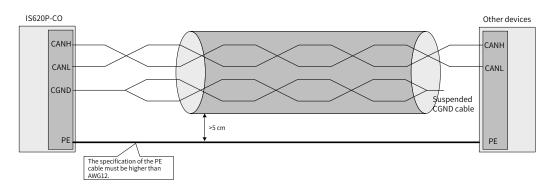


Figure 2-15 CAN of other devices without port for connecting GND

2.7 Recommended Layout of CAN Communication Cables

CAN communication is susceptible to interference. If field layout is close to interference sources, problems may occur.

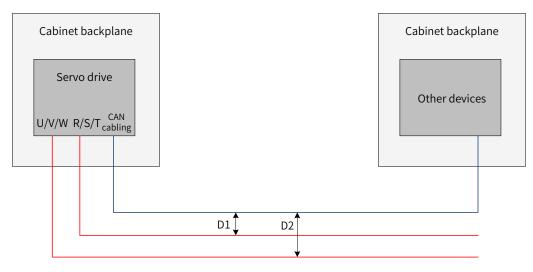
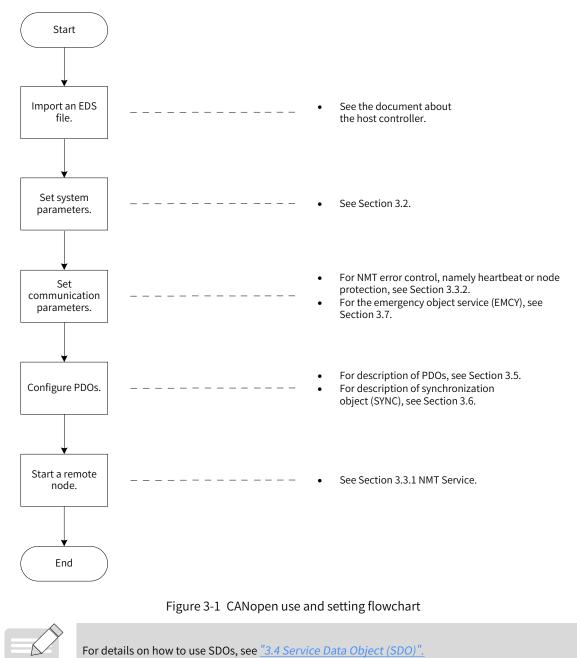


Figure 2-16 Recommended cabling mode

- Interference cables and CAN cables should be deployed along the vertical direction. During parallel cabling, the distance D1 between the R/S/T cable and the CAN signal cable must be longer than 20 cm and the distance D2 between the U/V/W cable and the CAN signal cable must be longer than 50 cm. If interference cables are deployed closely along the backplane of the cabinet, the distance between the CAN communication cable and the backplane of the cabinet must be longer than 1 cm.
- After cables are led out of the cabinet, the R/S/T power cable, U/V/W power cable, and CAN communication cable are deployed respectively in three cable troughs. The distance L3 between cable troughs must be longer than 20 cm. If interference cables and CAN communication cables are deployed in the same cable trough, the preceding principles are followed for the distance between the cables.

3 Communication Configurations



The following figure shows the CANopen use and setting flowchart.

3.1 Overview of the CANopen Protocol

NOTE

CANopen is an application layer protocol of the network transmission system based on CAN serial bus. It complies with the ISO/OSI standard model. Different devices in the network exchange data through the object dictionary or objects. The master obtains or modifies data in the object dictionaries of other nodes through PDOs or SDOs. Figure 3-2 shows the CANopen device model.

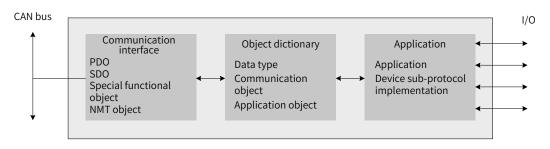


Figure 3-2 Schematic diagram of CANopen device model

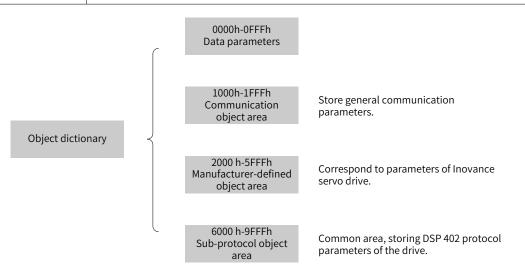
3.1.1 Object Dictionary

Object dictionary is the most important part in device specifications. It is an ordered set of parameters and variables and includes all parameters about device description and device network status. A group of objects can be accessed in an ordered and pre-defined way through the network.

The CANopen protocol adopts an object dictionary with a 16-bit index and an 8-bit index. Table 3-1 describes the structure of the object dictionary.

	Table 5-1 Structure of the object dictionary
Index	Object
000	Not used
0001h—001Fh	Static data type (standard data type, for example, Boolean and Integer16)
0020h—003Fh	Complex data type (predefined structure consisting of simple types, for example, PDOCommPar and SDOParmeter)
0040h—005Fh	Complex data type specified by the manufacturer
0060h—007Fh	Static data type specified by the device sub-protocol
0080h—009Fh	Complex data type specified by the device sub-protocol
00A0h—0FFFh	Reserved
1000h—1FFFh	Communication sub-protocol area (for example, device type, error register, and number of supported PDOs)
2000h—5FFFh	Sub-protocol area specified by the manufacturer (for example, parameter mapping)
6000h—9FFFh	Standard device sub-protocol area (for example, DSP-402 protocol)
A000h—FFFFh	Reserved

Table 3-1 Structure of the object dictionary	Table 3-1	Structure	of the	object	dictionary
--	-----------	-----------	--------	--------	------------





The mapping between parameters of Inovance servo drive and the object dictionary is as follows:

Object dictionary index = 0x2000 + Parameter group No.

Object dictionary sub-index = Hexadecimal of offset in the parameter group + 1

Example:

The parameter H02-10 corresponds to the object 0x2002-0B in the object dictionary.

Each object in the dictionary is described based on the types.

Example:

For example, the object 607Dh configured with software position limit describes the minimum position limit and the maximum position limit. The object is defined as follows:

Index	Sub-index	Description	Meaning
607Dh	00h	Number of sub-indexes for software absolute position limit	Quantity of object data, not including the object
607Dh	01h	Minimum software absolute position limit	Minimum position limit (in absolute position mode)
607Dh	02h	Maximum software absolute position limit	Maximum position limit (in absolute position mode)

Table 3-2 Example of object dictionary based on classified description

3.1.2 Common Communication Objects

1) NMT

An NMT object includes the Boot-up message, heartbeat protocol, and NMT message. Based on the master/slave communication mode, NMT is used to manage and monitor nodes in the network. It implements node status control, error control, and node startup.

- 2) SDO
- An SDO includes a receiving SDO (R-SDO) and a transmitting SDO (T-SDO).
- By using indexes and sub-indexes, SDOs enable clients to access entries in the object dictionary of devices.
- SDO is implemented through multi-domain CMS objects in the CAL and allows transmitting data of any length. When the data size exceeds four bytes, the data is segmented into several packets.
- The protocol confirms the service type and generates a response for each message. An SDO request and a response packet always contain eight bytes.
- 3) PDO
- A PDO includes a receiving PDO (RPDO) and a transmitting PDO (TPDO).
- A PDO is used to transmit real-time data from one creator to one or multiple receivers. The length of transmitted data ranges from one to eight bytes.
- Each CANopen device has eight default PDO channels, that is, four TPDO channels and four RPDO channels.
- PDOs support synchronous transmission and asynchronous transmission. Which transmission mode is used is determined by PDO communication parameters.
- The content of a PDO message is predefined and is determined by PDO mapping parameters.

4) Synchronization object (SYNC)

A synchronization object is a packet periodically broadcast by the CANopen master station to the CAN bus and is used to provide basic network clock signals. Each device determines whether to use the object to synchronize with other network devices based on its configuration.

5) Emergency packet (EMCY)

In the case of a communication failure or application failure, an emergency packet is sent.

3.1.3 Communication Object Identifier

A communication object identifier (COB-ID) specifies the priority of an object during communication and identifies the communication object. A COB-ID corresponds to a 11-bit frame of CAN 2.0A. The 11-bit COB-ID consists of two parts, namely a 4-bit parameter and a 7-bit node address. Table 3-3 describes the COB-ID.

10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Parameter						Node ID				

Table 3-3 Composition of COB-ID

Each CANopen communication object has its default COB-ID, which can be read through SDO. Some COB-IDs can be modified through SDO. Table 3-4 lists COB-IDs.

Communication Object	Parameter	Node Address	COB-ID	Object Index
Network management	0000b	0	0h	-
Synchronization object	0001b	0	80h	1005h, 1006h
Emergency packet object	0001b	1 to 127	80h + Node ID	1014h
TPDO1	0011b	1 to 127	180h + Node ID	1800h
RPD01	0100b	1 to 127	200h + Node ID	1400h
TPDO2	0101b	1 to 127	280h + Node ID	1801h
RPDO2	0110b	1 to 127	300h + Node ID	1401h
TPDO3	0111b	1 to 127	380h + Node ID	1802h
RPDO3	1000b	1 to 127	400h + Node ID	1402h
TPDO4	1001b	1 to 127	480h + Node ID	1803h
RPDO4	1010b	1 to 127	500h + Node ID	1403h
T_SDO	1011b	1 to 127	580h + Node ID	1200h
R_SDO	1100b	1 to 127	600h + Node ID	1200h
Network management error control	1110b	1 to 127	700h + Node ID	1016h, 1017h

Example:

The COB-ID of TPDO2 of slave station 4 is 284h (=280h+4).

3.2 System Settings

Related parameters of the IS620P servo drive must be set so that the servo drive can access the CANopen field bus network correctly.

Para.	No.	Name	Range	Default
H02	00	Control mode	0: Speed mode 1: Position mode 2: Torque mode 3: Speed mode - Torque mode 4: Position mode - Speed mode 5: Position mode - Torque mode 6: Position mode - Speed mode - Torque mode 8: CANopen mode	8
НОС	00	Servo axis address		1
нос	08	CAN communication rate	0: 20K 1: 50K 2: 100K 3: 125K 4: 250K 5: 500K 6: 1M 7: 1M	5
НОС	13	Saving parameters to EEPROM	0: Not save 1: Save parameters	1

Table 3-5 Parameters in system settings

3.3 Network Management (NMT) System

The NMT initializes, starts, and stops a network and devices in the network. It belongs to the master/ slave system. There is only one master NMT node in the CANopen network. A CANopen network that includes the master can be configured.

3.3.1 NMT Service

CANopen works according to the state machine specified by the protocol. Some data is automatically converted inside and some data must be converted by the master NMT node by sending packets.

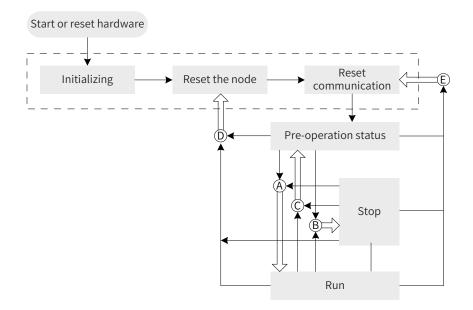


Figure 3-4 NMT state machine

In Figure 3-4, conversion marked with a letter is implemented through NMT packets and only the master NMT node can send NMT control packets. Table 3-6 describes the packet format.

Table 3-6 NMT packet format

COB-ID	RTR	Data/byte			
		0	1		
0x000	0	Command word	Node_ID		

The COB-ID of an NMT packet is permanently "0x000".

The data area consists of two bytes. The first byte is a command word that indicates the control role of the frame. Table 3-7 describes the command word.

The second byte is the CANopen node address. When the byte is 0, the byte is a broadcast message and all slave devices in the network are valid.

Command Word	Conversion Code	Description	
0x01	A	Instruction for starting a remote node	
0x02	В	Instruction for stopping a remote node	
0x80	С	Instruction for entering the pre-operation status	
0x81	D	Instruction for resetting a node	
0x82	E	Instruction for resetting communication	

Table 3-7 Command words of an NMT packet

After being powered on, the device automatically enters the initialization status, including initializing, resetting node, and resetting communication. The device is initializing and loading parameters of modules. After the node is reset, the area defined by the object dictionary manufacturer and the subprotocol area are restored to the values saved previously. After communication is reset, communication parameters in the object dictionary are restored to the values saved previously.

Later, the device sends Boot-up and automatically enters the operation status. The main configuration nodes are in this status.

After configuration is complete, the node needs to send an NMT packet to enter the operation status. When CANopen is working properly, CANopen is in the operation status. All modules should work properly.

When the master NMT node sends a stop node packet, the device enters the stop status. In CANopen communication, only the NMT module is working properly.

Table 3-8 lists CANopen services under various NMT status.

Service	Pre-operation	Operation	Stop
Process data object (PDO)	No	Yes	No
Service data object (SDO)	vice data object (SDO) Yes Yes		No
Synchronization object (SYNC)	Yes	Yes	No
Emergency packet (EMCY)	Yes	Yes	No
Network management (NMT)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Error control	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 3-8 CANopen services under various NMT status

3.3.2 NMT Error Control

NMT error control is used to detect whether devices in the network are online and detect the status of devices, including node protection, life protection, and heartbeat.



- Life protection and heartbeat cannot be used at the same time.
- The intervals of node protection, life protection, and heartbeat should not be set to smaller values in case network load is increased.
- 1) Node/life protection

In the node protection status, the master NMT node periodically queries the status of slave nodes. In the life protection status, slave nodes monitor the status of the master through the interval of the received remote frame used to monitor slave nodes. Node protection complies with the master/slave model. A response must be provided for each remote frame.

The objects related to node/life protection include the protection time 100Ch and life factor 100Dh. The value of 100Ch is the remote frame interval (unit: ms) in the node protection status under normal conditions. The product of 100Ch and 100Dh decides the latest time of query by the master. Normally, node protection can be implemented. When 100Ch and 100D of a node are non-zero values and a node protection request frame is received, life protection is activated.

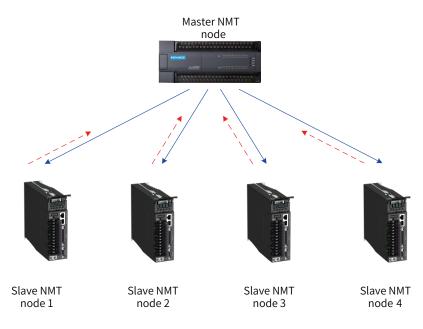


Figure 3-5 Schematic diagram of node protection

As shown in Figure 3-5, the master sends a node protection remote frame at the interval of 100Ch. Slave nodes must respond to the remote frame. Otherwise, slave nodes are considered to be disconnected.

If slave nodes do not receive a node protection remote frame from the master within the time 100Ch x 100Dh, the master is considered to be disconnected.

Table 3-9 describes the remote frame sent by the master NMT node.

Table 3-9 Node protection remote fran

COB-ID	RTR	
0x700+Node_ID	1	

Table 3-11 describes the response packet returned by slave NMT nodes. The data segment is a status word consisting of one byte.

Table 3-10	Node protection	response packet
------------	-----------------	-----------------

COB-ID	RTR	Data	
0x700+Node-ID	0	Status word	

Table 3-11 Description of status of the response packet

Data Bit	Description		
bit7	t must be set to 0 or 1 alternatively.		
bit6-bit0	4: Stopped 5: Operation status 127: Pre-operation status		



It is recommended that the protection time 100C should be longer than 10 ms and the life factor must be greater than or equal to 2.

2) Heartbeat

The heartbeat mode adopts the producer/consumer model. The CANopen device can send heartbeat packets based on the interval (unit: ms) set by the producer heartbeat interval object 1017h. In the network, there is always a node configured with the consumer heartbeat function, which monitors the producer based on the consumer time set by the object 1016h. Once the producer heartbeat is not received from the corresponding node within the consumer heartbeat time, the node is considered to encounter a failure.

After the producer heartbeat interval 1017h is configured, the node heartbeat function is activated and a heartbeat packet starts to be generated. After a valid sub-index is configured for consumer heartbeat 1016h and a heartbeat frame is received from the corresponding node, monitoring starts.

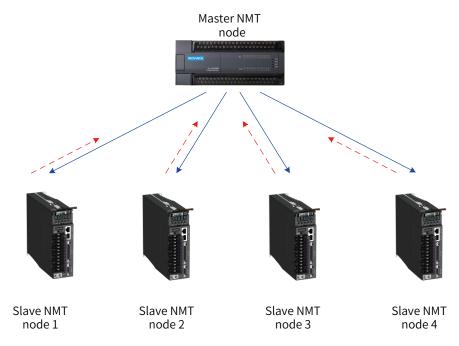


Figure 3-6 Heartbeat diagram

The master sends a heartbeat packet based on the producer time. If slave nodes that monitor the master do not receive the heartbeat packet within the time of 1016h sub-index, the master is considered to be disconnected. The time of a 1016h sub-index must be longer than or equal to the producer time of the master multiplied by 1.8. Otherwise, a message indicating that slave nodes consider the master to be disconnected may be reported.

Slave nodes send a heartbeat packet at the interval of 1017h. If the master that monitors the slave nodes or anther slave node does not receive the heartbeat packet within the consumer time, the slave nodes are considered to be disconnected. If 1017h multiplied by 1.8 is smaller than or equal to the consumer time of the master that monitors the slave nodes, a message indicating that the slave nodes are disconnected may be reported.

Table 3-12 describes the format of a heartbeat packet. The data segment includes only one byte. The most significant bit is permanently set to 0 and other bits are consistent with the status of the response packet.

COB-ID	RTR	Data
0x700+Node-ID	0	Status word

The IS620P servo drive is both a heartbeat producer and a heartbeat consumer. It can serve as the heartbeat consumer of up to five different nodes. It is recommended that the heartbeat producer time be set to a value not smaller than 20 ms, and the consumer heartbeat time should be set to a value that is not smaller than 40 ms and is more than 1.8 times of the producer heartbeat time.

3.4 Service Data Object (SDO)

An SDO is associated with the object dictionary through object index and sub-index. Based on the SDO, you can read the object content in the object dictionary or modify object data when conditions allow.

3.4.1 SDO Transmission Framework

SDO transmission complies with the client/server mode, that is, one initiates a request and the other responds to the request. An SDO client in the CAN bus network initiates a request and the SDO server responds to the request. Therefore, data exchange between SDO requires at least two CAN packets and the CAN identifiers of the two CAN packets are different. Figure 3-8 shows the SDO transmission model.

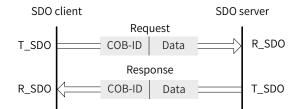


Figure 3-7 Data exchange between an SDO client and the SDO server

3.4.2 SDO Transmission Packet

An SDO can be transmitted using data consisting of not more than four bytes or using data consisting of more than four bytes. For the former, the accelerated SDO transmission mode is adopted; for the latter, the segmented or block transmission mode is adopted. The IS620P servo drive supports only accelerated SDO transmission and segmented transmission.

An SDO transmission packet consists of a COB-ID and a data segment. It can be seen from Table 3-4 that the COB-IDs of the T_SDO packet and R_SDO packet are different.

The data segment adopts the little endian mode, that is, less significant bits are arranged in front of significant bits. The data segments of all SDO packets must consist of eight bytes. Table 3-13 describes the format of an SDO transmission packet.

Table 3-13	Format of an SDO transmission packet
------------	--------------------------------------

COB-ID	Data							
580h+Node ID/	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
580h+Node_ID/ 600h+Node_ID	Command code	Index		Sub-index	Data			

The command code specifies the transmission type and transmitted data length of the SDO; the index and sub-index indicate the position of the SDO in the list; the data indicates the value of the SDO.

1) Writing SDO transmission packets in accelerated mode

If data consisting of not more than four bytes is read or written, accelerated SDO transmission is adopted. Depending on the read/write mode and data length, transmission packets are different. Table 3-14 describes an SDO packet that is written in accelerated mode.

		COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		23h				Data				
Clie	Client →	600h+Node_ID	27h	أممرا		Sub-	Data			-
Clief	nt →		2bh	Index	index	Data		-	-	
			2fh				Data	-	-	-
(Comion	Normal		60h	Index		Sub-	-	-	-	-
← Server	Abnormal	580h+Node_ID	80h			index	Abort code			

Table 3-14 SDO packet that is written in accelerated mode



"-" indicates data exists but is not considered. It is recommended that 0 is written.

Example:

If the slave station ID is 4, write the speed value 60FFh-00 in speed mode by using an SDO. The value that is written is 1000, namely 0x3E8. The packet sent by the master station is as follows. (All data is in hexadecimal.)

Table 3-15 Example of a packet sent by the master station

COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
604	23	FF	60	00	E8	03	00	00

If the write operation is normal, the servo drive returns the following packet:

Table 3-16 Packet returned by the serv	o drive if the write operation is normal
--	--

COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
584	60	FF	60	00	00	00	00	00

If the type of data that is written does not match, the fault code 0x06070010 is returned. The packet is as follows:

Table 3-17 Packet returned if the type of data that is written does not match

COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
584	80	FF	60	00	10	00	07	06

2) Reading SDO transmission packets in accelerated mode

When an SDO packet consisting of not more than four bytes is read, the accelerated mode is adopted. Table 3-18 describes the SDO packet read in accelerated mode.

		COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Clie	nt →	600h+Node_ID	40h	Inc	dex	Sub- index	-	-	-	-
	Normal	580h+Node_ID	43h			-	Data			
			47h				Data		-	
← Server	Normat		4bh	In	Index	Sub- index	Da	ta	-	-
_			4fh			Data	-	-	-	
	Abnormal		80h				Abort code			

Table 3-18 Format of SDO packet read in accelerated mode

Example:

If the slave station ID is 4, read the maximum rotational speed limit H06-07 of the parameter by using an SDO, that is, the SDO is 0x2006-08. The packet sent by the master station is as follows. (All data is in hexadecimal.)

Table 3-19 Example of a packet sent by the master station

COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
604	40	06	20	08	00	00	00	00

The default value of the maximum rotational speed is 6000 rpm, that is, 0x1770. Normally, the following packet is returned:

COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
584	4b	06	20	08	70	17	00	00

If the command word that is written does not match, an invalid command word error is returned, in which the fault code is 0x05040001. The packet is as follows:

Table 3-21 Packet returned if the command word that is written does not match

COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
584	80	06	20	08	01	00	04	05

3) Reading SDO transmission packets in segmented mode

If an SDO consists of more than four bytes, the SDO is read in segmented mode. The structure of a packet transmitted in segmented mode is similar to the structure of a packet transmitted in accelerated mode. The start frame is the same as the frame in accelerated transmission. Table 3-22 describes the structure of a start packet that is transmitted.

Table 3-22	Structure of an	SDO start	packet that is ti	ransmitted

		COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Client →		600h+Node_ID	40h	Index		Sub-index	-	-	-	-
← Server	Normal	E90b Node ID	41h	Index		Sub-index	Data length			
<- Server	Abnormal	580h+Node_ID	80h			Sub-index	Abort code			

During transmission, the trigger bit (bit 6) of the command code sends 0 or 1 alternatively. This rule must be maintained so that slave nodes can respond to the packet. Table 3-23 describes the packet structure during transmission.

		COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Client →		600h+Node_ID	60h	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(Comion	Normal	F00h Nada ID	00h	Data length							
← Server	Abnormal	580h+Node_ID	80h	Ind	lex	Sub-index	Abort code				
Client →		600h+Node_ID	70h	-	-	-	-	-	-		
(Comion	Normal	F00h Mada ID	10h	Data length							
← Server	Abnormal	580h+Node_ID	80h	Index		Sub-index	Abort code				

Table 3-23 Structure of a packet during SDO transmission

The response packet of the last frame transmitted in segmented mode includes the last frame identifier and valid data length of the last frame.

		COB-ID	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Client →		600h+Node_ID	60h/0x70h	Index		Sub-index	-	-	-	-
	Normal	580h+Node_ID	01h/11h	Data						
			03h/13h	Data					-	
			05h/15h	Data					-	-
(. Com/or			07h/17h	Data				-	-	-
← Server			09h/19h		Data		-	-	-	-
			0Bh/1Bh	Dat	ta	-	-	-	-	-
			0Dh/1Dh	Data	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Abnormal		80h	Index		Sub-index Abort		code		

Table 3-24 Structure of the transmitted packet.

3.5 Process Data Object (PDO)

PDOs are used to transmit real-time data. This is a major transmission mode in CANopen. Because no response is required during PDO transmission and a PDO may consist of less than eight bytes, the transmission is fast.

Figure 3-8 shows the PDO mapping configuration flowchart.

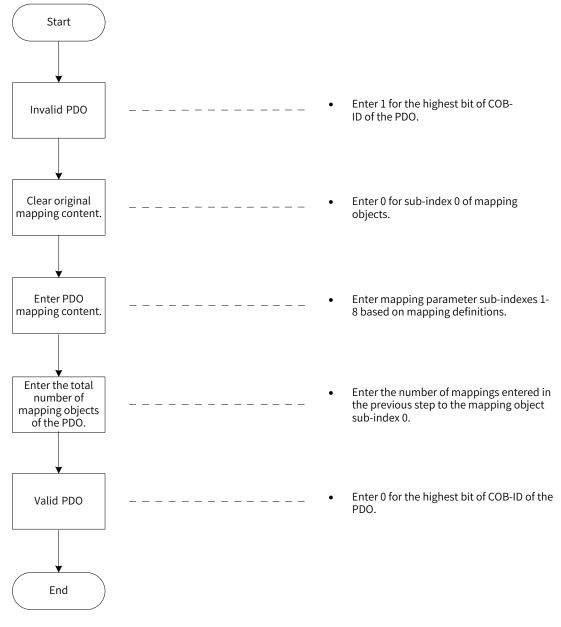


Figure 3-8 PDO mapping configuration flowchart

3.5.1 PDO Transmission Framework

PDO transmission complies with the producer/consumer model, that is, in the CAN bus network, the TPDO generated by the producer may be received by one or more consumers on the network based on the COB-ID.

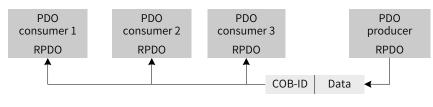


Figure 3-9 Transmission model

At present, in the IS620P servo drive, CANopen communication only supports point-to-point PDO transmission.

3.5.2 PDO

Depending on receiving and transmitting, PDOs can be divided into RPDOs and TPDOs. The final PDO transmission mode and content are determined by communication parameters and mapping parameters. The IS620P servo drive uses four RPDOs and four TPDOs to transmit PDOs. Table 3-25 lists related PDOs.

Description		COB-ID	Communication Object	Mapping Object
	1	200h + Node_ID	1400h	1600h
RPDO	2	300h + Node_ID	1401h	1601h
	3	400h + Node_ID	1402h	1602h
	4	500h + Node_ID	1403h	1603h
	1	180h + Node_ID	1800h	1A00h
TPDO	2	280h + Node_ID	1801h	1A01h
TPDO	3	380h + Node_ID	1802h	1A02h
	4	480h + Node_ID	1803h	1A03h

Table 3-25 Table 3-25 PDOs of IS620P servo drive

3.5.3 PDO Communication Parameters

1) CAN identifiers of PDOs

The CAN identifier of a PDO, namely COB-ID of the PDO, includes a control bit and identifier data and determines the bus priority of the PDO. The COB-ID is on the sub-index 01 of communication parameters (RPDO: 1400h-1403h, TPDO: 1800h-1803h). The most significant bit decides whether the PDO is valid.

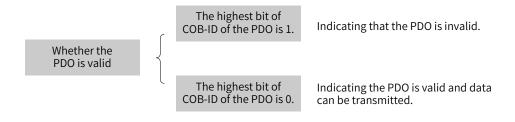


Figure 3-10 Description of PDO validity

The IS620P servo drive only supports point-to-point PDO transmission. Therefore, the less significant seven bits of the COB-ID must be the station address of the node.

Example:

For the node whose station ID is 4, when TPDO3 is invalid, its COB-ID should be 80000384h. When 384h is written for the COB-ID, it indicates that the PDO is activated.

2) PDO transmission type

The PDO transmission type is on the sub-index 02 of communication parameters (RPDO: 1400h-1403h, TPDO: 1800h-1803h) and decides the mode in which the PDO is transmitted. For details, see <u>"4.5 Overview</u> of Drive Mode"

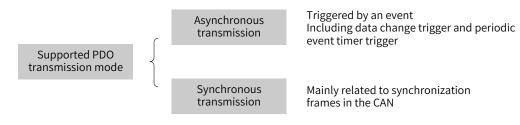


Figure 3-11 Supported PDO transmission mode

The sub-index 02 of communication parameters (RPDO: 1400h-1403h, TPDO: 1800h-1803h) indicates the transmission type. Different values of the sub-index stand for different transmission types and define the methods for triggering TPDO transmission or methods for processing received RPDOs. Table 3-26 lists methods for triggering TPDO and RPDO.

	Synch	ronous	Asurahasasus
Value of Communication Type	Cyclic	Acyclic	Asynchronous
0			
1 to 240			
241 to 253		-	
254, 255			

Table 3-26 Methods for triggering TPDO and RPDO

- When the transmission type of a TPDO is 0, if mapping data is changed and a synchronous frame is received, the TPDO is sent.
- When the transmission type of a TPDO is a value in the range 1 to 240 and a corresponding number of synchronous frames are received, the TPDO is sent.
- When the transmission type of a TPDO is 254 or 255, if mapping data is changed or the event timer expires, the TPDO is sent.
- When the transmission type of an RPDO is a value in the range 0 to 240, once a synchronous frame is received, the latest data of the RPDO is updated to the application; when the transmission type of an RPDO is 254 or 255, the received data is directly updated to the application.
- 3) Disabled time

Disabled time (unit: us) is set for TPDOs and is stored on the sub-index 03 of communication parameters (1800h to 1803h) to prevent the CAN from being continuously occupied by PDOs with lower priorities. After the parameter (unit: us) is set, the transmission interval of one TPDO should not be shorter than the time corresponding to the parameter.

Example:

If the disabled time of TPDO2 is 300, the transmission interval of TPDOs is not shorter than 30 ms.

4) Event timer

For TPDOs that are transmitted in asynchronous mode (the transmission type is 254 or 255), an event timer is defined and is on the sub-index 05 of communication parameters (1800h to 1803h). The event timer can be considered as a trigger event. It also triggers TPDO transmission. If another event, for example, data change, occurs in the interval of the event timer, the TPDO is triggered and the event timer is immediately reset.

3.5.4 PDO Mapping Parameters

PDO mapping parameters include pointers of process data corresponding to PDOs to be sent or received, including index, sub-index, and mapping object length. The length of each PDO can reach up to eight bytes and one or more objects can be mapped. The sub-index 0 records the number of objects mapped by the PDO and the sub-indexes 1 to 8 are mapping content. Table 3-27 defines mapping parameters.

Table 3-27 Definitions of PDO mapping parameters

Bits	31		16	15		8	7		0
Meaning		Index			Sub-index			Object length	

The index and sub-index jointly decide the location of an object in the object dictionary. The object length indicates the bit length of the object and is expressed in hexadecimal.

Table 3-28 M	lapping between	object le	ength and	object bit ler	າgth
--------------	-----------------	-----------	-----------	----------------	------

Object Length	Bit Length
08h	8 bits
10h	16 bits
20h	32 bits

Example:

The mapping parameter of the 16-bit command word 6040h-00 is 60400010h.

The following describes the mapping of PDOs by using examples:

Example:

RPDO1 maps three parameters, that is:

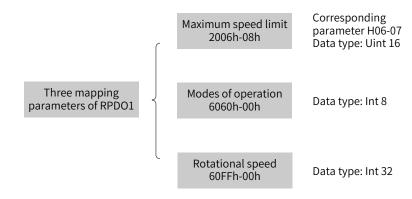


Figure 3-12 Example of PDO1 mapping

The total length of mapping is seven bytes (2+1+4), that is, the data segment has seven bytes during transmission of RPDO1. Figure 3-13 shows the mapping.

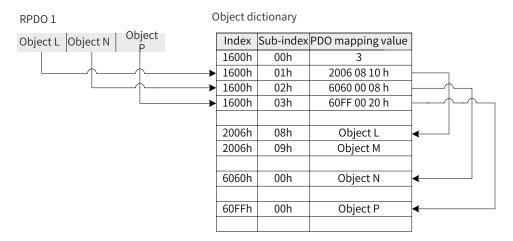


Figure 3-13 Mapping of RPDO

The mapping mode of TPDOs is the same as that of RPDOs but the direction is opposite. An RPDO decodes the input based on the mapping, but a TPDO encodes the output based on the mapping.

Example:

TPDO2 maps two parameters, that is:

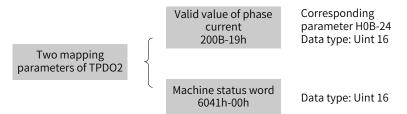


Figure 3-14 Example of TPDO2 mapping

The total length of mapping is four bytes (2+2), that is, the data segment has four bytes during transmission of TPDO2. Figure 3-15 shows the mapping.

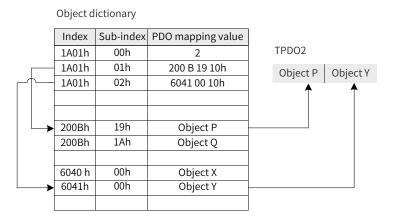
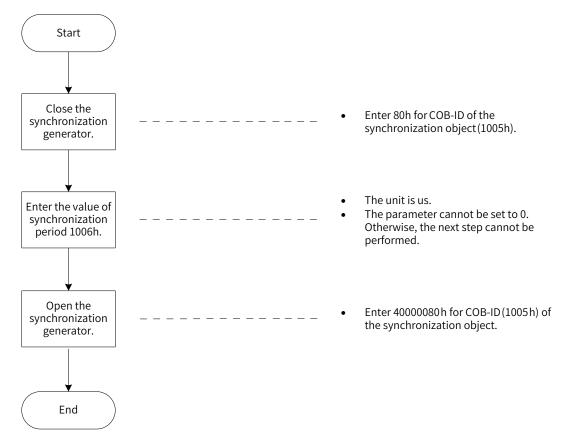


Figure 3-15 Mapping of TPDO

3.6 Synchronization Object (SYNC)

The synchronization object (SYNC) is a special mechanism that controls harmony and synchronization between transmission and receiving of multiple nodes. It is used for synchronous transmission of PDOs.

Figure 3-16 shows the synchronization generator configuration flowchart.







The IS620P servo drive does not support the synchronization generator whose cycle is shorter than 500 us. It is recommended that the cycle 1 ms is not used.

3.6.1 Synchronization Generator

The IS620P servo drive is both a synchronization consumer and a synchronization producer. The supported objects related to synchronization are the synchronization object COB-ID (1005h) and synchronization cycle (1006h).

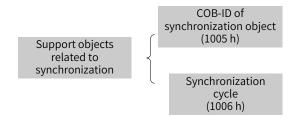


Figure 3-17 Supported objects related to synchronization

The second high bit of the synchronization object COB-ID decides whether to activate the synchronization generator.

Second highest bit of COB-ID of	ſ	The second highest bit of COB-ID of the synchronization object is 1.	The synchronization generator of the node is activated. Namely 40000080h for IS620P servo drive
synchronization object	ĺ	The second highest bit of COB-ID of the synchronization object is 0.	The synchronization generator is closed. Namely 80h for IS620P servo drive

Figure 3-18 Activating the synchronization generator

The synchronization cycle (unit: us) is only used for the synchronization generator. It indicates the interval in which a node generates a synchronization object.

3.6.2 Synchronization Object Transmission Framework

Similar to transmission of PDOs, synchronization objects are transmitted, complying with the producer/ consumer model. The synchronization producer sends a synchronous frame, and other nodes in the CAN network can receive the synchronous frame as consumers without providing any feedback. In one CAN, only one activated synchronization generator is allowed. Figure 3-19 shows the transmission framework of synchronization objects.

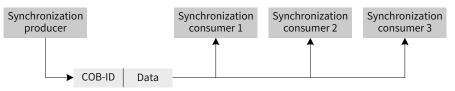


Figure 3-19 Synchronization transmission framework

The transmission of synchronization PDOs is closely related to the synchronous frame.

- For an RPDO, so long as the PDO is received, the received PDO is updated to the application in the next synchronization.
- A synchronization TPDO can be transmitted in cyclic synchronization mode or acyclic synchronization mode.

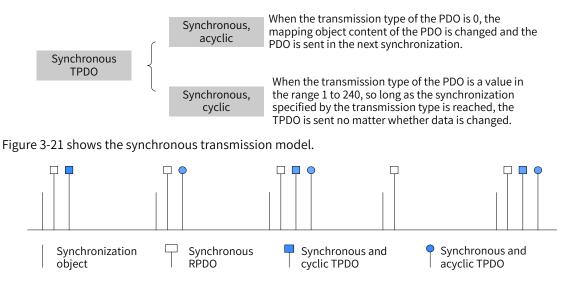


Figure 3-20 Description of synchronization TPDO

Figure 3-21 Synchronous transmission model

Example:

The transmission type of RPDO1 is 0; the transmission type of RPDO2 is 5; the transmission type of TPDO1 is 0; the transmission type of TPDO2 is 20. Once RPDO1 and RPDO2 receive the PDO, RPDO1 and RPDO2 update the PDO data to the corresponding application in the next synchronization; once the mapping data of TPDO1 is changed, TPDO1 is sent in the next synchronization. After TPDO2 experiences 20 synchronization operations, the PDO is sent no matter whether data is changed.

3.7 Emergency Object Service (EMCY)

When an error occurs in a CANopen node, the node sends an emergency packet according to the standardization mechanism. The emergency packet complies with the producer/consumer model. After the node fault is sent, other nodes in the CAN may choose to handle the fault. As the emergency packet producer, the IS620P servo drive does not process emergency packets of other nodes.

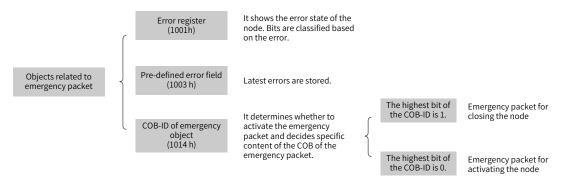


Figure 3-22 Description of objects related to emergency packet

When a node becomes faulty, the error register and the predefined error code must be updated no matter whether the emergency object is activated. Table 3-29 describes an emergency packet.

Table 3-29 Description of an emergency pack	et
---	----

COB-ID	0 1		2	3	4	5	6	7
80h + Node_ID	Error	code	Error register	Reserved		Aux	iliary byte	

The error register is always consistent with 1001h.

- When communication becomes abnormal, the error code is consistent with the one required by DS301 and the auxiliary byte is 0.
- When the error described in the DSP402 sub-protocol occurs in the servo drive, the error code is consistent with the one required by DS402 and corresponds to the 603Fh object and the auxiliary byte is extra description.
- When an error specified by the user occurs in the servo drive, the error code is 0xFF00 and the auxiliary byte displays the error code specified by the user.

For the definitions of the error code and auxiliary byte, see <u>"5 Troubleshooting"</u>.

4 Motion Mode

4.1 Keypad Display

Display	Name	Applicable Occasion	Meaning
	Run Servo drive running	S-ON signal activated (S-ON turned ON)	The servo drive is running and the last digit blinks.
8:5	1-9 Communication state (1st digit)		The state of the CANopen state machine is displayed in the form of characters. 1: Initilization 2: Pre-running 8: Running 9: Stop
	0-7 Control mode (2nd digit)		The running mode of the servo drive is displayed in the form of hexadecimal numbers, without blinking. 0: Local mode 1: Profile position control 3: Profile velocity mode 4: Profile torque mode 6: Homing mode 7: Interpolation mode

4.2 Conversion Factor Setting

Encoder unit: The direct user of the drive is the motor. Therefore, default units are motor units, for example:

Motor displacement unit: n (revolutions)

Motor speed unit: rpm (r/m)

Motor acceleration unit: rpm/ms (for example, 10 RPM/ms indicates the motor is accelerated to 1000 RPM from 100 ms)

■ Reference unit: The commands sent under drive control and 402 protocol, in which the reference unit is used. The reference unit is converted to the encoder unit through the gear ratio 6091h.

Reference displacement unit: p (pulse)

Reference speed unit: p/s (pulses/s)

Reference acceleration unit: p/s² (pulses/s²)

User unit

For the sake of convenience, users often use the actual load displacement, speed, and acceleration units, for example:

Load displacement unit: mm

Load speed unit: mm/s

Load acceleration unit: mm/s²

User unit – (Scaling ratio) – Reference unit – (Gear ratio) – Encoder unit

If motor units are inconsistent with user units, errors may occur during motor running. Therefore, before operating the servo drive, correctly set conversion factors, through which proportional relations are established between motor units and user units.

In profile position mode, the following formula applies if a 23-bit motor needs to run 100 revolutions (607Ah: 100 x 8388608p) at 400 RPM (6081: 400 x 8388608/60 p/s) with acceleration rate being 400 RPM/s (6083: 400 x 8388608/60 p/s²) and deceleration rate being 200 RPM/s (6084: 200 x 8388608/60 p/s²) under a gear ratio of 1:1:

Acceleration time $t_{up} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6083 = 1$ (s); Deceleration time $t_{down} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6084 = 2$ (s)

4.2.1 Conversion factor setting

1 Gear ratio 6091h

The gear ratio indicates the motor displacement (in encoder unit) corresponding to the load shaft displacement of one reference unit.

The gear ratio is defined by the numerator 6091-01h and denominator 6091-02h. It can be used to establish a proportional relation between a load displacement (in reference unit) and a motor displacement (in encoder unit).

Motor displacement (encoder unit) = Load shaft displacement x Gear ratio

The motor is connected to load through a reducer and another mechanical transmission mechanism. Therefore, the gear ratio is related to the mechanical reduction ratio, mechanical dimension parameters, and motor resolution. The gear ratio is calculated as follows:

Gear ratio =	Motor revolutions
Gear ratio =	Load revolutions

Index	Name		Gear ratio		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint32
6091h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Data Range	OD data range	Default	OD default value

The gear ratio is used to establish a proportional relation between the specified load displacement and the motor displacement.

Note: The range of position factor is: 0.001 x Encoder resolution/10000 to 4000 x Encoder resolution/10000. Outside the range, the Er.B03 error occurs in the drive.

Relation between motor position feedback (encoder unit) and load shaft position feedback (reference unit):

Motor position feedback (encoder unit) = Load shaft position feedback (reference unit) x Gear ratio

Relation between the motor speed (rpm) and load shaft speed (p/s):

Motor acceleration =

Motor speed (rpm) = $\frac{\text{Load shaft speed x Gear ratio 6091h}}{\text{Encoder resolution}} \times 60$

Relation between motor acceleration (rpm/ms) and load shaft speed (reference unit/s²):

Load shaft acceleration x Gear ratio 6091h

Encoder resolution

x 1000/60

Sub-index	Name	Nu	mber of Entr	ies	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
0	Access	RO	Mapping	NO	Data Range	2	Default	2
Sub-index	Name	Мо	tor revolution	ns	Data Structure	-	Data Typ	e Uint32
1	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Data Range	0 to 42949672	95 Default	1
Sub-index	Name	Sh	aft revolutio	ns	Data Structure	-	Data Typ	be Uint32
2	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Data Range	0 to 42949672	95 Defaul	t 1

2 Scaling ratio (user-defined proportion)

Scaling ratio refers to the motor displacement (in reference unit) corresponding to the load shaft displacement of one user unit.

The scaling ratio is set by the host controller user. You can establish the proportion relation between the load shaft displacement (user unit) and motor displacement (reference unit) through the scaling ratio:

Motor displacement (reference unit) = Load shaft displacement (user unit) x Scaling ratio



In the MC056 software, the position factor 6093h, velocity factor 6094h, speed feedback factor 6095h and acceleration factor 6097h are replaced by the gear ratio 6091h.

4.2.2 607Eh: Polarity

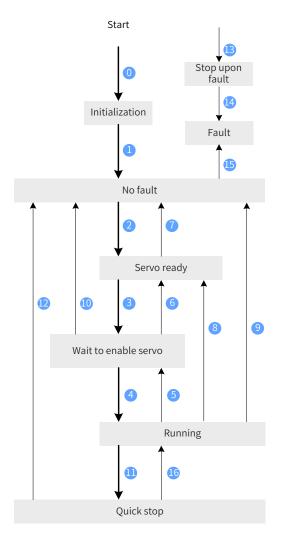
607Eh is used to set polarity of position references in standard position mode and interpolated position mode and polarity of velocity references in standard velocity mode.

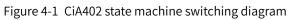
Index	Name		Polarity		Data Structure	VAR	Da	ta Typ	e	Uint8	
607Eh	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Data Range	OD Data I	Range	Default			0
Set the pola	Set the polarity of position or velocity references.										
	Bit7		Bit6		Bit5	Bit5 Bit4			Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Position r	eference polarit	y Velocit	y reference po	larity	Torque reference feature NA			NA	NA	N/A	N/A
Position reference polarity Velocity reference polarity Torque reference feature NA S S S S<											

4.3 Servo Status Control

4.3.1 CiA402 State Machine

The IS620P CANopen servo drive runs in the specified status only when it is instructed according to the flow defined in CiA402.





The states are described in the following table.

Table 4-1 Sta	tus description
---------------	-----------------

Status	Description
Initialization	Initialization of the servo drive and internal self-check are complete. Parameters of the driver cannot be set and the drive function cannot be implemented.
No fault	No fault exists in the servo drive or the fault is eliminated. Parameters of the servo drive can be set.
Servo ready	The servo drive is ready and "rdy" is displayed on the panel. Parameters of the servo drive can be set.
Wait to enable serve	The servo drive waits for enabling of servo and "rdy" is displayed on the panel. Parameters of the servo drive can be set.
Running	The servo drive is running properly and a servo mode is enabled; the motor is powered on and starts to work when the reference is not 0. Only parameters whose attributes are "running change" can be set.
Quick stop	The quick stop function is activated and the servo drive is implementing the quick stop function. Only parameters whose attributes are "running change" can be set.

Status	Description
Stop upon fault	A fault occurs and the servo drive in performing the stop process. Only parameters whose attributes are "running change" can be set.
Fault	The stop process is complete and all drive functions are disabled. Parameters of the servo drive can be modified to eliminate the fault.
	For faults that can be reset, after parameters are modified, reset the faults through the control word 6040h=0x80.

Control command and status switching:

	CiA402 Status Switching	Control Word 6040h	Bit0 to Bit9 ^[1] of Status Word 6041h
0	Power-on \rightarrow Initialization	Natural transition, control command not required	0x0000
1	Initialization → No fault	Natural transition, control command not required If an error occurs during initialization, the servo drive directly goes to status 13.	0x0250
2	No fault → Ready	0x06	0x0231
3	Ready \rightarrow Wait to enable servo	0x07	0x0233
4	Wait to enable servo \rightarrow Running	0x0F	0x0237
5	Running \rightarrow Wait to enable servo	0x07	0x0233
6	Wait to enable servo \rightarrow Ready	0x06	0x0231
7	Ready → No fault	0x00	0x0250
8	Running → Ready	0x06	0x0231
9	Running → No fault	0x00	0x0250
10	Wait to enable servo \rightarrow No fault	0x00	0x0250
11	Running \rightarrow Quick stop	0x02	0x0217
12	Quick stop → No fault	Set 605A to a value in the range 0 to 3. Natural transition is performed after stop and no control command is required.	0x0250
13	→ Stop upon fault	Once a fault occurs in any status other than "fault", the servo drive automatically switches to the status of stop upon fault without any control command.	0x021F
14	Stop upon fault → Fault	Natural transition is performed after stop upon fault and no control command is required.	0x0218
15	Fault → No fault	0x80 The rising edge of bit7 is valid. If bit7 is 1, other control commands are invalid.	0x0250
16	Quick stop \rightarrow Running	Set 605A to a value in the range 5 to 7. After the stop process is complete, 0x0F is sent.	0x0237

Table 4-2 Relation between status switching and control commands

[1] Bit10 to bit15 (bit14 is meaningless) of status word 6041h are related to the running status of the servo drive in different modes and are set to 0 in the preceding table. For specific status of the bits, see all drive modes.

4.3.2 Control Word 6040h

Index	Name		Cor	ntrol Word			Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
6040h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	0
Set cont	rol commands	nmands:								
bit	Name				D	escrip	tion			
0	Servo read	V I	: Disabled : Enabled							
1	Switch on	0: Disabled 1: Enabled								
2	Quick stop)	0: Enabled 1: Disabled							
3	Running		: Disabled : Enabled							
4 to 6	-	R	elated to dri	ve mode	25.					
7	Fault reset	t 🖣	 Fault reset is implemented for faults and warnings that can be reset. The rising edge of bit7 is valid. If bit7 is 1, other control commands are invalid. 							
8	Halt	Supported								
9 to 10	N/A	Reserved								
11 to 15	Defined by manufactu		eserved							

Note:

- ♦ All bits in the control word constitute a control command. One bit is meaningless if it is set separately.
- ◆ The meanings of bit0 to bit3 and bit7 are the same in each mode of the servo drive. The servo drive switches to the preset status according to the CiA402 state machine only when control words are sent in sequence. Each command corresponds to one status.
- The meanings of bit4 to bit6 vary with the drive modes. For details, see control commands in different modes.

4.3.3 Status Word 6041h

Index	Name	e	S	tatus Wo	rd		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16	
5041h	Acces	s RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	-	
how th	e status	s of the	servo drive.				11				
bit		1	lame				Descripti	on			
0	No	fault		1: Val	id 0: Invali	d					
1	Wa	ait to en	able servo	1: Val	id 0: Invali	d					
2	Ru	Inning		1: Val	id 0: Invali	d					
3	Fa	Fault 1: Valid 0: Invalid									
4	Sv	vitch on		1: Val	id 0: Invali	d					
5	Qı	ick stop)	1: Val	1: Valid 0: Invalid						
6	Se	rvo rea	ły	1: Val	1: Valid 0: Invalid						
7		arning		1: Val	id 0: Invali	d					
8	Ma	anufacti	irer-defined		Reserved						
9	Re	mote co	ontrol		0: In a mode other than CANopen mode, some IS620P standard software functions can be used.						
				1: CA	1: CANopen remote control mode						
10	Та	rget rea	ched	0: The	0: The target position or velocity is not reached.						
10		igetieu		1: The	1: The target position or velocity is reached.						
11	Sc	ftware	nternal		0: The position reference or feedback does not reach the software internal position limit.						
11	pc	sition li	mit		1: The position reference or feedback reaches the software internal position limit.						
12-1	.3				Related to drive modes.						
14	N/	A		Reser	Reserved						
				0: Ho	ming is not	perfor	med or com	nplete.			
15	Ho	oming c	ompleted		I: Homing is complete. This bit is unrelated to the current status of the drive.						

Note:

- All bits in the control word work together to show the current status of the servo drive. One bit is meaningless if it is set separately.
- The meanings of bit0 to bit9 are the same in each mode of the servo drive. After control commands in 6040h are sent in sequence, the servo drive shows a certain status.
- The meanings of bit12 to bit13 vary according to the drive modes. For details, see control commands in different modes.
- The meanings of bit10, bit11, and bit15 are the same in each mode of the servo drive and indicate the status after a control mode is implemented.

4.3.4 Stop Mode

IS620P-CANopen supports five stop modes.

- Servo enabled stop
- Servo stop upon fault
- Stop beyond limit
- Emergency stop
- Quick stop

- Halt
- 1) Servo enabled stop

When servo enabled stop occurs, the stop mode is decided by the parameter H02-05 (object dictionary 2002-06h), which is the same as the IS620P standard.

2) Servo stop upon fault

When a fault or warning occurs, the servo drive automatically enters the status of stop upon fault. The stop mode is decided by H02-06 (object dictionary 2002-07h), H02-07 (object dictionary 2002-08h), and H02-08 (object dictionary 2002-09h), which is the same as the IS620P standard.

3) Stop beyond limit

When stop beyond limit occurs, the stop mode is decided by the parameter H02-07 (object dictionary 2002-08h), which is the same as the IS620P standard.

4) Emergency stop

The servo drive supports two emergency stop modes:

- Using DI function 34 (FunIN.34: Emergency Stop), which is the same as the IS620P standard.
- Using an auxiliary function: H0D-05 (object dictionary 200D-06h). This is the same as the IS620P standard.
- 5) Quick stop

When the control word 6040h is set to 0x02 in the non-faulty status, the servo drive implements quick stop in the mode defined by 605A.

Index	Name		Quick Sto	VAR	Data Type	Int16				
605Ah	Access	s RW Mapping NO Relevant All		All	Data Range	0 to 7	Default	2		
Defines	efines the quick stop mode.									
Value		Stop Mode								
0	Coast	Coast to stop, keeping de-energized state								
1	Ramp	Ramp to stop as defined by 6084h/609Ah (HM), keeping de-energized state after stop								
2	Ramp	to stop a	s defined b	y 6085l	n, keeping o	de-ene	rgized state a	fter stop		
3		t the em fter stop	0,	p torqı	ie defined l	oy 200 [°]	7-10h (H07-15), keeping de-ene	rgized	
4	N/A									
5	Ramp	to stop a	s defined b	y 6084l	n/609Ah (H	M), kee	eping position	lock state after st	top	
6	Decele	erate to s	top as defin	ed by (6085h, keep	ping po	osition lock st	ate after stop		
7		t the emo fter stop	0,	p torqı	ie defined l	oy 200 [°]	7-10h (H07-15), keeping positio	n lock	

6) Halt

The bit8 of control word 6040 is used to halt the servo drive in the mode defined by 605D.

Index	Name	e Stop Option Code Data VAR Dat							Data Type	Int16
605Dh	605Dh Access		Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 7	Default	2
		eceleration mode of the motor from rotating to stop and the motor state upon halt. HM modes								
Valu	e				Sto	op Mode				
1	Ram	p to sto	o as defined	d by 60)84h/609Ah	(HM), keepin	g position l	ock state		
2	Ram	p to sto	o as defined	d by 60	85h, keepi	ng position lo	ock state			
3	Stop	Stop at the emergency stop torque, keeping position lock state								
PT mode	e									
		Stop Mode								
Valu	e	Stop Mode amp to stop as defined by 6087h, keeping position lock state								

4.4 Trial Running Steps

Step	Operation	Description
1	Confirm installation	Perform installation according to requirements in the appendix (try not to install the motor on the machine). For details, see the IS620P Series Servo Design and Maintenance User Manual.
2	Confirm connecting cables	Connect the cable for the encoder, power cable for the motor, and terminal cables. For details, see the IS620P Series Servo Design and Maintenance User Manual.
3	Confirm the supply voltage	Ensure that the power input meets specification requirements of the servo drive.
4	Confirm communication parameter settings	Confirm system settings in <u>"3.2 System Settings".</u>
5	Confirm the motor model	Ensure that the motor matches the servo drive model.
6	Power on the servo drive	Ensure that no alarm is reported during power-on.
7	Set parameters	Set related objects. For details, see <u>"4.5 Overview of Drive Mode"</u> .
8	Perform trial run	In profile velocity mode, the specified low-speed commands run properly. For detail, see <u>"4.9 Profile Velocity Mode"</u> .
9	Adjust parameters	Adjust parameters related to gain. In this step, check waveforms through the oscilloscope in the background and adjust related gain.
10	Run the servo drive	-

4.5 Overview of Drive Mode

The IS620P-CANopen supports four drive modes, which are defined in the object dictionary 6502h.

1) Modes of operation (6060h)

Index	Name		Mode	es of Op	eration		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int8
6060h			Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 7	Default	0
Select m	nodes of	operatio	on:							
bit		Description Description								
0	NA	Reserved								
1	Pro mod	ile position (PP) de For parameter settings, see <u>"4.6 Profile Position Mode"</u> .								
2	NA			Reserv	/ed					
3	Pro		city (PV)	For pa	rameter se	ttings, se	e <u>"4.9 Profi</u>	le Velocity Mode		
4	Pro mod		ue (PT)	For parameter settings, see <u>"4.10 Profile Torque Mode"</u> .						
5	NA			Reserved						
6	Hor	ning mo	ode	For pa	rameter se	ttings, se	e <u>"4.7 Hom</u>	ing Mode".		
7	IP n	node		For pa	rameter se	ttings, se	e ["] 4.8 Inter	polated Position	Mode".	

♦ If an unsupported operation mode is selected through an SDO, a SDO error is returned.

• If an unsupported operation mode is selected through a PDO, the change of the operation mode is invalid.

2) Modes of operation display (6061h)

Index	Name		Modes of Operation Display					VAR	Data Type	Int8
6061h	Access	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 7	Default	-

Display the actual operation mode:

bit	Description	Description							
0	NA	Reserved							
1	Profile position (PP) mode	For parameter settings, see <u>"4.6 Profile Position Mode"</u> .							
2	NA	Reserved							
3	Profile velocity (PV) mode	For parameter settings, see <u>"4.9 Profile Velocity Mode"</u> .							
4	Profile torque (PT) mode	For parameter settings, see <u>"4.10 Profile Torque Mode"</u> .							
5	NA	Reserved							
6	Homing mode	For parameter settings, see "4.7 Homing Mode".							
7	IP mode	For parameter settings, see <u>"4.8 Interpolated Position</u> <u>Mode"</u> .							

3) Precaution for mode switching:

■ When the servo drive in any status switches from the profile position mode to another mode, the position references not executed in profile position mode are discarded.

4.6 Profile Position Mode

If the profile position mode meets certain conditions, user displacement references can be received in real time. The acceleration time, deceleration time, maximum speed, and displacement can be controlled independently, and the transition between references can be modified in real time. The profile position mode is often used in point-to-point positioning, and the running curve is planned by the servo drive. The servo drive executes position, speed, and torque control.

4.6.1 Control Block Diagram

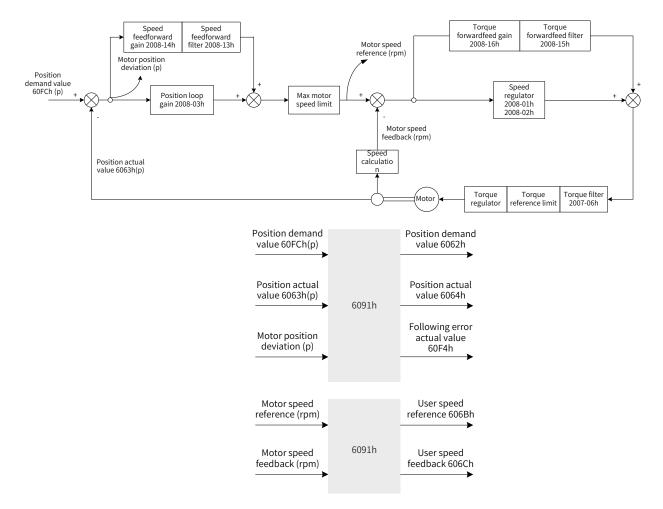


Figure 4-2 Control block diagram of the profile position mode

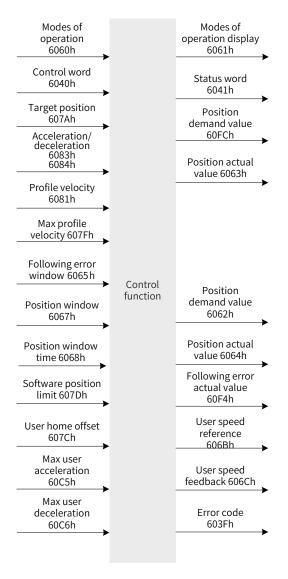


Figure 4-3 Input and output objects in profile position mode

Displacement profile planning involves the target position 607Ah (in reference unit), profile velocity 6081h (in reference unit), profile acceleration 6083h (in reference unit), and profile deceleration 6084h (in reference unit).

References of the host controller are entered in reference units and are called references in the drive unit after they go through limiting and conversion.

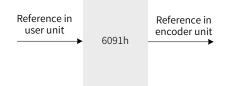
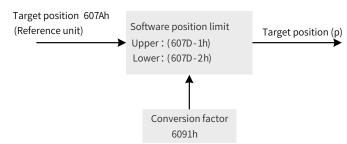




Figure 4-5, Figure 4-6, and Figure 4-7 show processing of the drive for the target position, profile velocity, and profile acceleration and deceleration.

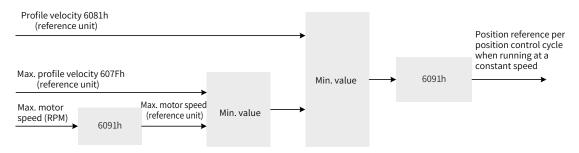
Software limit: Enable the software limit by setting 0x200A-02h to 1 (H0A-01). The default value of 200A-02h is 0 (Software limit disabled). Once the software limit applies, if the motor reaches the limit, an overtravel warning will be reported and the bit11 of status word 6041h is set to 1. In this case, send a reverse run command to release the motor from the overtravel state and reset bit11 of 6041h to 0. If



external DI limit switch and internal software position limit are activated simultaneously, the overtravel state is dependent on the external DI limit switch.



The profile velocity 6081h is used to set the maximum speed during running of the displacement reference. It cannot exceed the maximum velocity 607Fh set by the user and the maximum motor speed after conversion. Figure 4-6 shows the block diagram.





Profile acceleration 6083h and profile deceleration 6084h are used to set acceleration and deceleration during running of the displacement reference. The values cannot exceed the maximum acceleration 60C5h and deceleration 60C6h set by the user. Figure 4-7 shows the block diagram.

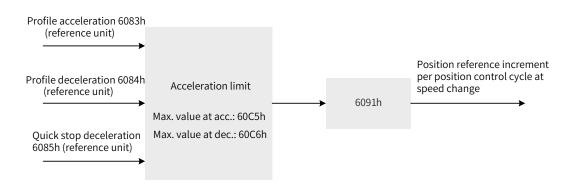


Figure 4-7 Profile acceleration and deceleration limit

Description of acceleration/deceleration settings:

The following formula applies if a23-bit motor needs to run at 400 rpm (6081: 400 x 8388608/60) with acceleration rate being 400 rpm/s (6083: 400 x 8388608/60) and deceleration rate being 200 rpm/s (6084: 200 x 8388608/60) under a gear ratio of 1:1:

```
Acceleration time t_{up} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6083 = 1 (s); Deceleration time t_{down} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6084 = 2 (s)
```

4.6.2 Relevant Object Setting

1) Positioning completed

Index	Name		Po	osition W	indow		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6067h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 4294967295	Default	734 p

Sub-index: 00

When the position deviation 60F4h of the reference unit is smaller than 6068h and time reaches this value, bit10 of 6041h is 1.

When either condition is not met, the position window is invalid.

Index	Name		Posit	tion Wi	ndow Time	2	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
6068h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	0 ms

Sub-index: 00

When the position deviation 60F4h of the reference unit is smaller than 6068h and time reaches this value, bit10 of 6041h is 1.

When either condition is not met, the position window is invalid.

2) Detection for Following Error Window

Index	Name		Following Error Window				Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6065h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 4294967295	Default	3145728 p

Sub-index: 00

When the position deviation is larger than this value, Er.B00 occurs and bit13 of the status word 6041h is set to 1.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
603Fh	00h	Error code	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0–65535	-
6040h	00h	Control word	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0–65535	0
6041h	00h	Status word	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0–65535	-
6060h	00h	Modes of operation	RW	YES	Int8	-	0 to 7	0
6061h	00h	Modes of operation display	RO	TPDO	Int8	-	0 to 7	-
6062h	00h	Position demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6063h	00h	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6064h	00h	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6065h	00h	Following error window	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	3145728
6067h	00h	Position window	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	734
6068h	00h	Position window time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0
606Bh	00h	Velocity demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
606Ch	00h	Velocity actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
607Ah	00h	Target position	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	0
COZDL	01h	Min software position limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-2 ³¹
607Dh	02h	Max software position limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	2 ³¹ -1
607Ch	00h	Home offset	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	0
6081h	00h	Profile velocity	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	1747627
6083h	00h	Profile acceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174762666
6084h	00h	Profile deceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174762666
60F4h	00h	Following error actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	р	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
60FCh	00h	Position demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	р	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
2005h	05h	First-order low-pass filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 6553.5	0.0
200511	07h	Moving average filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 128.0	0.0
2007h	06h	Torque reference filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 30.00	0.79
	01h	Speed loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.1 to 2000.0	25.0
	02h	Speed loop integral time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.15 to 512.00	31.83
	03h	Position loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.0 to 2000.0	40.0
2008h	13h	Speed feedforward filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 64.00	0.50
	14h	Speed feedforward gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 100.0	0.0
	15h	Torque feedforward filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 64.00	0.50
	16h	Torque feedforward gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 200.0	0.0

4.6.3 Control Commands in PP Mode

Table 4-3 Relationship between status switching and control commands
--

	CiA402 Status Switching	Control Word 6040h	Bit0 to Bit9 ^[1] of Status Word 6041h
0	Power-on \rightarrow Initialization	Natural transition, control command not required	0x0000h
1	Initialization → No fault	Natural transition, control command not required If an error occurs during initialization, the servo drive directly goes to status 13.	0x0250h
2	No fault → Ready	0x06h	0x0231h
3	Ready \rightarrow Wait to enable servo	0x07h	0x0233h
4	Wait to enable servo → Running	0x0Fh	0x0237h
5	Running \rightarrow Wait to enable servo	0x07h	0x0233h
6	Wait to enable servo → Ready	0x06h	0x0231h
7	Ready → No fault	0x00h	0x0250h
8	Running → Ready	0x06h	0x0231h

	CiA402 Status Switching	Control Word 6040h	Bit0 to Bit9 ^[1] of Status Word 6041h
9	Running \rightarrow No fault	0x00h	0x0250h
10	Wait to enable servo \rightarrow No fault	0x00h	0x0250h
11	Running \rightarrow Quick stop	0x02h	0x0217h
12	Quick stop → No fault	Set 605A to a value in the range 0 to 3. Natural transition is performed after stop and no control command is required.	0x0250h
13	→ Stop upon fault	Once a fault occurs in any status other than "fault", the servo drive automatically switches to the status of stop upon fault without any control command.	0x021Fh
14	Stop upon fault → Fault	Natural transition after stop at fault, control command not required	0x0218h
15	Fault → No fault	0x80h The rising edge of bit7 is valid. If bit7 is 1, other control commands are invalid.	0x0250h
16	Quick stop \rightarrow Running	Set 605A to a value in the range 5 to 7. After the stop process is complete, 0x0F is sent.	0x0237h

[1] Bit10 to bit15 (bit14 is meaningless) of status word 6041h are related to the running status of the servo drive in different modes and are set to 0 in the preceding table. For specific status of the bits, see all drive modes.

The control word 6040h in PP mode is described as follows:

Index	Na	ame			Con	itrol Wo	ord		Data Structure	e VAR	Data	Туре	Uint16
6040h	Ac	Access RW Mappi		Маррії	ng YES Relevan Mode		t All	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default		-	
It sets th	ne con	trol com	mands	in PP m	node	э.							
							Control \	Nord 604	l0h				
Bi	Bit bit7-15				bit	6	b	t5	bit4		Ł	oit0-bit3	
Nar	ne		-		Pos	sition re Typ	eference e	refe	ition ence mode ^[1]	Enabled new pos reference (Valid edge cha			-
Set v	میراد	See <u>"Table 4-2</u> Relation between status switching and control commands".		-		-		-		See <u>"Table 4-2</u> Relation between status switching and control commands".			
Descri	ption	For details, see <u>"6.5.3 Details of</u> <u>Parameters Defined</u> <u>by Sub-protocols"</u> .		607 abs refe 1: T 607 rela	7Ah is a solute p erence.	oosition oosition osition	0: Not update immediately 1: Update immediately		0 to 1 A new position reference is enabled in advance. However, whether the reference can be enabled successfully is determined by the servo status. 1 to 0 Bit12 of the control word 6041h is cleared in advance. However, whether bit12 is cleared successfully is determined by the		<u>"6.5.</u> of Pa Defir prote	letails, see <u>3 Details</u> prameters ned by Sub- pcols".	

[1] When the servo drive meets certain conditions and the displacement reference is updated, the two attributes of the reference, namely change mode and reference type, are locked and cannot be modified during running of the displacement reference. Other attributes can be modified in immediate change mode.



The attributes of a displacement reference includes: acceleration 6083, deceleration 6084, maximum velocity 6081, target position 607A, reference change mode 6040 bit5, and reference type 6040 bit6.

The status word 6041h in PP mode is described as follows:

Index	Na	ame		S	tatus Word	1		Da Struc		VAR		Data Ty	/pe	Uint16
6041h	Ace	cess	RO	Mapping	g TPDO Relevan Mode		All	Data Range		0 to 655	535	Default		-
It indica	ites the	e status o	of the s	ervo drive	in PP moc	le.								
						State wo	ord 6041h							
Bi	it	bit1	5	bit14	bit13		bit12		b	it11	b	it10		bit0-bit9
Nar	Name Homing completed		0	NA	Position deviation status		Position reference receiving supported		ftware ernal etting eeding imit	Target reached		-		
Set vi	Set value -			-	For details, see <u>"Table</u> <u>4-2 Relation</u> <u>between status</u> <u>switching</u> <u>and control</u> commands".		-			-		see <u>'</u> <u>4-2 F</u> <u>betw</u> <u>swite</u> and		details, " <u>Table</u> Relation ween status cching control mands".
Descri	ption	0: Homin is not perform homing complet 1: Homin complet the refen point is found.	ied or is not te. ng is te and	Reserved	0: The pos deviation within the following window (6 1: The pos deviation exceeds th following window (6	is error 5065h). sition ne error	0: The ser drive can receive a displacen reference 1: The ser drive can receive a displacen reference	rvo new nent 2. rvo not new nent 2.	posit (6071 1: Th posit refer or fee reach softw	ion ence not not vare ion limit Dh). e ion ence edback nes the vare ion limit	is n read 1: T targ pos	get ition ot ched. he	<u>"6.5</u> of P Defi	details, see <u>.3 Details</u> arameters ined by Sub- tocols".

[1] The software internal position limit can be enabled according to the setting of 0x200A-02h. For details, see description of 607Dh in <u>"6.5.3 Details of Parameters Defined by Sub-protocols"</u>.

[2] When the position deviation is within the position window 6067h and the time reaches the value set by 6068h, the target position is reached. If either condition is not met, the target position is not reached.

1) Time sequence 1: Update immediately

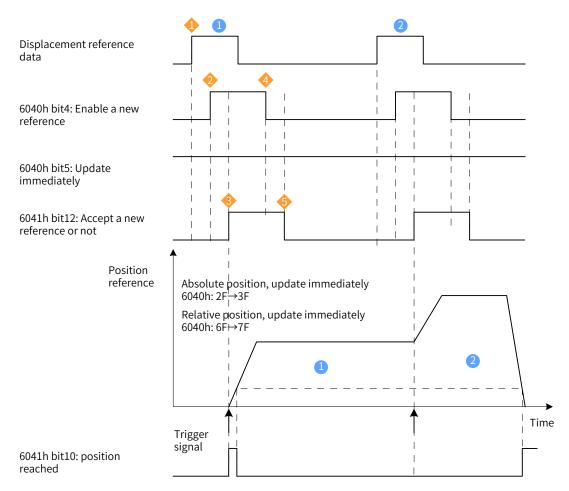


Figure 4-8 Time sequence and motion profile 1 in the mode of update immediately

- A trigger signal needs to be sent again when any parameter of the displacement reference is modified.
- The host controller modifies other attributes of the displacement reference (profile acceleration/deceleration 6083h, profile deceleration 6084h, maximum velocity 6081h, and target displacement 607Ah) as required.
- The host controller changes bit4 of 6040h to 1 from 0, prompting the slave node that a new displacement reference needs to be enabled.

S After receiving the rising edge of 6040h bit4, the slave node judges whether to receive the new displacement reference. If bit5 of 6040h is 1 initially and bit12 of 6041h is 0, the slave node



- NOTE
- can receive the new displacement reference (1); after receiving the new displacement reference, the slave node changes bit12 of 6041h to 1, indicating that the new displacement reference is received and no new displacement reference (1) can be received. In the mode of update immediately, the servo drive immediately executes the new displacement reference once it receives a new displacement reference (bit12 of 6041h is changed to 1 from 0).
- ◆ ④ After bit12 of the status word 6041h received by the host controller from the slave node is changed into 1, the host controller issues the displacement reference data and changes bit4 of 6040h to 0 from 1, indicating there is no new position reference currently. Because the edge change of 6040h bit4 is valid, this operation does not interrupt the displacement reference being executed.
- ◆ ◆ After detecting that bit4 of 6040h is changed to 0 from 1, bit12 of 6041h can be set to 0 from 1, indicating the slave node is ready to receive a new displacement reference.

In the mode of update immediately, when the slave node detects that bit4 of 6040h is changed to 0 from 1, the slave node always sets bit12 of 6041h to 0.

If a new displacement reference ⁽²⁾ is received when the current displacement reference ⁽¹⁾ is being executed, the displacement reference not executed in ⁽¹⁾ is not discarded. For a relative position reference, after a new displacement reference is complete, total displacement increment = target position increment 607Ah of ⁽¹⁾ + target position increment 607Ah of ⁽²⁾. For an absolute position reference, after a new position reference is complete, user absolute position = target position 607Ah of ⁽²⁾.

Example:

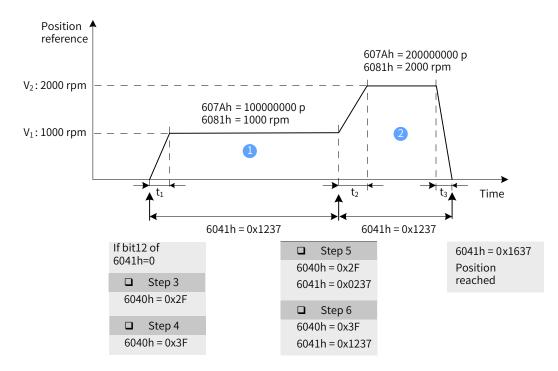
Example: two position references, mode of update immediately, absolute position reference

Displacement reference 1 :

- Target position 607A = 10000000 p
- 6081 = 1000 x 1048576/60 p/s (1000 rpm)

Displacement reference 2 :

- Target position 607A = 100000000 p
- 6081 = 2000 x 1048576/60 p/s (2000 rpm)





$$t_1 = \frac{V_1}{6083h}$$
 s $t_2 = \frac{V_2 - V_1}{6083h}$ s $t_3 = \frac{V_2}{6084h}$ s

SN	Control Command 6040h	Status of 6041h	Description
1	0x06	0x0231	The drive is ready to receive a new reference.
2	0x07	0x0233	The drive is ready to receive a new reference and the servo can be enabled.
3	0x2F	0x0637	A new reference can be received and the servo is enabled (because no other position references are received before the displacement reference 1 is executed, the target position is considered to be 0 and bit12 of 6041h is 1 in the target position).
4	0x3F	0x1237	The drive already receives a reference and is executing the reference. The servo does not reach the target position.

SN	Control Command 6040h	Status of 6041h	Description						
◆ If the target position 607Ah remains unchanged, the velocity 6081h needs to be modified. Perform the following operation when the displacement reference is not positioned.									
5	0x2F	0x0237	Bit12 of 6041h is released and the servo drive can receive a new reference again. The current reference is being executed and the target position is not reached.						
6	0x3F	0x1237	The drive already receives a reference and is executing the reference. The target position is not reached.						
re	◆ If a new target position 607Ah does not need to be entered and parameters of the current position reference do not need to be modified, wait until the current position reference is complete. After positioning is complete, current user position 6063h = 607Ah and status word 6041h = 0x1637.								
◆ If a new target displacement needs to be entered and smooth transition between positions is required, repeat operations 5 and 6 before positioning of the current position reference is complete.									
7	0x3F	0x1637 The target position is not reached.							

2) Time sequence 2: Not update immediately

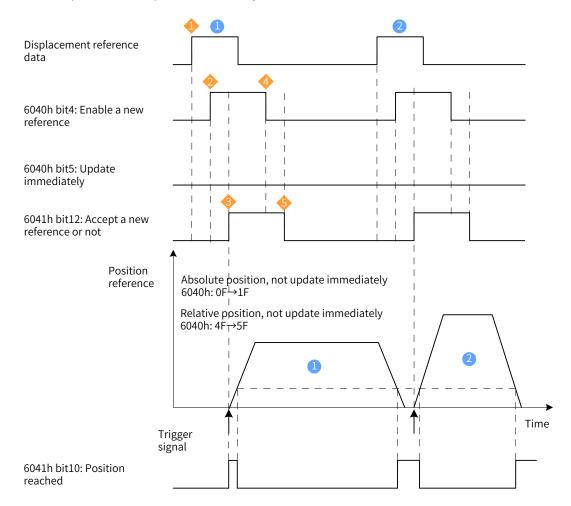


Figure 4-10 Time sequence and motion profile 1 in the mode of not update immediately

- A trigger signal needs to be sent again when any parameter of the displacement reference is modified.
- The host controller modifies other attributes of the displacement reference (profile acceleration/deceleration 6083h, profile deceleration 6084h, maximum velocity 6081h, and target displacement 607Ah) as required.
- ♦ ② The host controller changes bit4 of 6040h to 1 from 0, prompting the slave node that a new displacement reference needs to be enabled.



- After receiving the rising edge of 6040h bit4, the slave node judges whether to receive the new displacement reference. If bit5 of 6040h is 0 initially and bit12 of 6041h is 0, the slave node can receive the new displacement reference 1; after receiving the new displacement reference, the slave node changes bit12 of 6041h to 1 from 0, indicating that the new displacement reference is received and no new displacement reference 1 can be received.
- ◆ After bit12 of the status word 6041h received by the host controller is changed to 1, displacement reference data can be released and bit4 of 6040h is changed to 0 from 1, indicating there is no new position reference currently. Because the edge change of 6040h bit4 is valid, this operation does not interrupt the displacement reference being executed.
- ◆ ◆ After detecting that 6040h bit4 changes from 1 to 0, the drive releases 6041h bit12, indicating it is ready to receive a new position reference. In the mode of not update immediately, the servo drive can receive a new displacement reference only after it completes execution of the previous one. The servo drive immediately executes the new reference once it receives a new reference (bit12 of 6041h is changed to 1 from 0).

Example:

Example: two position references, not update immediately, absolute position reference

Displacement reference 1 :

- Target position 607A = 10000000 p
- 6081 = 1000 x 1048576/60 p/s (1000 rpm)

Displacement reference 2 :

- Target position 607A = 20000000 p
- 6081 = 2000 rpm x 1048576/60 p/s (2000 rpm)

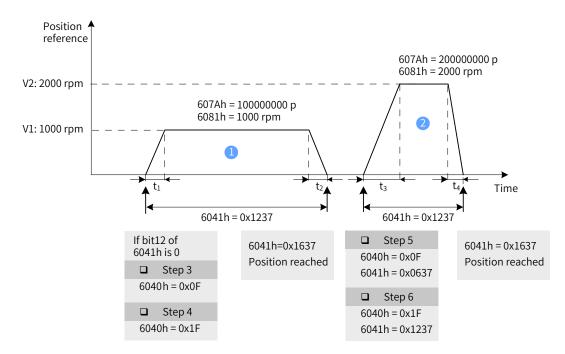


Figure 4-11 Time sequence and motion profile 2 in the mode of not update immediately

$$t_{1} = \frac{V_{1}}{6083h} s \qquad t_{2} = \frac{V_{1}}{6084h} s \qquad t_{3} = \frac{V_{2}}{6083h} s \qquad t_{4} = \frac{V_{2}}{6084h} s$$

SN $\frac{Control}{Command} \frac{Status of}{6041h}$ $\frac{Status of}{6041h}$ Description

1 $0x06$ $0x0231$ The drive is ready to receive a new reference.

2 $0x07$ $0x0233$ The drive is ready to receive a new reference and the servo can be enabled.

3 $0x0F$ $0x0637$ $\frac{A \text{ new reference can be received and the servo is enabled (because no other position references are received before the displacement reference 1 is executed, the target position is considered to be 0 and bit12 of 6041h is 1 in the target position).

4 $0x1F$ $0x1237$ The drive already receives a reference and is executing the reference. The target$

Wait for completion of the displacement reference. Status word 6041h = 0x1637.

To continue to execute other displacement references, modify related data (607Ah, 6081h, 6083h, and 6084h) of the displacement references as required and repeat operations 3 and 4.

4.6.4 Configuration Example

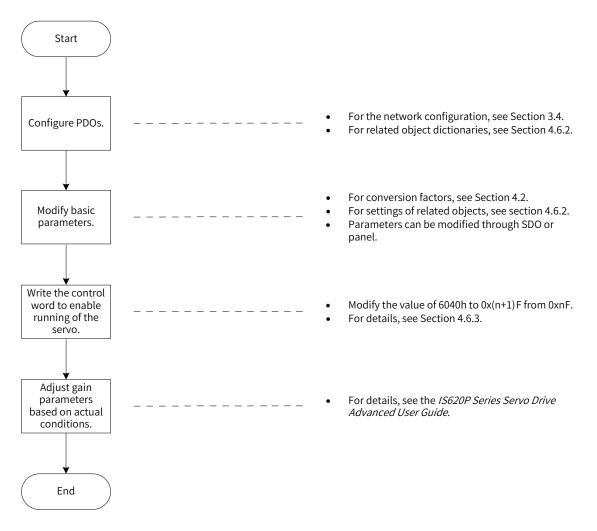


Figure 4-12 Example of PP mode configuration flowchart

Parameter	Object	Mapping Object	Input Content	Description
H2D-32	1600h-00h	Number of RPDO1 mapping objects	2	
H2D-33	1600h-01h	6040h-00h	60400010h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO1 is 6040-00h. The parameter is 16 bits long.
H2D-35	1600h-02h	6060h-00h	60600008h	The second mapping parameter of RPDO1 is 6060- 00h. The parameter is 8 bits long.
H2D-49	1601h-00h	Number of RPDO2 mapping objects	2	
H2D-50	1601h-01h	607Ah-00h	607A0020h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO2 is 607A-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2D-52	1601h-02h	6081h-00h	60810020h	The second mapping parameter of RPDO2 is 6081- 00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2D-66	1602h-00h	Number of RPDO3 mapping objects	2	
H2D-67	1602h-01h	6083h-00h	60830020h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO3 is 6083-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2D-69	1602h-02h	6084h-00h	60840020h	The second mapping parameter of RPDO3 is 6084- 00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2E-20	1A00h-00h	Number of TPDO1 mapping objects	2	
H2E-21	1A00h-01h	6041h-00h	60410010h	The first mapping parameter of TPDO1 is 6041-00h. The parameter is 16 bits long.
H2E-23	1A00h-02h	6061h-00h	60610008h	The second mapping parameter of TPDO1 is 6061- 00h. The parameter is 8 bits long.
H2E-27	1A01h-00h	Number of TPDO2 mapping objects	2	
H2E-38	1A01h-01h	6064h-00h	60640020h	The first mapping parameter of TPDO2 is 6064-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2E-40	1A01h-02h	606Ch-00h	606C0020h	The second mapping parameter of TPDO2 is 606C-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.

- Set the drive mode 6060h to 0x01 to make the drive work in PP mode.
- Set the target position 607Ah (reference unit, default value: 0 p).
- Set the constant speed of current displacement reference 6081h (reference unit).
- Set acceleration 6083h (reference unit) and deceleration 6084h (100 rpm/ms) of each displacement reference according to requirements.
- Set the control word 6040h to $0xnF \rightarrow 0x(n+1)F$ and enable the servo drive.

Position Reference Type 6040h bit6	Reference Change Change Mode 6040h bit5	6040h	Description
0	0	$0x0F \rightarrow 0x1F$	Absolute position, not update immediately
0	1	$0x2F \rightarrow 0x3F$	Absolute position, update immediately
1	0	$0x4F \rightarrow 0x5F$	Relative position, not update immediately
1	1	$0x6F \rightarrow 0x7F$	Relative position, update immediately

Monitoring parameters:

- Position demand value 6062h (reference unit), position demand value 60FCh (encoder unit)
- Position actual value 6063h (encoder unit), position actual value 6062h (reference unit)
- Following error actual value 60F4h (reference unit)
- Status word 6041h

For specific operations on different reference types and update types, see <u>"4.6.3 Control Commands in PP Mode"</u>.

4.7 Homing Mode

This mode is used to searches for the mechanical home and determine the position relationship between the mechanical home and mechanical zero.

- Mechanical home: a fixed location on the machine, which may correspond to a specific home switch or the motor Z signal.
- Mechanical zero: absolute zero point on the machine

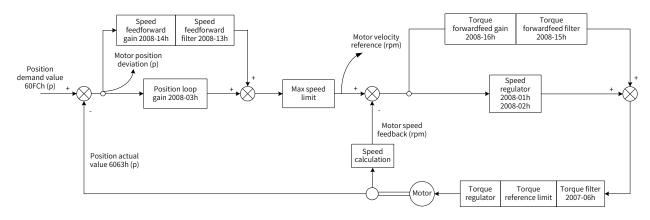
After homing is complete, the motor stops at the location of mechanical home. The relationship between the mechanical home and mechanical zero can be set in 607Ch.

Mechanical home = Mechanical zero + 607C (home offset)

When 607C is 0, the mechanical home overlaps with mechanical zero.

In homing mode, the host controller should first selects the homing mode (6098h), set the homing speed (6099-1h and 6099-2h) and homing acceleration (609Ah), and issue the homing trigger signal. The servo drive automatically searches for the mechanical home according to the setting and sets the relative position relationship between the mechanical home and mechanical zero. The servo drive completes control over the position, speed, and torque inside.

4.7.1 Control Block Diagram



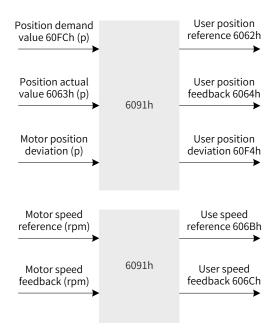


Figure 4-13 Control block diagram of the homing mode

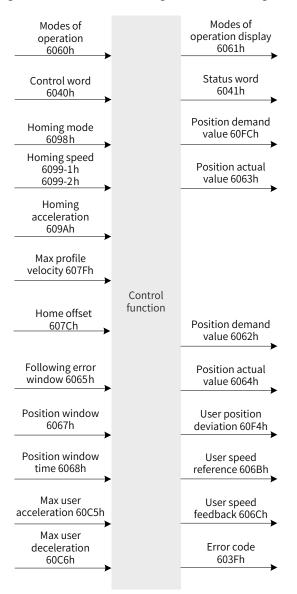
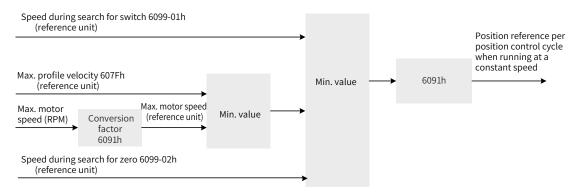
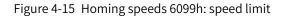


Figure 4-14 Input/output block diagram in homing mode

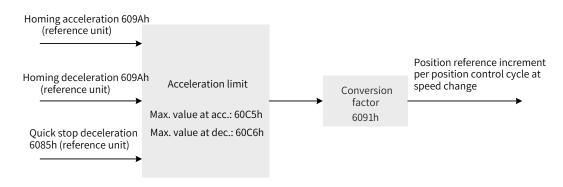
Figures 4-14 and 4-15 show processing of the servo drive for homing speeds and homing acceleration/ deceleration.

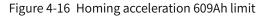
Two speeds are involved during homing. One is the speed during search for switch 6099-1h (user speed unit) and the other is the speed during search for zero 6099-2h (user speed unit). 6099-1h can be set to a large value to prevent homing timeout due to long homing time. 6099-1h should be set to a small value to prevent overshoot during high-speed stop of the servo drive and large deviation of the stop position from the preset mechanical home.





Homing acceleration 609Ah is used during acceleration and deceleration. When quick stop is enabled in homing mode, deceleration is determined by 6085h.





4.7.2 Relevant Object Setting

1) Homing timeout

Index	Name		Time of ⊦	lome S	earching		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16		
2005h	Access	RW	MappingYESRelevant ModeData Range0-65535Default50000									
Sub-ind Unit: 10	ıb-index: 24h											
	ng is not co It can be re		vithin the d	uratior	n, Er.601 is r	eported	l.					

2) Positioning complete

Index	Name		Position Window					VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6067h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 4294967295	Default	734 p

Sub-index: 00

When the position deviation 60F4h of the reference unit is smaller than 6068h and time reaches this value, bit10 of 6041h is 1.

When either condition is not met, the position window is invalid.

Index	Name		Position Window Time					VAR	Data Type	Uint16
6068h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	0 ms

Sub-index: 00

When the position deviation 60F4h of the reference unit is smaller than 6068h and time reaches this value, bit10 of 6041h is 1.

The position reached signal is invalid when either of the condition is not met.

3) Detection for Following Error Window

Index	Name		Follow	wing Er	ror Window	4	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6065h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 4294967295	Default	3145728 p

Sub-index: 00

When the position deviation is larger than this value, Er.B00 occurs and bit13 of the status word 6041h is set to 1.

4) Homing speed

Index	Name		Но	oming	Speed		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint32
6099h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	OD Data Range	Default	OD Default Value
It sets the speeds used in homing procedure.										

Sub-index	Name		Num	ber of	Entries		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8	
00h	Access	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	2	Default	2	

Sub-index	Name	S	peed durin	g searcł	n for switch		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
01h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	0 to 4294967295	Default	100 rpm

It sets the speed during search for the deceleration point signal. The speed can be set to a large value to prevent homing timeout due to long homing time.

Note: After finding the deceleration point, the slave node decelerates and shields change of the home signal. To prevent the slave node from reaching the home signal during deceleration, set the position of the deceleration point switch properly to reserve sufficient deceleration distance or increase homing acceleration to shorten the deceleration time.

Sub-index	Name	S	peed Durin	g Sear	ch for Zero		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Int32
02h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	0 to 4294967295	Default	10 rpm

It sets the speed (user speed unit) during search for the home signal. Set this parameter to a small value to prevent overshoot during high-speed stop and large deviation of the stop position from the preset mechanical home.

5) Homing acceleration

Index	Name		Homing Acceleration					VAR	Data Type	Uint32
609Ah	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	hm	Data Range	0 to 4294967295	Default	174762666

It sets acceleration in homing mode. This parameter is used during acceleration and deceleration. The set value takes effect after homing is enabled.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Range	Default
603Fh	00h	Error code	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0–65535	-
6040h	00h	Control word	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0–65535	0
6041h	00h	Status word	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0–65535	-
6060h	00h	Modes of operation	RW	YES	Int8	-	0 to 7	0
6061h	00h	Modes of operation display	RO	TPDO	Int8	-	0 to 7	-
6062h	00h	Position demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6063h	00h	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6064h	00h	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6065h	00h	Following error window	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	3145728
6067h	00h	Position window	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	734
6068h	00h	Position window time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0
606Bh	00h	Velocity demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
606Ch	00h	Velocity actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
607Dh	01h	Minimum software position limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-2 ³¹
	02h	Max. software position limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	2 ³¹ -1

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Range	Default
607Ch	00h	Home Offset	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	0
6098h	00h	Homing mode	RW	YES	Int8	-	0 to 35	1
6099h	01h	Speed during search for switch	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	1747627
	02h	Speed during search for zero	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174763
609Ah	00h	Homing acceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174762666
2005h	24h	Duration limit of homing	RW	YES	Uint16	10 ms	0 to 65535	50000
60F4h	00h	Following error actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
60FCh	00h	Position demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
2007h	06h	Torque reference filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 30.00	0.79
	01h	Speed loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.1 to 2000.0	25.0
	02h	Speed loop integral time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.15 to 512.00	31.83
	03h	Position loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.0 to 2000.0	40.0
2008h	13h	Speed feedforward filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 64.00	0.50
	14h	Speed feedforward gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 100.0	0.0
	15h	Torque feedforward filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 64.00	0.50
	16h	Torque feedforward gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 200.0	0.0

4.7.3 Control Commands in Homing Mode

	CiA402 Status Switching	Control Word 6040h	Bit0 to Bit9*1 of Status Word 6041h		
0	Power-on → Initialization	Natural transition, control command not required	0x0000h		
1	Initialization → No fault	Natural transition, control command not required If an error occurs during initialization, the servo drive directly goes to status 13.	0x0250h		
2	No fault → Ready	0x06h	0x0231h		
3	Ready \rightarrow Wait to enable servo	0x07h	0x0233h		
4	Wait to enable servo → Running	0x0Fh	0x0237h		
5	Running \rightarrow Wait to enable servo	0x07h	0x0233h		
6	Wait to enable servo → Ready	0x06h	0x0231h		
7	Ready → No fault	0x00h	0x0250h		
8	Running → Ready	0x06h	0x0231h		
9	Running → No fault	0x00h	0x0250h		
10	Wait to enable servo \rightarrow No fault	0x00h	0x0250h		

Table 4-4 Relationship between status switching and control commands

CiA402 Status Switching		Control Word 6040h	Bit0 to Bit9*1 of Status Word 6041h		
11	Running \rightarrow Quick stop	0x02h	0x0217h		
12	Quick stop → No fault	Set 605A to a value in the range 0 to 3. Natural transition is performed after stop and no control command is required.	0x0250h		
13	→ Stop upon fault	0x021Fh			
14	Stop upon fault → Fault Natural transition after stop at fault, control command not required		0x0218h		
15	Fault → No fault	0x80h The rising edge of bit7 is valid. If bit7 is 1, other control commands are invalid.	0x0250h		
16	Quick stop \rightarrow Running	0x0237h			

The control word 6040h in homing mode is described as follows:

Index	Name	e	Control Word						VAR	Da	ta Type	Uint16
6040h	Acces	s RW	Mapping	YES ^I	Relevant Mode	A	All	Data Range	0 to 6553	5 D	efault	-
It sets the control commands in homing mode.												
Control Word 6040h												
Bit			bit7-15		bit5-	bit6		bit4		bit0-bit		:3
Na	me		N/	A		Homing er	-					
Set v	value	See <u>"Table 4-2 Relation</u> between status switching and control commands".			<u>nd</u> -	_			swi		See <u>"Table 4-2 Relation</u> between status switching and control commands".	
Descr	iption	<u>of Para</u>	ails, see <u>"6.</u> . meters Def otocols".		<u>-</u>		 0: Homing is not activated. 0 → 1: Enable homing. 1: Homing is ongoing. 1 → 0: Interrupt homing. Bit4 must always be 1 during homing. 			For details, see <u>"6.5.3</u> Details of Parameters Defined by Sub- protocols".		

The status word 6041h in homing mode is described as follows:

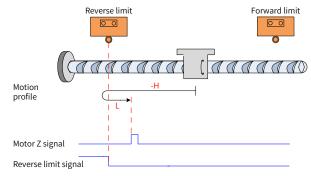
I	ndex	Nam	ie			Status	Word	1		Data Structur	e VAR	Data Type	Uint16
6	041h	Access		RO	Mappin	g TPI	00	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	-
lt	indicat	tes the	e sta	atus of t	he servo:	drive i	n hoi	ming mode.					
								State w	ord 6	6041h			
	Bit	t		bit1	.5	bit14		bit13		bit12	bit11	bit10	bit0-bit9
	Nan	ne		Homi comple	0	N/A	Hc	oming error		loming mpleted	Software internal setting exceeding limit	reached	-
	Set va	alue -			-	For details, see <u>"Table</u> <u>4-2 Relation</u> <u>between status</u> <u>switching</u> <u>and control</u> <u>commands</u> ".		5	-	-	-	For details, see <u>"Table</u> <u>4-2 Relation</u> <u>between status</u> <u>switching</u> <u>and control</u> <u>commands</u> ".	
	Descriț	otion	per hor cor 1: F cor refe fou Thi unr driv	Homing formed ming is nplete. Homing nplete a erence p ind. is bit is related ve mode tus of th	or not is and the point is to the	Reser- ved	1: A occi	o error n error urs in ning ^[1] .	is n cor 1: F	nplete. Ioming	0: The actual position value does not reach the software position limit. 1: The actual position value reaches the software position limit ^[2] .	0: The target position is not reached. 1: The target position is reached ^[3] .	For details, see <u>"6.5.3 Details</u> of Parameters <u>Defined</u> <u>by Sub-</u> <u>protocols</u> ".

[1] When a homing error occurs, Er.601 (homing timeout) occurs in the servo drive. If any error or warning occurs during homing, bit13 of 6041 is set to 1.

- [2] The software internal position limit can be enabled according to the setting of 0x200A-02h. For details, see description of 607Dh in <u>"6.5.3 Details of Parameters Defined by Sub-protocols"</u>.
- [3] When the position deviation is within the position window 6067h and the time reaches the value set by 6068h, the target position is reached. If either condition is not met, the target position is not reached.

4.7.4 Introduction to the Homing Mode

- Mechanical home: motor Z signal
- Deceleration point: reverse limit switch
- 1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing



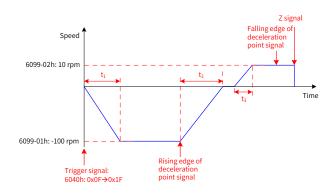


Figure 4-17 Mode ① in which 6098h is 1 and deceleration point signal is invalid

In Figure 4-16, "H" indicates search for the deceleration point signal speed 6099-1h and "L" indicates search for the home signal speed 6099-2h.

6099-1H=100 rpm, 6099-2h=10 rpm, 609Ah=100 rpm/ms:

 \wedge

t1 =

The N-OT signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the reverse direction at a high speed. After reaching the rising edge of the N-OT signal, the motor decelerates, runs in the reverse direction, and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the N-OT signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

 $t_2 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$ s $t_3 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$ s

2) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing

6099-01h

609Ah

S

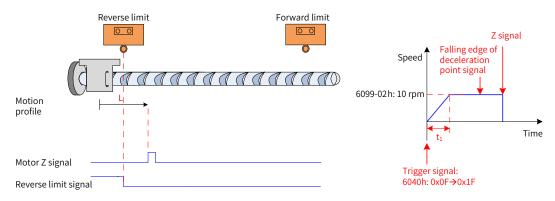


Figure 4-18 Mode 2 in which 6098h is 1 and the deceleration point signal is valid

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$$
 s

The N-OT signal is 1 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the N-OT signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: forward limit switch
- 1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing

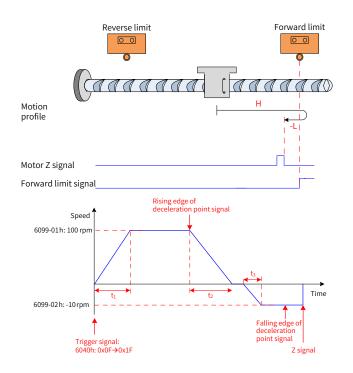


Figure 4-19 Mode ① in which 6098h is 2 and the deceleration point signal is invalid

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$$
 s $t_2 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$ s $t_3 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$ s

The P-OT signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. After reaching the rising edge of the P-OT signal, the motor decelerates and then runs in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the P-OT signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

2) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing

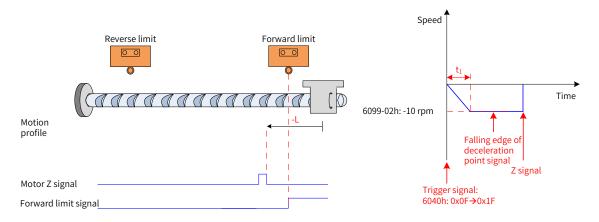


Figure 4-20 Mode 2 in which 6098h is 2 and the deceleration point signal is valid

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$$
 s

The P-OT signal is 1 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the P-OT signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: home switch (HW)

1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing

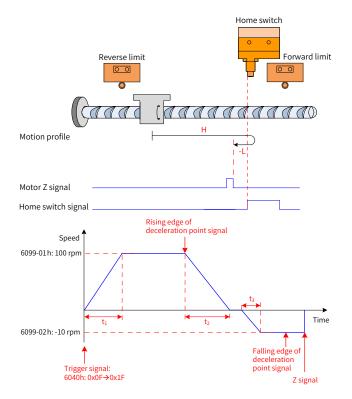


Figure 4-21 Mode 1) in which 6098h is 3 and the deceleration point signal is invalid

6099-01h	6099-01h	6099-02h
09Ah	$l_2 =$	$l_3 =$

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor decelerates and then runs in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

2) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing

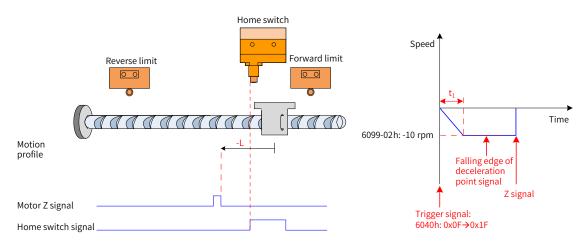


Figure 4-22 Mode ② in which 6098h is 3 and the deceleration point signal is valid

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$$
 s

The HW signal is 1 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

4 6098h = 4

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: home switch (HW)
- 1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing

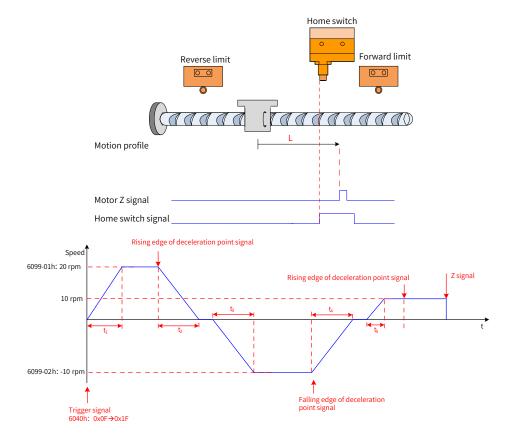
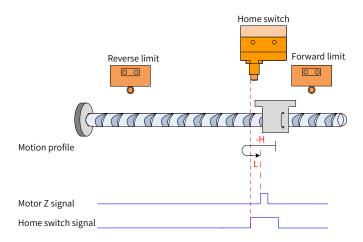


Figure 4-23 Mode 1) in which 6098h is 4 and the deceleration point signal is invalid

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

2) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing



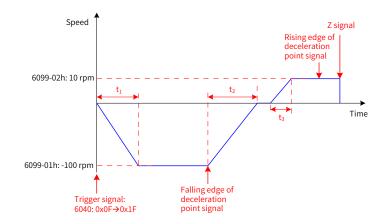


Figure 4-24 Mode 2 in which 6098h is 4 and the deceleration point signal is valid

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$$
 s $t_2 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$ s $t_3 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$ s

The HW signal is 1 initially and the motor starts homing in the reverse direction at a high speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor decelerates, runs in the reverse direction, and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: home switch (HW)
- 1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing

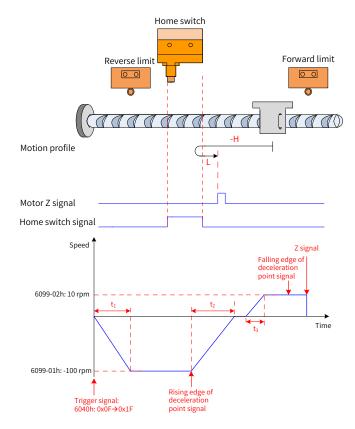


Figure 4-25 Mode 1 in which 6098h is 5 and the deceleration point signal is invalid

$$t_1 = -\frac{6099 - 01h}{609Ah} \ s \qquad t_2 = -\frac{6099 - 01h}{609Ah} \ s \qquad t_3 = -\frac{6099 - 02h}{609Ah} \ s$$

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the reverse direction at a high speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor decelerates, runs in the reverse direction, and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

2) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing

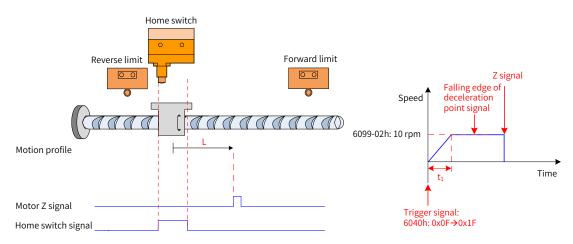
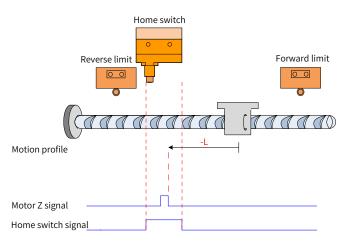


Figure 4-26 Mode 2 in which 6098h is 5 and the deceleration point signal is valid

$$t_1 = -\frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$$
 s

The HW signal is 1 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: home switch (HW)
- 1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing



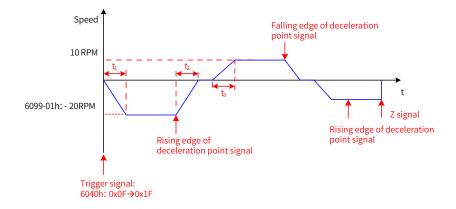


Figure 4-27 Mode 1 in which 6098h is 6 and the deceleration point signal is invalid

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

2) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing

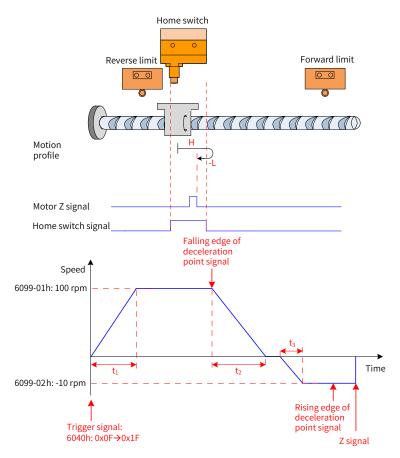


Figure 4-28 Mode 2 in which 6098h is 6 and the deceleration point signal is valid

 $t_1 = -\frac{6099\text{-}01h}{609\text{A}h} \ s \qquad t_2 = -\frac{6099\text{-}01h}{609\text{A}h} \ s \qquad t_3 = -\frac{6099\text{-}02h}{609\text{A}h} \ s$

The HW signal is 1 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor decelerates and then runs in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

7 6098h=7

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: home switch (HW)
- 1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing start, not reaching forward limit switch

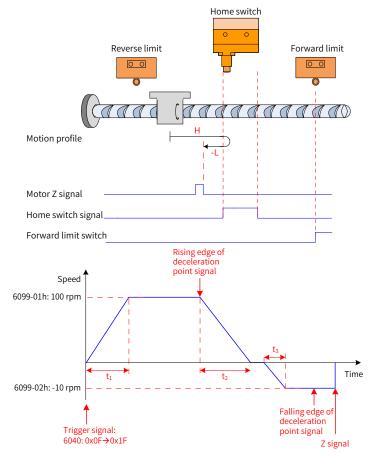


Figure 4-29 Mode ① in which 6098 is 7, the deceleration point signal is invalid, and the forward limit switch is not reached

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$$
 s $t_2 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$ s $t_3 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$ s

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. If the motor does not reach the limit switch and reaches the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor decelerates and then runs in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

2) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing, reaching the forward limit switch

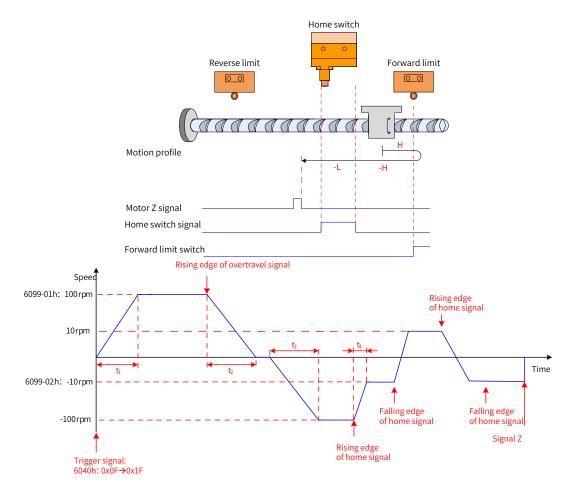


Figure 4-30 Mode ② in which 6098 is 7, the deceleration point signal is invalid, and the forward limit switch is reached

t	6099-01h	6099-01h	6099-01h	[6099-01h] - [6099-02h]	~
ι ₁ –		609Ah	t ₃ – <u>609Ah</u> t ₄ –	609Ah	2

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. If the motor reaches the limit switch, the motor automatically runs in the reverse direction at a high speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor decelerates and continues to run in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

3) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing

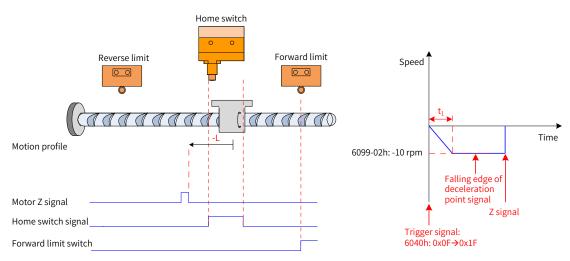


Figure 4-31 Mode ③ in which 6098 is 7 and the deceleration point signal is valid

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$$
 s

The HW signal is 1 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

8 6098h=8

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: home switch (HW)
- 1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing start, not reaching forward limit switch

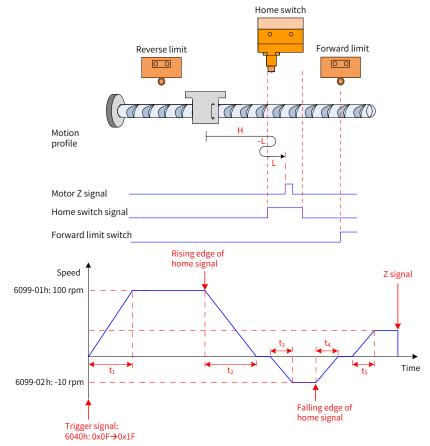


Figure 4-32 Mode ① in which 6098h is 8, the deceleration point signal is invalid, and the forward limit switch is not reached

$$t_1 = -\frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} \ s \quad t_2 = -\frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} \ s \quad t_3 = -\frac{6099-02h}{609Ah} \ s \quad t_4 = -\frac{6099-02h}{609Ah} \ s \quad t_5 = -\frac{6099-02h}{609Ah} \ s = -\frac{609-02h}{609Ah} \ s = -\frac{600-02h}{609Ah} \ s = -\frac{60-02h}{609Ah$$

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. If the motor does not reach the limit switch, the motor decelerates and then runs in the reverse direction at a low speed after reaching the rising edge of the HW signal. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor runs in the reverse direction and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

2) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing, reaching the forward limit switch

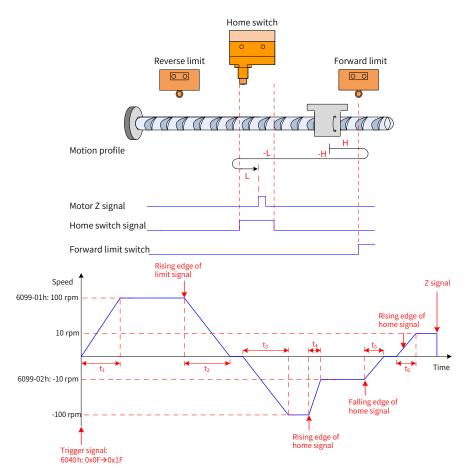
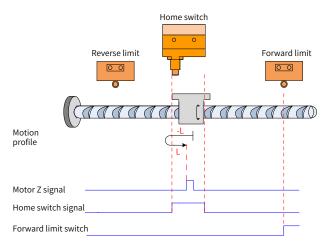


Figure 4-33 Mode ② in which 6098h is 8, the deceleration point signal is invalid, and the forward limit switch is reached

	$t_1 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$ s	t2=	6099-01h 609Ah s	$t_3 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$ s			
t ₄ =	[6099-01h] - [6099-02h] 609Ah	S	$t_5 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$	s	$t_6 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$	S	

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. If the motor reaches the limit switch, the motor automatically runs in the reverse direction at a high speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor decelerates and runs in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor runs in the reverse direction and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the AW signal, the motor runs in the reverse direction and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the first motor Z signal.

3) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing



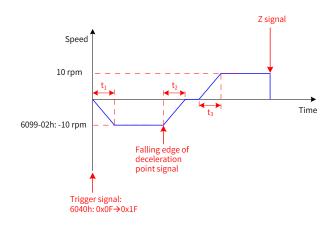


Figure 4-34 Mode ③ in which 6098h is 8 and the deceleration point signal is valid

6099-02h	6099-02h	6099-02h
609Ah	¹ ₂ – <u>609Ah</u> s	t ₃ – <u>609Ah</u> s

The HW signal is 1 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor runs in the reverse direction and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: home switch (HW)
- 1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing start, not reaching forward limit switch

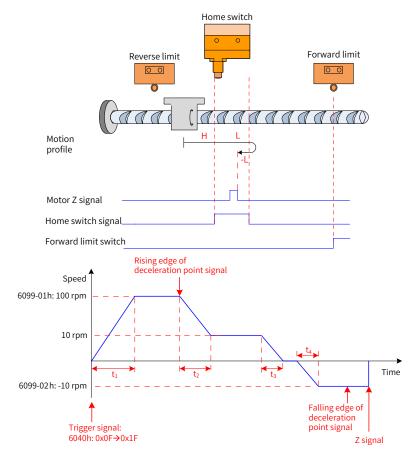
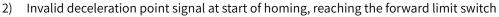


Figure 4-35 Mode 1 in which 6098h is 9, the deceleration point signal is invalid, and the forward limit switch is not reached

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_2 = \frac{[6099-01h] - [6099-02h]}{609Ah} s \qquad t_3 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_4 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah} s$$

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. If the motor does not reach the limit switch, the motor decelerates and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed after reaching the rising edge of the HW signal. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor runs in the reverse direction and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.



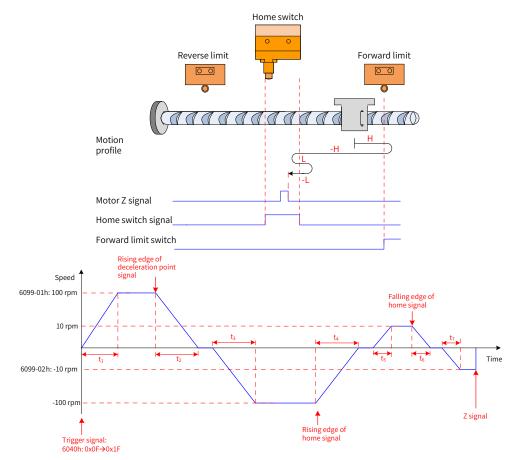


Figure 4-36 Mode ② in which 6098h is 9, the deceleration point signal is invalid, and the forward limit switch is reached

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_2 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_3 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_4 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} s$$
$$t_5 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_6 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_7 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah} s$$

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. If the motor reaches the limit switch, the motor automatically runs in the reverse direction at a high speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor decelerates, runs in the reverse direction, and then runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor runs in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor runs in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

3) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing

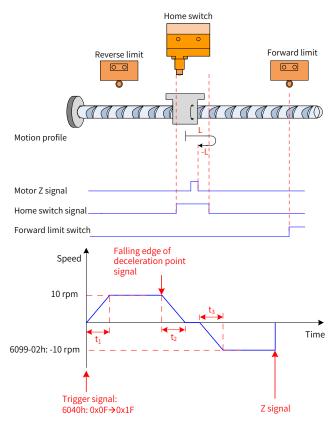
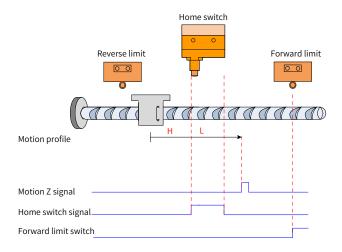


Figure 4-37 Mode ③ in which 6098h is 9 and the deceleration point signal is valid

$$t_1 = \frac{6099 - 02h}{609Ah}$$
 s $t_2 = \frac{6099 - 02h}{609Ah}$ s $t_3 = \frac{6099 - 02h}{609Ah}$ s

The HW signal is 1 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor runs in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: home switch (HW)
- 1) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing, not reaching forward limit switch



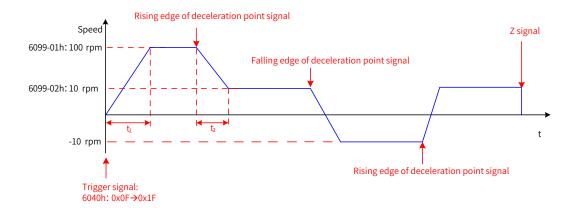


Figure 4-38 Mode ① in which 6098h is 10, the deceleration point signal is invalid, and the forward limit switch is not reached

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah}$$
 s $t_2 = \frac{[6099-01h] - [6099-02h]}{609Ah}$ s

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. After reaching the rising edge of HW signal, the motor decelerates and continues running in the forward direction until it decelerates again and changes to run in the reverse direction upon reaching the falling edge of the HW signal. Then, after reaching the rising edge of the HW signal again, the motor decelerates and changes to run in the forward direction upon reaching the falling edge of the HW signal. Then, after reaching the rising edge of the HW signal again, the motor decelerates and changes to run in the forward direction until it stops at the first Z signal upon reaching the falling edge of the HW signal again.

2) Invalid deceleration point signal at start of homing, reaching the forward limit switch

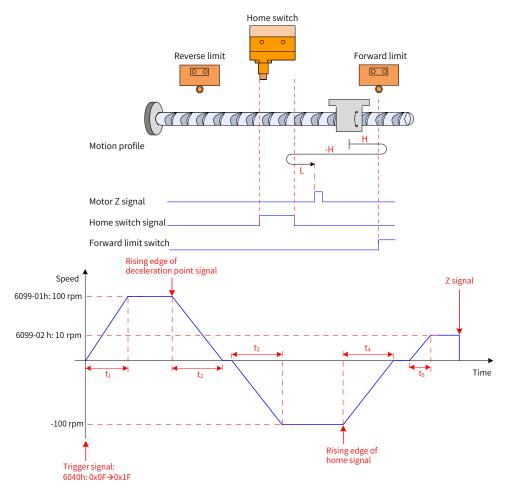
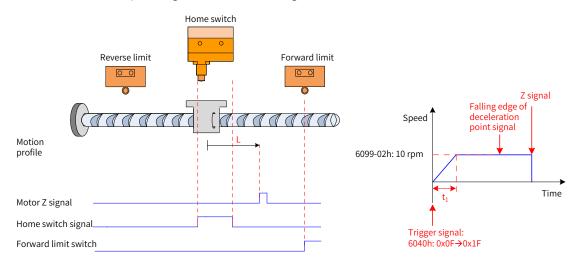


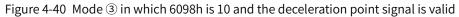
Figure 4-39 Mode ② in which 6098h is 10, the deceleration point signal is invalid, and the forward limit switch is reached

$$t_1 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_2 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_3 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} s$$
$$t_4 = \frac{6099-01h}{609Ah} s \qquad t_5 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah} s$$

The HW signal is 0 initially and the motor starts homing in the forward direction at a high speed. If the motor reaches the limit switch, the motor automatically runs in the reverse direction at a high speed. After reaching the rising edge of the HW signal, the motor decelerates and continues to run in the reverse direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal

3) Valid deceleration point signal at start of homing





$$t_1 = \frac{6099-02h}{609Ah}$$
 s

The HW signal is 1 initially and the motor directly starts homing in the forward direction at a low speed. After reaching the falling edge of the HW signal, the motor stops at the first motor Z signal.

11 6098h = 11, 12, 13 or 14

Similar to profile of 6098h = 7 to 10, opposite in the initial running direction

12 6098h = 17 to 30

Same profile as that of 6098 = 1 to 14, without the step of searching for motor Z signal. The motor stops immediately at the following home signal.

Homing Mode 6098	Home Signal
17	N-OT falling edge
18	P-OT falling edge
19	HW falling edge
20	HW rising edge
21	HW falling edge
22	HW rising edge
23	HW falling edge

Homing Mode 6098	Home Signal
24	HW rising edge
25	HW rising edge
26	HW falling edge
27	HW falling edge
28	HW rising edge
29	HW rising edge
30	HW falling edge

13 6098h = 31 to 32

This mode is not defined in CiA402. It can be used for extension.

14 6098h = 33 and 34

- Home: Z signal
- Deceleration point: None
- 1) Homing mode 33: The motor runs in the reverse direction at a low speed and stops at the first motor Z signal.
- 2) Homing mode 34: The motor runs in the forward direction at a low speed and stops at the first motor Z signal.

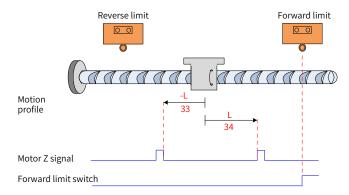


Figure 4-41 6098h=33 or 34

15 6098h = 35

The homing mode is 35 and homing is triggered with the current position as the mechanical home (control word 6040h: $0x0F \rightarrow 0x1F$).

Position actual value 6064h = 607C

4.7.5 Configuration Example

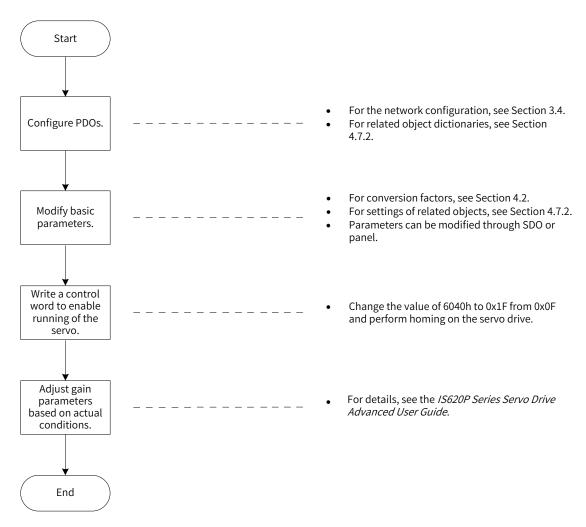


Figure 4-42	Example of	configuration	flowchart in	homing mode
0		0		0

Parameter	Object	Mapping Object	Input Content	Description
H2D-32	1600h-00h	Number of RPDO1 mapping objects	2	
H2D-33	1600h-01h	6040h-00h	60400010h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO1 is 6040-00h. The parameter is 16 bits long.
H2D-35	1600h-02h	6060h-00h	60600008h	The second mapping parameter of RPDO1 is 6060- 00h. The parameter is 8 bits long.
H2D-49	1601h-00h	Number of RPDO2 mapping objects	2	
H2D-50	1601h-01h	6098h-00h	60980008h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO2 is 6098-00h. The parameter is 8 bits long.
H2D-52	1601h-02h	609Ah-00h	609A0020h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO2 is 609A-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2D-66	1602h-00h	Number of RPDO3 mapping objects	2	
H2D-67	1602h-01h	6099h-01h	60990120h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO3 is 6099-01h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2D-69	1602h-02h	6099h-02h	60990220h	The second mapping parameter of RPDO3 is 6099- 02h. The parameter is 32 bits long.

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Parameter	Object	Mapping Object	Input Content	Description
H2E-20	1A00h-00h	Number of TPDO1 mapping objects	2	
H2E-21	1A00h-01h	6041h-00h	60410010h	The first mapping parameter of TPDO1 is 6041-00h. The parameter is 16 bits long.
H2E-23	1A00h-02h	6061h-00h	60610008h	The second mapping parameter of TPDO1 is 6061- 00h. The parameter is 8 bits long.
H2E-37	1A01h-00h	Number of TPDO2 mapping objects	2	
H2E-38	1A01h-01h	6064h-00h	60640020h	The first mapping parameter of TPDO2 is 6064-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2E-40	1A01h-02h	606Ch-00h	606C0020h	The second mapping parameter of TPDO2 is 606C-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.

- Set the drive mode 6060h to 0x06 to make the drive run in homing mode.
- Set the homing mode 6098h (reference unit, default value: 1).
- Set the speed during search for switch 6099-01h (reference unit, default value: 100 rpm) and speed during search for zero 6099-02h (reference unit, default value: 10 rpm).
- Set the homing acceleration 609A-00h (reference unit, default value: 100 rpm/ms).

Set the control word 6040h to 0x1F from 0x0F so that the drive performs the homing operation.

Monitoring parameters:

- Position demand value 6062h (reference unit), position demand value 60FCh (encoder unit)
- Position actual value 6063h (encoder unit), position demand value 6062h (reference unit)
- Following error actual value 60F4h (reference unit)
- Status word 6041h

Example:

When 6060h = 0x06, 6098h = 3:

- Speed during search for switch: 6099-01h = 100 x 1048576/60 p/s (100 rpm)
- Speed during search for zero: 6099-2h = 10 x 1048576/60 p/s (10 rpm)
- Homing acceleration: $609Ah = 100 \times 1048576/60 \text{ p/s}^2 (100 \text{ rpm/s})$

SN	Control Command 6040h	Status of 6041h	Description
1	0x06	0x0231	Servo ready
2	0x07	0x0233	Ready, wait to switch on
3	0x0F	0x0637	Homing not started, target position reached
4	0x1F	0x9637	Homing completed, target position reached

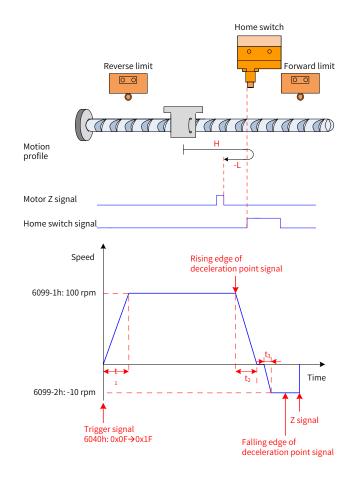


Figure 4-43 Description of case in which 6060h is 0x06 and 6098h is 3

$$t_1 = \frac{(6099-1h)}{609Ah}$$
 s $t_2 = \frac{(6099-1h)}{609Ah}$ s $t_3 = \frac{(6099-2h)}{609Ah}$ s

4.8 Interpolated Position Mode

The interpolated position mode can implement synchronization of a multi-shaft servo drive or singleshaft servo drive. When the servo drive is not enabled, after the host controller sets the interpolated position mode, the displacement profile is planned in advance according to actual application requirements. When the servo drive is running, different absolute position points on the displacement profile are periodically sent to the slave node. The slave node synchronously receives the displacement reference, subdivides and evenly sends the displacement reference increment based on the position loop control cycle. The servo drive completes control over the position, speed, and torque inside.

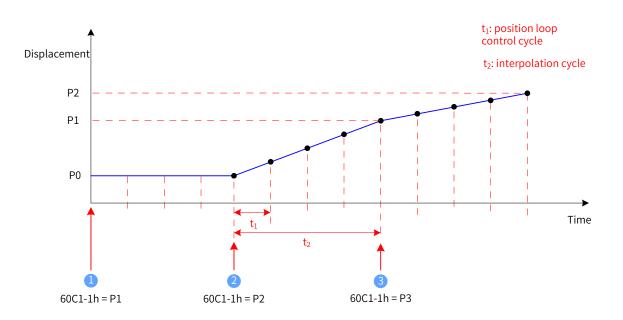
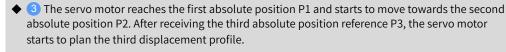


Figure 4-44 Displacement profile of single-shaft linear interpolation motor

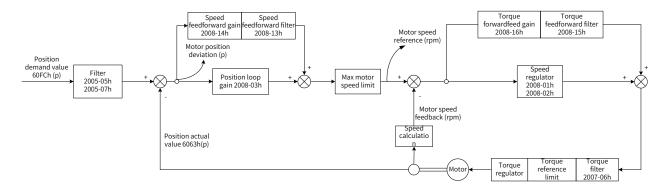
- ◆ ① The current absolute position of the servo motor is P0. After receiving the first absolute position reference P1, the servo motor starts to plan the first displacement profile.
- ◆ 2 The current absolute position of the servo motor is P0. The servo motor starts to move towards the first absolute position P1. After receiving the second absolute position reference P2, the servo motor starts to plan the second displacement profile.



- t1 position loop control cycle, which is determined by the servo drive internally.
- ◆ t2 interpolation cycle, which is set in the object dictionary 60C2h. IS620P supports the synchronization cycle in the range 1 ms to 20 ms. When a synchronization cycle beyond the range is set, the synchronization cycle is set to a limited value.
- P0/P1/P2 absolute position. An absolute position reference is sent through 60C1-1h. The interpolated position mode supports only absolute position references.
- ◆ The displacement reference increments in each synchronization cycle are P1-P0 and P2-P1.

4.8.1 Control Block Diagram

NOTE



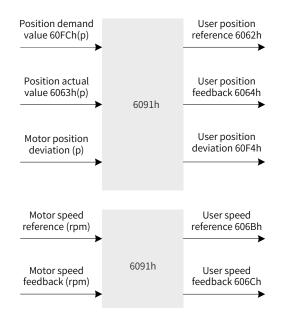


Figure 4-45 Control block diagram of the interpolated position mode

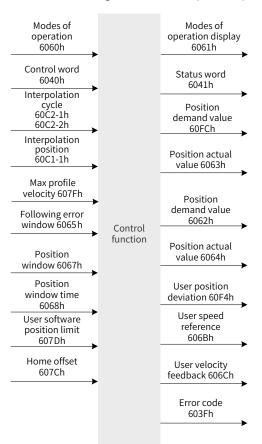


Figure 4-46 Input/output block diagram in interpolated position mode

By setting 0x200A-02h, you can check the absolute position limit of the user position reference and position feedback. By default, 200A-02h is 2, that is, after homing is complete and the reference zero position of mechanical operation is known, software position limit check is performed for the target position 60C1h and user position feedback 6064h. When the position reference exceeds the internal software position limit, bit11 of the status word 6041h is set to 1 and the drive runs by using the limit as the target position. After reaching the target position, the drive stops and provides a prompt. A reverse reference can make the drive exit the limit status and clear bit11 of 6041h. When external DI limit switch and internal software position limit are valid at the same time, the limit status is determined by the external DI limit switch.

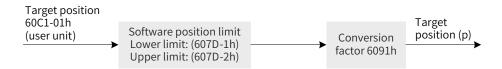


Figure 4-47 Interpolation displacement 60C1h - internal software position limit

4.8.2 Relevant Object Setting

1) Positioning complete

Index	Name	Position Window					Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6067h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 4294967295	Default	734 p
	Sub-index: 00									

When the position deviation 60F4h of the reference unit is smaller than 6068h and time reaches this value, bit10 of 6041h is 1.

When either condition is not met, the position window is invalid.

Index	Name	ne Position Window Time					Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
6068h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	0 ms

Sub-index: 00

When the position deviation 60F4h of the reference unit is smaller than 6068h and time reaches this value, bit10 of 6041h is 1.

When either condition is not met, the position window is invalid.

2) Detection for Following Error Window

Index	Name		Following Error Window					VAR	Data Type	Uint32	
6065h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 4294967295	Default	3145728 p	

Sub-index: 00

When the position deviation is larger than this value, Er.B00 occurs and bit13 of the status word 6041h is set to 1.

Index	Sub-index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
603Fh	00h	Error code	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0–65535	-
6040h	00h	Control word	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0–65535	0
6041h	00h	Status word	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0–65535	-
6060h	00h	Modes of operation	RW	YES	Int8	-	0 to 7	0
6061h	00h	Modes of operation display	RO	TPDO	Int8	-	0 to 7	-
6062h	00h	Position demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-

Index	Sub-index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
6063h	00h	Position actual internal value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6064h	00h	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6065h	00h	Following error window	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	3145728
6067h	00h	Position window	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	734
6068h	00h	Position window time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0
606Bh	00h	Velocity demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
606Ch	00h	Velocity actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
607Dh	01h	Min position limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-2 ³¹
007.011	02h	Max Software Position Limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	2 ³¹ -1
607Ch	00h	Home offset	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	0
6098h	00h	Homing mode	RW	YES	Int8	-	0 to 35	1
coool	01h	Speed during search for switch	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	1747627
6099h	02h	Speed during search for zero	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174763
609Ah	00h	Homing acceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174762666
60C1h	01h	Interpolation target position	RW	YES	Int32	-	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	0
cocob	01h	Interpolation Time Units	RW	YES	Uint8	-	1 to 20	1
60C2h	02h	Interpolation Time Index	RO	TPDO	Int8	ms	-3	-3
60F4h	00h	Following error actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
60FCh	00h	Position demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
2007h	06h	Torque reference filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 30.00	0.79

Index	Sub-index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	01h	Speed loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.1 to 2000.0	25.0
	02h	Speed loop integral time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.15 to 512.00	31.83
	03h	Position loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.0 to 2000.0	40.0
2008h	13h	Speed feedforward filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 64.00	0.50
	14h	Speed feedforward gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 100.0	0.0
	15h	Torque feedforward filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 64.00	0.50
	16h	Torque feedforward gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 200.0	0.0

4.8.3 Control Commands in Interpolated Position Mode

The control word 6040h in interpolated position mode is described as follows:

Index	Name		Co	ntrol V	Vord		Data Structure	VAR		Data Type	Uint16
6040h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	Relevant All Data 0 to 6		0 to 65	535	Default	-
It sets th	ne contro	ol comma	nds in hom	ode.							
Control Word 6040h											
В	it		bit7-15		bit5-bit6		Bit 4			bit0-bit3	3
Na	me	-			N/A	Er	nable IP mo	de	-		
Val	Value See <u>"Table 4-2 Relation</u> between status switching and control commands".		ching	-	-			See <u>"Table 4-2 Relation</u> between status switching and control commands".			
Descr	iption					0: Interrupt interpolation 1: Enable interpolation Bit4 must always be 1 of interpolation. Bit12 of 6041h can be u to determine whether t mode is activated.		on. 1 during e used	<u>Detai</u> <u>Defin</u>	etails, see <u>"</u> ils of Param ned by Sub- pcols".	neters

The status word 6041h in interpolated position mode is described as follows:

Index	Nar	ne		St	atus Wo	rd		Data Structure	VAR	Data 1	Гуре	Uint16
6041h	Acce	ess	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 65535	Defa	ult	-
It indica	ates the	e stat	us of the se	ervo drive	in interp	olated positio	on moo	de.				
						State word 6	6041h					
Bi	Bit bit15 bit14 bit13 bit12 bit11 bit10										b	t0-bit9
Nar	Name Homing completed		NA	Not used	IP mode activated		Software ernal setting ceeding limi	′∣ reache			-	
Val	ue	-		-	-	-		-	-		betwe switch and co	able lation_ en status_
Descri	Description 1: Hoi comp		oming is no ormed or ing is not plete. oming is plete and ti rence point id.	- ne	-	0: Interpolatio is not activate 1: Interpolatio is activated.	pos doo on the ed. pos on 1: 1 pos rea sof	sition limit.	position is reached. 1: The targ position is reached ^[2]	s not	"6.5.3 of Par	tails, see <u>Details</u> ameters ed by Sub- cols".

[1] The software internal position limit can be enabled according to the setting of 0x200A-02h. For details, see description of 607Dh in <u>"6.5.3 Details of Parameters Defined by Sub-protocols" on page 160</u>.

[2] When the position deviation is within the position window 6067h and the time reaches the value set by 6068h, the target position is reached. If either condition is not met, the target position is not reached.

4.8.4 Configuration Example

Parameter	Object	Mapping Object	Input Content	Description
H2D-32	1600h-00h	Number of RPDO1 mapping objects	2	
H2D-33	1600h-01h	6040h-00h	60400010h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO1 is 6040-00h. The parameter is 16 bits long.
H2D-35	1600h-02h	6060h-00h	60600008h	The second mapping parameter of RPDO1 is 6060-00h. The parameter is 8 bits long.
H2D-49	1601h-00h	Number of RPDO2 mapping objects	1	
H2D-50	1601h-01h	60C1h-01h	60C10020h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO2 is 60C1-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2D-50	1601h-01h	-	0	-
H2E-20	1A00h-00h	Number of TPDO1 mapping objects	2	
H2E-21	1A00h-01h	6041h-00h	60410010h	The first mapping parameter of TPDO1 is 6041-00h. The parameter is 16 bits long.

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Parameter	Object	Mapping Object	Input Content	Description
H2E-23	1A00h-02h	6061h-00h	60610008h	The first mapping parameter of TPDO1 is 6061-00h. The parameter is 8 bits long.
H2E-37	1A01h-00h	Number of TPDO2 mapping objects	2	
H2E-38	1A01h-01h	6064h-00h	60640020h	The first mapping parameter of TPDO2 is 6064-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2E-40	1A01h-02h	606Ch-00h	606C0020h	The second mapping parameter of TPDO2 is 606C-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.

Example:

When 6060h = 0x07:

When the drive stops running, if 60C2-1h is set to 10 through an SDO, the interpolation cycle is 10 ms.

The interpolation displacement record 60C1-01h needs to be set to the synchronization PDO type.

Transmission type:	asynchronous (Type	1-240)	•
Number of Syncs:	1	3	

Figure 4-48 Configuration example of 60C1-01h

- Set the drive mode 6060h to 0x07 to make the drive run in interpolated position mode.
- Set the interpolation position 60C1-1h (only absolute position references are supported), interpolation time constant 60C2-1h, and interpolation time index 60C2-2h (the default value is -3 (ms) and can be modified to -2 (10 ms). The synchronization cycle must be set to 1 to 20 ms.
- Set the control word 6040h to $0x0F \rightarrow 0x1F$ so that the drive can run. An example of the specific configuration is as follows:

SN	Control Command 6040h	Status of 6041h	Description
1	0x06	0x0231	No fault \rightarrow Ready
2	0x07	0x0233	Running \rightarrow Wait to enable servo
3	0x0F	0x0637	The target position is reached.
4	0x0F	0x0A37	The target position is not reached and the position reference exceeds the limit.
5	0x0F	0x0E37	The target position is reached and the position reference exceeds the limit.
6	0x1F	0x1237	The IP mode is activated and the target position is not reached.
7	0x1F	0x1637	The IP mode is activated and the target position is reached.
8	0x1F	0x1A37	The IP mode is activated, the target position is not reached, and the position reference exceeds the limit.
9	0x1F	0x1E37	The IP mode is activated, the target position is reached, and the position reference exceeds the limit.

Monitoring parameters:

- Position demand value 6062h (reference unit), position demand value 60FCh (encoder unit)
- Position actual value 6063h (encoder unit), position actual value 6062h (reference unit)

- Following error actual value 60F4h (reference unit)
- Status word 6041h

4.9 Profile Velocity Mode

In profile velocity mode, after the user sets the speed, acceleration, and deceleration, the servo drive can plan the velocity profile based on the setting and implement smooth transition between different velocity references.

4.9.1 Control Block Diagram

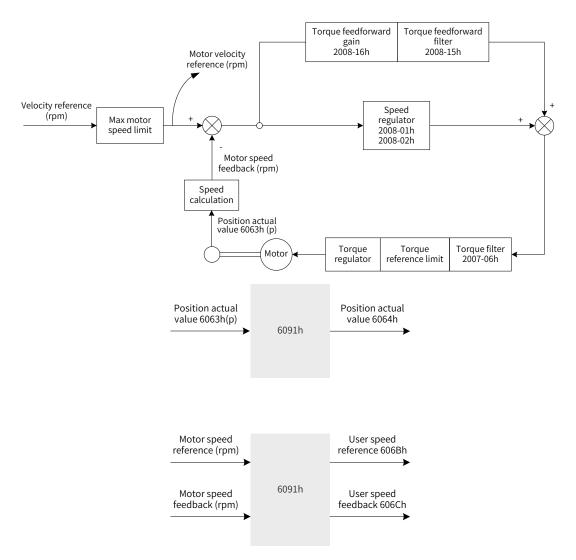


Figure 4-49 Control block diagram of the profile velocity mode

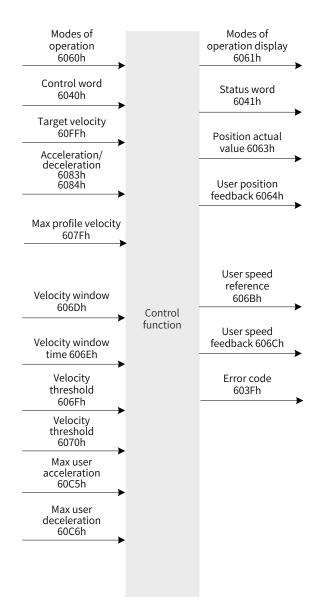


Figure 4-50 Input/output block diagram in profile velocity mode

Velocity profile planning involves the target velocity 60FFh (in reference unit), profile acceleration 6083h (in reference unit), and profile deceleration 6084h (in reference unit). Commands of the host controller are entered in reference units and are called references in the drive unit after they go through limiting and conversion. Figure 4-49, Figure 4-50, and Figure 4-51 show processing of the drive for the target velocity, profile acceleration, and profile deceleration.

By setting 0x200A-02h, you can check the absolute position limit of the user position reference and position feedback. By default, 200A-02h is 2, that is, after homing is complete and the reference zero position of mechanical operation is known, software position limit check is performed for the user position feedback 6064h. When the user position feedback exceeds the software position limit, the motor stops and a limit fault occurs. When external DI limit switch and internal software position limit are valid at the same time, the limit status is determined by the external DI limit switch.

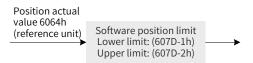


Figure 4-51 User position feedback 6064h - internal software position check

The target velocity 60FFh is used to set the maximum speed during running of the velocity reference. It cannot exceed the maximum velocity 607Fh set by the user and the maximum motor speed after conversion. Figure 4-50 shows the block diagram.

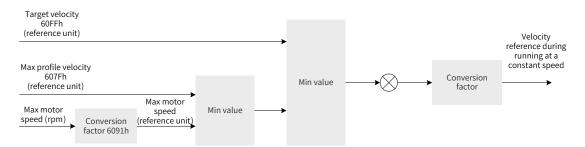


Figure 4-52 Target velocity 60FFh - velocity limit

Profile acceleration 6083h and profile deceleration 6084h are used to set acceleration and deceleration during running of the velocity reference. The values cannot exceed the maximum acceleration 60C5h and deceleration 60C6h set by the user. Figure 4-51 shows the block diagram.

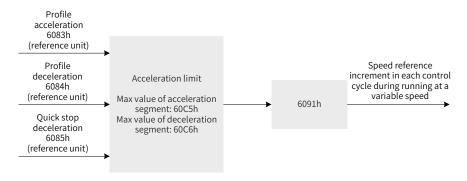


Figure 4-53 Profile acceleration and deceleration limit

4.9.2 Relevant Object Setting

1) Zero speed clamp

Index	Name	S	peed Thres	hold fo	r Zero Clam	р	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16	
2006h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	0 to 6000	Default	10 rpm	
Cult in d	Sub index 10b										

Sub-index: 10h

When the actual velocity is smaller than the value and the corresponding DI function 12 is enabled, the motor enters the position locked status.

2) Zero speed threshold

Index	Name	Velocity Threshold					Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
606Fh	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	10 rpm

Sub-index: 00h

When the velocity feedback 606Ch of the reference unit is smaller than 6070h and time reaches this value, bit12 of 6041h is 1.

When either condition is not met, the zero speed threshold is invalid.

Index	Name		Veloci	ty Thresh	old Time		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
6070h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	0 ms
Sub-index: 00h										

When the velocity feedback 606Ch of the reference unit is smaller than 6070h and time reaches this value, bit12 of 6041h is 1.

When either condition is not met, the zero speed threshold is invalid.

3) Velocity threshold

Index	Name		Velocity Window					VAR	Data Type	Uint16	
606Dh	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	10 rpm	

Sub-index: 00h

When the deviation of the velocity feedback 606Ch of the reference unit from the target velocity 60FFh is smaller than 6070Eh and time reaches this value, bit10 of 6041h is 1. When either condition is not met, the velocity window is invalid.

Index	Name		Velocity Window Time				Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
606Eh	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	0 ms

Sub-index: 00h

When the deviation of the velocity feedback 606Ch of the reference unit from the target velocity 60FFh is smaller than 6070Eh and time reaches this value, bit10 of 6041h is 1. When either condition is not met, the velocity window is invalid.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
603Fh	00h	Error code	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0–65535	-
6040h	00h	Control word	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0–65535	0
6041h	00h	Status word	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0–65535	-
6060h	00h	Modes of operation	RW	YES	Int8	-	0 to 7	0
6061h	00h	Modes of operation display	RO	TPDO	Int8	-	0 to 7	-
6063h	00h	Position actual internal value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6064h	00h	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
606Bh	00h	Velocity demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
606Ch	00h	Velocity actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
606Dh	00h	Velocity window	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 65535	10
606Eh	00h	Velocity window time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0
606Fh	00h	Velocity Threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 65535	10
6070h	00h	Velocity Window Time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
607Ch	00h	Home offset	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	0
607Dh	01h	Min Software Position Limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-2 ³¹
607Dh	02h	Max Software Position Limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	2 ³¹ -1
6083h	00h	Profile acceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174762666
6084h	00h	Profile deceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174762666
	00h	Number of sub-indexes	RO	NO	Uint8	-	-	2
6091h	01h	Motor revolutions	RW	PROD	Uint32	-	1 to (2 ³² -1)	1
	02h	Shaft revolutions	RW	PROD	Uint32	-	1 to (2 ³² -1)	1
60C5h	00h	Max Profile Acceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	p/ms	0 to (2 ³² -1)	2147483647
60C6h	00h	Max Profile Deceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	p/ms	0 to (2 ³² -1)	2147483647
2007h	06h	Torque reference filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 30.00	0.79
	01h	Speed loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.1 to 2000.0	25.0
2008h	02h	Speed loop integral time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.15 to 512.00	31.83
ZUUSN	15h	h Torque feedforward filter time constant		YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 64.00	0.50
	16h	Torque feedforward gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 200.0	0.0

4.9.3 Control Commands in Profile Velocity Mode

The control word 6040h in profile velocity mode is described as follows:

Index	Name		Control Word				Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
6040h	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 65535	Default	-
Set cont	Set control commands in profile velocity mode to make them the same						the same as	s those in the stat	e machine.	
6	5040			Descri	ption					
0x06		Servo	o ready							
0x07		Read	Ready, wait to enable servo							
0x0F		The servo is enabled and runs according to provided profile.					the			

The status word 6041h in profile velocity mode is described as follows:

	Index	Name		ç	Status W	/ord		:	Data Structure	VAR	2	Data Ty	pe	Uint16
(6041h	Access	RO	RO Mapping TPDO Relevant All Data Range 0 to 6553		535	Default		-					
It	t indica	tes the	status of	f the servo	drive ir	n profil	e veloc	ity mode	2.					
							State	word 60)41h					
	Bi	Bit bit15		t15	bit14	bit13	ł	oit12		t11	-	it10		bit0-bit9
	Nar	ame Homing completed		-	N/A	Not used		o speed ignal	setting e	e internal exceeding mit	Ta	arget ached		-
	Set value -			-	-	-		-		-		Tabl Tabl Rela betw swite and	details, see e 4-2. e 4-2 tionship veen status ching control mands	
	Descri	iption		ed or is not e.	-	-	0. 1: Us	city is no	position 1: The ad position reaches	value t reach vare limit. ctual value	veloci reach	target ty is	<u>"6.5.</u> of Pa Defi	details, see <u>3 Details</u> arameters ned by Sub- ocols".

[1] When the user velocity is within the velocity threshold (606Fh) and the time reaches the value set by 6070h, the user velocity is 0. When either condition is not met, the user velocity is considered not to be 0. This flag bit is valid only in profile velocity mode. This flag bit is unrelated to whether the servo drive is enabled.

[2] The software internal position limit can be enabled according to the setting of 0x200A-02h. For details, see description of 607Dh in <u>"6.5.3 Details of Parameters Defined by Sub-protocols"</u>.

[3] When the target velocity is within the velocity window (606Dh) and the time reaches the value set by 606Eh, the target velocity is reached. If either condition is not met, the target velocity is not reached. This flag bit is valid only when the servo drive is enabled in profile velocity mode.

4.9.4 Configuration Example

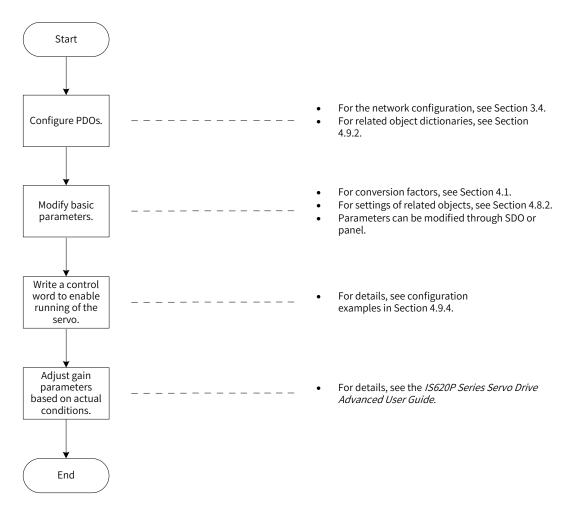


Figure 4-54 Example of profile velocity mode configuration flowchart

Parameter	Object	Mapping Object	Input Content	Description
H2D-32	1600h-00h	Number of RPDO1 mapping objects	2	
H2D-33	1600h-01h	6040h-00h	60400010h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO1 is 6040-00h. The parameter is 16 bits long.
H2D-35	1600h-02h	6060h-00h	60600008h	The second mapping parameter of RPDO1 is 6060- 00h. The parameter is 8 bits long.
H2D-49	1601h-00h	Number of RPDO2 mapping objects	1	
H2D-50	1601h-01h	60FFh-00h	60FF0020h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO2 is 60FF-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2D-50	1601h-01h	-	0	
H2D-66	1602h-00h	Number of RPDO3 mapping objects	2	
H2D-67	1602h-01h	6083h-00h	60830020h	The first mapping parameter of RPDO3 is 6083-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2D-69	1602h-02h	6084h-00h	60840020h	The second mapping parameter of RPDO3 is 6084- 00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2E-20	1A00h-00h	Number of TPDO1 mapping objects	2	

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Parameter	Object	Mapping Object	Input Content	Description
H2E-21	1A00h-01h	6041h-00h	60410010h	The first mapping parameter of TPDO1 is 6041-00h. The parameter is 16 bits long.
H2E-23	1A00h-02h	6061h-00h	60610008h	The second mapping parameter of TPDO1 is 6061- 00h. The parameter is 8 bits long.
H2E-37	1A01h-00h	Number of TPDO2 mapping objects	2	
H2E-38	1A01h-01h	6064h-00h	60640020h	The first mapping parameter of TPDO2 is 6064-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.
H2E-40	1A01h-02h	606Ch-00h	606C0020h	The second mapping parameter of TPDO2 is 606C-00h. The parameter is 32 bits long.

- Set the drive mode 6060h to 0x03 to make the drive work in profile velocity mode.
- Set the target velocity ① 60FFh to 1000 rpm.
- Set profile acceleration ① 6083h to 100 rpm/ms.
- Set profile deceleration ① 6084h to 100 rpm/ms.
- Set the target velocity ② 60FFh to 1000 rpm.
- Set profile acceleration ② 6083h to 10 rpm/ms.
- Set profile deceleration ② 6084h to 10 rpm/ms.
- Set the control word 6040h and enable the drive to run. An example of the specific configuration is as follows:

SN	Control Command 6040h	Status of 6041h	Description
1	0x06	0x1231	The servo is ready and the velocity threshold is reached.
2	0x07	0x1233	The servo is ready and can be enabled and the velocity threshold is reached.
3	0x0F	0x0637	Homing is not started and the target position is reached.
4	0x06/0x07	0x1231	The profile velocity mode is interrupted and the velocity threshold is reached.

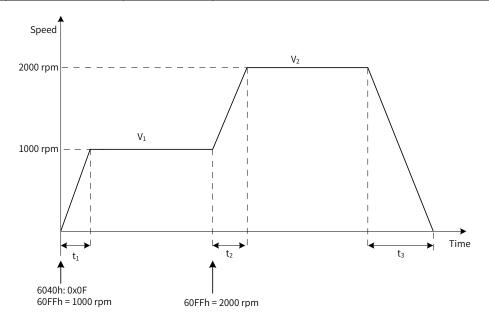


Figure 4-55 Motion profile of profile velocity

$$t_1 = -\frac{V_1}{6083h}$$
 s $t_2 = -\frac{V_2 - V_1}{6083h}$ s $t_3 = -\frac{V_2}{6084h}$ s

4.10 Profile Torque Mode

In this mode, the host controller sends the target torque (6071h) and torque ramp constant (6087h) to the servo drive. Torque control is performed by the servo drive. When the speed reaches the limit, the motor enters the speed adjustment status. However, the maximum output does not exceed the torque reference limit.

4.10.1 Control Block Diagram

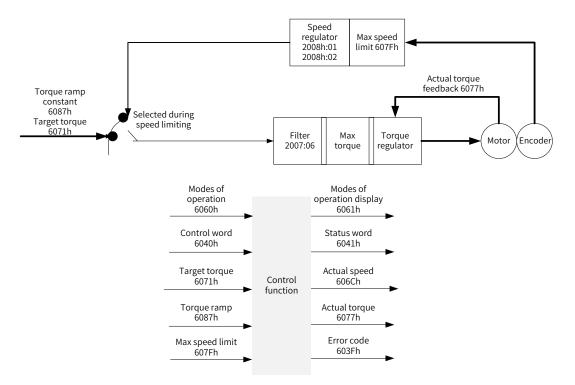


Figure 4-56 Control block diagram of the profile torque mode

4.10.2 Relevant Object Setting

Control Word 6040h				
Bit	Name	Description		
0	Servo ready			
1	Switch on	If his to his and the part of drive is started		
2	Quick stop	If bit0 to bit3 are 1, the servo drive is started.		
3	Servo running			

State word 6041h			
Bit	Name	Description	
10	Target reached	0: Target torque not reached 1: Target torque reached	
11	Internal limit active	0: Position feedback not exceeding the limit 1: Position feedback exceeding the limit	
15	Home found	0: Homing not completed 1: Homing completed	

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Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Name	Access	Size	Unit	Range	Default
603F	00	Error code	RO	UINT16	-	0-65535	0
6040	00	Control word	RW	UINT16	-	0-65535	0
6041	00	Status word	RO	UINT16	-	0-65535	0
6060	00	Operation Mode	RW	INT8	-	0-10	0
6061	00	Modes of operation display	RO	INT8	-	0-10	0
606C	00	Velocity actual value	RO	INT32	Reference unit: /s	-2 ³¹ -(2 ³¹ -1)	0
6071	00	Target torque	RW	INT16	0.1%	-5000 to 5000	0
6077	00	Torque actual value	RO	INT16	0.1%	-5000 to 5000	0
607F	00	Max profile velocity	RW	UINT32	Reference unit: /s	0-(2 ³² -1)	0
6087	00	Torque ramp	RW	UINT32	0.1%/s	0-(2 ³² -1)	0
2007	06	Torque filter time	RW	UINT16	0.01 ms	0-65535	79
	01	Speed loop gain	RW	UINT16	0.1Hz	1-20000	250
2008	02	Speed loop integral time	RW	UINT16	0.01 ms	15-51200	3183

■ Torque reached signal setting

When the difference between the torque and the base value is larger than the value of 2007-17h, the signal TOQREACH is output and bit10 of the status word 6041h is set to 1. When the difference is smaller than the value of 2007-18h, the signal TOQREACH is invalid and bit10 of the status word 6041h bit10 is cleared.

Index (hex)	Sub-index (hex)	Name	Attribute	Size	Unit	Range	Default
2007	16	Base value for torque reached	RW	UINT16	0.1%	0-8000	0
2007	17	Valid value of torque reached	RW	UINT16	0.1%	0-8000	200
2007	18	Invalid value of torque reached	RW	UINT16	0.1%	0-8000	100

4.10.3 Speed Limit in Profile Torque Mode

The speed limit is defined by 607Fh and H00-15 (Max. motor speed).

Forward/Reverse speed: V=min{607Fh, H00_15}

5 Troubleshooting

When communication or the servo drive is abnormal, the IS620P servo drive sends an emergency packet to the network as a producer or sends an abort response packet when SDO transmission is abnormal. The following lists node errors and auxiliary information related to nodes.

5.1 CANopen Communication Fault Codes

Display	Fault Name	Reset	Error Code (603Fh)	Auxiliary Code (203Fh)
Er.200	Overcurrent 1	No	0x2311	0x02000200
Er.201	Overcurrent 2	No	0x2312	0x02010201
Er.210	Output short-circuit to ground	No	0x2330	0x02100210
Er.430	Control power undervoltage	No	0x3120	0x04300430
Er.420	Main circuit power cable phase loss	Yes	0x3130	0x04200420
Er.990	Input phase loss warning	Yes	0x3130	0x09900990
Er.400	Main circuit overvoltage	Yes	0x3210	0x04000400
Er.920	Braking resistor overload	Yes	0x3210	0x09200920
Er.410	Main circuit undervoltage	Yes	0x3220	0x04100410
Er.610	Drive overload	Yes	0x3230	0x06100610
Er.620	Motor overload	Yes	0x3230	0x06200620
Er.909	Motor overload warning	Yes	0x3230	0x09090909
Er.939	The motor power cables break.	Yes	0x3331	0x09390939
Er.650	Heatsink overheat	Yes	0x4210	0x06500650
Er.831	Al zero drift too large	Yes	0x5210	0x08310831
Er.834	AD sampling overvoltage	No	0x5210	0x08340834
Er.121	Invalid S-ON reference	Yes	0x5441	0x01210121
Er.900	DI emergency braking	Yes	0x5442	0x09000900
Er.950	Forward limit switch warning	Yes	0x5443	0x09500950
Er.952	Reverse limit switch warning	Yes	0x5444	0x09520952
Er.108	Parameter storage fault	No	0x5530	0x01080108
Er.101	Parameter abnormal	No	0x6320	0x01010101
Er.105	Internal program abnormal	No	0x6320	0x01050105
Er.111	H00/H01 group parameter abnormal	No	0x6320	0x01110111
Er.130	Same function allocated to different DIs	Yes	0x6320	0x01300130
Er.131	DO allocation exceeding limit	Yes	0x6320	0x01310131
Er.110	Setting error of frequency division pulse output	Yes	0x6320	0x01100110
Er.922	Resistance of external braking resistor too small	Yes	0x6320	0x09220922

Display	Fault Name	Reset	Error Code (603Fh)	Auxiliary Code (203Fh)
Er.941	Power-on required for parameter modification	Yes	0x6320	0x09410941
Er.b03	Electronic gear ratio setting exceeding limit	Yes	0x6320	0x0b030b03
Er.630	Motor rotor locked	Yes	0x7121	0x06300630
Er.120	Product model matching fault	No	0x7122	0x01200120
Er.136	Data check error or no parameter stored in the motor ROM	No	0x7305	0x01360136
Er.A33	Encoder data abnormal	No	0x7305	0x0A330A33
Er.A34	Encoder communication check abnormal	No	0x7305	0x0A340A34
Er.A35	Z signal lost	No	0x7305	0x0A350A35
Er.980	Encoder internal fault	Yes	0x7305	0x09800980
Er.740	Encoder interference	No	0x7305	0x07400740
Er.102	Programmable logic configuration fault	No	0x7500	0x01020102
Er.104	Programmable logic interruption fault	No	0x7500	0x01040104 0x01000104 0x0E940104
Er.942	Frequent parameter storage	Yes	0x7600	0x09420942
Er.500	Motor overspeed	Yes	0x8400	0x05000500
Er.b00	Too large position deviation	Yes	0x8611	0x0b000b00
Er.b02	Position deviation exceeding threshold in fully closed loop	Yes	0x8611	0x0b020b02
Er.208	FPGA system sampling timeout	No	0xFF00	0x02080208
Er.220	UVW phase sequence error	No	0xFF00	0x02200220
Er.207	D/Q shaft current overflow	Yes	0xFF00	0x02070207
Er.234	Runaway	No	0xFF00	0x02340234
Er.602	Angle auto-tuning failure	Yes	0xFF00	0x06020602
Er.510	Pulse output overspeed	Yes	0xFF00	0x05100510
Er.b01	Pulse input abnormal	Yes	0xFF00	0x0b010b01
Er.A40	Parameter auto-tuning failure	Yes	0xFF00	0x0A400A40
Er.601	Homing timeout	Yes	0xFF00	0x06010601
Er.996	CANopen network passive error	Yes	0x8120	0x09960996
Er.995	CANopen network disconnection recovery	Yes	0x8140	0x09950995
Er.d04	CANopen node protection or heartbeat timeout	Yes	0x8130	0x0d040d04
Er.d05	NMT steering initialization when the motor is enabled	No	0x8160	0x0d050d05
Er.d06	NMT steering stop when the motor is enabled	No	0x8170	0x0d060d06

Display	Fault Name	Reset	Error Code (603Fh)	Auxiliary Code (203Fh)
Er.d07	CANopen network disconnection	Yes	0x8141	0x0d070d07
Er.d08	CANopen PDO transmission length error	Yes	0x8210	0x0d080d08
Er.d09	Software position upper and lower limit setting error	Yes	0x6320	0x0d090d09
Er.d10	Home offset setting error	Yes	0x6320	0x0d100d10
Er.d11	Synchronization cycle error too large	Yes	0x6320	0x0d110d11

5.2 Troubleshooting Mode

For details on troubleshooting of IS620P series servo drive, see the IS620P Series Servo User Manual - Comprehensive or IS620P Series Servo User Manual - Simplified. This document describes communication troubleshooting only.

Displayed Fault	Name	Cause	Measure
Er.d04	Node protection or heartbeat timeout	The time configured by the consumer or the node protection time expires for the slave node.	 Check whether all CAN nodes are online, check the CANopen configuration, or restore nodes or communication.
Er.d05	NMT steering initialization when the motor is enabled	NMT steering initialization received when the motor is enabled	 Reset the NMT node. When the NMT is modified, disable the output stage.
Er.d06	NMT steering stop when the motor is enabled	When the motor is enabled, an NMT stop reference is received.	 Reset the NMT node. When the NMT is modified, disable the output stage.
Er.d07	CANopen network disconnection	Too many errors	 Check the CANopen network and reconnect the network.
Er.d08	PDO transmission length error	The length of content transmitted in a PDO is inconsistent with the mapping length during configuration.	 Re-configure the PDO and reset nodes or communication.
Er.d09	Software position upper and lower limit setting error	The lower limit of software position is larger than the upper limit.	 ♦ Set 0x607D correctly and ensure: 607D-1h < 607D-2h
Er.d10	Home offset setting error	The home offset is set outside the software position lower/upper limit.	 ◆ Set 607D and 607C correctly and ensure: 607C>(607D-1h) 607C<(607D-2h)
Er.d11	Synchronization cycle error too large	The error of the synchronization cycle exceeds 1/4 of the set value.	 Check the settings of 60C2-1h and 60C2-2h and make sure that the synchronization cycle is correctly set. Ensure that the synchronization cycle of the host controller is correctly set and is consistent with the parameter setting of 60C2h. Check the cable connection between the slave node and the master.

5.3 SDO Transmission Abort Code

Abort Code	Function Description
0503 0000	Trigger bits are not alternated.
0504 0000	Timeout occurs in the SDO protocol.
0504 0001	The client/server command word is invalid or unknown.
0504 0005	Memory overflow occurs.
0601 0000	Access to objects is not supported.
0601 0001	Attempt to read a write-only object.
0601 0002	Attempt to write a read-only object.
0602 0000	The object does not exist in the object dictionary.
0604 0041	The object cannot be mapped to the PDO.
0604 0042	The number and length of mapped objects exceed the PDO length.
0604 0043	General parameters are incompatible.
0604 0047	General device content is incompatible.
0606 0000	Accessing objects fails due to an hardware error.
0607 0010	The data type does not match and the service parameter length does not match.
0607 0012	The data type does not match and the service parameter is too long.
0607 0013	The data type does not match and the service parameter is too short.
0609 0011	The sub-index does not exist.
0609 0030	Invalid value for parameter.
0609 0031	The parameter value entered is too large.
0609 0032	The parameter value entered is too small.
0609 0036	The maximum value is smaller than the minimum value.
0800 0000	General error
0800 0020	Data cannot be transmitted or stored to the application.
0800 0021	Data cannot be transmitted or stored to the application due to local control.
0800 0022	Data cannot be transmitted or stored to the application due to the current device status.
0800 0023	An error occurs in the object dictionary or the object dictionary does not exist.
0800 0024	The value does not exist.

6 Object Dictionary

6.1 Object Classification

\bigstar Definitions of terms

"Index": This field (in hexadecimal) specifies the position of each object in the object dictionary.

"Data type": See Table 6-1.

Data Type	Value Range	Data Length	DS301 Value
Int8	-128 to +127	1 byte	0002
Int16	-32768 to +32767	2 bytes	0003
Int32	-2147483648 to + 2147483647	4 bytes	0004
Uint8	0 to 255	1 byte	0005
Uint16	0 to 65535	2 bytes	0006
Uint32	0 to 4294967295	4 bytes	0007
String	ASCII	-	0009

Table 6-1	Description	of data types
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"Read/write type": See Table 6-2.

Table 6-2	Description of read/write types	-
Table 0-2	Description of read/write types	٢

Read/write Type	Description
RW	Read/write
WO	Write-only
RO	Read-only
CONST	Constant, read-only

"Object type": See Table 6-3.

Table 6-3 Description of object types

Туре	Meaning	DS301 Value
VAR	Single simple value, including data types Int8, Uint16, and String	7
ARR	Data block of the same type	8
REC	Data block of different types	9

6.2 Object Group 1000h

The 1000h object group includes parameters required in CANopen communication. The parameters cannot be mapped to PDOs.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
1000h	-	Device type	RO	NO	Uint32	VAR	Uint 32	0x20192
1001h	-	Error register	RO	NO	Uint8	VAR	Uint 8	0x0
1003h	-	Predefined error field	RO	NO	Uint32	ARR	-	-
100511	1-4h	Error field	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0
1005h	-	Synchronization packet COB-ID	RW	NO	Uint32	VAR	Uint 32	0x80
1006h	-	Synchronization cycle	RW	NO	Uint32	VAR	Uint 32	0
1008h	-	Device manufacturer name	CONST	NO	String	VAR	String	IS620P Servo Drive
1009h	-	Hardware version	CONST	NO	String	VAR	String	V0.0
100Ah	-	Software version	CONST	NO	String	VAR	String	402.XX
100Ch	-	Node protection time	RW	NO	Uint16	VAR	Uint 16	0
100Dh	-	Life factor	RW	NO	Uint8	VAR	Uint 8	0
	-	Save parameters	RW	NO	Uint32	ARR	Uint 8	0
	1h	Save parameters of all objects	RW	NO	Uint32	-	-	1
1010h	2h	Save parameters of communication objects	RW	NO	Uint32	-	-	1
	3h	Save parameters of objects in the sub-protocol area	RW	NO	Uint32	-	-	1
	0h	Restore default parameters	RW	NO	Uint32	ARR	-	-
	1h	Restore default parameters of all objects	RW	NO	Uint32	-	-	1
1011h	2h	Restore default parameters of communication objects	RW	NO	Uint32	-	-	1
	3h	Restore default parameters of objects in the sub-protocol area	RW	NO	Uint32	-	-	1
1014h	-	Emergency packet COB-ID	RW	NO	Uint32	VAR	Uint 32	0x80_ Node_ID
1016h	-	Consumer heartbeat time	RW	NO	Uint32	ARR	-	-
101011	1-5h	Consumer heartbeat time	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0
1017h	-	Producer heartbeat time	RW	NO	Uint16	VAR	Uint 16	0
	-	Device object description	RO	NO	Related to individual	REC	-	-
1018h	1h	Manufacturer ID	RO	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0x3B9
	2h	Device code	RO	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0xD0107
	3h	Device revision version No.	RO	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0x00020003
10001	-	Wrong behavior object	RW	NO	Uint8	ARR	-	-
1029h	1h	Communication error	RW	NO	Uint8	-	Uint 8	0
	-	SDO server parameter	RO	NO	SDO parameter	REC	-	-
1200h	1h	Client to server COB-ID	RO	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0x600+ Node_ID
	2h	Server to client COB-ID	RO	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0x580+ Node_ID

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	-	RPDO1 parameter	RW	NO	PDO parameter	REC	-	-
1400h	1h	COB-ID of RPDO1	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0x00000200 +Node_ID
	2h	Transmission type of RPDO1	RW	NO	Uint8	-	Uint 8	255
		RPDO2 parameter	RW	NO	PDO parameter	REC	-	-
1401h	1	COB-ID of RPDO2	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0x00000300 +Node_ID
	2	Transmission type of RPDO2	RW	NO	Uint8	-	Uint 8	255
		RPDO3 parameter	RW	NO	PDO parameter	REC	-	-
1402h	1h	COB-ID of RPDO3	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0x00000400 +Node_ID
	2h	Transmission type of RPDO3	RW	NO	Uint8	-	Uint 8	255
		RPDO4 parameter	RW	NO	PDO parameter	REC	-	-
1403h	1h	COB-ID of RPDO4	RW	-	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0x00000500 +Node_ID
	2h	Transmission type of RPDO4	RW	NO	Uint8	-	Uint 8	255
1600h		Mapping parameter of RPDO1	RW	NO	RPDO Mapping parameter	REC	-	-
100011	1-8h	Mapping object of RPDO1	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	-
1601h		Mapping parameter of RPDO2	RW	NO	RPDO Mapping parameter	REC	-	-
	1-8h	Mapping object of RPDO2	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	-
1602h		Mapping parameter of RPDO3	RW	NO	RPDO Mapping parameter	REC	-	-
	1-8h	Mapping object of RPDO3	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	-
1603h		Mapping parameter of RPDO4	RW	NO	RPDO Mapping parameter	REC	-	-
	1-8h	Mapping object of RPDO4	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	-
		Communication parameter of TPDO1	RW	NO	Mapping Communication parameter	REC	-	-
1800h	1h	COB-ID of TPDO1	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0x40000180 +Node_ID
	2h	Transmission type of TPDO1	RW	NO	Uint8	-	Uint 8	255
	3h	Disabled time	RW	NO	Uint16	-	Uint 16	0
	5h	Event timer	RW	NO	Uint16	-	Uint 16	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
		Communication parameter of TPDO2	RW	NO	Mapping Communication parameter	REC	-	-
1801h	1h	COB-ID of TPDO2	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0xC0000280 +Node_ID
	2h	Transmission type of TPDO2	RW	NO	Uint8	-	Uint 8	255
	3h	Disabled time	RW	NO	Uint16	-	Uint 16	0
	5h	Event timer	RW	NO	Uint16	-	Uint 16	0
		Communication parameter of TPDO3	RW	NO	Mapping Communication parameter	REC	-	-
1802h	1h	COB-ID of TPDO3	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0xC0000380 +Node_ID
	2h	Transmission type of TPDO3	RW	NO	Uint8	-	Uint 8	255
	3h	Disabled time	RW	NO	Uint16	-	Uint 16	0
	5h	Event timer	RW	NO	Uint16	-	Uint 16	0
		Communication parameter of TPDO4	RW	NO	Mapping Communication parameter	REC	-	-
1803h	1h	COB-ID of TPDO4	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	0xC0000480 +Node_ID
	2h	Transmission type of TPDO4	RW	NO	Uint8	-	Uint 8	255
	3h	Disabled time	RW	NO	Uint16	-	Uint 16	0
	5h	Event timer	RW	NO	Uint16	-	Uint 16	0
1A00h		Mapping parameter of TPDO1	RW	NO	Mapping Mapping parameter	REC	-	-
	1-8h	Mapping object of TPDO1	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	-
1A01h		Mapping parameter of TPDO2	RW	NO	Mapping Mapping parameter	REC	-	-
	1-8h	Mapping object of TPDO2	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	-
1A02h		Mapping parameter of TPDO3	RW	NO	Mapping Mapping parameter	REC	-	-
	1h	Mapping object of TPDO3	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	-
1A03h		Mapping parameter of TPDO4	RW	NO	Mapping Mapping parameter	REC	-	-
	1-8h	Mapping object of TPDO4	RW	NO	Uint32	-	Uint 32	-

6.3 Object Group 2000h

The object group 2000h is an object table defined by Inovance and is associated with parameters of devices. All objects in the area support PDO mapping.

2000h Servo Motor Parameters

Index	Sub-index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Motor No.	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	-
2000h	3h	Customized motor No.	RO	TPDO	Uint32	-	-	-
2000h	5h	Encoder version	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	-	-
	6h	Bus motor model	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	-	-

NOTE

The modification on 2000h-1h is activated upon next power-on. Modifications on some parameters are activated after H02-31 is set to 1 (Restore default settings).

2001h Servo Drive Parameters

Index	Sub-index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	MCU software version	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	-
2001h	2h	FPGA software version	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	-
	3h	Servo drive No.	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	-

2002h Basic Control Parameters

Index	Sub-index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Control mode selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 8	8
	2h	Absolute system selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	3h	Rotational direction selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 1	0
	4h	Output pulse phase	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	6h	Selection of the mode for disabling the servo	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	7h	Selection of fault stop mode No.2	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	8h	Selection of limit stop mode	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	1
	9h	Selection of fault stop mode No.1	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0	0
2002h	0Ah	Delay from brake output ON to command receiving	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 500	250
	0Bh	Delay from brake output OFF to motor power-off in idle state	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	1 to 1000	150
	0Ch	Motor speed threshold at brake output OFF in the rotating status	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 3000	30
	0Dh	Delay from motor power-off to brake output OFF in the rotating status	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	1 to 1000	500
	0Fh	LED warning display selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	13h	S-ON filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 64	0

Index	Sub-index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	16h	Allowable minimum resistance of braking resistor	RO	TPDO	Uint16	Ω	-	-
	17h	Power of built-in braking resistor	RO	TPDO	Uint16	W	-	-
	18h	Resistance of built-in braking resistor	RO	TPDO	Uint16	Ω	-	-
	19h	Resistor heat dissipation coefficient	RW	YES	Uint16	%	10 to 100	30
	1Ah	Braking resistor type	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 3	0
2002h	1Bh	Power of external braking resistor	RW	YES	Uint16	W	1 to 65535	-
	1Ch	Resistance of external braking resistor	RW	YES	Uint16	Ω	1 to 1000	-
	1Fh	User password	WO	RPDO	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
	20h	System parameter initialization	WO	RPDO	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	21h	Default panel display function	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 99	50
	2Ah	Factory password	WO	NO	Uint16	-	-	-

2003h Terminal Input Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Valid DI function allocation 1 at power-on	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-0xFFFF	0
	2h	Valid DI function allocation 2 at power-on	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-0xFFFF	0
	3h	DI1 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	14
	4h	DI1 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	5h	DI2 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	15
	6h	DI2 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	7h	DI3 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	13
00001	8h	DI3 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
2003h	9h	DI4 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	2
	0Ah	DI4 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	0Bh	DI5 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	1
	0Ch	DI5 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	0Dh	DI6 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	12
	0Eh	DI6 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	0Fh	DI7 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	3
	10h	DI7 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	11h	DI8 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	31

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	12h	DI8 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	13h	DI9 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	14h	DI9 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	23h	Valid DI function allocation 3 at power-on	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-0xFFFF	0
	24h	Valid DI function allocation 4 at power-on	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-0xFFFF	0
	33h	All offset	RW	YES	Int16	mV	-5000 to 5000	0
	34h	All input filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 655.35	2.00
2003h	36h	All dead zone	RW	YES	Uint16	mV	0 to 1000.0	10.0
	37h	Al1 zero drift	RW	YES	Int16	mV	-500.0 to 500.0	0.0
	38h	AI2 offset	RW	YES	Int16	mV	-5000 to 5000	0
	39h	AI2 input filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 655.35	2.00
	3Bh	Al2 dead zone	RW	YES	Uint16	mV	0 to 1000.0	10.0
	3Ch	Al2 zero drift	RW	YES	Int16	mV	-500.0 to 500.0	0.0
	51h	Speed corresponding to analog 10 V	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 6000	3000
	52h	Torque corresponding to analog 10 V	RW	YES	Uint16	Times	1.00 to 8.00	1.00

2004h Output Terminal Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	DO1 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	1
	2h	DO1 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	3h	DO2 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	5
20046	4h	DO2 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
2004h	5h	DO3 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	3
	6h	DO3 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	7h	DO4 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	11
	8h	DO4 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	9h	DO5 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	16
	0Ah	DO5 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	17h	DO source selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 31	0
	33h	AO1 signal selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 9	0
2004h	34h	AO1 bias voltage	RW	YES	Int16	mV	-10000 to 10000	5000
	35h	AO1 multiplying power	RW	YES	Int16	Times	-99.99 to 99.99	1.00
	36h	AO2 signal selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 9	0
	37h	AO2 bias voltage	RW	YES	Int16	mV	-10000 to 10000	5000
	38h	AO2 multiplying power	RW	YES	Int16	Times	-99.99 to 99.99	1.00

2005h Position Control Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Position reference source	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	2h	Pulse reference input terminal selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	3h	Number of position references for each rotational round of motor	RW	YES	Uint32	p/r	0 to 1048576	0
	5h	First-order low-pass filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 6553.5	0.0
	6h	Step amount	RW	YES	Int16	Reference unit	-9999 to 9999	50
2005h	7h	Moving average filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 128.0	0.0
	8h	Electronic gear ratio 1 (numerator)	RW	YES	Uint32	-	1 to 1073741824	1048576
	0Ah	Electronic gear ratio 1 (denominator)	RW	YES	Uint32	-	1 to 1073741824	1000
	0Ch	Electronic gear ratio 2 (numerator)	RW	YES	Uint32	-	1 to 1073741824	1048576
	0Eh	Electronic gear ratio 2 (denominator)	RW	YES	Uint32	-	1 to 1073741824	10000
	10h	Pulse reference form	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 3	0
	11h	Clear action selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	12h	Number of encoder frequency division pulses	RW	YES	Uint16	p/r	35 to 327567	2500
	14h	Speed feedforward control selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 3	1
	15h	Output condition for positioning	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	16h	Positioning complete threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	Encoder unit	1 to 65535	734
	17h	Positioning approach threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	Encoder unit	1 to 65535	65535
	18h	Interruption fixed length	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	19h	Displacement of interruption fixed length	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to 1073741824	10000
	1Bh	Constant speed for interruption fixed length	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 6000	200
	1Ch	Acceleration/Deceleration time of interruption fixed length	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 1000	10
	1Eh	Enabled signal for unlocking fixed length	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	1
	1Fh	Homing control	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 6	0
2005h	20h	Homing mode	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 13	0
200011	21h	Speed of searching for home switch signal (at a high speed)	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 3000	100
	22h	Speed of searching for home switch signal (at a low speed)	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 1000	10
	23h	Acceleration/Deceleration time during home searching	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 1000	1000
	24h	Duration limit of homing	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	10000
	25h	Mechanical home offset	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	-1073741824- 1073741824	0
	27h	Servo pulse output source selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	28h	Condition for switching the electronic gear ratio	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	29h	Mechanical home offset and action after the limit is reached	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 3	0
	2Ah	Selection of Z pulse output polarity	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	1
	2Ch	Position pulse edge selection	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 1	0
	2Fh	Position offset in absolute position linear mode (low 32 bits)	RW	YES	Int32	Encoder unit	-2147483648- 2147483647	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	31h	Position offset in absolute position linear mode (high 32 bits)	RW	YES	Int32	Encoder unit	-2147483648- 2147483647	0
	33h	Mechanical gear ratio in absolute position rotation mode (numerator)	RW	YES	Uint16	1	1-65535	65535
	34h	Mechanical gear ratio in absolute position rotating mode (denominator)	RW	YES		1	1-65535	1
2005h	35h	Number of pulses for one round of load rotation in absolute position rotation mode (low 32 bits)	RW	YES	Uint32	Encoder unit	0 to 4294967295	0
	37h	Number of pulses for one round of load rotation in absolute position rotation mode (high 32 bits)	RW	YES	Uint16	Encoder Unit	0 to 127	0
	39h	Stop zero speed threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 1000	2
	3Bh	Stop zero torque limit	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0 to 300.0	100.0%
	3Ch	Positioning complete window time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 30000	1
	3Dh	Positioning complete hold time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 30000	1
	3Eh	Number of encoder frequency division pulses (32 bits)	RW	YES	Uint32	p/r	0 to 262143	0

2006h Speed Control Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Source of main speed reference A	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	2h	source of auxiliary speed reference B	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 5	1
	3h	Speed reference selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	4h	Value set on keypad for speed reference	RW	YES	Int16	rpm	-6000 to 6000	200
2006h	5h	Value set for jog speed	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 6000	100
	6h	Acceleration ramp time constant of speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0
	7h	Deceleration ramp time constant of speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0
	8h	Maximum rotational speed threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 6000	6000
	9h	Forward speed threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 6000	6000

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	0Ah	Reverse speed threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 6000	6000
	0Ch	Torque feedforward control selection	RW	YES	Uint16 -		0-1	1
	10h	Speed threshold for zero speed clamp	RW	YES	Uint16 rpm		0 to 6000	10
2006h	11h	Motor rotational speed threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 1000	20
	12h	Speed consistent signal threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 100	10
	13h	Speed reached signal threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	10 to 6000	1000
	14h	Zero speed output signal threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	1 to 6000	10

2007h Torque Control Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Source of main torque reference A	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	2h	Source of auxiliary torque reference B	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	1
	3h	Torque reference source	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 3	0
	4h	Value set for torque reference on keypad	RW	YES	Int16	%	-300.0 to 300.0	0
	6h	Torque reference filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 30.00	0.79
	7h	2nd torque reference filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 30.00	0.79
2007h	8h	Torque limit source	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 3	0
200711	9h	T-LMT selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	1 to 2	2
	0Ah	Internal positive torque limit	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 300.0	300.0
	0Bh	Internal negative torque limit	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 300.0	300.0
	0Ch	External positive torque limit	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 300.0	300.0
	0Dh	External negative torque limit	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 300.0	300.0
	10h	Emergency stop torque	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 300.0	100.0
	12h	Selection of speed limit source	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	13h	V-LMT selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	1 to 2	1
	14h	Torque control forward speed limit/Torque control speed limit 1	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 6000	3000
	15h	Torque control reverse speed limit/Torque control speed limit 2	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 6000	3000
2007h	16h	Base value for torque reached	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 300.0	0.0
	17h	Valid value for torque reached	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 300.0	20.0
	18h	Invalid value for torque reached	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 300.0	10.0
	29h	Speed limit window in torque control mode	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.5 to 30.0	1.0

2008h Gain Control Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Speed loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.1 to 2000.0	25.0
	2h	Speed loop integral time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.15 to 512.00	31.83
	3h	Position loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.0 to 2000.0	40.0
	4h	Second speed loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.1 to 2000.0	40.0
	5h	Second speed loop integral time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.15 to 512.00	40.00
	6h	Second position loop gain	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	0.0 to 2000.0	64.0
	9h	Second gain mode setting	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	1
	0Ah	Gain switching condition	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 10	0
2008h	0Bh	Gain switching delay	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.0 to 1000.0	5.0
	0Ch	Gain switching level	RW	YES	Uint16	Based on switching conditions	0 to 20000	50
	0Dh	Gain switching lag	RW	YES	Uint16	Based on switching conditions	0 to 20000	30
	0Eh	Position gain switching time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.0 to 1000.0	3.0
	10h	Load rotation inertia ratio	RW	YES	Uint16	Times	0.00 to 120.00	1.00
	13h	Speed feedforward filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 64.00	0.50
	14h	Speed feedforward gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 100.0	0.0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	15h	Torque feedforward filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 64.00	0.50
	16h	Torque feedforward gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0.0 to 200.0	0.0
2008h	17h	Speed feedback filter option	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	18h	Cutoff frequency of speed feedback low-pass filter	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	100 to 4000	4000
	19h	PDFF control coefficient	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0.0 to 100.0	100.0

2009h Automatic Adjustment Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Selection of automatic adjustment mode	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	2h	Rigid level selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 31	12
	3h	Mode selection of adaptive notch	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 4	0
	4h	Online inertia auto-tuning mode	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 3	0
	5h	Selection of low-frequency resonance suppression mode	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	6h	Selection of offline inertia auto- tuning mode	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	7h	Maximum speed for inertia auto- tuning	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	100 to 1000	500
	8h	Time constant for acceleration to the maximum speed during inertia auto-tuning	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	20 to 800	125
2009h	9h	Interval after an inertia auto-tuning	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	50 to 10000	800
	0Ah	Number of motor rotation rounds for an inertia auto-tuning	RO	TPDO	Uint16	r	0.00 to 2.00	-
	0Dh	Group 1 notch frequency	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	50 to 4000	4000
	0Eh	Group 1 notch width level	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 20	2
	0Fh	Group 1 notch depth level	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 99	0
	10h	Group 2 notch frequency	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	50 to 4000	4000
	11h	Group 2 notch width level	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 20	2
	12h	Group 2 notch depth level	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 99	0
	13h	Group 3 notch frequency	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	50 to 4000	4000
	14h	Group 3 notch width level	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 20	2
	15h	Group 3 notch depth level	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 99	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	16h	Group 4 notch frequency	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	50 to 4000	0
	17h	Group 4 notch width level	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 20	0
	18h	Group 4 notch depth level	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 99	0
	19h	Obtained resonance frequency	RO		Uint16	Hz	0 to 2	0
2009h	1Fh	Torque disturbance compensation gain	RW	YES	Int16	%	0.0 to 100.0	0.0
	20h	Time constant of torque disturbance observer filter	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0.00 to 25.00	0.50
	27h	Low-frequency resonance frequency	RW	YES	Uint16	Hz	1.0 to 100.0	100.0
	28h	Low-frequency resonance filter setting	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 10	2

200Ah Fault and Protection Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Power input phase loss protection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	2h	Setting of absolute position limit	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	4h	Enable power failure protection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	5h	Motor overload protection gain	RW	YES	Uint16	%	50 to 300	100
	9h	Overspeed threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 10000	0
	0Ah	Maximum position pulse frequency	RW	YES	Uint16	kHz	100 to 4000	4000
	0Bh	Threshold for large position deviation	RW	YES	Uint32	Encoder unit	1 to 1073741824	3145728
	0Dh	Enable runaway protection function	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	1
200Ah	11h	Position deviation threshold for low-frequency resonance suppression	RW	YES	Uint16	Encoder unit	1 to 1000	5
	12h	Selection of position setting unit	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	14h	DI8 filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	25 ns	0 to 255	80
	15h	DI9 filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	25 ns	0 to 255	80
	19h	Filter time constant of low-speed pulse input terminal	RW	YES	Uint6	25 ns	0 to 255	30
	1Ah	Filter time constant of speed feedback display value	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 5000	50
	1Bh	Enable motor overload shielding	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	1Ch	Speed DO filter time constant	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 5000	10

	1Dh	Filter time constant of quadrature encoder	RW	YES	Uint16	25 ns	0 to 255	5
	1Eh	Linear encoder filter time	RW	YES	Uint16	25 ns	0 to 255	15
	1Fh	Filter time constant of high-speed pulse input pin	RW	YES	Uint16	25 ns	0 to 255	3
200Ah	21h	Time threshold for locked rotor over-temperature protection	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	10 to 65535	200
	22h	Locked rotor over-temperature protection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	1
	25h	Selection of encoder multi-round overflow fault	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	30h	Enable brake protection detection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	1
	31h	Gravity load detection value	RW	YES	Uint16	%	0 to 300.0	30.0

200Bh Display Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Actual motor speed	RO	TPDO	Int16	rpm	-	-
	2h	Speed reference	RO	TPDO	Int16	rpm	-	-
	3h	Internal torque reference (relative to rated torque)	RO	TPDO	Int16	%	-	-
	4h	Input signal (DI signal) monitoring	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	-	-
	6h	Output signal (DO signal) monitoring	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	-	-
	8h	Absolute position counter	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-	-
	0Ah	Mechanical angle (starting from pulses of the home)	RO	TPDO	Uint16	Encoder unit	-	-
200Bh	0Bh	Electrical angle	RO	TPDO	Uint16	0	-	-
	0Ch	Speed corresponding to the input position reference	RO	TPDO	Int16	rpm	-	-
	0Dh	Average load ratio	RO	TPDO	Uint16	%	-	-
	0Eh	Input position reference counter	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-	-
	10h	Encoder position deviation counter	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-	-
	12h	Feedback pulse counter	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-	-
	14h	Total power-on time	RO	TPDO	Uint32	s	-	-
	16h	AI1 sampling voltage	RO	TPDO	Int16	V	-	-
	17h	AI2 sampling voltage	RO	TPDO	Int16	V	-	-

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	19h	Valid value of phase current	RO	TPDO	Uint16	А	-	-
Index	1Bh	Bus voltage	RO	TPDO	Uint16	V	-	-
	1Ch	Module temperature	RO	TPDO	Uint16	°C	-	-
	22h	Fault record	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 9	0
	23h	Fault code upon the displayed fault record	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	-	-
	24h	Time stamp upon the displayed fault	RO	TPDO	Uint32	S	-	-
	26h	Motor speed upon the displayed fault	RO	TPDO	Int16	rpm	-	-
	27h	Motor phase U current upon the displayed fault	RO	TPDO	Int16	A	-	-
	28h	Motor phase V current upon the displayed fault	RO	TPDO	Int16	A	-	-
	29h	Bus voltage upon the displayed fault	RO	TPDO	Uint16	V	-	-
	2Ah	Input terminal status upon the displayed fault	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	-	-
	2Bh	Output terminal status upon the displayed fault	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	-	-
200Bh	36h	Position deviation counter	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-	-
	38h	Actual motor speed	RO	TPDO	Int32	rpm	-	-
	3Bh	Mechanical absolute position (low 32 bits)	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-	0
	3Dh	Mechanical absolute position (high 32 bits)	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-	0
	41h	Real-time input position reference counter	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-	-
	47h	Number of encoder rotation rounds in an absolute value	RO	TPDO	Uint16	r	-	0
	48h	Position of absolute encoder within one turn	RO	TPDO	Uint32	Encoder unit	-	0
	4Eh	Absolute encoder setting in an absolute value (low 32 bits)	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-	0
	50h	Absolute encoder position in an absolute value (high 32 bits)	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-	0
	52h	Position of rotating load at one round (low 32 bits)	RO	TPDO	Uint32	Encoder unit	-	0
	54h	Position of rotating load at one round (high 32 bits)	RO	TPDO	Uint32	Encoder unit	-	0
	56h	Position of rotating load at one round	RO	TPDO	Uint32	Reference unit	-	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Servo axis address	RW	YES	Uint16	-	1 to 247	1
	3h	Serial port baud rate setting	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 5	5
	4h	Modbus data format	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 3	0
	5h	Excessive CANopen synchronization error threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 5	0
	9h	CAN communication rate setting	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 7	5
	0Ah	Communication VDI	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	0Bh	Default VDI value after power-on	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
200Ch	0Ch	Communication VDO	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	0Dh	Default level when VDO function is set to 0	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
	0Eh	Update parameters to EEPROM during Modbus communication	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	1
	0Fh	Modbus error code	RO	TPDO	Uint16	1	0 to 65535	-
	1Ah	Modbus reference response delay	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 1	1
	1Bh	Modbus communication data sequence	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 1	1
	1Fh	Modbus error frame format	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 1	1

200Ch Communication Parameters

200Dh Auxiliary Function Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Software reset	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	2h	Fault reset	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	6h	Emergency stop	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
200Dh	0Bh	Analog automatic adjustment	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	12h	Enable DIDO	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 3	0
	13h	Forced DI setting	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-0x01FF	0x01FF
	14h	Forced DO setting	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-0x001F	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Encoder feedback mode	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 2	0
	2h	Usage of external encoder	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	5h	External encoder pulses per one round of the motor	RW	YES	Uint32	External encoder unit	0 to 1073741824	10000
	9h	Fully closed-loop position deviation threshold	RW	YES	Uint32	External encoder unit	0 to 1073741824	10000
200Fh	0Bh	Fully closed-loop position deviation clearing setting	RW	YES	Uint16	r	0 to 100	0
200FI	0Eh	Filter time constant of hybrid vibration suppression	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 6553.5	0
	11h	Fully closed-loop position deviation counter	RO	TPDO	Uint32	External encoder unit	-1073741824- 1073741824	0
	13h	Internal encoder feedback value	RO	TPDO	Uint32	Internal encoder unit	-1073741824- 1073741824	0
	15h	External encoder feedback value	RO	TPDO	Uint32	External encoder unit	-1073741824- 1073741824	0

200Fh Fully Closed-loop Parameters

2011h Multi-position Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	Multi-position running mode	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 3	1
	2h	Number of positions	RW	YES	Uint16	1	1 to 16	1
	3h	Start position upon restart after pause	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 1	0
	4h	Waiting time unit	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 1	0
	5h	Displacement reference type	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 1	0
2011h	6h	Start position of cyclic running	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 16	0
	0Dh	1st displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	0Fh	Constant running speed of 1st displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	10h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 1st displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	11h	Waiting time after 1st displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	12h	2nd displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	14h	Constant running speed of 2nd displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	15h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 2nd displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	16h	Waiting time after 2nd displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	17h	3rd displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	19h	Constant running speed of 3rd displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	1Ah	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 3rd displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	1Bh	Waiting time after 3rd displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	1Ch	4th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	1Eh	Constant running speed of 4th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
2011h	1Fh	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 4th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	20h	Waiting time after 4th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	21h	5th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	23h	Constant running speed of 5th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	24h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 5th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	25h	Waiting time after 5th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	26h	6th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	28h	Constant running speed of 6th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	29h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 6th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	2Ah	Waiting time after 6th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	2Bh	7th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000

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Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	2Dh	Constant running speed of 7th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	2Eh	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 7th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	2Fh	Waiting time after 7th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms(1s)	0 to 10000	10
	30h	8th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	32h	Constant running speed of 8th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	33h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 8th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	34h	Waiting time after 8th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	35h	9th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	37h	Constant running speed of 9th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	38h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 9th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
2011h	39h	Waiting time after 9th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	3Ah	10th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	3Ch	Constant running speed of 10th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	3Dh	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 10th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	3Eh	Waiting time after 10th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	3Fh	11th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	41h	Constant running speed of 11th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	42h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 11th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	43h	Waiting time after 11th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms(1s)	0 to 10000	10
	44h	12th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	46h	Constant running speed of 12th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	47h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 12th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	48h	Waiting time after 12th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	49h	13th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	4Bh	Constant running speed of 13th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	4Ch	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 13th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	4Dh	Waiting time after 13th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	4Eh	14th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	50h	Constant running speed of 14th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
2011	51h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 14th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
2011h	52h	Waiting time after 14th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	53h	15th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	55h	Constant running speed of 15th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	56h	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 15th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	57h	Waiting time after 15th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10
	58h	16th displacement	RW	YES	Uint32	1 reference unit	-1073741824 to +1073741824	10000
	5Ah	Constant running speed of 16th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	1 to 9000	200
	5Bh	Acceleration/Deceleration time of 16th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 65535	10
	5Ch	Waiting time after 16th displacement	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms (1s)	0 to 10000	10

2012h Multi-speed Parameters

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
2012h	1h	Multi-seed reference running mode	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 2	1

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	2h	Number of speeds	RW	YES	Uint16	1	1 to 16	16
	3h	Running time unit	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 1	0
	4h	Acceleration time 1	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms	0 to 65535	10
	5h	Deceleration time 1	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms	0 to 65535	10
	6h	Acceleration time 2	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms	0 to 65535	50
	7h	Deceleration time 2	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms	0 to 65535	50
	8h	Acceleration time 3	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms	0 to 65535	100
	9h	Deceleration time 3	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms	0 to 65535	100
	Ah	Acceleration time 4	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms	0 to 65535	150
	Bh	Deceleration time 4	RW	YES	Uint16	1 ms	0 to 65535	150
	15h	1st speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	-9000 to +9000	0
	16h	Running time of 1st speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
	17h	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 1st speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	18h	2nd speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	-9000 to +9000	100
	19h	Running time of 2nd speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
2012h	1Ah	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 2nd speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	1Bh	3rd speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	-9000 to +9000	300
	1Ch	Running time of 3rd speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
	1Dh	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 3rd speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	1Eh	4th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	-9000 to +9000	500
	1Fh	Running time of 4th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
	20h	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 4th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	21h	5th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	-9000 to +9000	700
	22h	Running time of 5th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s (m)	0 to 65535	50
	23h	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 5th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	24h	6th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	-9000 to +9000	900

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	25h	Running time of 6th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s (m)	0 to 65535	50
	26h	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 6th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	27h	7th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	-9000 to +9000	600
	28h	Running time of 7th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s (m)	0 to 65535	50
	29h	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 7th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	2Ah	8th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1rpm	-9000 to +9000	300
	2Bh	Running time of 8th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
	2Ch	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 8th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	2Dh	9th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1rpm	-9000 to +9000	100
	2Eh	Running time of 9th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
2012h	2Fh	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 9th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	30h	10th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1rpm	-9000 to +9000	-100
	31h	Running time of 10th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
	32h	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 10th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	33h	11th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1rpm	-9000 to +9000	-300
	34h	Running time of 11th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
	35h	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 11th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	36h	12th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1rpm	-9000 to +9000	-500
	37h	Running time of 12th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
	38h	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 12th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	39h	13th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1rpm	-9000 to +9000	-700
	3Ah	Running time of 13th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	3Bh	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 13th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	3Ch	14th speed reference RW YES Uint16 1 rpm -9		-9000 to +9000	-900			
	3Dh	Running time of 14th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s (m)	0 to 65535	50
	3Eh	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 14th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
2012h	3Fh	15th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	-9000 to +9000	-600
	40h	Running time of 15th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s(m)	0 to 65535	50
	41h	Acceleration/ Deceleration time of 15th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1	0 to 4	0
	42h	16th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	1 rpm	-9000 to +9000	-300
	43h	Running time of 16th speed reference	RW	YES	Uint16	0.1s (m)	0 to 65535	50

2017h VDI/VDO Functions

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	VDI1 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	2h	VDI1 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	3h	VDI2 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	4h	VDI2 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	5h	VDI3 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	6h	VDI3 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	7h	VDI4 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	8h	VDI4 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
2017h	9h	VDI5 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	0Ah	VDI5 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	0Bh	VDI6 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	0Ch	VDI6 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	0Dh	VDI7 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	0Eh	VDI7 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	0Fh	VDI8 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	10h	VDI8 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	11h	VDI9 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	12h	VDI9 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	13h	VDI10 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	14h	VDI10 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	15h	VDI11 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	16h	VDI11 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	17h	VDI12 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	18h	VDI12 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	19h	VDI13 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	1Ah	VDI13 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	1Bh	VDI14 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	1Ch	VDI14 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	1Dh	VDI15 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	1Eh	VDI15 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	1Fh	VDI16 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 37	0
	20h	VDI16 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	21h	VDO virtual level	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	-	-
	22h	VDO1 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
2017h	23h	VDO1 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	24h	VDO2 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	25h	VDO2 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	26h	VDO3 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	27h	VDO3 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	28h	VDO4 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	29h	VDO4 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	2Ah	VDO5 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	2Bh	VDO5 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	2Ch	VDO6 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	2Dh	VDO6 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	2Eh	VDO7 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	2Fh	VDO7 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	30h	VDO8 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	31h	VDO8 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	32h	VDO9 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	33h	VDO9 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	34h	VDO10 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	35h	VDO10 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	36h	VDO11 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	37h	VDO11 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	38h	VDO12 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	39h	VDO12 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	3Ah	VDO13 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
2017h	3Bh	VDO13 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	3Ch	VDO14 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	3Dh	VDO14 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	3Eh	VDO15 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	3Fh	VDO15 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0
	40h	VDO16 terminal function selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 19	0
	41h	VDO16 terminal logic selection	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0-1	0

202Dh CANopen Communication Parameters 1

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	SYNC message COB-ID (0x1005h)	No	No	Uint32	-	128 to 1073741824	128(0x80)
	3h	Synchronization cycling period (0x1006h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	5h	Guard time (0x100Ch)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
	6h	Life time factor (0x100Dh)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	0
	7h	EMCY message COB-ID (0x1014h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	128(0x80)
202Dh	9h	Consumer heartbeat time 1 (0x1016-01h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	0Bh	Consumer heartbeat time 2 (0x1016-02h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	0Dh	Consumer heartbeat time 3 (0x1016-03h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	0Fh	Consumer heartbeat time 4 (0x1016-04h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	11h	Consumer heartbeat time 5 (0x1016-05h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	13h	Consumer heartbeat time (0x1017h)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	14h	Error behavior - Communication error (0x1029-01h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	0
	15h	COB-ID(0x1400-01h) of RPDO1	No	No	Uint32	-	-2147483647 to +2147483647	512(0x200)
	17h	Transmission type of RPDO1 (0x1400-02h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	255
	18h	COB-ID(0x1401-01h) of RPDO2	No	No	Uint32	-	-2147483647 to +2147483647	0
	1Ah	Transmission type of RPDO2 (0x1401-02h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	255
	1Bh	COB-ID(0x1402-01h) of RPDO3	No	No	Uint32	-	-2147483647 to +2147483647	0
	1Dh	Transmission type of RPDO3 (0x1402-02h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	255
	1Eh	COB-ID(0x1403-01h) of RPDO4	No	No	Uint32	-	-2147483647 to +2147483647	0
	20h	Transmission type of RPDO4 (0x1403-02h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	255
202Dh	21h	Number of effective mapping objects of RPDO1 (0x1600-00h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 8	1
	22h	RPDO1 mapping object 1 (0x1600-01h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1614807056 (0x60400010)
	24h	RPDO1 mapping object 2 (0x1600-02h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	26h	RPDO1 mapping object 3 (0x1600-03h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	28h	RPDO1 mapping object 4 (0x1600-04h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	2Ah	RPDO1 mapping object 5 (0x1600-05h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	2Ch	RPDO1 mapping object 6 (0x1600-06h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	2Eh	RPDO1 mapping object 7 (0x1600-07h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	30h	RPDO1 mapping object 8 (0x1600-08h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	32h	Number of effective mapping objects of RPDO2 (0x1601-00h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 8	2
	33h	RPDO2 mapping object 1 (0x1601-01h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1614807056 (0x60400010)

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	35h	RPDO2 mapping object 2 (0x1601-02h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1616904200 (0x60600008)
	37h	RPDO2 mapping object 3 (0x1601-03h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	39h	RPDO2 mapping object 4 (0x1601-04h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	3Bh	RPDO2 mapping object 5 (0x1601-05h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	3Dh	RPDO2 mapping object 6 (0x1601-06h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	3Fh	RPDO2 mapping object 7 (0x1601-07h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	41h	RPDO2 mapping object 8 (0x1601-08h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	43h	Number of effective mapping objects of RPDO3 (0x1602-00h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 8	2
	44h	RPDO3 mapping object 1 (0x1602-01h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1614807056 (0x60400010)
	46h	RPDO3 mapping object 2 (0x1602-02h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1618608160 (0x607A0020)
202Dh	48h	RPDO3 mapping object 3 (0x1602-03h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	4Ah	RPDO3 mapping object 4 (0x1602-04h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	4Ch	RPDO3 mapping object 5 (0x1602-05h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	4Eh	RPDO3 mapping object 6 (0x1602-06h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	50h	RPDO3 mapping object 7 (0x1602-07h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	52h	RPDO3 mapping object 8 (0x1602-08h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	54h	Number of effective mapping objects of RPDO4 (0x1603-00h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 8	2
	55h	RPDO4 mapping object 1 (0x1603-01h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1614807056 (0x60400010)
	57h	RPDO4 mapping object 2 (0x1603-02h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1627324448 (0x60FF0020)
	59h	RPDO4 mapping object 3 (0x1603-03h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	5Bh	RPDO4 mapping object 4 (0x1603-04h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	5Dh	RPDO4 mapping object 5 (0x1603-05h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
20206	5Fh	RPDO4 mapping object 6 (0x1603-06h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
202Dh	61h	RPDO4 mapping object 7 (0x1603-07h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	63h	RPDO4 mapping object 8 (0x1603-08h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0

202Eh CANopen Communication Parameters 2

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	1h	COB-ID (0x1800-01h) OF TPDO1	No	No	Uint32	-	-2147483647 to +2147483647	1073742208 (0x40000180)
	3h	Transmission type of TPDO1 (0x1800-02h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	255
	4h	Inhibit time of TPDO1 (0x1800-03h)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
	5h	Event timer of TPDO1 (0x1800-05h)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
	6h	COB-ID (0x1801-01h) of TPDO2	No	No	Uint32	-	-2147483647 to +2147483647	0
	8h	Transmission type of TPDO2 (0x1801-02h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	255
	9h	Inhibit time of TPDO2 (0x1801-03h)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
202Eh	0Ah	Event timer of TPDO2 (0x1801-05h)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
	Bh	COB-ID(0x1802-01h) of TPDO3	No	No	Uint32	-	-2147483647 to +2147483647	0
	Dh	Transmission type of TPDO3 (0x1802-02h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	255
	Eh	Inhibit time of TPDO3 (0x1802-03h)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
	Fh	Event timer of TPDO3 (0x1802-05h)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
	10h COB-ID(0x1803-0 TPDO4	COB-ID(0x1803-01h) of TPDO4	No	No	Uint32	-	-2147483647 to +2147483647	0
		Transmission type of TPDO4 (0x1803-02h)	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 255	255
	13h	Inhibit time of TPDO4 (0x1803-03h)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	14h	Event timer of TPDO4 (0x1803-05h)	No	No	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
	15h	Number of effective mapping objects of TPDO1	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 8	1
	16h	TPDO1 mapping object 1 (0x1A00-01h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1614872592 (0x60410010)
	18h	TPDO1 mapping object 2 (0x1A00-02h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	1Ah	TPDO1 mapping object 3 (0x1A00-03h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	1Ch	TPDO1 mapping object 4 (0x1A00-04h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	1Eh	TPDO1 mapping object 5 (0x1A00-05h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	20h	TPDO1 mapping object 6 (0x1A00-06h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	22h	TPDO1 mapping object 7 (0x1A00-07h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	24h	TPDO1 mapping object 8 (0x1A00-08h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
202Eh	26h	Number of effective mapping objects of TPDO2	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 8	2
	27h	TPDO2 mapping object 1 (0x1A01-01h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1614872592 (0x60410010)
	29h	TPDO2 mapping object 2 (0x1A01-02h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1616969736 (0x60610008)
	2Bh	TPDO2 mapping object 3 (0x1A01-03h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	2Dh	TPDO2 mapping object 4 (0x1A01-04h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	2Fh	TPDO2 mapping object 5 (0x1A01-05h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	31h	TPDO2 mapping object 6 (0x1A01-06h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	33h	TPDO2 mapping object 7 (0x1A01-07h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	35h	TPDO2 mapping object 8 (0x1A01-08h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	37h	Number of effective mapping objects of TPDO3	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 8	2
	38h	TPDO3 mapping object 1 (0x1A02-01h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1614872592 (0x60410010)

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
	3Ah	TPDO3 mapping object 2 (0x1A02-02h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1617166368 (0x60640020)
	3Ch	TPDO3 mapping object 3 (0x1A02-03h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	3Eh	TPDO3 mapping object 4 (0x1A02-04h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	40h	TPDO3 mapping object 5 (0x1A02-05h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	42h	TPDO3 mapping object 6 (0x1A02-06h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	44h	TPDO3 mapping object 7 (0x1A02-07h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	46h	TPDO3 mapping object 8 (0x1A02-08h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
202Eh	48h	Number of effective mapping objects of TPDO4	No	No	Uint8	-	0 to 8	2
	49h	TPDO4 mapping object 1 (0x1A03-01h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1614872592 (0x60410010)
	4Bh	TPDO4 mapping object 2 (0x1A03-02h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	1617690656 (0x606C0020)
	4Dh	TPDO4 mapping object 3 (0x1A03-03h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	4Fh	TPDO4 mapping object 4 (0x1A03-04h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	51h	TPDO4 mapping object 5 (0x1A03-05h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	53h	TPDO4 mapping object 6 (0x1A03-06h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	55h	TPDO4 mapping object 7 (0x1A03-07h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0
	57h	TPDO4 mapping object 8 (0x1A03-08h)	No	No	Uint32	-	0 to 2147483647	0

2030h Servo Status Variables Read Through Communication

Index	Sub- index	Name		Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
2030 0	01h	Servo status read through communication	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	-	0
	02h	DO status 1 read through communication	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0~65535	0
	03h	DO status 2 read through communication	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0~65535	0

2031h Related Variables Set Through Communication

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
2031 -	1h	VDI virtual level set through communication	RW	RPDO	Uint16	-	0~65535	0
	5h	DO status set through communication	RW	RPDO	Uint16	-	0~7	0

203Fh Inovance Drive Fault Codes

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
203Fh	0h	Inovance drive fault code	RO	TPDO	Uint32	-	-	-

6.4 Object Group 6000h

The object group 6000h includes objects related to the supported sub-protocol DSP 402.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
603Fh	-	Error Code	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
6040h	-	Control word	RW	YES	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	0
6041h	-	Status word	RO	TPDO	Uint16	-	0 to 65535	-
605Ah	-	Quick stop option code	RW	NO	Int16	-	0 to 7	2
605Dh		Stop option code	RW	YES	Int16	-	0 to 7	1
6060h	-	Modes of operation	RW	YES	Int8	-	0 to 7	0
6061h	-	Modes of operation display	RO	TPDO	Int8	-	0 to 7	-
6062h	-	Position demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6063h	-	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6064h	-	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
6065h	-	Following error window	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	3145728 p
6067h	-	Position window	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	734
6068h	-	Position window time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0
606Bh	-	Velocity demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
606Ch	-	Velocity actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
606Dh	-	Velocity window	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 65535	10
606Eh	- Velocity window time		RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
606Fh	-	Velocity Threshold	RW	YES	Uint16	rpm	0 to 65535	10
6070h	-	Velocity Window Time	RW	YES	Uint16	ms	0 to 65535	0
6071h	-	Target torque	RW	RPDO	INT16	0.1%	-5000 to 5000	0
6072h	-	Max. torque	RW	RPDO	INT16	0.1%	-5000~5000	3000
6074h	-	Torque demand value	RO	TPDO	INT16	0.1%	-5000~5000	0
6077h	-	Torque actual value	RO	TPDO	INT16	0.1%	-5000 to 5000	0
607Ah	-	Target position	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2^{31} to $(2^{31}-1)$	0
607Ch	-	Home offset	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2^{31} to $(2^{31}-1)$	0
		Software position limit						
607Dh	1h	Min position limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-2 ³¹
	2h	Max position limit	RW	YES	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	(2 ³¹ -1)
607Eh	-	Polarity	RW	Y	Uint8	-		0
607Fh	-	Max profile velocity	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	1048576000
6081h	-	Profile velocity	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	1747627
6083h	-	Profile acceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174762666
6084h	-	Profile deceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174762666
6085h	-	Quick stop deceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	2147483647
6086h	-	Motion profile type	RW	YES	Int16	-	0	0
6087h	-	Torque slope	RW	RPDO	UINT32	0.1%/s	0 to (2 ³² -1)	4294967295
	0h	Number of sub-indexes	RO	NO	UNIT8	-	-	2
6091h	1h	Motor revolutions	RW	PRDO	Uint32	-	1 to (2 ³² -1)	1
	2h	Shaft revolutions	RW	PRDO	Uint32	-	1 to (2 ³² -1)	1
6098h	-	Homing mode	RW	YES	Int8	-	0 to 35	1
		Homing speed						
6099h	1h	Speed during search for switch	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	100
	2h	Speed during search for zero signal	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	10
609Ah		Homing acceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	Reference unit	0 to (2 ³² -1)	174762666

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
60C1h		Interpolation data record						
000111	1h	Interpolation displacement	RW	YES	Int32	-	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	0
		Interpolation time						
60C2h		Interpolation time unit	RW	YES	Uint8	10 ^{ip time index} s	1 to 20	1
	2h	Interpolation time index	RW	YES	Int8	-	-3	-3
60C5h	-	Max profile acceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	p/ms	0 to (2 ³² -1)	2147483647
60C6h	-	Max profile deceleration	RW	YES	Uint32	p/ms	0 to (2 ³² -1)	2147483647
60F4h	-	Following error actual value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Reference unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
60FCh	-	Position demand value	RO	TPDO	Int32	Encoder unit	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	-
60FDh	60FDh - DI status		RO	TPDO	Uint32	-	0 to (2 ³² -1)	-
COLL		Digital output						
60FEh	1h	DO status	RW	TPDO	Uint32	-	0 to (2 ³² -1)	0
60FFh	60FFh - Target velocity		RW	YES	Int32	rpm	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	0

6.5 Details of Object Dictionary

6.5.1 Details of Communication Parameters

Index	Name		Dev	vice Ty	pe		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
1000h	Accessibility	RO	RO Mapping NO Relevant Mode		Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	0x20192		
The dev	ice type paran	neter is	used to de	scribe	the sub-p	otocol	or applicat	ion specification	of the used	device.
Index	Name		Erro	or Reg	ister		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint8
1001h	Accessibility RO		O Mapping N		Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 8	Factory Default	0x0
Informa	tion about err	or types	s is include	d in b	its, as listed	in the	table belov	N:		
Bit	Meani	ing	Bit		Mea	aning				
0	Conventio	nal	4	Com	munication	1				
1	Current		5	Sub-protocol						
2	Voltage		6	Reserved				1		
3	Temperatu	Ire	7	Defin	ed by the r	nanufa	cturer			

Index	Name		Pre-defi	ned Err	or Field		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint32
1003h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	-
Sub-inde	Name		Num	ber of I	Errors		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	0 to 4	Factory Default	0

Unly 0 can be entered. In this case, all error records are cleared.

Sub-index	Name		Standa	rd Erro	or Field		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
1-4h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	0

When the sub-index is 0, the data is unreadable.

When an error occurs, the error is stored in the following format:

31 16		15	0
Error code of the	manufacturer		Standard error code
MSB		LSB	

Index	Name	с	OB-ID (COB	-ID SYN	IC Message)	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32	
1005h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	0x80	

Only 0x80h and 0x40000080h can be set.

When 0x80h is set, the synchronization generator does not work.

When 0x40000080h is set, the synchronization generator is activated.

Before the synchronization generator is activated, the synchronization cycle (1006h) must be set to a value rather than 0.

Index	Name		Communic	ation C	ycle Period		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
1006h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	0

The object dictionary is provided for the synchronization generator only and its unit is us.

Index	Name	1	Manufactur	er Devic	e Name		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	String
1008h	Accessibility	CONST	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	String	Factory Default	IS620P Servo Drive

Index	Name	Ма	nufacturer	Hardwa	re Version		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	String
1009h	Accessibility	CONST	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	String	Factory Default	V0.0

Index	Name	Ma	anufacturer	⁻ Softwa	re Version		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	String	
100Ah	Accessibility	CONST	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	String	Factory Default	402.XX	
In 402.XX:											

YY: CANopen software update record number

Index	Name		Gua	ard Time	e		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
100Ch	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 16	Factory Default	0

Unit: ms

Index	Name		Life T	ime Fac	tor		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint8
100Dh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 8	Factory Default	0

When the life time factor is used, it must be greater than 1.

Index	Name		Store	Paramet	ers		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint32
1010h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 8	Factory Default	0

Storing parameters means to storing current values of parameters to the EEPROM. When the EEPROM is loaded (the device is powered on again, a node is reset, or communication is reset) next time, the stored values are loaded.

To store parameters, specify the sub-index of the storage area and write "save" based on ASCII code. If other values are written, storing parameters fails.

The mapping between ASCII codes and hexadecimal data is as follows:

MSB		LSE	}	
ASCII	е	V	а	S
Hexadecimal	65h	76h	61h	73h

Value	Meaning
0	Parameters are not automatically stored or stored based on commands.
1	Parameters are saved based on commands and are not automatically saved.
2	Parameters are automatically stored and are not stored based on commands.
3	Parameters are automatically stored or are stored based on commands.

The value returned after a sub-index is read indicates the mode in which the sub-index saves parameters. The IS620P servo drive saves parameters based on commands and does not automatically save parameters. The value 1 is returned after a sub-index is read and saved.

Sub-index	Name		Highest Su	b-inde	ex Supporte	ed	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	4	Factory Default	4

Sub-index	Name		Save A	ll Para	meters		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
01h	01h Accessibility RW Mapping NO Relevant Mode					-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	1
Save all parameters in the object dictionary list.										

Sub-index	Name	Sa	ve Commu	nicatio	on Paramet	ers	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
02h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	1

Save parameters of the object group 1000h.

Sub-index	Name		Save Applic	cation	Parameters	5	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
03h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	1
Save param	Save parameters of the object group 6000h									

e parameters of the object group 6000h.

04hAccessibilityRWMappingNORelevant ModeData RangeFactory DefaultFactory Default	Sub-index	Name			Manufa d Para	cturer meters		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
	04h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO		-		-		1

Save parameters of the object group 2000h.

Index	Name		Restore De	efault Pa	arameters		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint32
1011h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	-

Restoring default parameters means to restore default parameters to the EEPROM. However, the operation does not take effect immediately. When the EEPROM is loaded (the device is powered on again, a node is reset, or communication is reset) next time, default values (factory defaults) are loaded.

To restore default parameters, specify the sub-index of the restoration area and write "load" based on ASCII code. If other values are written, restoring default parameters fails. The mapping between ASCII codes and hexadecimal data is as follows:

MSB			LSB	
ASCII	d	а	0	l
Hexadecimal	64h	61h	6Fh	6Ch

Value	Meaning
0	The device cannot restore default parameters.
1	The device can restore default parameters.

The value returned after a sub-index is read indicates the mode in which the sub-index restores default parameters. The IS620P servo drive can restore default parameters. The value 1 is returned after a non-zero sub-index is read and saved.

Sub-index	Name	ł	Highest Sub	o-index	Supported		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	4	Factory Default	4

-150-

1

Default

Sub-index	Name	R	estore All D	efault	Parameter	S	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
01h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	1
Restore all o	default parame	eters in	the object	dictior	nary list.					
Sub-index	Name	Name Restore Communication Default Parameters					Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
02h	Accessibility		Manning	NO	Relevant		Data		Factory	1

Restore default parameters of the object group 1000h.

RW

Mapping

NO

Accessibility

Sub-index 03h	Name		e default pa the sub- e Applicati	protoco	ol area		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
0311	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	1

Mode

Range

Restore default parameters of the object group 6000h.

Sub-index	Name	R	estore Man Default		er Defined eters		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
04h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	1

Restore default parameters of the object group 2000h.

Index	Name	COB-	ID (COB-ID	Emerge	ncy Messa	ge)	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
1014h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	0x80+ Node_ID

The highest bit indicates whether to disable the emergency packet of the device. Only the data "0x80+Node_ID" can be written for the bit to enable the emergency packet of the device.

If the data "0x80000080+Node_ID" is written, the emergency packet is disabled.

When the emergency packet takes effect, its COB-ID must be consistent with the object.

Index	Name	(Consumer H	Heartbe	eat Time		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint32
1016h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	-

Parameters include the address of the monitored node and actual consumer time, which must be longer than the heartbeat producer time (unit: ms) of the corresponding node. Two different consumer time cannot be set for one node.

The parameters are described as followed:

	0
Reserved (0) Monitored address Monito	ring time

MSB

LSB

The value returned after a sub-index is read indicates the mode in which the sub-index restores default parameters. The IS620P servo drive can restore default parameters. The value 1 is returned after a non-zero sub-index is read and saved.

Sub-index	Name	Hi	ighest Sub-	index	Supported		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	5	Factory Default	5

Sub-index	Name		Consumer	Heart	beat Time		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
1-5h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	0

Index	Name		Produce	r Hearl	tbeat Time		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
1017h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 16	Factory Default	0

The unit is ms.

Index	Name		Ide	entity C	Dbject		Data Structure	REC	Data Type	Related to individual
1018h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	Tapping NO Relevant Mode -		Data Range	-	Factory Default	-	
Sub-inde	Name		Highest S	Sub-ind	dex Suppor	ted	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibilit	y RC	Mappin	g NG	Relevan Mode		Data Range	3	Factory Default	3
Sub-inde	Name			Vend	or-ID		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
01h	Accessibilit	ty RC) Mappin	g NO	Relevar Mode	- 1	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	0x3B9
Unique ID	allocated by t	the CiA	organizati	on.						

6 Object Dictionary

Sub-index	Name		Proc	duct Co	ode		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32	
02h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	0xD0107	
The produc them is as f	t series and mc ollows:	odels of	Inovance o	levice	codes and o	electro	onic labels	are associated	. The mapp	ing between	
31		16	15	5		0					
Product S	eries		Produc	ct Mod	el						
MIB			LSB								

Sub-index	Name		Revis	ion Nu	mber		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
3h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	0x1920001

The parameter is associated with the software version (100Ah). Its meaning is as follows:

31	16	15	0
Primary revision		Secondary revision	

MLB

LSB

Main revisions are based on the number 0x192. Each time when the code is updated, the next revision number accumulates upward.

Index	Name		Error	Behav	/ior		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint8
1029h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	-

Status control over automatic steering required by the NMT during CANopen communication when errors of different types occur. Based on different values, different status of NMT steering is provided.

Value	Meaning
0	The current operating status is switched to the pre-operation status.
1	The current status is maintained.
2	Switch to the stop status.
Other	Reserved

The IS620P servo drive only supports automatic NMT conversion in the case of communication failure.

Sub-index	Name	Н	ighest Sub	-inde>	Supported	d	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	1	Factory Default	1

Sub-index	Name		Commun	iicatio	n Error		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
01h	Accessibility	RW	RW Mapping NO Relevan Mode				Data Range	Uint 8	Factory Default	0
Communicat	tion errors inc	lude: NI	e: NMT error control timeout, PDO length error, and bus separation.							

Index	Name		SDC) Servei	r Parai	neter			ata cture		REC	Data Type	SDO parameter
1200h	Accessibility	RO	Марр	ing N	10	Relevant Mode	-		ata nge		-	Factory Default	-
The defau	lt SDO alway	s exist	s and is	a read	-only	constant.							
Name Highest Sub-index Supported Data Structure Data Type Uint8													
00h	Accessibili	ty F	RO Ma	apping	NO	Releva Mod		-	Da [.] Ran		2	Factory Default	2
Sub-inde	Name		COB-ID) (COB-	ID Clie	ent → Ser	ver(r)	<))		ata cture	-	Data Type	Uint32
01h	Accessibili	ty F	ко м	apping	, NC	Releva Mod		-	-	ata nge	Uint 32	Factory Default	0x600 + Node_ID
Sub-inde	Name		COB-ID (COB-ID Server → Client(tx)) Data Structu								-	Data Type	Uint32
02h	Accessibil	ity	RO M	apping	NO	Releva Mode		-		ata nge	Uint 32	Factory Default	0x580 + Node_ID
Index 1400H to	Name		RPDO) Comm	nunica	tion Para	mete	r		ata cture	REC	Data Type	PDO parameter
1400H to 1403h	Accessibili	ty R	W M	apping	NO	Releva Mode		-		ata nge	-	Factory Default	-
Sub-inde	Name		Hig	hest Su	ıb-ind	ex Suppo	rted			ata cture	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibili	ty F	RO M	lapping	g NC	Releva Mod		-		ata nge	2 to 6	Factory Default	2
Sub-inde	Name			COB-II	D Useo	d by RPD()			ata cture	-	Data Type	Uint32
01h Accessibility RW Mapping NO Relevant Mode - Data Range Uint 32 Factory Default See below.													
Only the highest bit can be changed. When the highest bit is 0, the PDO is valid; when the highest bit is 1, the PDO is invalid. The factory settings are as follows: 1400h: 0x0000200 + Node_ID 1401h: 0x80000300 + Node_ID													

1401h: 0x80000300 + Node_ID

1402h: 0x80000400 + Node_ID 1403h: 0x80000500 + Node_ID

Sub-index	Name		Trans	missior	п Туре		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
02h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 8	Factory Default	255
	er value can b ues indicate d		,				e below:			
Val	lue		Meaning							
0	0 Synchronous, acyclic									
1 to	240 S	ynchron	ious, cyclic							
254,	254, 255 Asynchronous, acyclic									

Index 1600h to	Name		RPDO Map	ping F	Parameter		Data Structure	REC	Data Type	Mapping parameter of RPDO
1603h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	-

The object can be modified only when the PDO is invalid. The total length of a mapping object cannot exceed 64 bits. Mapping based on bytes instead of bits is supported.

Sub-index	Name	Number of Mapped Application Data Objects in PDO Structure								Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	0 to 8	Factory Default	-

When 0 is written, the mapping objects of other sub-indexes are cleared.

Sub-index	Name		Applic	ation	Object		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32	
1-8h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	-	

The indexes and sub-indexes of mapping objects must exist in the object dictionary list. The attribute of mapping objects is readable and the objects can be mapped.

Sub-indexes are written in the following format:

31	16	15	8	7	0
	Index	Su	b-index	Obj	ect Length
MLB			LSB		

Default mapping content of an RPDO

1) RPDO1

Sub-index	Value	Meaning
0	1	One object is mapped.
1	0x60400010	Command word

2) RPDO2

Sub-index	Value	Meaning
0	2	Two objects are mapped.
1	0x60400010	Command word
2	0x60600008	Running mode selection

3) RPDO3

Sub-index	Value	Meaning
0	2	Two objects are mapped.
1	0x60400010	Command word
2	0x607A0020	Target position

4) RPDO4

Sub-index	Value	Meaning
0	2	Two objects are mapped.
1	0x60400010	Command word
2	0x60FF0020	Target velocity

Index 1800h to 1803h	Name	TP	DO Commı	unicati	on Paramet	ter	Data Structure	REC	Data Type	Communication parameter of PDO
		Accessibility RW Mapping NO		Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	-	

Sub-index	Name	Н	lighest Sub	-index	Supported		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	2 to 6	Factory Default	5

Sub-index	Name		COB-ID	Used	by TPDO		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
01h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	See below.

Only the highest bit and the second highest bit can be modified.

When the highest bit is 0, the PDO is valid; when the highest bit is 1, the PDO is invalid.

The second highest bit indicates whether to support a remote frame in triggering the PDO. Because the IS620P servo drive does not support the function, the bit is meaningless. It is recommended that the bit is set to 1, which indicates that a remote frame is not allowed to trigger the PDO.

The factory settings are as follows:

1800h: 0x40000180 + Node_ID

1801h: 0xC0000280 + Node_ID

1802h: 0xC0000380 + Node_ID

1803h: 0xC0000480 + Node_ID

Sub-index	Name		Transmission Type					-	Data Type	Uint8
02h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 8	Factory Default	255

The parameter value can be modified only when the PDO is invalid. Different values indicate different PDO transmission types. See the table below.

Value	Meaning
0	Synchronous, acyclic
1 to 240	Synchronous, cyclic
254, 255	Asynchronous, acyclic
Other	Reserved

Sub-index	Name	Inhibit Time					Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
03h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 16	Factory Default	0
The parame	The parameter value can be modified only when the PDO is invalid.									

The unit is 100 us. When the parameter is set to 0, the inhabit time is invalid.

Sub-index	Name		Eve	ent Ti	mer		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
05h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 16	Factory Default	0

The parameter value can be modified only when the PDO is invalid.

The unit is 1 ms. When the parameter is set to 0, the event timer is invalid.

Index 1A00h-	Name		TPDC) Марр	oing		Data Structure	REC	Data Type	PDO mapping parameter
1A0011- 1A03h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-	Factory Default	-

The object can be modified only when the PDO is invalid. The total length of a mapping object cannot exceed 64 bits. Mapping based on bytes instead of bits is supported.

Sub-index	Name	Nu	Number of Mapped Application Objects in TPDO				Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	0 to 8	Factory Default	-

When 0 is written, the mapping objects of other sub-indexes are cleared.

Sub-index	Name		Applica	tion C)bject		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
1-8h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	Uint 32	Factory Default	-

The indexes and sub-indexes of mapping objects must exist in the object dictionary list. The attribute of mapping objects is readable and the objects can be mapped.

Sub-indexes are written in the following format:

		-			
31	16	15	8	7	0
lı lı	ıdex	Sub-i	index	Objec	t Length
MLB			LSB		

Default mapping content of an TPDO:

1) TPDO1

Sub-index	Value	Meaning
0	1	One object is mapped.
1	0x60410010	Status word

2) TPDO2

Sub-index	Value	Meaning
0	2	Two objects are mapped.
1	0x60410010	Status word
2	0x60610008	Current running mode

3) TPDO3

Sub-index	Value	Meaning				
0	2	Two objects are mapped.				
1	0x60410010	Status word				
2	0x60640020	Current position				

4) TPDO4

Sub-index	Value	Meaning
0	2	Two objects are mapped.
1	0x60410010	Status word
2	0x606C0020	Current speed

6.5.2 Details of Parameters Defined by the Manufacturer

For parameters that are the same as functions of the IS620P servo drive, see the IS620P Series Servo Design and Maintenance User Manual. This section lists only parameters whose functions are changed.

Index	Name	F	Position Cor	ntrol	Parameters	5	Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint16
2005h	Accessibility	-	Mapping	-	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	OD data range	Factory Default	OD default value

It sets position control parameters.

Sub-index	Name		Positior	n windov	v unit set		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16		
3Eh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 1	Factory Default	0		
It sets the ur	It sets the unit of the position window in 6067h.											

Value	Unit
0	Encoder unit
1	Reference unit

Index	Name		Torque Co	ontro	l Paramete	rs	Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint16	
2007h	Accessibility	-	Mapping - Relevant Mode				Data Range	OD data range	Factory Default	OD default value	
It sets torque control parameters.											

Sub-index	Name		Spe	ed limit s	source		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
12h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 3	Factory Default	0
It sets the u	nit of the pos	tion wi	ndow in 606	67h.						
Value		Select	on of speed	d limit so	urce					
0	Internal	speed l	imit							
1	V-Lmt is	used as	s input of ex	ternal sp	peed limit.					
2	V-SEL is used to select speed limit 1 or speed limit 2.									
3	607F is 1	sed for	the speed	limit.						

Index	Name		Fault and P	rotectio	on Paramet	ers	Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint16		
200Ah	Accessibility	-	Mapping	-	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	OD Data Range	Factory Default	OD Default Value		
It cots th	It sets the fault and protection parameters											

It sets the fault and protection parameters.

Sub-index	Name		Absolute	Positio	n Limit Set		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
02h	Accessibilit	cessibility RW Mapping YES Relevant Mode					Data Range	0 to 2	Factory Default	0
It sets the c	sets the conditions for enabling absolute position limit.									
Value	:	Со	mmunicatio	on rate						
0	Disabl	5				1				
1	Enable	•								
2	Enable	softwa	re position	limit aft	er homing					

Index	Name		Communic	atior	n Paramete	rs	Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint16
200Ch	Accessibility	-	Mapping	-	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	OD Data Range	Factory Default	OD Default Value

It sets communication parameters.

Sub-index	Name		A	xis Add	ress		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
01h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	1 to 127	Factory Default	1

It sets the axis address of the servo drive.

When multiple servo drives are connected for networking, each drive can have only one unique address; otherwise, communication becomes abnormal or communication fails.

Sub-index	Name	CAN Communication Baud Rate Data Structure Data T							Data Type	Uint16
09h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 7	Factory Default	5

It sets the communication rate between the servo drive and the host controller during CAN communication. The communication rate set in the servo drive must be the same as that in the host controller. Otherwise, communication fails.

Value	Communication rate
0	20 k
1	50 k
2	100 k
3	125 k
4	250 k
5	500 k
6	1 M
7	1 M

An appropriate communication rate should be set according to actual use conditions (communication distance and communication data amount).

Sub-index	Name	Upo			lues Writter to EEPROM		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16	
0Eh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 3	Factory Default	0	
It sets whether parameters modified in communication are stored in the EEPROM.											

It sets whether parameters modified in communication are stored in the EEPROM.

If parameters need to be stored in the EEPROM, 200C-0EH must be set before parameters are modified.

Value	Name	Description
0	Not store	-
1	Store parameters in 2000h.	Parameters in 2000h refer to parameters of the IS620P servo drive. When 200C-0Eh is set to 1, parameters modified in RS232/485 communication can also be stored in the EEPROM.

6.5.3 Details of Parameters Defined by Sub-protocols

Index	Name		E	rror Code	ò		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
603Fh	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 65535	Factory Default	-

When an error described in the DSP402 sub-protocol occurs in the servo drive, 603Fh is the same as the description in DSP402. For details, see Section 5.1.

When an error specified by the user occurs in the servo drive, 603Fh is 0xFF00. The value of 603Fh is in hexadecimal. In addition, the object dictionary 203Fh displays auxiliary bytes of fault codes in hexadecimal.

The value of 203Fh is in hexadecimal; the high 16 bits indicate the manufacturer internal fault code, and the low 16 bits indicate the manufacturer external fault code.

Index	Na	me		Co	ontrol V	Vord		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16			
6040h	Access	ccessibility		Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 65535	Factory Default	0			
lt contro	ols the st	ate ma	chine	of the serv	vo drive.									
b	it		Nam	e				Descr	iption					
C	0	Servo	ready		0: Disat 1: Enab									
1	1	Switch	n on		0: Disabled 1: Enabled									
2	2	Quick	stop		0: Enab 1: Disat									
3	3	Runni	ng		0: Disał 1: Enab									
4 to	o 6				Relatec	l to drive m	odes.							
7	7	Fault r	related to drive modes. Fault reset is implemented for faults and warnings that can be reset. ault reset The rising edge of bit7 is valid. If bit7 is 1, other control commands are invalid.								et.			
8	8	Halt			Suppor	ted by MC)56 prog	ram						
9 to	o 10	NA			Reserve	ed								
11 to	o 15	Define manu			Reserve	ed								

Note:

• All bits in the control word constitute a control command. One bit is meaningless if it is set separately.

The meanings of bit0 to bit3 and bit7 are the same in each mode of the servo drive. The servo drive switches to the preset status according to the CiA402 state machine only when control words are sent in sequence. Each command corresponds to one status.

The meanings of bit4 to bit6 vary according to the drive modes. For details, see control commands in different modes.

Index	Name		S	tatus Wo	ord		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16			
6041h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 65535	0 to 65535 Factory Default -				
It indicat	tes the state of	the se	rvo drive.										
bit	Name					۵	escription						
0	No fault	-											
1	Wait to enable servo	e -											
2	Running	-											
3	Fault	-											
4	Switch on	-											
5	Quick stop	-											
6	Servo ready	-											
7	Warning	-											
8	Defined by the manufacturer	IRe	served										
9	Remote contr		In a mode o used.	other th	an CANope	n mode	, some IS62	0P standard soft	ware functio	ons can			
		1:	CANopen r	emote c	ontrol mod	le							
10	Target reache	d 0:	The target	positior	is not reac	hed.							
10	Target Teache	1:	The target	positior	is reached								
		0:	The positio	on refere	nce or feed	lback do	pes not read	ch the software in	iternal posit	ion limit.			
11	Software internal position limit	dri aft	: When the position reference or feedback reaches the internal position limit, the servo Irive runs by using the position limit as the target position in a position mode and stops fter the motor reaches the limit. If a reverse displacement reference is entered, the notor exits the position limit status and the bit is cleared.										
12-13		Re	Related to drive modes.										
14	NA	Re	Reserved										
15	Homing completed		0: Homing is not performed or complete. 1: Homing is complete and the reference point is found.										

Note:

- All bits in the control word work together to show the current status of the servo drive. One bit is meaningless if it
 is set separately.
- The meanings of bit0 to bit9 are the same in each mode of the servo drive. After control commands in 6040h are sent in sequence, the servo drive shows a certain status.
- The meanings of bit12 to bit13 vary according to the drive modes. For details, see control commands in different modes.
- The meanings of bit10, bit11, and bit15 are the same in each mode of the servo drive and indicate the status after a control mode is implemented.

Index	Name		Quick St	op Opti	on Code		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int16
605Ah	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to 7	Factory Default	2

Set the quick stop mode.

Value	Stop Mode
0	Free stop. The free running status is maintained.
1	Ramp stop based on the deceleration set in 6084h (hm: 609Ah). After stop, the free running status is maintained.
2	Ramp stop based on the deceleration set in 6085h. After stop, the free running status is maintained.
3	Torque stop for emergency stop set in 2007-10h. After stop, the free running status is maintained.
4	N/A
5	Ramp stop based on the deceleration set in 6084h (hm: 609Ah). After stop, the position locked status is maintained.
6	Ramp stop based on the deceleration set in 6085h. After stop, the position locked status is maintained.
7	Torque stop for emergency stop set in 2007-10h. After stop, the position locked status is maintained.

Index	Name		Mode	s of Ope	eration		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int8			
6060h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	Factory Default	0				
Select modes of operation:													
bit Description Remarks													
0	NA			Rese	Reserved								
1	Profile po	osition	(PP) mode	For p	For parameter settings, see <u>"4.6 Profile Position Mode"</u> .								
2	N/A			Rese	Reserved								
3	Profile ve	locity	(PV) mode	For p	For parameter settings, see <u>"4.9 Profile Velocity Mode"</u> .								
4	Profile to	rque (F	PT) mode	For p	oarameter s	ettings,	see <u>"4.10 F</u>	Profile Tor	rque Mode".				
5	NA			Rese	Reserved								
6	Homing r	node		For p	For parameter settings, see <u>"4.7 Homing Mode"</u> .								
7	IP mode			For p	oarameter s	ettings,	see <u>"4.8 In</u>	terpolate	d Position Mc	ode".			

◆ If an unsupported drive mode is selected through a PDO, the change of the drive mode is invalid.

Index	Name		Modes	s of Operatio	on Display		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int8	
6061h	Accessibility	RO	Маррі	apping TPDO Relevant Mode All Data Range 0 to 7 Factor						-	
Display the actual operation mode:											
bit	Descrip	scription Description									
0	NA		Reserved								
1	Profile position	ı (PP) m	node	For parame	ter settings,	see <u>"</u>	4.6 Profile F	Position Mo	<u>de"</u> .		
2	NA			Reserved							
3	Profile velocity	(PV) m	ode	For parame	ter settings,	see <u>"</u>	4.9 Profile V	elocity Mo	<u>de"</u> .		
4	Profile torque (PT) mc	de	For parame	ter settings,	see <u>"</u>	4.10 Profile	Torque Mo	<u>de"</u> .		
5	N/A	Reserved									
6	Homing modeFor parameter settings, see "4.7 Homing Mode".										
7	IP mode For parameter settings, see <u>"4.8 Interpolated Position Mode"</u> .										

Index	Name		Posit	tion Dem	and Value		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int32
6062h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	-

It indicates the real-time position reference (Reference unit).

Index	Name		Positio	n Actual	Value		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int32
6063h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	-

It indicates the absolute position feedback in real time.

Index	Name		Positio	on Actua	l Value		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int32
6064h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	-

It indicates the absolute position in real time, in reference unit.

Position Actual Value (6064h) x Position Factor (6091h) = Position Actual Value (6063h)

Index	Name		Followi	ng Err	or Window	,	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6065h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	3145728 p

It sets the position deviation threshold (reference unit).

 ♦ When the difference value between Position Demand Value (6062h) and Position Actual Value (6064h) exceeds ±6065h, Er.B00 (excessive position deviation) occurs.

When 6065h is set to 0xFFFFFFF, the servo drive does not detect whether the position deviation is excessive. Use this setting with caution.

Index	Name		Po	osition	Window		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6067h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	734 p

It sets the position window.

If the difference value between 6062h and 6064h is within \pm 6067h and the time reaches 6068h, the position is considered to be reached and bit10 of the status word 6041h is set to 1 in profile position mode.

This flag bit is valid only when the S-ON signal is valid in profile position mode.

Index	Name		Posi	tion Wi	ndow Time		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
6068h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	0 to 65535	Factory Default	0 ms

It sets the Position Window Time.

If the difference value between 6062h and 6064h is within \pm 6067h, and the time reaches 6068h, the position is considered to be reached and bit10 of the status word 6041h is set to 1 in profile position mode.

This flag bit is valid only when the S-ON signal is valid in profile position control mode.

Index	Name		Velocity	y Deman	d Value		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int32
606Bh	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	-

It indicates the actual velocity reference.

In a position mode, 606Bh indicates the velocity reference corresponding to the position regulator.

In a velocity mode, 606Bh indicates the input reference of the speed regulator.

Index	Name		Velocit	y Actual V	/alue		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int32
606Ch	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	-

It indicates the velocity actual value.

Index	Name		Veloc	ity Winc	low		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
606Dh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	0 to 65535	Factory Default	10 rpm

It sets the velocity threshold.

If the difference value between 60FFh and 606Ch is within \pm 606Dh and the time reaches 606Eh, the position is considered to be reached and bit10 of the status word 6041h is set to 1 in profile velocity mode.

This flag bit is valid only when the servo drive is enabled in profile velocity mode.

Index	Name		Velocity	Window	w Time		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
606Eh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	0 to 65535	Factory Default	0 ms

It sets the Velocity Window Time.

If the difference value between 60FFh and 606Ch is within ±606Dh and the time reaches 606Eh, the position is considered to be reached and bit10 of the status word 6041h is set to 1 in profile velocity mode. This flag bit is valid only when the servo drive is enabled in profile velocity mode.

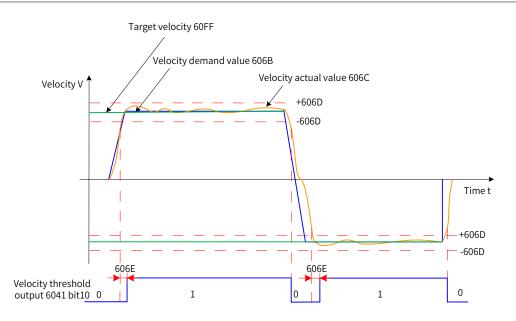


Figure 6-1 Velocity window

Index	Name		Veloci	ty Thre	eshold		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
606Fh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	0 to 65535	Factory Default	10 rpm

It sets the threshold for determining whether the velocity is 0.

When 606Ch is within 606Fh and the time reaches the value set by 6070h, the user velocity is 0. When either condition is not met, the user velocity is considered not to be 0.

This flag bit is valid only in profile velocity mode.

This flag bit is unrelated to whether the servo drive is enabled.

Index	Name		Velocity Threshold Time				Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
6070h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	0 to 65535	Factory Default	0 ms

It sets the time window for determining whether the velocity is 0.

When 606Ch is within 606Fh and the time reaches the value set by 6070h, the user velocity is 0. When either condition is not met, the user velocity is considered not to be 0.

This flag bit is valid only in profile velocity mode.

This flag bit is unrelated to whether the servo drive is enabled.

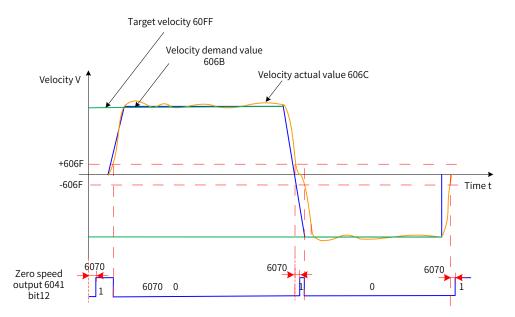


Figure 6-2	Velocity threshold
rigule 0-z	velocity threshold

Index	Name		Tai	rget T	orque		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	INTER16
6071h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	PT/CST	Data Range	0xEC78 to 0x1388 (Unit: 0.1%)	Factory Default	0x0000
It sets the	e target torque	in pr	ofile torque	e mod	le and cycli	ic synchr	onous torq	jue mode.		

The value 100% corresponds to the rated motor torque.

Index	Name		Torqu	ie Actual	Value		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	INTER16
6077h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	- (Unit: 0.1%)	Factory Default	-

It displays the internal actual torque of the servo drive.

The value 100% corresponds to the rated motor torque.

Index	Nam	ie		Tar	get Posi	tion		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int32		
607Ah	Accessi	bility RV	/ N	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	рр	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	0		
It sets th	e target p	position o	n of the servo drive in profile position mode.										
Bit6 of	f 6040h		Description										
	0	607Ah in	licat	tes the ab	solute t	arget positi	on of tl	he current s	segment.				
	0	After pos	tion	ing of the	current	t segment i	s comp	lete, 6064h	is equal to 60 ⁻	7Ah.			
		607Ah in	licat	tes the tar	get incr	ement disp	laceme	ent of the c	urrent segmen	t.			
	1	•	7Ah indicates the target increment displacement of the current segment. er positioning of the current segment is complete, the user displacement increment is ual to 607Ah.										

Index	Name		Но	me Of	fset		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int32
607Ch	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	0

It sets the physical location of mechanical zero that deviates from the home of the motor in position control modes (profile position mode, interpolated position mode, and homing mode).

The home offset takes effect in the following conditions: The device is powered on, the homing operation is complete, and bit15 of the status word 6041h is set to 1.

◆ The home offset has the following effect:

After homing is complete: position actual value 6064h = 607Ch.

◆ If 607Ch is outside 607Dh (Software Absolute Limit), Er.D10 occurs (home offset setting error).

Index	Name		Software Position Limit				Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Int32
607Dh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	OD Data Range	Factory Default	OD Default Value

It sets the minimum and maximum software absolute position limits.

Min software position limit = (607D-01h)

Max software position limit = (607D-02h)

This parameter is used to judge the absolute position. When the homing operation is not performed, this
parameter is invalid.

◆ The conditions of software position limit are set in the parameter H0A-01 (object dictionary 0x200A-02h).

0: No absolute software position limit

1: Valid absolute software position limit

2: Valid absolute software position limit after homing The absolute software position takes effect in the following conditions: The homing operation is complete and bit15 of the status word 6041h is set to 1.

- If the minimum software position limit is larger than the maximum software position limit, Er.D09 (software position limit setting error) occurs.
- When the position reference or position feedback reaches the internal position limit, the servo drive runs by using the position limit as the target position in a position mode, stops after the motor reaches the limit, and prompts a limit fault. If a reverse displacement reference is entered, the motor exits the position limit status and the bit is cleared.
- When the external DI limit switch and internal software position limit are valid at the same time, the limit status is determined by the external DI limit switch.

Sub-index	Name		Numbe	r of En	tries		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	2	Factory Default	2
Sub-index	Name		Min Softwa	re Pos	ition Limit		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Int32
01h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	-2 ³¹ p
	iinimum softw e position limi		,	relati	ve to the m	echa	anical zero.			

Sub-index	Name		Max Software Position Limit					-	Data Type	Int32
02h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	(2 ³¹ -1) p

It sets the maximum software position limit, relative to the mechanical zero.

Max software position limit = (607D-02h)

Index	Name	Polarity		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint8	
607Eh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Data Range	OD Data Range	Factory Default	0

Set the polarity of position or velocity references.

Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Position reference	Speed reference	Torque reference	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
polarity	polarity	feature					

When Bit7 is 1, it indicates the position reference x (-1) reverses the motor in standard position mode or interpolated position mode.

When Bit6 is 1, it indicates the speed reference (60FFh) x (-1) reverses the motor in velocity mode.

When Bit5 is 1, it indicates the torque reference (6071h) x (-1) reverses the motor in torque mode.

N/A: not defined

Index	Name		Max Profile Velocity					VAR	Data Type	Uint32
607Fh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	1048576000

It sets the maximum running speed.

The set value takes effect when the velocity reference of the slave node changes.

Index	Name		Profi	le Veloc	ity		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6081h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	рр	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	1747627

It sets the constant running speed of the displacement reference in profile position mode.

The set value takes effect after the slave node receives the displacement reference.

Index	Name		Profi	le Acce	leration		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6083h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/pv	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	174762666

It sets the acceleration of the displacement reference in profile position mode.

The set value takes effect after the slave node receives the displacement reference.

◆ The following formula applies if a23-bit motor needs to run at 400 RPM (6081: 400 x 8388608/60 p/s) with acceleration rate being

400 RPM/s (6083: 400 x 8388608/60) and deceleration rate being 200 RPM/s (6084: 200 x 8388608/60) under a gear ratio of 1:1:

Acceleration time $t_{up} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6083 = 1$ (s); Deceleration time $t_{down} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6084 = 2$ (s)

◆ If the parameter is set 0, the value is forcibly changed into 1.

Index	Name		Prof	ile Dece	leration		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6084h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/pv	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	174762666

It sets the deceleration of the displacement reference in profile position mode.

The set value takes effect after the slave node receives the displacement reference.

The following formula applies if a23-bit motor needs to run at 400 RPM (6081: 400 x 8388608/60) with acceleration rate being

400 RPM/s (6083: 400 x 8388608/60) and deceleration rate being 200 RPM/s (6084: 200 x 8388608/60) under a gear ratio of 1:1:

Acceleration time $t_{up} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6083 = 1$ (s); Deceleration time $t_{down} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6084 = 2$ (s)

◆ If the parameter is set 0, the value is forcibly changed into 1.

Index	Name		Quick Sto	op Dece	eleration		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
6085h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	2147483647

It sets the deceleration when the quick stop command (6040h is set to 0x0002) and stop mode (605Ah is set to 2 or 5) are valid.

◆ The following formula applies if a23-bit motor needs to run at 400 RPM (6081: 400 x 8388608/60) with acceleration rate being

400 RPM/s (6083: 400 x 8388608/60) and deceleration rate being 200 RPM/s (6084: 200 x 8388608/60) under a gear ratio of 1:1:

Acceleration time $t_{up} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6083 = 1$ (s); Deceleration time $t_{down} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6084 = 2$ (s)

◆ If the parameter is set 0, the value is forcibly changed into 1.

Index	Name		Motic	on Prof	ile Type		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int16
6086h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pp/pv	Data Range	0	Factory Default	0

It sets the motion profile type of a motor position reference or speed reference.

0: Linear

Index	Name		То	rque	Slope		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	UNSIGNED32
6087h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	PT/CST	Data Range	0x00000000 to 0xFFFFFFF (Unit: 0.1%/s)	Factory Default	4294967295

It sets the acceleration of the torque reference in profile torque mode, that is, torque increment per second.

In profile torque or cyclic synchronous torque mode, if 605A (Quick stop option code) is set to 1, 2, 5 or 6 or 605D (Halt option code) is set to 1 or 2, the servo drive decelerates and stops according to the setting of 6087h.

If the value exceeds the torque reference limit, the limit is forcibly used.

If the parameter is set 0, the value is forcibly changed into 1.

Index	Name		Hor	ning M	ethod		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int8
6098h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	hm	Data Range	0 to 35	Factory Default	1
selects	the homing m	hethoo	d.				Letter 1			
Value						Descript	ion			
1		• •				•		limit switch. The motor Z signal.	home is the n	notor Z
2								l limit switch. The motor Z signal.	home is the	motor Z
3								witch. The home e the motor Z sigi		Z signal.
4	Reverse homir	ng is p	erformed ar	d the d	leceleratior	n point is	the home sv	witch. The home i he motor Z signal	s the motor Z	signal.
5	Reverse homir	ng is p	erformed ar	d the d	leceleratior	n point is	the home sv	witch. The home i	s the motor Z	signal.
6								witch. The home he motor Z signal		Z signal.
7								witch. The home re the motor Z sigi		Z signal.
8								witch. The home he motor Z signal		Z signal.
9								witch. The home ore the motor Z si		Z signal.
10	Forward homi	ng is p	erformed a	nd the	deceleratio	n point is	the home s	witch. The home ore the motor Z s	is the motor 2	Z signal.
11		ng is p	erformed ar	nd the o	leceleratior	n point is	the home sv	witch. The home i		signal. Th
12		ng is p	erformed ar	d the d	leceleratior	n point is	the home sv	witch. The home i	s the motor Z	signal. Th
13		the ho						witch. The home i nother side must b		
14		of the				-		witch. The home i nother side must		-
17-32	Similar to 1 to	14. Ho	owever, the	decele	ation point	overlaps	with the ho	ome.		
33	Reverse homir	ng is p	erformed ar	nd the h	nome is the	motor Z	signal.			
34	Forward homi	ng is p	erformed a	nd the	home is the	motor Z	signal.			
35	The current po	sition	is used as t	he hon	ne.					

When 6098h is set to 15, 16, 31 or 32, the parameter is meaningless and the servo drive does not perform any homing operation.

Index	Name		Hom	ing Spe	eds		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint32
6099h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	OD Data Range	Factory Default	OD Default Value

It sets the two speeds used in homing mode:

• Speed during search for switch

Speed during search for zero

Sub-index	Name		Num	ber of	Entries		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	2	Factory Default	2
Sub-index	Name	S	Speed During Search for Switch				Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint32
01h	Accessibility	RW	RW Mapping YES Relevant -				Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory	100 rpm

It sets the speed during search for the deceleration point signal. The speed can be set to a large value to prevent homing timeout due to long homing time.

Mode

Range

Note: The slave decelerates after finding the deceleration point. During deceleration, the slave blocks the home signal changes. To prevent the slave from encountering the home signal during deceleration, set a proper switch position for the deceleration point signal to leave enough deceleration distance, or increase the homing acceleration rate to shorten the deceleration time.

Default

Sub-index	Name		Speed Durii	ng Sear	ch for Zero		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Int32
02h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	10 rpm

It sets the speed (user speed unit) during search for the home signal. The parameter can be set to a small value to prevent overshoot during high-speed stop and large deviation of the stop position from the preset mechanical home.

Index	Name		Homin	ıg Accel	eration		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
609Ah	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	hm	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	174762666

It sets the acceleration during the homing operation.

The setting value take effect after homing is enabled.

The following formula applies if a23-bit motor needs to run at 400 RPM (6081: 400 x 8388608/60) with acceleration rate being 400 RPM/s (6083: 400 x 8388608/60) and deceleration rate being 200 RPM/s (6084: 200 x 8388608/60) under a gear ratio of 1:1:

Acceleration time $t_{up} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6083 = 1$ (s); Deceleration time $t_{down} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6084 = 2$ (s)

Index	Name		Interpolati	on Data	a Record		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Int32
60C1h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	ip	Data Range	OD Data Range	Factory Default	OD Default Value

It sets the displacement reference in interpolated position mode.

Sub-index	Name		Numb	er of En	tries		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	1	Factory Default	1

Sub-index	Name		First Inte	rpolatic	n Point		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Int32
01h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	0

Interpolation displacement is an absolute displacement reference.

When the interpolated position mode is used, 60C1-1h mus be set to a synchronous PDO and the transmission type is set to 1.

Every time when the synchronization cycle is reached, the host controller sends a displacement reference to the slave node.

Index	Name		Interpolati	on Tim	e Period		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint8
60C2h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	ip	Data Range	OD Data Range	Factory Default	OD Default Value

It sets the interpolation period in interpolated position mode.

The IS620P servo drive supports the synchronization cycle in the range 1 ms to 20 ms. When a synchronization cycle beyond the range is set, the synchronization cycle is set to a limited value.

The synchronization period must be set when the servo drive stops running. If the servo driving is running, the setting does not take effect.

Sub-index	Name		Numb	per of	Entries		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	2	Factory Default	2

Sub-index	Name		Interpola	tion Tin	ne Units		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint8
01h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	1 to 20	Factory Default	1

It set the interpolation time units.

Sub-index	Name		Interpolat	ion Time	Index		Data Structure	-	Data Type	Int8	
02h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	-3	Factory Default	-3	

It sets the interpolation time index.

-3 indicates the time unit is ms. Therefore, the actual interpolation period (ms) is 60C2-01h.

Index	Name		Max Pro	file Acc	eleration		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
60C5ł	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	1000 rpm/ms

It sets the maximum allowed deceleration in profile position mode, profile velocity mode, or homing mode. The set value takes effect when the motor runs in accelerated mode next time.

◆ The following formula applies if a23-bit motor needs to run at 400 RPM (6081: 400 x 8388608/60 p/s) with acceleration rate being

400 RPM/s (6083: 400 x 8388608/60 p/s²) and deceleration rate being 200 RPM/s (6084: 200 x 8388608/60 p/s²) under a gear ratio of 1:1:

Acceleration time $t_{up} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6083 = 1$ (s); Deceleration time $t_{down} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6084 = 2$ (s)

◆ If the parameter is set 0, the value is forcibly changed into 1.

Index	Name		Max Profile Deceleration					VAR	Data Type	Uint32
60C6h	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	2147483647 p/ms

It sets the maximum allowed acceleration in profile position mode, profile velocity mode, or homing mode.

The set value takes effect when the motor runs in decelerated mode next time.

◆ The following formula applies if a23-bit motor needs to run at 400 RPM (6081: 400 x 8388608/60 p/s) with acceleration rate being

400 RPM/s (6083: 400 x 8388608/60 p/s²) and deceleration rate being 200 RPM/s (6084: 200 x 8388608/60 p/s²) under a gear ratio of 1:1:

Acceleration time $t_{up} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6083 = 1$ (s); Deceleration time $t_{down} = \Delta 6081/\Delta 6084 = 2$ (s)

◆ If the parameter is set 0, the value is forcibly changed into 1.

Index	Name		Follow	ing Error	Actual Val	ue	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int32
60F4h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	-

It indicates the real-time position deviation (in user position unit).

Index	Name		Posi	tion Der	nand Value		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Int32
60FCh	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	pp/hm/ip	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	-
It indicates the real-time position reference of the motor.										

Position Demand Value (6062h) x Position Factor (6091h) = Position Demand Value (60FCh)

Inde	Name		Di	gital Input	:		Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint32
60FD	h Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1)	Factory Default	-

It indicates whether the current DI terminal logic of the servo drive is valid.

0: Invalid

1: Valid

The DI signal indicated by each bit is described as follows:

31 to 16	15 to 4	3	2	1	0
Defined by the manufacturer (Not defined)	Reserved	Not defined	Home switch	Positive limit switch	Negative limit switch

Index	Name		Digi	tal Outpu	ıt		Data Structure	ARR	Data Type	Uint32
60FEh	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPDO	Relevant Mode	All	Data Range	OD Data Range	Factory Default	OD Default Value
It indicates whether the current DO terminal logic of the servo drive.										

							Data				
Sub-index	Name		Numbe	er of E	ntries		Data Structure	-	Da	ata Type	Uint8
00h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	NO	Relevant Mode	-	Data Range	1		actory Default	1
Sub-index	Name		Physi	cal Ou	tputs		Data Structu	re -		Data Type	Uint32
01h	Accessibility	RO	Mapping	TPD	O Relevar Mode	- 1	Data Range	0 to (2 ³² -1	.)	Factory Default	0
It indicates 0: Invalid	whether the c	urrent l	DO termina	l logic	of the serve	o driv	e is valid.				
1: Valid											
The DO sigr	nal indicated b	y each	bit is descr	ibed a	s follows:						
	31 to	0 16			15 to	51		0			
Defined by the manufacturer (Not defined) Reserved Brake output											
Name Target Velocity					ity		Data	VAR	[Data Type	Int32

Index	Name		Target Velocity					VAR	Data Type	Int32
60FFh	Accessibility	RW	Mapping	YES	Relevant Mode	pv	Data Range	-2 ³¹ to (2 ³¹ -1)	Factory Default	0 rpm
It sets the user velocity in position profile mode.										

7 Application Cases

This chapter describes specific operations based on position modes. For details, see <u>"4.9 Profile Velocity</u> <u>Mode"</u>.

In a position mode, objects that are used as PDOs are allocated as follows:

PDO	Object	Meaning	Bit Length
RPDO1	6040h-00h	Command word	Uint16
RPDOI	6060h-00h	Modes of operation	Int8
RPDO2	6081h-00h	Speed reference	Uint32
RPD02	607Ah-00h	Position reference	Int32
TPDO1	6041h-00h	Status word	Uint16
IPDOI	6061h-00h	Mode feedback	Int8
TPDO2	606Ch-00h	Speed feedback	Int32
	6064h-00h	Position feedback	Int32
TPDO3	200Bh-19h	Phase current feedback	Uint16

Table 7-1 PDO allocation

In an SDO, write 6083h (acceleration), 6084h (deceleration), and 605Ah (emergency stop mode).

7.1 Connecting IS620P Servo Drive to Schneider 3S Master

SoMachine is Schneider 3S series master background software. This section describes how to connect the IS620P servo drive to Schneider M238 master.

 Start SoMachine and click Create new machine based on a standard project. Select a master device, for example, TM238LFDC24DT, modify the device name, and click Create Project, as shown in the figure below.

A Home		Language English 🗸 🕐
🔄 Show existing machine	Create a new Standard Project	
Create new machine	A Project Initialization Settings	4 Create Project
Start with standard project Start with empty project	Device: TM238LFDC24DT 2	•
Start with TVD architecture Start with application	Device Name: MyController 3	
Start with existing project	POU Name: POU	
C Machine workflow	Implementation Language: Structured Text (ST)	~
Learning Centre	4	
•		•
	I	
[

Save Project /	As	×
Save in(I)	📔 examples 🔹 🗲 🛍 (▼
	Name	lodified Date
Recent		
Documents		
Desktop		
Library		
Computer		
	· <u> </u>	
Network	File Name:	▼ Save
S	ave As Type: Project File (*. project)	Cancel

2) In the dialog box that is displayed, enter a proper file name and click **Save**.

3) The following window is displayed:

demo1.project - SoMachine		
A Home Pro	operties Configuration Program	Commissioning Report 2
File Edit View Project Build Online Deb	oug/Watch Tools Window Help	
🗄 🗐 🗠 🖓 🖻 🖹 🗙 🖓	🔺 🎋 🎋 🛍 🛅 🕶 👔 🕮 🧐 🔅 🕞 🕞 🗐 💭	I ⁴ ⊒ *I
Devices 👻 🕂 🗙	POU	
🖃 🍈 demo1 💌	1 PROGRAM POU	A 18
MyController (TM238LFDC24DT)	2 VAR	Textual Textual
PLC Logic Application	L 3 END_VAR	
GVL		
Library Manager		Ta la
POU (PRG)		<u>वि</u>
🖃 🌃 Task Configuration		
MAST		
- 13 IO (IO)		
HSC (HSC)		-
TLI PTO_PWM (PTO_PWM)		
🖃 🍐 Serial Line 1		
Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Ma		
SoMachine_Network_Manager		
CAN		
U I I I		
	•	<u>•</u>
	Messages	→ # X
		O error(s) O warning(s) O message(s)
	Description	Project Object Position
	I	
۰ III + I	Precompile: 🚯 <u>OK</u>	
		Current user: (nobody) INS Ln 3 Col 8 Ch 8

4) Choose **Tools** > **Device Repository** in the toolbar. The Device Repository dialog box is displayed. (If the EDS file is imported, steps 4 to 6 can be omitted.)

😤 Device Repository		X
Location: System Reposi (C:\ProgramD) Installed de <u>v</u> ice description	ata\SoMachine\Devices)	1
Name Miscellaneous Fieldbusses Fieldbusses Fieldbusses Fieldbusses Fieldbusses Fieldbusses SoftMotion drive		2 <u>Install</u> <u>Install</u> <u>Install DTM</u>
		<u>D</u> etails
		Close

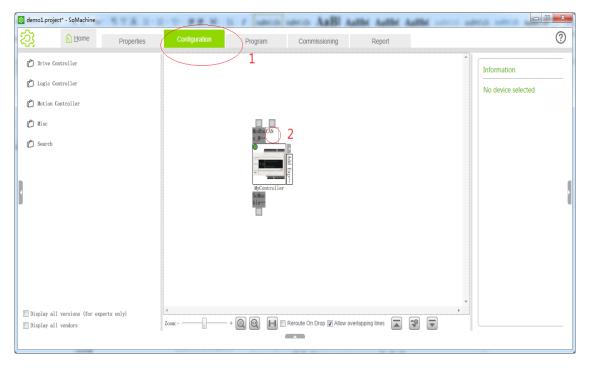
5) In the location bar, select **System Repository**, click **Install**, and select the storage location of the target EDS file.

🚳 Install Device Descripti	ion				x
Compute	er • Programs • EDSfiles		• 4 ₇		٩
Organize 🔻				= - 1	0
Subversion 🔺	Name	Modified Date	Туре	Size	
jicture	IS620_CANopen_PLC	11/2/2017 3:33	CANeds Docum	94 KB	
🛃 video					
🤳 music					
💻 computer					
System(C:)					
Word (D:)					
Software (\\fi					
File	Name IS620_CANopen_PLC		► EDS files (*.e	:ds)	•
			Open	Cance	۱

 6) Click Open. The EDS file of the IS620P servo drive is imported into SoMachine. In the Device Repository dialog box, you can choose Field Bus > CANopen > Remote Device to view devices.

ocation: System Repository (C:\ProgramData\SoMachine\Dev	(ran)	<u>•</u>	
(C:\ProgramData\SoMachine\Dev	ices)		
nstalled de <u>v</u> ice descriptions:			
Name	Vendor	Version	 Install
- CAN CANDUS			Uninstall
Gifi CANopen		_	
🗄 🕼 CANopenManager		F	
E Cin Local Device			Install DTM.
🖹 🕻 Remote Device	Schneider Electric		
Altivar 31		4.2.5.0	
Altival 312	Schneider Electric	4.2.5.0	
Altivar 32	Schneider Electric Schneider Electric	4.2.5.0 4.2.5.0	
FTB 1CN08E08CM0	Schneider Electric Schneider Electric	4.2.5.0 ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=65537, Filename=SEFTB1CN08E08(
FTB 1CN08E08SP0	Schneider Electric	ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=65537, Filename=SEFTB1CN08E08:	
FTB 1CN08E085P0	Schneider Electric	ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=65537, Filename=SEFTB1CN06208: ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=65537, Filename=SEFTB1CN12E04:	
FTB 1CN16CM0	Schneider Electric	ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=05557, Filename=SEFTB1CN16CM0	
FTB 1CN16CP0	Schneider Electric	ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=65537, Filename=SEFTB1CN16CP0	<u>D</u> etails
FTB 1CN16EM0	Schneider Electric	ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=65537, Filename=SEFTB1CN16EM0	
FTB 1CN16EP0	Schneider Electric	ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=65537, Filename=SEFTB1CN16EP0	
15620		ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=131072, Filename=IS620P-CANope	
		•	

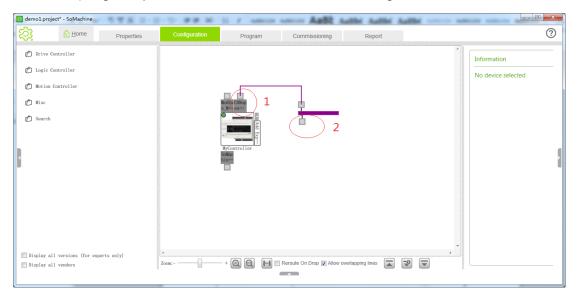
7) Close the **Device Repository** dialog box. Click **Configuration** in the window. Only the M238 master can be seen. Click **CAN** of the master.



8) The Add device dialog box is displayed. Add a CANopen gateway, select Schneider Electric for Supplier, select CANopen Optimized, and click Add and close.

Add device	×
Vendor: Schneider Electric	1
Name Vendor Vers	Information
CANopen Optimized Schneider Electric 3.0.0.	Nam (CANopen Optimized)
	Vendor: Schneider Electric
	Version: 3.0.0.7
	Order-#: 1806
	Description
	CANopen Manager Optimized, FDT Support, 16 slaves
4 III >	
Display all versions (for experts only)	
Add and close 3	Close

9) The CANopen gateway can be seen in the window. Click **2** in the figure.



10) In the **Add Device** dialog box that is displayed, select **Inovance** for **Supplier**, select **IS620P Servo Drive** for the device, and click **Add and close**.

Add devid	e			×
Vendor:	Shenzhen Inovance Technology Co., Ltd	•	1	
me	Vendor	Version	Informat	ion
15620	Shenzhen Inovance Technology Co., Ltd	ProductVersion=0, ProductRevision=1(Name:	(IS620)
			Vendor:	Shenzhen Inovance T
			Version:	ProductVersion=0, Pr
			Order-#:	852231
			Description	
				lemote-Device IS620 om IS620P-CANopen
•	III	Þ		
🗌 Displa	y all versions (for experts only)			
	Add Add	and close 3	\langle	Close

11) You can see that the IS620P drive is added.

🚳 demo1.project* - SoMachine	1-10-10-10-10-10-11-1 secon AnEl Author Author Author secon an	
Properties	Configuration Program Commissioning Report	0
🗭 Drive Controller		Information
🖒 Logic Controller		No device selected
 Motion Controller Misc 	Kolina CANag	
C Search		
2	NyController	9
	15620	
Display all versions (for experts only)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Display all vendors	Zooa:+ 🕲 🔞 🛏 🗈 Reroute On Drop 🖉 Allow overlapping lines 🖃 😨	

12) Click **Program** in the window, double-click **CAN** on the left, and select an appropriate baud rate, for example, 500Kbps.

demo1.project* - SoMachine	1 H B B C - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	7 A	HER AND	Aulth(Aulth	
<u>home</u>	roperties Configuration	Program Øommissio	oning	Report	?
File Edit View Project Build Online Deb	bug/Watch Tools Window Help				
 		¢_ *⊒ \$ ¢			
Devices v P X					~ X
 demoi demoi demoi Application GVL Application GVL DVL(PRG) DVL(PRG) Task Configuration Task Configuration Task Configuration Task Configuration Serial Line1 Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Masger (Modbus_Masger			- Project		v 4 × ming(s) ● 0 message(s) Position
< >	Precompile: 1 OK			Current user	: (nobody)

13) Double-click IS620P_Servo_Driver on the left. The node ID can be modified. Select Enable Expert Settings.

🔕 demo1.project* - SoMachine		_ D _ X
<u>A</u> Home P	roperties Configuration Program Commissioning Report	?
File Edit View Project Build Online De	bug/Watch Tools Window Help	
🔚 🕘 🗠 🗠 🕆 🖪 🛍 🗙 🖬 😫		
Devices 👻 🕂 🗙	POU CAN 15620	- ×
Devices 4 X deno1 CL opic PC Logic PC Logic CL opic CL opic	CANopen Remote Device POD Mapping Receive PDD Mapping Service Data Object CANopen I/D Mapping Status Information General Node ID: 1 2 0 Channels CANOPON V Enable Expert Settings Optional Device Create all SUOS No initialisation V Factory Settings Sub:001 V Enable Sync Producing Nodeguarding Gaard Time (ms): 0 1 Life Time Factor: 0 1 Heartbeat V Enable Heartbeat Producing Producer Time (ms): 200 1 Change Heartbeat Consumer Properties Emergency COB-ID: SNODED +16=50 Check Vendor ID Check Product Number Check Revision Number Messages	n]
4	Precompile: ① <u>OK</u>	
L	Current user: (n	obody)

demo1.project* - SoMachine				
File Edit View Project Build Online Deb	-	(1 ~1 ~1 % *	service Data Object	
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POU (PRG) Task Configuration MAST MAST Configuration Configu	✓ 2. receive PDO para 16#1401 Control/word 16#56060 1 Modes of operation 16#6060 3. receive PDO para 16#1402 Controlword 16#6040 1	16#00 16 16#00 16 16#00 16 16#00 16	 ✓ 2. transmit PDO pa 16#18 Statusword 16#604 Modes of operation di 16#606 ✓ 3. transmit PDO pa 16#18 	01 11 16#00 16 11 16#00 8 02 11 16#00 16
Line TO_PWM (PTO_PWM) Serial Line 1 Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Ma Serial Line 2 GM Archine_Network_Manager A CAN		16#00 16 2 6#00 32	□ 4. transmit PDO pa 16#18 Statusword 16#60 Velocity actual value 16#60	1 16#00 16
iii GANopen_Optimized (CANoper ☐ ∰ I5620 (I5620)				
	Messages		•	✓
(III))	Description Precompile:		Project	Object Position
				Current user: (nobody)

14) Click **PDO Mapping** and select two RPDOs and three TPDOs.

15) Double-click **RPDO1**. The **PDO Properties** dialog box is displayed. Modify **Transmission Type** to **Type 255**. Perform the same operation for other PDOs.

emozproject - somachine									
A Home Properties	Configuration Program	n Co	mmissioning Repor	t					?
File Edit View Project Build Online Debug/Watch To	ools Window Help								
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Devices 👻 🕂 🗙	POU 🕂 CAN 🍪 MAST 🥂 MyCo	ntroler 🖷 CA	Nopen_Optimized	SoMachine_Network_Mana	iger				. x
🖃 🎒 demo1 💌	DO Marina la L				. 1	. 1			
B-O MyController [connected] (TM238LFDC24DT)	CANopen Remote Device PDO Mapping Receive	e PDO Mapping Se	nd PDO Mapping Service Data Object		tus Informa	ation			1
E I PLCLogic	Select receive PDO (RPDO)			Select send PDO (TPDO)		0.17.1	n'il		
GVL	Name Index SubIr	ndex Bitlen		Name I. transmit PDO pa	Index	SubIndex	Bitlen		
👔 Library Manager	Controlword 16#6040 16#00	16	<u></u>	Statusword	16#6041	16#00	16		
POU (PRG)	Modes of operation 16#6060 16#00	8		Modes of operation di	16#6061	16#00	8		
🖹 🎆 Task Configuration	PDO Properties				1801				
Embedded Functions	rooriopenes						32 32		
- 3 % 10 (10)	018-TD: 16#2	201	-	07	1802	10+00	32		
- 🖓 🔄 HSC (HSC)	100 10.		<u>.</u>	OK	200B	16#19	16		
PTO_PWM (PTO_PWM) Serial Line 1				Cancel	1803				
Modbus Manager (Modbus Manager)	Inhibit time (x 1004s):						16 32		
E-G Serial Line 2	· · ·		_		0000	10+00	32		
50 Machine_Network_Manager (SoMachine	Transmission Type: asyr	achronous - devi	e profile specific (Type 255) 💽	2					
🖹 😏 🏅 CAN 🖹 😏 🎢 CANopen_Optimized (CANopen Optimized)	Number of Syncs:								
G M IS620 (IS620)	Number of Syncs.		-						
• • • • • • • • • •	Event Time (x 1ms):		-						
	, 		_						
		_							
				11					
	Messages								▼ ₽ X
	Build						• O 0	error(s) 🕚 0 warning(s)	9 message(s)
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									-
< >	Precompile: 🚺 <u>OK</u>								
		RUN	Program loaded	Pro	gram uncha	naed		Current user: (nobod	lv)
				110	a				11 ///

16) Select **Receive PDO Mapping** and click **receive PDO parameter**. Click **Add Mapping** or select a mapping and click **Edit**.

demo1.project - SoMachine					
A Home Properties	Configuration	Program	Commissioning	Report	?
File Edit View Project Build Online Debug/Watch To	ols Window Help				
	jî 1 🛗 1 🧐 💜 🕞 🔒 1 🗊 9	14118 ¢			
Devices 👻 🔻 🛪	POU 🕤 CAN 🍪 MAS	T MyController	CANopen_Optimized	15620 SoMa	chine_Network_Manager 🗸 🗙
G deno1 G G G G G MyController[connected](TM238LFDC24DT) G G G D PLCLogic	CANopen Remote Device PDO M	apping Receive PDO Mapp	ing Send PDO Mapping Ser	vice Data Object CANope	en I/O Mapping Status Information
B-O Application [run]	Name	Index Subind	Bitleng		
GVL	= 1. receive PDO parameter	16#1400 16#00			
- 📶 Library Manager	Controlword	16#6040 16#00	162		
POU (PRG)	Modes of operation	16#6060 16#00	8		
😑 🙀 Task Configuration	B - 2. receive PDO parameter	16#1401 16#00			
MAST	B - 3. receive PDO parameter	16#1402 16#00			
🖹 😏 🍐 Embedded Functions	🗄 - 4. receive PDO parameter	16#1403 16#00			
G \ 10 (10) G LT HSC (HSC) G LT HSC (HSC) G LT FTD_PWM (PTD_PWM) G G Serial Line 1 G M Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Manager) G S Serial Line 2 G Softachine_Network_Manager (Softachine- B - G S CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CANopen Optimized)		3			4
G 🖓 15620 (15620)	Add PDO Add	Mapping			Delete Edit
	Messages				→ ∓ X
	Build			•	0 error(s) 0 warning(s) 9 message(s)
	Description			Project	Object Position
< •	Precompile: 0 <u>OK</u>				
	RUN	Program loaded	Program	n unchanged	Current user: (nobody)

17) The **Add** dialog box is displayed. Select appropriate mapping objects based on Table 7-1.

Index:Subindex	Name	AccessType	Туре	Default			
+ 16#200C:16#00	Communication Parameters						
± - 16#200F:16#00	Full Closed-loop Parameters						
£ - 16#2011:16#00	0						
16#2017:16#00	VDI/VDO Parameters						
16#2031:16#00	Servo Related Variables Set via Communication						
16#6040:16#00	Controlword	RNN	UINT	0_1			
16#6060:16#00	Modes of operation	RWW	SINT	0	>		
16#6065:16#00	Following error window	ВЖЖ	UDINT	3145728			
16#6067:16#00	Position window	RWW	UDINT	734			Ξ
16#6068:16#00	Position window time	RWW	UINT	0			
- 16#606D:16#00	Velocity window	RWW	UINT	10			
16#606E:16#00	Velocity window time	RWW	UINT	0			
16#606F:16#00	Velocity threshold	RWW	UINT	10			
16#6070:16#00	Velocity threshold time	RWW	UINT	0			
16#6071:16#00	Target Torque	RWW	INT	0			
16#607A:16#00	Target position	RWW	DINT	0			
16#607C:16#00	Home offset	RWW	DINT	0			
🗄 - 16#607D:16#00	Software position limit						
16#607E:16#00	Polarity	RWW	USINT	0			
16#607F:16#00	Max profile velocity	RWW	UDINT	6000		2	-
104001-10400		DIIII	Intra	100		2	
Name	Modes of operation				1		_
Index: 16#	6060 ÷ Bitlength: 8			-	(OK	

demo1.project* - SoMachine							
<u>∆</u> <u>H</u> ome _F	Properties	Configuration	Pro	gram	Commissioning	Report	?
le Edit View Project Build Online D	ebug/Watch Tools V	Vindow Help					
Bookeexima			(≣ % ≣ 4 <u>⇒</u> +	= 8 ¢			
vices 🗸 🕂 🛪		CAN 15620					•
👌 demo1 🖻 💼 MyController (TM238LFDC24DT)	·		Receive PDO Map	pping Send PDO	Mapping Service Data Object	ct CANopen I/O Mapp	
PLCLogic PLCLogic Application	Name	Ind	ex Subind	. Bitleng			
GVL	B- 1. receive	PDO parameter 16#	1400 16#00	<u> </u>			
Library Manager	Contro	olword 16#	6040 16#00	16	1		
POU (PRG)	Mode	s of operation 16#	6060 16#00	8	1		
🖃 🧱 Task Configuration	🖃 - 2. receive	PDO parameter 10#	1401 16≢00				
MAST	Profile	evelocity 16#	6081 16#00	32			
🖃 🍐 Embedded Functions	Targe	t velocity 16#	60FF 16#00	32	2		
	I = 3, receive	PDO parameter 16#	1402 16#00		-		
HSC (HSC)	🗄 - 4. receive	PDO parameter 16#	1403 16#00				
Serial Line 1 Modbus, Manager (Modbus, Manager (Modbus, Manager (Modbus, Manager (Modbus, Manager (Modbus, Manager Solar So	r						
	Add PDO	Add Mappin	g				Delete Edit
	Messages					- 6	· 무 O error(s) 한 0 warning(s) 한 0 messag
	Description				Proje		pject Position
					FIOJE	00	Jeec
111	Precompile: 1 OK						

18) After mapping objects are added, the RPDO mapping is as follows:

19) Similarly, click **Send PDO Mapping**. Configure the PDO mapping based on Table 7-1.

🚳 demo1.project* - SoMachine	80°	
	operties Configuration Program Commissioning	Report
	ug/Watch Tools Window Help	
	₩ ₩+6 ₩ %% → [=9=4=45 +>	
Devices v 4 X	POU CAN 15620	
G MyController (TM238LFDC24DT)	CANopen Remote Device PDO Mapping Receive PDO Mapping Service Data (Dbject CANopen I/O Mapping Status Information
PLCLogic	Name Index Subind Bitleng	
GVL	- 1. transmit PDO parameter 16#1800 16#00	
Library Manager	Statusword 16#6041 16#00 16 Modes of operation display 16#6061 16#00 8 2	
Task Configuration	- 2. transmit PDO parameter 16#1801 16#00	
Embedded Functions	Velocity actual value 16#606C 16#00 32 Position actual value 16#6064 16#00 32 3	
10 (IO)	- 3. transmit 200 parameter 16#1802 15#00 Phase current valid value 16#200B 16#19 16	
HSC (HSC)	Phase current valid value 16#200B 16#19 16 #- 4. transmit PDO parameter 16#1803 16#00 4	
🖃 🚡 Serial Line 1		
→ Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Ma → Serial Line 2		
SoMachine_Network_Manager		
🖻 🍐 CAN		
15620 (15620)		
	Add PDO Add Mapping	Delete Edit
		Direction
	Messages	→ ↓ Χ
		O error(s) O warning(s) O message(s)
	Description P	roject Object Position
< >	Precompile: 0 <u>OK</u>	
		Current user: (nobody)

20) Click **Service Data Object** and click **New** to add a required SDO. (Optional) (If default values are used, steps 20 to 22 can be omitted.)

<u>∩</u> <u>H</u> ome Prop	erties	Configur	ation Prog	gram	Comm	issioning	Report			(
e Edit View Project Build Online Debug	/Watch To	ols Window Help								
100% BBX 14 % 1	· B. Ka vi			618						
×	POU	🕤 CAN 🔐 150	520							
demo1 Generation (TM238LFDC24DT)	CANopen Re	emote Device PDO	Mapping Receive PDO Map	ping Send PDO	Mapping Se	rvice Data Object	t CANopen I/O Map	ping Status	Information	
PLCLogic							2			
= O Application	Line	Index:Subind	Name	Value	Bitleng	Abort if er	Jump to line if	e Next li	Comm	
GVL	- 1	16#100C:16#00	Set Guardtime	16#00000000	16			0		
Library Manager	- 2	16#100D:16#00	Set Lifetime	16#00000000	8			0		=
POU (PRG)	- 3	16#1014:16#00	Disable Emcy CobID	16#80000081	32			0		=
Task Configuration	- 4	16#1014:16#00	Set Emcy CobID	16#00000081	32			0		
MAST	- 5	16#1016:16#01	Set Heartbeat Consumer	16#007F012C	32			0		
Embedded Functions	- 6	16#1016:16#02	Set Heartbeat Consumer	0	32			0		
	- 7	16#1016:16#03	Set Heartbeat Consumer	0	32			0		
HSC (HSC)	- 8	16#1016:16#04	Set Heartbeat Consumer	0	32			0		
PTO_PWM (PTO_PWM)	- 9	16#1016:16#05	Set Heartbeat Consumer	0	32			0		
🖃 🍐 Serial Line 1	- 10	16#1017:16#00	Set Heartbeat Producer	16#000000C8	16			0		
Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Ma	- 11	16#1400:16#01	Disable PDO	16#80000201	32			0		
🗏 🍐 Serial Line 2	- 12	16#1400:16#02	Set transmission type	16#FF	8			0		
SoMachine_Network_Manager	- 13	16#1600:16#00	Clear pdo mapping	16#0	8			0		
E & CAN	- 14	16#1600:16#01	Set Mapping	16#60400010	32			0		
🖃 👔 CANopen_Optimized (CANoper	- 15	16#1600:16#02	Set Mapping	16#60600008	32			0		
15620 (IS620)	- 16	16#1600:16#00	Set number of pdos	16#02	8			0		
_	SD0 Time	eout (ms): 1000	ove down ↓				New) 2 ^{Delete}	E	dit
	lessages							🕽 0 error(s) 🤇	0 warning(s)	• 0 messa
	Description					Projec	t O	bject	Position	n

21) Select an SDO from the list, modify its value, and click **OK**. (optional)

Index:Subindex	Name	AccessType	Туре	Default		-
16#6067:16#00	Position window	RWW	UDINT	734		
16#6068:16#00	Position window time	RWW	UINT	0		
- 16#606D:16#00	Velocity window	RWW	UINT	10		
16#606E:16#00	Velocity window time	RWW	UINT	0		
16#606F:16#00	Velocity threshold	RWW	UINT	10		
16#6070:16#00	Velocity threshold time	RWW	UINT	0		
- 16#6071:16#00	Target Torque	RWW	INT	0		
- 16#607A:16#00	Target position	RWW	DINT	0		
16#607C:16#00	Home offset	RWW	DINT	0		
😟 16#607D:16#00	Software position limit					
16#607E:16#00	Polarity	RWW	USINT	0		
16#607F:16#00	Max profile velocity	RWW	UDINT	6000		
16#6081:16#00	Profile velocity	RWW	UDINT	100		
16#6083:16#00	Profile acceleration	RWW	UDINT	100 1		
16#6084 16#00	Profile deceleration	RWW	UDINT	100 1		E
16#6085:16#00	Quick stop deceleration	RWW	UDINT	100		
16#6086:16#00	Motion profile type	RW	INT	0		
16#6087:16#00	Torque Slope	RWW	UDINT			
16#6093:16#00	Position factor					
16#6094:16#00	Velocity encoder factor					
ф. нажаарт.нажаа	1 T T T T T T T					3
Name	Profile acceleration					
Index: 16#	6083 📩 Bitleng	th: 32		•	ок	
SubIndex: 16#	0 Value	100		2	Canc	

22) Added SDOs are as follows (optional):

Project Build Online Debug	2 12 + (ols Window Help		gram	Commi	ssioning	Report			
		S 1 (44) 1 CS (34)		= 2 p						
▼ 4 ×										
_	POU	🔐 CAN 🔐 156	20							
	CANopen Re	mote Device PDO I	Mapping Receive PDO Map	ping Send PDO I	Mapping Ser	vice Data Object	CANopen I/O Mappin	g Status :	Information	
	Line	Index:Subind	Name	Value	Bitleng	Abort if er	Jump to line if e	Next li	Comm	
GVL	- 42	16#1A01:16#02	Set Mapping	16#60640020	32			0		
Library Manager	- 43	16#1A01:16#00	Set number of pdos	16#02	8			0		
POU (PRG)	- 44	16#1801:16#01	Set and enable COB-ID	16#40000281	32			0		
Task Configuration	- 45	16#1802:16#01	Disable PDO	16#C0000381	32			0		
MAST	46	16#1802:16#02	Set transmission type	16#FF	8			0		
edded Functions	47	16#1802:16#03	Set inhibit time	16#0000	16			0		
0 (IO)	- 48	16#1802:16#05	Set event time	16#0000	16			0		
ISC (HSC)	49	16#1A02:16#00	Clear pdo mapping	16#0	8			0		
TO_PWM (PTO_PWM)	50	16#1A02:16#01	Set Mapping	16#200B1910	32			0		
Line 1	51	16#1A02:16#00	Set number of pdos	16#01	8			0		
	52	16#1802:16#01	Set and enable COB-ID	16#48000381	32			0		
	53	16#1803:16#01	Disable PDO	16#C0000481	32		Land J	0		
oMachine_Network_Manager	54							0		Ξ
	×									
	- 56	16#605A:16#00	Quick stop option code	2	16			0		
IS620 (IS620)										
	Mo	ve up Mo	ove down				New	Delete	Edit	
	ILibrary Manager) POU (PRG) 3 Task Configuration → MAST vided Functions 0 (10) SC (HSC) TO_PWM (PTO_PWM)	inite (im2ScPOCeDit) opic opic pplication GVL GVL J Library Manager J Library Manager Task Configuration GMAST Gdde Functions J (IO) SC (HSC) To_PUM (PTO_PWM) Line1 lodbus_Manager (Modbus_Ma SD J Ibs20 (IS620)	Line Index:Subind opic Index:Subind pplication GVL GVL 42 Library Manager 16#1A01:16#00 POU(FRG) 43 Task Configuration 445 MAST 445 dded Functions 445 0(10) 55 SC (HSC) 49 Line1 55 ofdobus_Manager (Modbus_Ma Line2 53 odathine_Network_Manager MAopen_Optimized (CANoper j Iss20 (ISS20)	Line Index:Subind Name opic Polication G GVL 42 15#1A0116F02 Set Mapping Library Manager 15#1A0116F02 Set Mapping POU (PRG) 15#1A0116F02 Set and enable COP-ID Task Configuration 44 15#180216F03 Set and enable COP-ID 45 15#180216F03 Set transmission type 46 15#180216F03 Set transmission type 47 15#180216F03 Set whibit time 0(D) 156 15#180216F03 Set whibit time 100 15 15#1A0216F03 Set warm time 50 15#1A0216F03 Set warm time 51 100 15#140216F03 Set mapping 101 51 15#1A0216F03 Set mapping 52 15#180216F03 Set mumber of pdos 53 16#180216F03 Set mumber of pdos 54 15#180216F03 Set mumber of pdos 55 15#608415F00 Disable PDO 54 15#608316F00 Profile acceleration 36 15#608316F00 Profile acceleration 36 15#608316F00 Quick stop option code 55 15#608316F00 Quick stop option code	Line IndexxSubind Name Value opic 42 16±1A0116502 Set Mapping 16±02 Jubrary Manager 42 16±1A0116502 Set Mapping 16±02 POU (PRG) 43 16±1A0116502 Set Mapping 16±02 Task Configuration 43 16±180216502 Set transmission type 16≠70 O(D) (Strigger 1) Disable PDO 16≠0000281 44 16±180216502 Set transmission type 16≠70 O(D) (Strigger 1) 16±180216502 Set transmission type 16≠70 16≠10000281 O(D) (Strigger 1) 16±180216502 Set transmission type 16≠70 Strigger 1) 16±180216502 Set transmission type 16≠70 16≠10000081 Strigger 1) 16±180216502 Set transmission type 16≠70 16≠10000 16≠20001 16≠20001 16≠20001 16≠10001 16≠100001 16≠10000 16≠100001 16≠100001 16≠100001 16≠10000000000 16≠100000000000000 16	Line Index:Subind Name Value Bitleng GVL -42 16#100116#02 Set Mapping 16#60640020 32 J Library Manager -42 16#100116#00 Set number of pdos 16#2000281 32 Task Configuration -43 16#1802116#01 Set and enable C0B-ID 16#4000281 32 MAST -44 16#1802116#01 Set and enable C0B-ID 16#40000281 32 0(10) -45 16#1802116#03 Set inhibit time 16#0000 16 SC (HSC) -49 16#1802116#03 Set inhibit time 16#0000 16 -50 16#1402116#00 Clear pdo mapping 16#0 8 -50 16#1402116#00 Set number of pdos 16#0000 16 -51 16#1402116#00 Set number of pdos 16#0000 16 -52 16#1402116#00 Set number of pdos 16#0000181 32 -53 16#1002116#01 Set number of pdos 16#0000181 32 -54 16#1002116#0	Unic Index:Subind Name Value Bitleng Abort if er Glu Glu 1 <	Line IndexSUbind Name Value Bitleng Abort if er Jump to line if e GVL 42 15#1401116#02 Set Mapping 15#02 8 1 GVL 43 15#1401116#02 Set Mapping 15#02 8 1 POU (PRG) 44 15#1401116#02 Set mumber of pdos 15#02 8 1 Task Configuration 44 15#1802116#01 Set and enable COB-ID 15#0000281 32 1 MAST 44 15#1802116#02 Set transmission type 15#FF 8 1 1 J(IO) 16#1802116#03 Set transmission type 15#FF 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 15#1002116#00 15 1	Unite Index:Subind Name Value Bitleng Abort if er Jump to line if e Next li GVL -42 15±140116502 Set Mapping 15±5064020 32 0 Library Manager -43 16±140116500 Set mapping 15±5064020 32 0 POU (PRG) -43 16±140116500 Set and enable COB-ID 15±70000281 32 0 MAST -45 15±180215620 Set transmission type 15±FF 8 0 0 44 15±180215620 Set transmission type 15±FF 8 0 0 45 15±180215620 Set transmission type 15±FF 8 0 0 50 (D) 15±180215620 Set transmission type 15±FF 8 0 0 50 (FSC) 15±180215600 Set went time 15±00000 16 0 0 50 (FSC) 15±140215600 Set went time 15±0000 16 0 0 51 15±140215601 Set male methic COB-10 16±10 0 0 0 0 <t< th=""><th>ogic pplication GVL j Ubray Manager j POU (PRG) 3 Task Configuration ← 42 16±1A01:16±02 Set Mapping 16±660640020 32 0 0 0 44 16±1801:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±02 8 0 0 0 44 16±1801:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±02 8 0 0 0 44 16±1801:16±01 Set and enable COB-ID 16±640000281 32 0 0 0 45 16±1802:16±01 Disable PD 0 16±C000381 32 0 0 0 46 16±1802:16±02 Set transmission type 16±FF 8 0 0 0 48 16±1802:16±02 Set vent time 16±0000 16 0 0 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tFC) 70 -PWM (Line 1 10±102:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±0 0 51 16±1A02:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±0 0 52 16±1A02:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±0 0 53 16±1A02:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±01 8 54 16±1802:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±08 54 16±1802:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±08 54 16±1802:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±08 54 16±1802:16±00 16±00 16 55 16±1802:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±08 54 16±1802:16±00 16±08 15±0 0 55 16±1802:16±00 16±08 15±0 10 55 16±1802:16±00 16±08 15±0 10 55 16±1800:16±00 Profile acceleration 100 55 16±080:16±00 Profile accelerati</th></t<>	ogic pplication GVL j Ubray Manager j POU (PRG) 3 Task Configuration ← 42 16±1A01:16±02 Set Mapping 16±660640020 32 0 0 0 44 16±1801:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±02 8 0 0 0 44 16±1801:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±02 8 0 0 0 44 16±1801:16±01 Set and enable COB-ID 16±640000281 32 0 0 0 45 16±1802:16±01 Disable PD 0 16±C000381 32 0 0 0 46 16±1802:16±02 Set transmission type 16±FF 8 0 0 0 48 16±1802:16±02 Set vent time 16±0000 16 0 0 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tO) 50 (tFC) 70 -PWM (Line 1 10±102:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±0 0 51 16±1A02:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±0 0 52 16±1A02:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±0 0 53 16±1A02:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±01 8 54 16±1802:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±08 54 16±1802:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±08 54 16±1802:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±08 54 16±1802:16±00 16±00 16 55 16±1802:16±01 Set number of pdos 16±08 54 16±1802:16±00 16±08 15±0 0 55 16±1802:16±00 16±08 15±0 10 55 16±1802:16±00 16±08 15±0 10 55 16±1800:16±00 Profile acceleration 100 55 16±080:16±00 Profile accelerati

23) Double-click **POU** on the left. Add variable definitions in **2** and add PLC program logic in **3**. Click **Edit** or press **F11**. If no error occurs, go to the next step.

demo1.project* - SoMachine			
File Edit View Project Build Online De	1 5	mmissioning Report	?
	POU CAN IS620 1 PROGRAM POU 2 VAR 3 Copreci/Word:UDINT; 4 ModeSelect:SINT; 4 ModeSelect:SINT; 6 PosSet:DINT; 7 StatusWord:UDINT; 9 ActMode:SINT; 10 ActVel:DINT; 11 ActPos:DINT; 12 ActCors.DINT; 13 END_VAR		▼ X All Textual □ Tebular ↓
 Serial Line 1 Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Manager Serial Line 2 Sondorine_Network_Manager CAN CAN CAN 15620 (15620) 		3	 ▲
	Messages		↓ ↓
			error(s) 🖲 0 warning(s) 🗿 0 message(s)
	Precompile: OK	Project Object	t Position
4		Current user: (nobody)	INS Ln 9 Col 18 Ch 15

24) Double-click I	MAST, click Add	POU , and set the	program	circulation	interval

demo1.project* - SoMachine				
<u>home</u>	operties Configuration Pr	ogram Commissioning	Report	
ile Edit View Project Build Online Det	ug/Watch Tools Window Help			
副員の立法動商業は構築	- ■ ‰・6 ₩ \$\$ \$\$ → [= %= 4= *	4 8 I+		
vices 🗸 🕂 🗙				
deno1 d	Configuration Priority (0.,31): 15 Type Cyclc Interval (e.g. t#200m Watchdog Watchdog IV Enable Time (e.g. t#200ms): 100 Sensitivity: 1	s); [20 3		ms y
Serial Line 2 SoMachine_Network_Manager SoMachine_Network_Manager CAN GM CANopen_Optimized (CANoper GM IS620 (IS620)	Add POU Add POU POU POU Change POU Move Up Move Down	Comment		
	Messages		• O error(s)	
		- 1 ·		
	Description	Project	Object	Position
III	Precompile: 🜒 <u>OK</u>		Cur	rent user: (nobody)

25) Select the added POU in the following dialog box.

ategories:	Items:			
Programs	Application	Application PROGRAM	Origin	
آ Insert with arguments o <u>c</u> umentation:	Structured view	✓ Show <u>d</u> ocumentation		
PROGRAM POU				

26) Select **CANopen I/O Mapping** of **IS620P_Servo_driver**. In Variables, double-click and then click the ... button.

home Pr	operties Configura	ition	Program	Comm	issioning	J I	Report		?
File Edit View Project Build Online Deb	oug/Watch Tools Window Help								
			a Galer en Sala						
Devices VI I VI X		~							
	POU CAN 156	20 🕲 M	AST						* >
demo1 MyController (TM238LFDC24DT)	CANopen Remote Device PDO M	apping Re	ceive PDO Mapping Send PDC	Mapping Se	rvice Data	Object CANoper	n I/O Ma	pping Statue I	information
	Channels					·		u	
Application	Variable	Manni	. Channel	Address	Туре	Default Val	Unit	Descripti	
a GVL	(*)	1	Controlword	%QW2	UINT	(Description	
Library Manager	·····		Modes of operation	%QB6	SINT				
POU (PRG)		-	Profile velocity	%QD2	UDINT				
🖃 🎆 Task Configuration	- N		Target velocity	%QD3	DINT				
MAST			Statusword	%IW2	UINT	()		
🖃 🍐 Embedded Functions	* >		Modes of operation display	%IB6	SINT				
	👋		Velocity actual value	%ID2	DINT				
HSC (HSC)			Position actual value	%ID3	DINT				
PTO_PWM (PTO_PWM)	L. 🍬		Phase current valid value	%IW8	UINT				
Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Ma									
- > Serial Line 2									
SoMachine Network Manager						Reset ma	apping	Always	update variables
E-S CAN									
- CANopen_Optimized (CANoper	IEC Objects		-						
	Variable	Mappi	. Туре						
	🧼 I5620	×.	CANRemoteDevice						
	I								
	🍇 = Create new variable	🍖 = I	Map to existing variable						
	M								→ # X
	Messages								
									0 warning(s) 0 message(s)
	Description				F	Project	0	bject	Position
< >	Precompile: 😗 <u>OK</u>								
4									
					Cur	rrent user: (nobo		INS	Ln 1 Col 1 Ch 1

27) Select variables defined by PLC as follows:

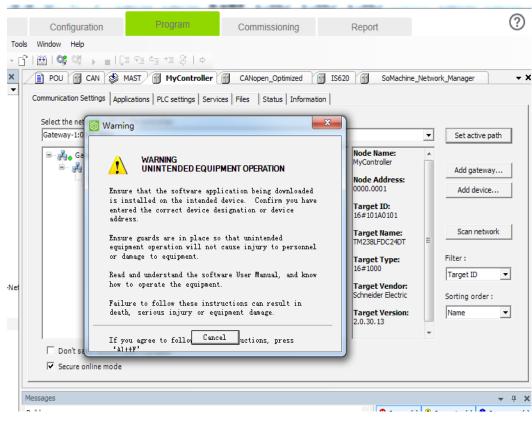
tegories:	Items:	-	
ariables	▲ Name	Туре	Origin
		Library	3s canopenstack, 3.4.1.41 (3s
	Application	Application	
	(🖻 📄 POU 🔵 1	PROGRAM	
	ActCur	DINT	
	🖉 🖗 ActMode	SINT	
	ActPos	DINT	
	ActVel	- PINT	
	ControlWo		
	ModeSele		
	PosSet	DINT	
	StatusWork		
	🔷 🖗 VelSet	UDINT	
	⊕ {} CIA405	Library	caa cia 405, 3.4,1.20 (caa techn
	🗈 🧭 IoConfig_Globals	VAR_GLOBAL	
	In Standard	Libranz	instandard 3.4.1.0 (system)
Insert with arguments	Structured view	Show documentation	<u>Filter:</u> None
cumentation:			
<u>c</u> amentation.			
ControlWord: UDINT;			
VAR)			

demo1.pro	oject* - SoMachine		80 ····	_								0
	<u>∂</u> <u>H</u> ome	Pro	perties Configu	ation	Program	Commi	ssioning		Report	t		(
File Edit V	/iew Project Build	Online Debu	g/Watch Tools Window Help									
	•				= G= d= += S A							
evices		- 4 ×										
- -	Controller (TM238LFDC PLC Logic Application GVL	-	CANopen Remote Device PDO Channels Variable	Mapping Re		Mapping Ser	vice Data Type UINT	Default Val			Information	
	📲 Library Manag	er 📗	Application.POU.Mode		Modes of operation	%QB6	SINT		•			
	POU (PRG)		Application.POU.ActV		Profilevelocity	%QD2	UDINT					
	😑 🁿 Task Configur	ation	Application.POU.VelSe		Target velocity	%QD3	DINT		$\left \right\rangle$			
	MAST		🛛 – 🐐 Application.POU.Statu	🍫	Statusword	%IW2	UINT		0)			
	Embedded Functions		Application.POU.AdM.		Modes of operation display	%IB6	SINT					
	ຳງຳ IO (IO)		Application.POU.ActV	el 🍫	Velocity actual value	%ID2	DINT					
	HSC (HSC)		Application.POU.ActP		Position actual value	%ID3	DINT					
<u>[</u>] ⊫-b_	Serial Line 1 Modbus_Manager Serial Line 2		AppHisation.POU.ActC	- •	Phase current valid value	%IW8	UINT			1		
ė 👌			IEC Objects					Reset m	apping	Alway	s update variables	
8	CANopen_Optimiz	zed (CANoper	Variable	Mappi	Turpo							-
			- @ 15620	маррі	CANRemoteDevice							
			Create new variable	Y	1ap to existing variable							
			Messages									•
									•	O error(s)	0 warning(s) 🟮 0 r	ness
		[Description				F	Project	С	bject	Position	
		 	Precompile: 🜖 <u>OK</u>									
										Curre	nt user: (nobody)	-

28) Add other variables by using similar methods. The completed mapping is as follows:

29) Double-click the master name on the left, select **MyController**, and click **Set active path** on the right.

🔯 demo1.project* - SoMachine	a to be a server server hadd some some	
<u>∆</u> <u>H</u> ome Properties	Configuration Program Commissioning	Report (?)
File Edit View Project Build Online Debug/Watch To		
 		
Devices 🗸 🕂 🗙	POU 🗃 CAN 🕸 MAST 🎁 MyController 🗃 CANopen_Optimized 🗃 IS620	SoMachine_Network_Manager
■ demo1 ■ 1 MyController (TM238LFDC24DT)	Communication Settings Applications PLC settings Services Files Status Information	
		3
- Application	Select the network path to the controller: Gateway-1:0000.0001	
GVL I		
Library Manager	□	Node Name: A MyController
🖃 🌃 Task Configuration	MyController [0000.0001] (active)	Add gateway
MAST		0000.0001 Add device
Embedded Functions		Target ID: 16#101A0101
HSC (HSC)		
TI PTO_PWM (PTO_PWM)		Target Name: Scan network Scan Network
Serial Line 1 Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Manager)		Target Type: Filter :
= à Serial Line 2		16#1000 Target ID 🔻
SoMachine_Network_Manager (SoMachine-Net		Target Vendor: Schneider Electric Sorting order :
CANopen_Optimized (CANopen Optimized)		Target Version: Name 2.0.30.13
	Don't save network path in project	
	✓ Secure online mode	
	Messages Build	
	Description Project	Object Position ^
	J	
4	Precompile: 0 OK	
		Current user: (nobody)

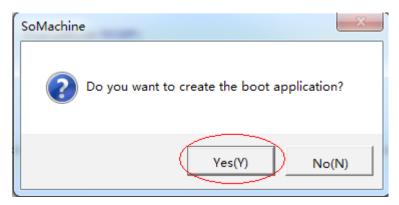


30) The following warning is displayed. Press **Alt** + **F** based on the prompt.

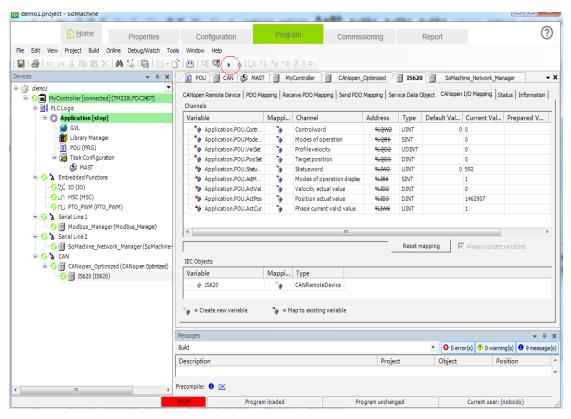
31) Click the icon marked in a circle in the figure, or choose Online > Login in the toolbar, or press Alt + F8.

🗿 demo1.project* - SoMachine	a to the formation to be a series to the	
A Home Properties	Configuration Program Commissioning Repo	ort (?)
File Edit View Project Build Online Debug/Watch To		
Devices V 4 X	POU Login (Alt+F8) MAST MAST MyController CANopen_Optimized SIS620	SoMachine_Network_Manager
MyController (TM238LFDC24DT)	Communication Settings Applications PLC settings Services Files Status Information	
🖃 🗐 PLC Logic	Select the network path to the controller:	
Application	Gateway-1:0000.0001	▼ Set active path
Library Manager → DU (PRG) ⇒ Wast Task Configuration → Task Configuration → Task Configuration → Task Configuration → Top-PWM (PTO_FWM) ⇒ Serial Line 1 → Modbus_Manager (Modbus_Manager) ⇒ Serial Line 2 → Modbus_Manager (SoMachine-Net → CAN ⇒ CAN ⇒ CAN → CANopen_Optimized (CANopen Optimized) → T5620 (TSS20)	MyController [0000.0001] (active) MyCont	Add gateway Filter: Target ID
	✓ Secure online mode	
	Messages	~ ₽ X
	Build •	
	Description Project	Object Position
		₹
< III +	Precompile: O <u>K</u>	
		Current user: (nobody)

32) In the dialog box that is displayed, click Yes.



33) Wait until the application is downloaded. Click the small triangle marked in the circle, or choose Online > Start in the toolbar, or press F5 to start the PLC program compiled by the user. The motor runs in the mode specified by the user.



34) You can also commission the motor manually. The details are as follows:

Select CANopen I/O Mapping under IS620P_Servo_driver. In the Prepared Value column, enter a required value for a variable and choose **Debug/Watch** > Force Values in the toolbar or press F7 to forcibly change the output variable information.

Variable	Mappi	Channel	Address	Туре	Default Val	Current Val	Prepared V	Unit	Descripti	
		Controlword	%QW2	UINT		0				
Application.POU.Mode		Modes of operation	%Q86	SINT		0	-/			
Application.POU.VelSet		Profilevelocity	%QD2	UDINT		0	-1			
Application.POU.PosSet		Targetposition	%QD3	DINT		0				
Application.POU.Statu	3	Statusword	%IW2	UINT	0	592		3		
Application.POU.AdM	3	Modes of operation display	%IB6	SINT		1				
Application.POU.ActVel	2	Velocity actual value	%ID2	DINT		0				
Application.POU.ActPos		Position actual value	%ID3	DINT		1462907				
Application.POU.ActCur		Phase current valid value	%IW8	UINT		1				

- 35) Set 6060h to 1, 6081h to 100, and 607Ah to 10485760 (10 rounds) and set 6040h to 6, 7, 47(0x2f), and 63(0x3f) in turn. The motor starts running.
 - ◆ For the same variable, each time when a value is written, the "Force Values" reference is executed. You can enter values for different variables and execute the "Force Values" reference once.

When a new position or velocity reference is required, write the new reference and set 6040h to



- 47(0x2f) and 63(0x3f) in turn. The motor runs to the position according to the new reference no matter whether execution of the previous reference is complete.
- To stop the motor, set 6040h to 0.
- Do not enter values forcibly. In the toolbar, choose Debug/Watch > Release Values or press Alt + F7. Variables are no longer entered and follow the logic of the PLC program.
- 36) Execute 1 marked in the figure, or choose Online > Stop in the toolbar or press Shift + F8 to stop the PLC program. Click 2 in the figure, or choose **Online** > **Exit** in the toolbar, or press **Ctrl** + **F8** to exit the online function of the routine.

<u>A</u> Home _F	Properties	Configuration	Progr	am Commis	sioning		Report					
Edit View Project Build Online D	Debug/Watch Tools	Window Help										
@ ∽∝∦ % @X # \$	18 18 - C	100 100 100 100 100	1 da +1	8 4								
ces	▼ ₽ X	POU CAN 🔮 MAST	r M M	Controller II CANonen	Optimized /	15620	SoMach	ine Network Mar	ager			
demo1	•	- 2- 1				-						
- 😔 🖬 MyController [connected] (TM238L	LFDC24DT)	CANopen Remote Device PDO Ma	apping Rec	eive PDO Mapping Send PDC	Mapping Ser	vice Data C	bject CANopen	I/O Mapping St	atus Information			
🖹 🗐 PLC Logic		Channels										
- 💮 Application [run]		Variable	Mappi	Channel	Address	Туре	Default Val	Current Val	Prepared V	Unit	Descripti	
- 💋 GVL		🍫 Application.POU.Contr	٦,	Controlword	%QW2	UINT	0	0				
- 🎁 Library Manager		Application.POU.Mode	2	Modes of operation	%QB6	SINT		0				
POU (PRG)		- Mapplication.POU.VelSet	2	Profilevelocity	%QD2	UDINT		0				
🖹 🎇 Task Configuration		Application.POU.PosSet	2	Targetposition	%QD3	DINT		0				
- 🍪 MAST		🍫 Application.POU.Statu	٦	Statusword	%IW2	UINT	0	592				
🖃 😏 🏅 Embedded Functions		🔖 Application.POU.AdM	٩	Modes of operation display	%IB6	SINT		1				
🔂 👯 IO (IO)		🧤 Application.POU.ActVel	٩	Velocity actual value	%ID2	DINT		0				
HSC (HSC)		- 🏘 Application.POU.ActPos	٦	Position actual value	%ID3	DINT		1462907				
PTO_PWM (PTO_PWM)		- 🏘 Application.POU.ActCur	٦	Phase current valid value	%IW8	UINT		1				
🖻 😏 🏅 Serial Line 1												
😔 🚮 Modbus_Manager (Modbu	us_Manager)											
- 🚱 🚰 Modbus_Manager (Modbu ≅- 🚱 🏅 Serial Line 2												F
G Modbus_Manager (Modbu G G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man									F	Reset ma	ipping	🗹 Always update variables
G Modbus_Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G M SoMachine_Network_Man G S CAN	nager (SoMachine-	IEC Objects							F	Reset ma	ipping	Always up date variables
G Modbus_Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine-	IEC Objects Variable	Mappi	Туре					F	Reset ma	opping	🔽 Always update variables
G Modbus_Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G CAN	nager (SoMachine-	-	Mappi	Type CANRemoteDevice					F	Reset ma	ipping	Always update variables
G Modbus_Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine-	Variable	Mappi							Reset ma	pping	Always update variables
G Modbus_Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine-	Variable 🖗 15620	*	CANRemoteDevice					F	Reset ma	opping	☑ Always update variables
G Modbus_Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine-	Variable	*						5	Reset ma	upping	₩ Always update variables
G Modbus_Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine-	Variable 🖗 15620	*	CANRemoteDevice					5	Reset ma	pping	₽ Always update variables
G Modbus, Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G C CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine- Nopen Optimized)	Variable 🖗 15620	*	CANRemoteDevice					3	Reset ma	pping	₽ Always up date variables
G Modbus, Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G C CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine- Nopen Optimized)	Variable 	*	CANRemoteDevice					<u> </u>	Reset ma		
G Modbus, Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G C CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine- Nopen Optimized)	Variable -	*	CANRemoteDevice						Reset ma	• 0 e	ې ۲ror(s) 🕈 ۵ warring(s) 🗘 9 mess
G Modbus, Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G C CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine- Nopen Optimized)	Variable -	*	CANRemoteDevice					Project	Reset ma		ې ۲ror(s) 🕈 ۵ warring(s) 🗘 9 mess
G Modbus, Manager (Modbu G Serial Line 2 G SoMachine_Network_Man G C CAN G CANopen_Optimized (CAN	nager (SoMachine- Nopen Optimized)	Variable -	*	CANRemoteDevice						Reset ma	• 0 e	ې ۲ror(s) 🕈 ۵ warring(s) 🗘 9 mess

7.2 Connecting IS620P Servo Drive to Beckoff CANopen Master

Similarly, in a position mode, allocate PDOs by following Table 7-2.

1) Configuring PDO mapping is complex on a Beckoff master. Therefore, before connecting the network, manually configure the PDO mapping. Based on the following table and the appendix, change the mapping by modifying parameters. Table 7-2 lists modified parameters.

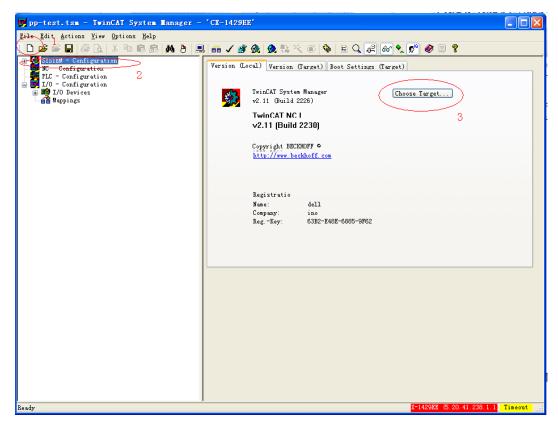
Parameter	Object	Mapping Object	Input Content
H2D-32	1600h-00h	Number of RPDO1 mapping objects	2
H2D-33	1600h-01h	6040h-00h	60400010h
H2D-35	1600h-02h	6060h-00h	60600008h
H2D-49	1601h-00h	Number of RPDO2 mapping objects	2
H2D-50	1601h-01h	6081h-00h	60810020h
H2D-52	1601h-02h	607Ah-00h	607A0020h
H2E-20	1A00h-00h	Number of TPDO1 mapping objects	2
H2E-21	1A00h-01h	6041h-00h	60410010h
H2E-23	1A00h-02h	6061h-00h	60610008h
H2E-37	1A01h-00h	Number of TPDO2 mapping objects	2
H2E-38	1A01h-01h	606Ch-00h	606C0020h
H2E-40	1A01h-02h	6064h-00h	60640020h
H2E-54	1A02h-00h	Number of TPDO3 mapping objects	1
H2E-55	1A02h-01h	200Bh-19h	200B1910h
H2E-57	1A02h-02h	-	0

Table 7-2 Examples of PDO mapping for a Beckoff master

2) Connect Beckoff CX9020, as a master, to the CANopen module of EL6751 and perform the test. Ensure that the IP address of CX9020 is in the same network segment as the IP address of the PC and the first four bytes of AMS Net (**Properties** > **AMS Router** > **AMS Net**) of Beckoff TwinCAT software are the same as the IP address of the PC.

TwinCAI System Properties
General System AMS Router PLC Registration
Local Computer
AMS Net 192.168.90.49.1.1
Remote Computers 2
CX-1429EE
Add <u>R</u> emove Properties
OK Cancel 应用 (A)

3) Open TwinCAT System Manager and create an empty project. Click **SYSTEM - Configuration** on the left and click **Choose Target** on the right.



4) In the dialog box that is displayed, select **…local**… and click **Search (Ethernet)**.

Choose Target System			
 ✓ ✓ ✓Local (192.168.90.49.1.1) → ✓ CX-1429EE (5.20:41.238.1.1) 	°1		OK Cancel
	2	<	Search (Ethernet) Search (Fieldbus)
			Set as Default
Connection Timeout (s): 5		*	

5) In the dialog box that is displayed, select **IP Address** in **1** marked in the figure and click **Broadcast Search**.

Add Route Dialog				
Enter Host Name / IP:			Refresh Status	Broadcast Search
Host Name	Connected Address	AMS NetId	TwinCAT 09	Version Comment
<				>
Route Name (Target):			Route Name (Remote):	DL-1970
AmsNetId: Transport Type: Address Info: O Host Name	TCP/IP		Target Route ○ Project ④ Static ○ Temporary	Remote Route None Static Temporary
Connection Timeout (s):	5		Add Route	Close

6)	The master is searc	hed out. Select the maste	r and click Add Route.
----	---------------------	---------------------------	------------------------

Add Route Dialog			
Enter Host Name / IP:		Refresh Status	Broadcast Search
Host Name	Connected Address		OS Version Comment Win CE (7.U)
	1		
<			>
Route Name (Target):	CX-1429EE	Route Name (Remote): DL-1970
AmsNetId:	5.20.41.238.1.1	Target Route	Remote Route
Transport Type:	TCP/IP	O Project	◯ None
Address Info:	192.168.90.160	O Static	Static Tomperary
	Address	○ Temporary	
Connection Timeout (s):	5	Add Route	Close

7) In the dialog box that is displayed, the account name is the same as the **Host Name** and the password is empty. Click **OK**.

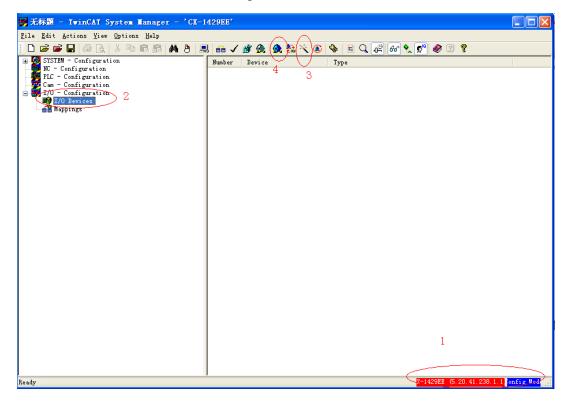
	Logon	Information	
	*	Enter a user name and password that is valid for the remote system.	
		User name: CX-1429EE	
ſ	(OK Cancel	

8) Click **Close** in Step 6. Click + in the **Choose Target System** dialog box, select the master, and click **OK**.

Choose Target System	L		X
■ 🐼Local (192.168.9 → 🐼 DX-1429EE (5.2 → 🔗 LoopBack (1 → 🔗 YTL01-1951 → 🔗 YWT-1944 (→ 🍕 YY02-1012 (0.41.238.1.1) 27.0.0.0.1.1) (192.168.90.122.1.1) 192.168.60.100.1.1)	2 < 1	OK Cancel Search (Ethernet)
	(192.168.60.21.1.1) (192.168.60.10.1.1)		Search (Fieldbus)
	E		🗌 Set as Default
Connection Timeout (s):	5	÷	

9) The master link marked in red can be seen in the lower right corner of the window and is in the configuration status marked in blue. If the master is in the operating status marked in green, click 4 in the figure to switch to the configuration mode and perform the next step.

Select I/O Devices on the left and click 3 or right-click I/O Devices and choose Scan Devices.



10) In the warning dialog box that is displayed, click **OK**.



11) In the dialog box that is displayed, select the device of EtherCAT and click **OK**.

3 new I/O devices found	X
Device 1 (EtherCAT) Device 2(BT-Ethernet) [FEC1] Device 3 (NOV/DP-RAM)	2 Cancel
	Select All Unselect All

12) In the dialog box that is displayed, click **Yes**.

TwinCAT System Manager 🔣
Scan for boxes
V Bear for boxes
Yes No

13) In the dialog box that is displayed, click **Yes**.

TwinCA	I System Hanager 🛛 🕅
?	Special EtherCAT slave found:
1	'EL6751 CANopen Master'
	Create corresponding device automatically ('CANopen Master EL6751, EtherCAT')
	Yes No

14) Select a value for **Baud rate** (the default value is **500 Kbps**) and click **OK**. The master starts to search for the device. You need to wait.

Select Ba	udrate	×
Device:	Device 2 (EL6751)	
Baudrate:	500 k	
	_	
ОК	\mathcal{V}	Cancel

15) After the search is complete, a warning dialog box is displayed. Click **OK**.

TwinCA	I System Manager
⚠	Node 1 needs at minimum one FDO with data to be defined, All these boxes will be disabled

16) In the dialog box that is displayed, click **Yes**.

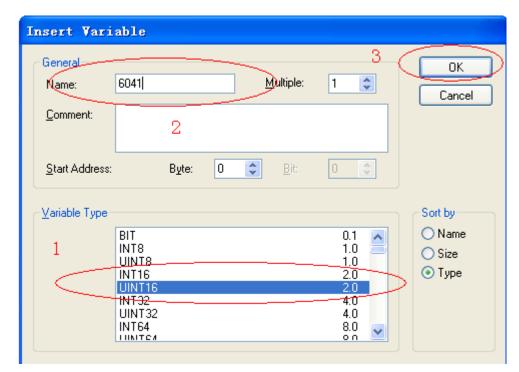
TwinCAT System Hanager 🔀
2 Activate Free Run
Yes No

17) A box of the IS620P servo drive can be seen on the left. Select the box, right-click, choose Insert Variables, insert three TPDOs and two RPDOs, and select Disabled on the right (scannable only if the IS620P servo drive is configured with termination resistors).

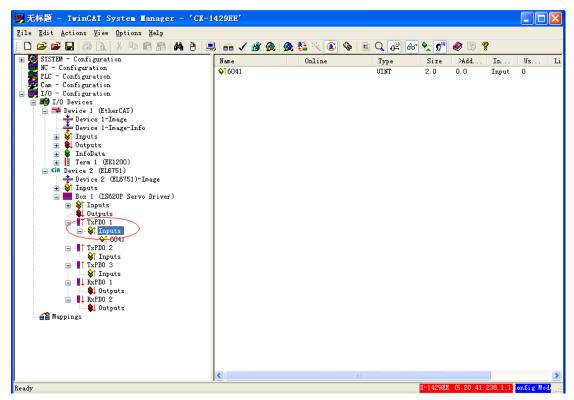
18) The following figure shows the effect after the previous operation is complete. Choose TPDO1 > Inputs, right-click, and choose Insert Variable.

📴 无标题 - IwinCAI System Hanager - 'CX-1	429EE'				
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>A</u> ctions <u>V</u> iew <u>O</u> ptions <u>H</u> elp					
D 🚅 📽 🔲 🍜 🖪 X 🖪 🖬 🖧 🖌 🦉	l 💼 🗸 🏄 👧	👧 🚼 🔨 🛞 🏘	🖹 🔍 🖓 🚳	🗙 🕵 🧶 🔞	
SYSTEM - Configuration WC - Configuration PLC - Configuration Cam - Configuration I/O - Configuration Device 1 (EtherCAT) Device 1 (EtherCAT) Device 1 (Inputs Dutputs Dutputs Device 2 (ELATS1)-Image Device 2 (E	Name	Online	Type	Size >Add In.	Us Li
	<		11		>
Ready				X-1429EE (5, 20, 41, 238, 1	.1. Free Run

19) Based on Table B-1, map different variables by using PDOs. TPDO1 maps 6041h-00 and 6061h-00.
 First insert the first variable 6041h, select UINT16 for Variable Type, enter a proper name, and click OK.



20) 6041h is added to TPDO1. Select **Inputs** again, right-click, choose **Insert Variable**, and insert the second variable.

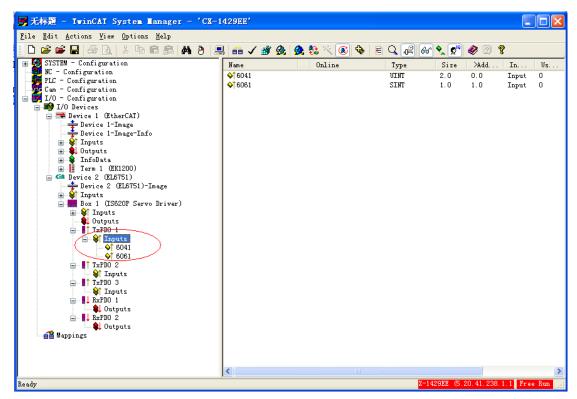


21) For the inserted variable 6061, select **INT8** (the object dictionary can be queried) for **Variable Type**, enter a large value for **Byte** of **Start Address** to prevent 6061h from being inserted in front of 6041h, enter a proper name, and click **OK**.

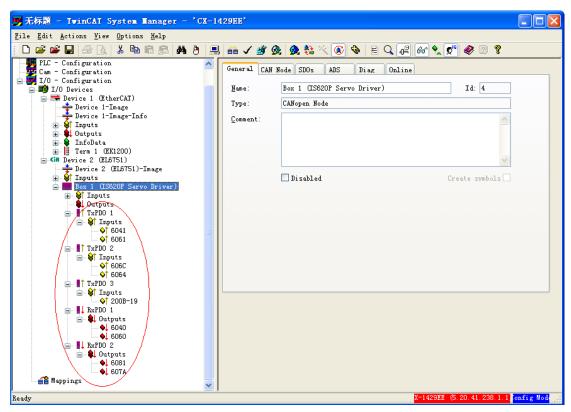
Insert Vari	able	
General Name: <u>C</u> omment:	6061 <u>M</u> ultiple:	4 1 Cancel
<u>S</u> tart Address:	Byte: Bit:	
Variable Type	BIT INT8 UINT8	1 Sort by 0.1 Name 1.0 Size 1.0 Lucz
	INT16 UINT16 INT32 UINT32 INT64 UINT64	2.0

22) You can see that two objects are added to TPDO1. Note that the sequence of the two variables must be the same as that in Table B-1. Otherwise, the second variable must be deleted and inserted again and a large value must be entered in **2** marked in the figure in Step 21.

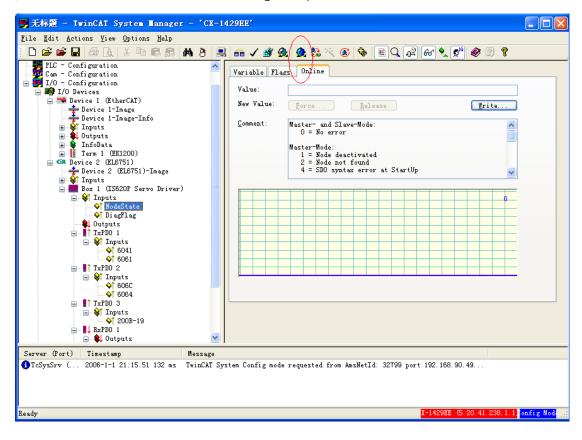
After making sure that the variable sequence is correct, choose **TPDO1** > **Inputs**, right-click, and choose **Recalc Address** to allocate addresses. This step must be performed. Otherwise, address chaos occurs.



23) Repeat steps 18 to 22 for other PDOs. Add corresponding mapping variables based on Table B-1. After variables are added, the following window is displayed:



24) Click the icon marked in a red circle in the figure or press Shift + F4.



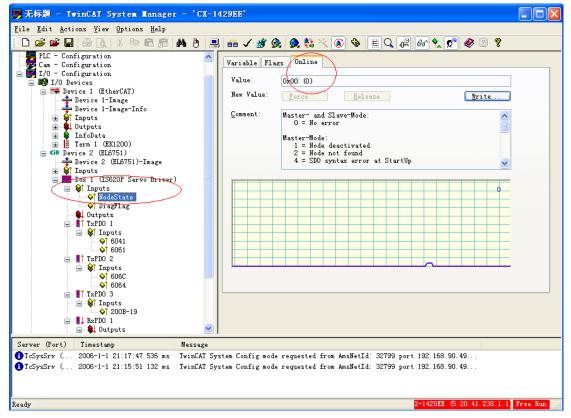
25) In the dialog box that is displayed, click Yes.

TwinCAT System Manager	<
Load I/O Devices	
Yes No	

26) In the dialog box that is displayed, click Yes.

TwinCAT System Manager	×
Activate Free Run Yes No	

27) Select the box of IS620P, choose **Inputs** > **NodeState**. You can see that **Value** is **0** when the node status is **Online**, indicating that no fault occurs in the node.



28) Open the TwinCAT PLC Control software and create a project. In the dialog box that is displayed, select **CX**.

Choose Target Syste	m Type	
C <u>P</u> C or CX (x86) C BC via AMS C BC serial C BCxx50 or BX via AMS C BCxx50 or BX via serial		OK Cancel

29) In the dialog box that is displayed, select the following options:

New POU		
Name of the new POU:	MAIN	OK
Type of POU	Language of the POU	Cancel
💽 <u>P</u> rogram	ΟL	
C Function <u>B</u> lock	⊂ <u>L</u> D	
C F <u>u</u> nction	© FB <u>D</u>	
<u>R</u> eturn Type:	C <u>s</u> ec	
BOOL	(• si	
	C <u>C</u> FC	

30) Enter corresponding variable definitions and PLC logic.

🏂 TwinCAT PLC Control - example.pro*	- [MAIN (PRG-ST)]	
🥦 File Edit Project Insert Extras Online Y	Yindow <u>H</u> elp	- 8 ×
12 - I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		
	0001 PROGRAM MAIN 0002 VAR 0003 CriWord AT%O*: UINT; 0005 VelSet AT%O*: DINT; 0006 PosSet AT%O*: DINT; 0007 StatWord AT%I*: UINT; 0008 StatWord AT%I*: DINT; 0009 ActWord AT%I*: DINT; 0010 ActVel AT%I*: DINT; 0011 ActPos AT%I*: DINT; 0012 ActCur AT%I*: DINT; 0013 count: UINT; 0014 0014 count: UINT; 0015 0015 END_VAP 0016 0017 Count: CiNT; 0017	>
		>
	Declarations of the global constants Declarations of the global library constants Declarations of the global constants Declarations of the global library constants Interface of POU 'CONCAT'	
📄 POUs 📲 Data typ 🛱 Visualiz 👼 Resourc		>
	Target: Local (192.168.90.49.1.1), Run Time: 1 TwinCAT Config Mode Lin.: 15, Col.: 8	ONLINE

31) In the toolbar, choose **Online** > **Choose Run-time System**. In the dialog box that is displayed, select a port for the master and click **OK**.

Choose Run-Time System	X
□ ✓ Local (192.168.90.49.1.1) □ Image: Second state in the second state in	OK Cancel
	Version Info
]

32) In TwinCAT System Manager, select **PLC - Configuration**, right-click and choose **Append PLC Project**, and select the created PLC program (.tpy).

📴 无标题 - TwinCAI System Hanager -	'CX-1429EE'	
File Edit Actions Yiew Options Help Image: Sistem - Configuration NC - Configuration NC - Configuration Image: Configur	Version (Target) Plc Settings (Target) Image: Version (Target) Imag	
TcSysSrv (2006-1-1 21:17:47 536 ms Twi	ssage nCAT System Config mode requested from AmsNetId: 32799 port 192.168.90.49	
	nCAT System Config mode requested from AmsNetId: 32799 port 192.168.90.49	
Ready	X-1429EE (5.20.41.238.1.1	onfig Mod

33) After the PLC program is added, select a PDO variable and click **Linked to** or directly double-click the variable to link the variable to the PLC program.

无标题 - TwinCAI System Tanager - 'CX-1	1429EE'	
File Edit Actions View Options Help		
D 🖨 📽 🔲 🍜 🖪 X 🖻 🛱 🖓 👌 💻	e 🗸 🖉 👧 🍓 🏷 🎯 🗣 E Q, 🖓 66' 🗙 🐒 🧶 🛛 ?	
I/O - Configuration I/O - Configuration Device 1-Image Device 1-Image Device 1-Image Infolata Inputs Inputs	Variable Flags Online Name: 6041 Type: UINT Group: Inputs Address: 0 0x00 User ID: 0 Linked to. 2 Comment: 2 ADS Info: Fort: 300, IGrp: 0x9002, IOffs: 0x0, Len: 2 vystem Config mode requested from AnsNetId: 32799 port 192.168.90.49 tystem Config mode requested from AnsNetId: 32799 port 192.168.90.49	
Ready	X-1429EE (5.20.41.238.1.1 Fr	ee Run

34) Select the corresponding PLC variable and click **OK**.

PLC - Configuration Image: Standard Image: Sta	Attach Variable 6041 (Input)	
Cancel OK	E ∰ PP-TEST-plc E ∰ Standard	 Unused Used and unused Exclude disabled Exclude other Devices Exclude same Image Show Tooltips Show Variable Types Matching Type Matching Size All Types Array Mode Offsets Continuous Show Dialog Variable Name Hand over Take over

35) After the variable is linked, a small arrow pointing to the upper right part appears in the lower left part of the variable name. As shown in the following figure, the name of the variable not linked is displayed on the left and the name of the linked variable is displayed on the right.

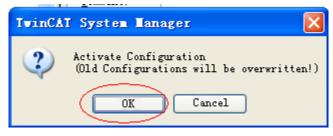




36) Click Generate mapping, Check Configuration, and Activate Configuration in turn, as shown in 1,2, and 3 in the figure.

<mark>男</mark> 无标题 - IwinCAI System Manager	- 'CX-1	429EE'				
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>A</u> ctions <u>V</u> iew <u>O</u> ptions <u>H</u> elp		\frown				
: D 🗳 📽 🔒 🍜 📐 🕺 🛍 🛱 🔒 (M 👌 💻		L 👧 💱 🔨 💽 🗣	EQ 02 6	6 🍢 🕵 🧶 👔 🥐	
G. Cin Device 2 (EL6751)	~	Variable Fla	s Online			
, Device 2 (EL6751)-Image 		1 2 3	s Unline			
Box 1 (IS620P Servo Driver)		Name:	6081			
🗐 😂 🖬 Inputs		Type:	UDINT			
			Outputs	Size:	4.0	
🔍 🔍 Outputs		Group:	-]		
□ TxPDO 1		Address:	3 (0x3)	<u>U</u> ser ID:	0	
	-	Linked to	MAIN. VelSet . Outputs .	. Standard . ex	ample	
in transformer 1 transformer		<u>C</u> omment:			<u>^</u>	
inputs ⇒filters						
6064						
i⊒∎↑ TxPDO 3						
E RxPDO 1	=					
🚍 🗣 Outputs 						
6060					<u></u>	
E RxPDO 2		ADS Info:	Port: 300, IGrp: 0x8002	2, IOffs: 0x3,	Len: 4	
						·
🔂 607A						
☐ ☐ Mappings ☐ ☐ example (Standard) - Device 2	(WI 67E1					
example (Standard) - Device 2						
	<u>~</u>					
<	>					
Server (Port) Timestamp	Message					
TcSysSrv (2006-1-1 21:17:47 536 ms						
€ TcSysSrv (2006-1-1 21:15:51 132 ms	TwinCAT Sy:	stem Config mode	requested from AmsNetId	1: 32799 port 1	92. 168. 90. 49	
Check the active configuration				<u>x-</u>	1429EE (5.20.41.238.1.1	Free Kun

37) In the dialog box that is displayed. Click **OK**.



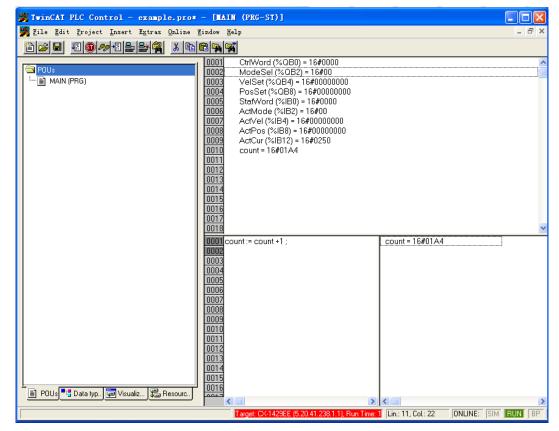
38) In the dialog box that is displayed. Click **OK**.

TwinCAT System Manager	×
Restart TwinCAT System in Run	Mode

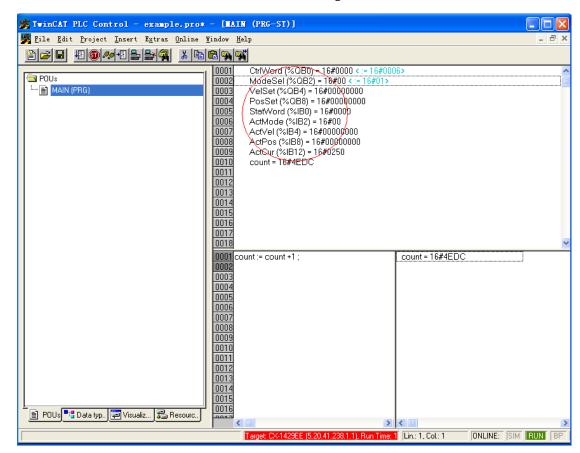
39) Open the project created using the TwinCAT PLC Control software and choose **Online** > **Login** or press **F11**. The following dialog box is displayed, click **Yes**.

📕 TwinCAT PLC Control - exampl	e.pro* - [MAIN (PRG-ST)]	
🥦 <u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>P</u> roject <u>I</u> nsert E <u>x</u> tras	Qnline Window Melp	_ 8 ×
≧ ⊭ ∎ ∎ 🗐 🚧		
POUs Train (PRG)	0001/PROGRAM MAIN 0002 VAR 0003 CtrlWord AT%Q*: UINT; 0004 ModeSel AT%Q*: SINT; 0005 VelSet AT%Q*: UINT; 0006 PosSet AT%Q*: DINT; 0007 0008 StatWord AT%I*: UINT; 0009 ActMode AT%I*: UINT; 0010 ActMode AT%I*: DINT; 0011 ActPos AT%I*: DINT; 0011 ActPos AT%I*: DINT; 0011 ActCur AT%I*: DINT; 00112 ActCur AT%I*: DINT;	
	Image: TwinCAI PLC Control The program has changed! Download the new program? Tes No Cancel 10004 10005 10006	>
		>
🖹 POUs 📲 Data typ., 📮 Visualiz 🜮 R	Implementation of task 'Standard' POU indices:89 (4%) Size of used data: 40 of 1048576 bytes (0.00%) Size of used retain data: 0 of 32768 bytes (0.00%) 0 Error(s), 0 Warning(s). esourc.	
	Target: CK-1429EE (5.20.41.2381.1), Run Time: 1 TwinCAT Running Lin: 11, Col.: 22	ONLINE:

40) Choose **Online** > **Run** or press **F5** to run the PLC program.



41) Perform forced write-in commissioning manually. The method is similar to that for a Schneider master.



Double-click a variable defined in the circle marked in the figure and enter a value.

42) Click OK.

Vrite Variable 'CtrlVord'	
<u>O</u> ld Value: 16#0006	ОК
New <u>V</u> alue: 16#0006	Cancel
	<u>R</u> emove

A new value included in square brackets appears behind the original variable. Choose Online > Force Values or press F7 and write the value in a forced way.

Set 6060h to 1, 6081h to 100, and 607Ah to 10485760 (10 rounds) and set 6040h to 6, 7, 47(0x2f), and 63(0x3f) in turn. The motor starts running.

♦ For the same variable, each time when a value is written, the "Force Values" reference is executed. You can enter values for different variables and execute the "Force Values" reference once.

When a new position or velocity reference is required, write the new reference and set 6040h to 47(0x2f) and 63(0x3f) in turn. The motor runs to the position according to the new reference no



- matter whether execution of the previous reference is complete.
- NOTE
- To stop the motor, set 6040h to 0.
- Do not enter values forcibly. In the toolbar, choose Online > Release Force or press Shift + F7. Variables are no longer entered and follow the logic of the PLC program.
- 43) In the toolbar, choose **Online** > **Stop** to stop execution of the PLC program. Choose **Online** > **Logout** to continue to edit the PLC program or exit.

7.3 Connecting to Inovance H3U CANopen Master

1) Open AutoShop and double click **CAN** protocol type to select CANopen master in the communication port of project management interface. Set the station No. and baud rate of the master.

rt Setting	
Protocol	
CANopen CANlink	
Communicate Param	
Station No.	
Vpper computer setting 🔲 Dial Setting	
Station NO. ≤ 63 1 \leq Station NO. ≤ 63	
-Baud Rate	
Vpper computer setting 🔲 Dial Setting	
Baud 500 V Kbps	
lease right click to add the main config.	

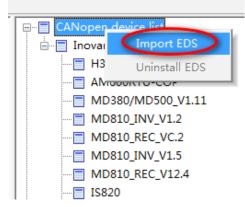
2) Right click CAN (CANopen) and select Add CAN Config in the context menu.



3) Double click the H3U master icon on the CANopen configuration interface to open the master configuration interface, in which you can set parameters including synchronization and heartbeat parameters. The servo drive is controlled by the H3U axis-control commands through PDF communication. The PDO adopts synchronization mode by default between Inovance IS620/IS820 series servo drives and the H3U master. Therefore, you need to select **Enable synchronous production** in this interface and set the synchronization cycle (15 ms for 8 axes) as needed.

	H3U
Remote Windows Help	
🖬 🖬 🔤 🖻 🕨 🗖 📥 🔔	Master Information Network State
HE #F HTE HUE HSE FCE () FAI F	Network Management
	Node ID: 63
63	Baud Rate(bit/s): 500Kbps 🗸
	The program is running prohibited SDO, NMT access
	Synchronous
Double click this icon to open the	Enable Synchronous Production
CANopen master configuration interface and set as needed.	COB-ID: 16# 80
interface and secus needed.	Production Time(ms): 300
	Synchronization Cyde(ms): 200
	Window Length(ms): 0
	SDO Timeout
	Enable Site Monitor
	Timeout: 500 ms Monitor Register Start Address(D): 7800
	Automatic Allocation PDO Map Register
	V Automatic Allocation
	V Automatic Allocation
	Slaves receives the map registers start address (D): 7000 Reset PDO Map register
	Slaves send the map register start address(D): 7400

4) If the EDS file needed is not on the CANopen device list, add the EDS needed. Right click "CANopen device list" and select **Import EDS** in the context menu. Then select the target EDS file in the pop-up dialog box and click **Open**. The device added will be displayed on the **CANopen device list** on the right.



5) Double click IS620 in the **CANopen device list** to add CANopen slave devices. Then double click the IS620 icon in the configuration to open the slave configuration parameter list.

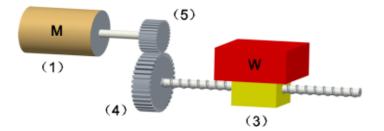
63	H3U		
		set the axis parameters	

- 6) The axis parameter setting interface is shown below, which includes **Set the axis parameters** and **Set the homing** interfaces.
- Set the axis parameters

For the device without reducer, set the gear ratio to 1:1. Set the "Pulses per motor revolution" and "Distance per motor revolution" correctly based on the following formula:

 $Pulse = \frac{Pulses per motor revolution (1)}{Distance per motor revolution (3)} \times moving distance (display unit)$

Applications with reducer are shown as below:



The calculation formula is as below:

Pulse = Pulses per motor revolution (1) x Motor gear ratio (5) Distance per motor revolution (3) x Working gear ratio (4) x moving distance (display unit)

Set the homing

The range of the homing mode is 1 to 35. The parameters and object dictionaries of homing speed, homing acceleration, and homing proximity speed are calculated based on the following formula:

Object dictionary value = $\frac{Pulses \text{ per motor revolution (1) x Motor gear ratio (5)}}{Distance \text{ per motor revolution (3) x Working gear ratio (4)}} \times Software tool setpoint (display unit)$

		Debug		I\O Mar	ning		Modul	.e inform	ation
	Slave Nod		he axis p		Receive PDO	Send H			e Data Objects
ax	is paramete set the	ers homing para							
	ł	noming method:	Homing me	tho 🔻	hom	ing mode:	Absolute	homii 👻	
		noming velocity:	10	mm/s	homing acc	eleration:	100		mm/s^2
		closing velocity:	-	mm/s	homin	g timeout:	50000		ms
		Homing sv Positive	vitch Sign limit swite		H 1			_	
		Deceleration is invalid , Po switch is	ositive lim not met	it			н		
		Deceleration p is invalid , Enc positive lim	ountered				-н		
			ration poir al is valid	nt					

The relation between preceding parameters and object dictionaries is shown in the following table.

Index	Sub-index	Data Type	Description	Unit
6068h	0	SINT	Homing method	-
6099h	1	UDINT	Homing speed	Reference unit/s
6099h	2	UDINT	Homing proximity speed	Reference unit/s
609Ah	0	UDINT	Homing acceleration	Reference unit/s ²
60E6h	0	USINT	Zero attaining method	-

7) Interactions between the object dictionaries in CANopen 402 motion control commands that need to be operated and the slaves are performed in DOP mode. These object dictionaries, which are 6040h (Control word), 6041h (Status word), 6060 (Control word), 6061 (Current control mode), 6081h (Target velocity in profile position mode), 607Ah (Target position in profile position mode), 60FFh (Target velocity in speed mode), 6064h (Current position), and 606Ch (Current speed), must be configured as required below. Otherwise, axis configuration may fail during calling axis control commands.



It is recommended to set the PDO communication to synchronization mode to prevent frame loss during communication. In synchronization mode, synchronous production must be enabled in the master configuration. Keep the network load rate below 70% to ensure stable communication.

Network load rate =
$$\frac{328 \text{ x Number of axes + 79}}{\text{Baud rate x Synchronization cycle}} \times 100\%$$

Configuration for receive PDO:

	Debug		I/	O Mapp:	ing		Mod	ule information
Slave	Node	set the axi	s parameters		Receive PDO		Send PDO	Service Data Object
NO.	Name		Index	c	Sub-In	Bit N	ю.	
V 1	1. recei	ve PDO parame	ter 16#1	1400				
	Contro	olword	16#6	040	16#00	16		
	Target	t velocity	16#6	OFF	16#00	32		
	Modes	of operation	16#6	060	16#00	8		
V 2	2. recei	ve PDO parame	ter 16#:	1401				
	Target	t position	16#6	07A	16#00	32		
		velocity	16#6	081	16#00	32		
3	3. recei	ve PDO parame		1402				
4	4. recei	ve PDO parame	ter 16#1	1403				
		Add PDO m	apping		Edit		Delete	
							·	

The configuration for receive PDO must be performed in the following sequence.

Index	Sub-index	Name
6040h	0	Control word
60FFh ^[1]	0	Target velocity
6060h	0	Modes of operation
607ah	0	Target postion
6081h	0	Profile velocity

Synchronization mode is recommended for PDO communication. The mode for setting slave synchronous PDO communication is as follows.

			ng		odule information
Node set t	he axis para	meters	Receive PDO	D Send PDO	Service Data Object
Name		Index	Sub-In	Bit NO.	
1. receive PDO p	arameter	16#1400	Double	click the group No.	
Controlword		16#6040	16#00	16	
Target velocity		16#60FF	16#00	32	
Modes of operat	ion	16#6060	16#00	8	
2. receive PDO p	arameter	16#1401			
Transmission Type:	Loop-sync(Ty	pe 1-240)	-	Set the transmissio	on type to (Type 1 -240)
nchronization NO.:	1		•	Set the synchroniz	ation No. to 1.
sion Time(x 100us):	0				
Event Time(x 1ms):	0				
	receive PDO p Controlword Target velocity Modes of operat 2. receive PDO p perty COB-ID(16#): Transmission Type: ynchronization NO.: sion Time(x 100us):	receive PDO parameter Controlword Target velocity Modes of operation receive PDO parameter perty COB-ID(16#): 201	I. receive PDO parameter 16#1400 Controlword 16#6040 Target velocity 16#606FF Modes of operation 16#6060 2. receive PDO parameter 16#1401 perty COB-ID(16#): 201 Transmission Type: Loop=sync(Type 1-240) unchronization NO.: 1	I. receive PDO parameter 16#1400 Double Controlword 16#6040 16#00 Target velocity 16#60FF 16#00 Modes of operation 16#60FF 16#00 2. receive PDO parameter 16#1401 16#00 perty COB-ID(16#): 201	I. receive PDO parameter 16#1400 Double c lick the group No. Controlword 16#6040 16#00 16 Target velocity 16#60FF 16#00 32 Modes of operation 16#6060 16#00 8 2. receive PDO parameter 16#1401

NOTE

This object dictionary can be replaced by other object dictionaries when command MCMOVVEL or MCJOG is not used, but the length must be 0x20.

Configuration for transmit PDO

	Debug			I\0	Mappi	ng		Mod	lule information
Slave	Node	set the a	cis para	neters		Receive PDO		Send PDO	Service Data Objec
NO.	Name			Index		Sub-In	Bit N	0.	
V 1	1. trans	mit PDO para	meter	16#18	00				
	Status			16#604		16#00	16		
	Digital	inputs		16#60F	D	16#00	32		
		of operation di	splay	16#606	1	16#00	8		
V 2	2. trans	mit PDO para	meter	16#18	01				
	Positio	n actual value		16#606	4	16#00	32		
	Velocit	y actual value		16#606	С	16#00	32		
3	3. trans	mit PDO para	meter	16#18	02				
4	4. trans	mit PDO para	meter	16#18	03				

The configuration for transmit PDO must be performed in the following sequence.

Index	Sub-index	Name
6041h	0	Status word
60fdh ^[1]	0	Digital inputs
6061h	0	Modes of operation
6064h ^[2]	0	Position actual value
606ch	0	Velocity actual value

The mode for setting synchronous mode of transmit PDO is similiar to that for PDO receive.

- [1] This object dictionary can be replaced by other object dictionaries, but the length must be 0x20.
- [2] This object dictionary can be replaced by 60FCh.

The preceding configuration sequence applies to EDS by default. Pay attention to the preceding configuration sequence when adding new objects. If the sequence is wrong, H3U axis control commands cannot be used. The preceding configuration sequence does not apply to PLCs made by other manufacturers.

8) Download the CANopen configuration to H3U. H3U starts slave configuration based on the preceding configurations. The configuration process is performed according to the object dictionaries listed in the "Service data object" interface. To check this interface, select **Enable expert setting** in **Slave Node** interface.

Slave Node set the axis parameters Receive PDO Send PDO Service Data Object Convention Node ID: 1 - Image: I	Debug		I/O M	Mapping	Mod	ule information
Node ID: 1	Slave Node	set the axis	; parameters	Receive PDO	Send PDO	Service Data Object
Node ID: 1						
✓ Enable Expert setting	Convention					
	Node ID: 1	•				
Ignore error and continue configuring SDO						

IS620_V056

	Debug		I/O M	Mapping		Mod	lule inform	nation	
Slave 1	Node	set the axi	s parameters	Receive PDO		Send PDO	Servio	e Data Obje	cts
NO.	Index	Sub-In	Name		Valu	e	Bit NO.	Download	1
1	16#1000	16#00	Device type	1	0x00	0020192	32	*	
2	16#1018	16#01	Vendor ID	1	0x00	00003B9	32		
3	16#1018	16#02	Product code	1	0x00	00D0107	32		
4	16#1018	16#03	Revision number	1	0x19	9203800	32		
5	16#1400	16#01	Disable PDO	1	0x80	0000201	32	*	
6	16#1401	16#01	Disable PDO	1	0x80	0000301	32	*	=
7	16#1402	16#01	Disable PDO	1	0x80	0000401	32	*	
8	16#1403	16#01	Disable PDO	1	0x80	0000501	32	*	
•	16#1600	16 #00	Clear DDO manain	-	00			*	- 11

Online monitoring on the device states and read/write of slave object dictionaries are allowed by H3U during commissioning.

Slave Node		xis parameters	Receive PDO	Send PDO	Service Data Object
Debug		I/0	Mapping	M	odule information
NMTCommand					
Start No	de	Stop Node	Pre-run		Chart Marilar
Reset No	ode	Reset Communicati	on		Start Monitor
Service Data	Objects(SDO)	Write the index/sub	o-index of the targe	t object dictionary	Click to start monitorin
Index16#:	-		Subindex 16#:	•	
Value:		Hex			
Result:				Click Read SDO	or Write SDO as needed
Result:		ead SDO	Write SDO	Click Read SDO	or Write SDO as needed
Result:		ead SDO	Write SDO	Click Read SDO	or Write SDO as needed
Result: Diagnosis		ead SDO	Write SDO	Click Read SDO	or Write SDO as needed
			Write SDO	Click Read SDO	or Write SDO as needed
Diagnosis	e:			Click Read SDO	or Write SDO as needed
Diagnosis Online Stat Diagnostic Stri	e:	S		Click Read SDO	or Write SDO as needed
Diagnosis Online Stat Diagnostic Stri	e: ng: v error message		SDO Error Steps:	Click Read SDO	
Diagnosis Online Stat Diagnostic Stri Emergency	e: ng: v error message		SDO Error Steps:		
Diagnosis Online Stat Diagnostic Stri Emergency	e: ng: v error message		SDO Error Steps:		

Shenzhen Inovance Technology Co., Ltd.

Add.: Building E, Hongwei Industry Park, Liuxian Road, Baocheng No. 70 Zone, Bao'an District, Shenzhen Tel: +86-755-2979 9595 Fax: +86-755-2961 9897 Service Hotline: 400-777-1260 http://www.inovance.com

Suzhou Inovance Technology Co., Ltd.

Add.: No. 16 Youxiang Road, Yuexi Town, Wuzhong District, Suzhou 215104, P.R. China Tel: +86-512-6637 6666 Fax: +86-512-6285 6720 Service Hotline: 400-777-1260 http://www.inovance.com



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