

IS810N-INT Series Servo System User Manual (Brief)





A00 Data code: 19010531

Preface

Thank you for purchasing the IS810N-INT series servo drive.

The IS810N-INT series is a high-performance AC servo drive for small and medium power applications. The power of the IS810N-INT series ranges from 100 W to 75 kW. It supports MODBUS, CANopen, and CANlink communication protocols, which allows networking of multiple IS810N-INT drives controlled by a host controller via the corresponding communication port. The IS810N-INT is easy to use due to the functions of stiffness table setting, inertia auto-tuning and vibration suppression. It works together with Inovance ISMH series small/medium-inertia high-response servo motor configured with a 20-bit incremental encoder or 23-bit multi-turn absolute encoder, making running stable and quiet and positioning control more accurate. This servo drive is able to implement rapid and accurate position, speed, and torque control, and is applicable for such automation equipment as gravure press machines, flexo printing machines, corrugated paper printing equipment, semiconductor manufacturing equipment, chip mounters, PCB punching machines, transport machinery, food processing machinery, machine tools and conveying machinery.

This User Guide describes how to use the IS810N-INT series servo drive, covering safety information, mechanical and electrical installation, commissioning and maintenance. Read and understand this User Guide before use. If you have doubts about some functions or performance, contact the technical support personnel of Inovance.

The instructions in this User Guide are subject to change without notice due to product upgrade, specification modification, as well as efforts to increase the accuracy and convenience of the User Guide.

Authorised distributors shall deliver this User Guide a long with equipment to end users.



Unpacking and Check

Upon unpacking:

Check	Description
Whether the delivered product is consistent with your order	The box contains the equipment, and the IS810N User Guide.
	Verify the model according to the servo motor and servo drive nameplates.
Whether the product is damaged	Check the appearance of the product. If there is anything missing or damaged, contact Inovance or your supplier immediately.
Whether the rotating shaft of the servo motor rotates smoothly	Normally, the shaft of the servo motor can be rotated manually, unless the servo motor is configured with a brake.



Change History

Date	Version	Description
July 2017	A00	First release

§ Approvals

Certification marks on the product nameplate indicate compliance with the corresponding certificates and standards.

Certification	Mark	Directives		Standard	
		EMC	2014/20/EU	AC servo drive	EN 61800-3
		directives	2014/30/EU	AC servo motor	EN 60034-1
CE			2014/25/EU	AC servo drive	EN61800-5-1
	JJ	LVD directives	2014/35/EU	AC servo motor	EN 60034-1
		RoHS directives	2011/65/EU	EN 5	0581
	4 S (1)			AC servo drive	EN61800-5-1
TUV	TUV SUD transferri	-		AC servo motor	EN 60034-1

Note:

- The preceding EMC directives are complied with only when the EMC electric installation requirements are strictly observed.
- Machines and devices used together with this drive must also be CE certified and marked. The integrator who integrates the drive with the CE mark into other devices has the responsibility to ensure CE standard compliance and verify that conditions meet European standards. The installer of the drive is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations on wiring, circuit fuse protection, earthing, accident prevention and electromagnetic (EMC regulations). In particular, fault discrimination for preventing fire risks and solid earthing practices must be adhered to for electrical safety (also for good EMC practice).
- For more information about certification, consult our distributor or sales representative.

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Chapter 1 Safety Information and Precautions

This manual includes notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety and prevent property damages. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

It indicates that failure to comply with the notice may result in a severe personal injury or even death.



It indicates that failure to comply with the notice may result in a minor or moderate personal injury or equipment damage.

1.1 General Safety

This section describes precautions on acceptance, storage, transportation, installation, wiring, running, inspection, and disposal of the product.

	DANGER
•	After the power is off for five minutes and the power indicator turns off, measure and check the voltage between
	P⊕ and ⊙ using a multimeter, and then install or uninstall the drive. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock
* * *	due to residual voltage. Use the power from the TN/TT grid rather than the IT grid for the drive. Failure to comply may result in electric shocks. Do not touch the internal components of the drive. Failure to comply may result in electric shocks. Insulate connection parts of the power terminals. Failure to comply may result in electric shocks. Ground the terminal of the drive (D-class grounding). Failure to comply may result in electric shocks. Do not damage the cables, lay them under large tension or pressure, or hang them. Failure to comply may result in equipment stop or damages.
•	Only specified persons are allowed to set, uninstall, and repair the drive. Failure to comply may result in electric shocks or personal injuries.
•	Do not remove the cover, cables, connectors, or options when the drive is live. Failure to comply may result in electric shocks.
*	Periorm a triar run according to the procedure required in the manual. Improper operations when the servo motor is connected to the drive result in mechanical damages and even personal injuries.
•	Do not change the maximum speed (H00-15) except for special purpose. Changing this value improperly may cause mechanical damages or personal injurvies.
•	After power-on or within a short time after power-off, do not touch the heatsink of the servo drive, external regenerative resistor, or servo motor as they may get very hot and there is a risk of burns. Take safety measures, for example, installing the housing, to prevent hands or components such as cables from contacting these high-temperature components.
•	Avoid contact with the rotating part of the servo motor when it is running. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
•	Before operating the equipment, enable emergency stop of the connected servo motor. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
* *	Install a stop device on the mechanical side to ensure safety. The brake (if available) of the servo motor is not used as the stop device. Lacking the stop device may result in personal iniuries.
•	The machine may restart if power supply is restored after an instantaneous power failure occurs when it is running. Do not get close to the machine in this period.
*	Do not alter the drive. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries or mechanical damages. Install the servo drive, motor, and external regenerative resistor on incombustible objects. Failure to comply may result in a fire.
•	Connect the electromagnetic contactor and non-fuse circuit breaker between the power supply and main circuit of the drive (L1 and L2 for single-phase; R, S, and T for three-phase). Otherwise, large current may not be cut off when a fault occurs in the drive, resulting in a fire.
•	Prevent compustible objects such as oil and grease and conductive objects such as screw and metal sheet from entry into the servo drive and motor. Failure to comply may result in a fire.

1.2 Acceptance Precautions

Item	Description
Whether the delivered product is consistent with your order	The box contains the equipment and the IS810N user guide. Verify the model according to the servo motor and servo drive nameplates.
Whether the product is damaged	Check the overall appearance of the product. If there is anything missing or damaged, contact Inovance or your supplier immediately.
Whether the rotating shaft of the servo motor rotates smoothly	Normally, the shaft of the servo motor can be rotated manually, unless it is configured with a brake.

1.3 Storage and Transportation Precautions

- Do not store or lay the equipment in the following environment conditions. Failure to comply will result in a fire, electric shock or equipment damage.
- Direct sunlight; Ambient temperature exceeding the required condition; Relative humidity exceeding the required condition Large temperature fluctuation and condensation Close to corrosive and combustible gas Heavy dust, dirt, salt, and metal powder Water, oil, and drug drop Vibration and impact transmitted to main body Do not move the equipment by holding the cables or motor shaft. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries or equipment damages.
- Do not stack drives. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries or equipment damages.

1.4 Installation Precautions

- Do not install the drive in an environment with water or corrosive gas.
- Do not subject the drive to combustibles. Failure to comply may result in an electric shock or a fire.
- Do not sit on the drive or put heavy objects on it. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
- Install the drive inside a cabinet with fire and electric protection. Failure to comply may result in a fire.
- Ensure good ventilation and prevent entry of foreign objects. Otherwise, aging of internal components may accelerate, causing a fault or fire.
- Install the drive in the required direction. Failure to comply may result in faults.
- Ensure that there is specified gap between the drive, cabinet internal surface, and other devices. Failure to comply will result in a fire or fault.
- Do not put much weight onto the product. Failure to comply may result in faults.

1.5 Wiring Precautions

- NEVER connect a power supply to the output terminals U, V, and W of the drive. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries or a fire.
- Connect the U, V, and W cables of the drive to the U, V, and W terminals of the motor directly. Do not connect an electromagnetic contactor. Failure to comply may result in faults.
- When connecting DO terminals to relays, pay attention to the polarity of the flywheel diode. Otherwise, the drive will be damaged and signal output becomes abnormal.



- Connect the power terminals and motor terminals securely. Failure to comply may result in a fire.
- Do not lead the power cable and signal cables through the same duct or bundle them together. Separate power cables at least 30 cm from signal cables.
- Use the twisted shielded cables as the signal cables and encoder cables, and ground both ends of the shield.
- The maximum length of reference input cables is 3 m, and that of encoder cables is 20 m.
- Wait at least five minutes before touching the power terminals because high voltage may still be present in the servo drive after the power is switched off.
- Perform check after confirming that the CHARGE indicator is OFF.
- Do not switch on/off the power frequently. If repeated power-on/off operations are required, perform an operations at an interval of at least one minute.
- The servo drive contains a capacitor in the power supply module, and a high current flows for 0.2 second after the servo drive is switched on/off. Frequently switching on/off the servo drive will deteriorate the performance of the main circuit components inside the drive.
- Observe the following precautions when wiring the main circuit:
 - 1. Remove the connectors from the drive when wiring.
 - 2. Only one cable can be inserted into one interface of the connector. Prevent short-circuit between the core and adjacent cables when inserting the cable.
 - 3. Do not connect a 220 V drive to a 380 V power supply. Failure to comply will result in damages to the drive.
 - Connect the cables correctly and securely. Failure to comply may make the motor out of control, or cause personal injuries or faults.
 - 5. Use the specified power supply. Otherwise, the drive may be damaged.
 - 6. When the power supply is poor, ensure that voltage fluctuation is within the permissible range. Failure to comply may result in damages to the equipment.

- 7. Configure safety devices such as circuit breakers to prevent a short-circuit in the external circuit. Failure to comply may result in a fire.
- Take appropriate shielding measures in the following scenarios to prevent equipment damages:
 - 1. Interference occurs due to static electricity.
 - 2. There is a strong electric field or magnetic field.
 - 3. There may be radiation.
 - 4. Power cables are installed nearby.

1.6 Running Precautions

- During a trial run, make the servo motor unloaded (not connected to the drive shaft) to prevent accidents. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
- When the servo motor is installed on a supporting machine, preset user parameters matching the machine. Running the servo drive without parameter settings may make the machine out of control or cause faults.
- During home return, the forward limit switch (P-OT) and reverse limit switch (N-OT) signals are inactive.
- When the servo motor drives the vertical axis, configure a safety device to prevent the work from falling on conditions such as warning or sensing the limit switch. Set servo off when the motor senses the limit switch to prevent the work from falling.
- When online auto-tuning is not used, set the correct load inertia ratio to prevent vibration.
- After power-on or within a short time after power-off, do not touch the heatsink of the servo drive, external regenerative resistor, and servo motor as they may get very hot. There is a risk of burns.
- Inappropriate user parameter adjustment makes the servo system instable. Do not perform such operations. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
- When a warning occurs, resolve the causes and ensure safety before resetting the warning, and then start running again. Failure to comply may result in personal injuries.
- Do not use the motor's own brake for general braking. Failure to comply may result in faults.

1.7 Maintenance Precautions

- Only by professional personnel are allowed to turn on/off the power switch.
- When performing the insulation resistor test on the drive, disconnect all connections to the drive. Otherwise, faults will occur in the drive.
- Do not use oil, diluent, alcohol, or acid or alkaline detergent to prevent housing discoloring or damages.
- When replacing the drive, migrate the user parameters of the drive to be replaced to the new drive, and then run the new drive. Otherwise, the drive may be damaged.
- Do not change wiring when the drive is live. Failure to comply may result in electric shocks or personal injuries.
- Do not dismantle the servo motor. Failure to comply may result in electric shocks or personal injuries.

1.8 Check Item and Period

1.8.1 Normal Use Conditions

The required environment conditions are as follows:

Average ambient temperature: 30°C;

Average load ratio: below 80%;

D aily running time: less than 20 hours.

Perform daily and periodic checks according to the following table.

Туре	Period	Check Item		
		Check the ambient temperature, humidity, dust, and foreign objects.		
	Day	Check whether there is abnormal vibration and noise.		
		Check whether the mains voltage is normal.		
Daily check		Check whether there is unexpected odor.		
		Check whether the air vent is stuck with fiber threads.		
		Check whether the front end and connectors of the drive are clean.		
		Check whether there are foreign objects on the load side.		
	Year	Check whether the fastening parts become loose.		
		Check whether the machine overheats.		
Periodic check		Check whether the terminal block is damaged.		
		Check whether the fastening parts of the terminal block become		
		loose.		

1.8.2 Prohibition

The machine can be dismantled and repaired only by Inovance.

The electrical and electronic components inside the servo system will suffer mechanical wearing and aging after a long time of use. Replace the servo drive and motor according to the instructions in the following table. If replacement is required, contact the dealer or Inovance first to check whether the components need to be replaced.

Object	Туре	General Replacing Period	Remarks	
	Bus filter capacitor	About 5 years		
	Cooling fan	2 to 3 years (10,000 to 30,000 hours)		
Drive	Aluminum electrolytic capacitor on the circuit board	About 5 years	The general replacing	
Dive	Pre-charge relay	About 100,000 times (depending on the use conditions)	reference. Even if the general	
	Pre-charge resistor	About 20,000 times (depending on the use conditions)	not reached, the components can	
	Bearing	3 to 5 years (20,000 to 30,000 hours)	abnormalities occur.	
	Oil seal	5,000 hours		
Motor	Aotor Encoder 3 to 5 years (20,000 to 30,	3 to 5 years (20,000 to 30,000 hours)		
	Absolute encoder battery	Depending on the use conditions		

1.8.3 Disposal Precautions

When disposing the product, observe any applicable regulations or laws on recycling and reuse of electronic products.

1.9 Usage Precautions

- This drive is a general industrial product, and is not designed for use in machinery or systems on which lives depend.
- Wiring, operation, maintenance, and inspection of the product can only be conducted by qualified person.
- When selecting the screw tightening torque, consider the strength of the screw and material of the installation part. Select a proper torque to tightly fasten a screw without damaging the installation part.
- Install a proper safety device when this product is to be used on machinery which may cause serious accident or loss due to failures of the product.
- Contact Inovance when this product is to be used for atomic energy control, aerospace equipment, transport equipment, medical appliances, safety devices, or other equipment that require high cleanliness.
- Although this product has passed all QC tests, it may react unexpectedly due to faults arising from ambient noise, static electricity, input power supply, wiring, parts, and so on. Take mechanical safety measures into fully consideration to ensure safety in the application site where all possible actions of the equipment occur.
- When the motor shaft rotates without being grounded, the motor bearing may suffer from electric corrosion or emit louder noise based on the actual mechanical and installation conditions.
- Faults of this product may cause smoke. Pay special attention to such condition when the product is used in purification workshop or other similar environmentss.
- Chip resistor disconnection or poor contact may occur due to sulfuration reaction if the product is used in an environment with dense sulphur or sulfuretted gas.
- Inputting a voltage far stronger than the rated voltage may cause damages to the internal components, thus resulting in smoke or even a fire.
- End users shall decide whether the servo drive matches the structure, size, service life, features, specification change of the equipment where the servo drive is to be installed and its parts, and whether complies with local laws and regulations.
- Note that use of this product beyond its specifications is not guaranteed.
- Some components of this product may be subject to change as we are dedicated to continuous improvement of the product.

Chapter 2 Product Information

An MD810 power supply unit must be purchased before the use of this product. For information about the specifications of the power supply unit, refer to the User Guide MD810 Series AC Drive Multi-axis System.

2.1 Drive Unit

2.1.1 Designation Rules and Nameplate



Figure 2-2 Production serial number of drive unit

<u>01050193 4 H 7 00001</u>

Mark	Internal Code
01*****	Machine material code
	•
Mark	Manufacturer Code
4	Suzhou Inovance Technology
	(
Mark	Year
9	2009
А	2010
в	2011
6	2011

Mark	Serial Number
00001	The 1 st set in the current month
00002	The 2 nd set in the current month
00003	The 3 rd set in the current month
	The N th set in the current month
Range: 0000	1 to 99999

Mark	Month
1	Jan.
2	Feb.
3	Mar.
	*month
A	Oct.
В	Nov.
С	Dec.

Example: (S/N:010501934H700001) The machine manufacturing date is July 2017.

2.1.2 Components of Drive Unit

And so on

Description: I/L/O/Q is not used



2.1.3 Specifications

1) Electrical Specifications

Three-phase 380 V

Item			SIZE-1				SIZE-2	
Drive model IS810N	T3R5	T5R4	T8R4	T0	12	T017	T021	T026
Continuous output current Arms	3.5	5.4	8.4	11	.9	16.5	20.8	25.7
Maximum output current Arms	8.5	14	20	2	8	42	55	65
Main circuit power supply	537 to 6	679 VDC)					
Control circuit power supply	24 VDC, +10% to -10%							
	SIZE-2							
Item			SIZE-2				SIZE-3	
Item Drive model IS810N	T032	T037	SIZE-2 T045	T060	T075	T091	SIZE-3 T112	T152
Item Drive model IS810N Continuous output current Arms	T032 32	T037 37	SIZE-2 T045 45	T060 60	T075 75	T091 91	SIZE-3 T112 112	T152 152
Item Drive model IS810N Continuous output current Arms Maximum output current Arms	T032 32 80	T037 37 92.5	SIZE-2 T045 45 112.5	T060 60 150	T075 75 187.5	T091 91 227.5	SIZE-3 T112 112 280	T152 152 380
Item Drive model IS810N Continuous output current Arms Maximum output current Arms Main circuit power supply	T032 32 80	T037 37 92.5	SIZE-2 T045 45 112.5	T060 60 150 537 to 6	T075 75 187.5 79 VDC	T091 91 227.5	SIZE-3 T112 112 280	T152 152 380

Note: SIZE-2 and SIZE-3 are being developed. If you have need them, contact Inovance.

2) Basic Specifications

	Item	Description			
			IGBT PWM control, sine wave current		
			drive mode		
	Control mode		380 V: three-phase full-wave		
			rectification		
			Inovance 20-bit serial incremental		
	Encoder feedba	ick	encoder		
			Inovance 23-bit serial absolute encoder		
			0-45°C (Derate it when the temperature		
		Operating temperature*1	is above 40°C, 1.5% deration per 1°C		
			rise, maximum operating temperature:		
Basicspecifications		01			
		Storage temperature	-40°C to 70°C		
		Operating/Storage	Below 90% RH (non-condensing)		
	Use conditions	Vibration/Impact			
		resistance	4.9 m/s², 19.6 m/s²		
		Degree of protection	IP20 (except the power terminal)		
		Pollution class	2		
			Below 1000 m. Derate it when the		
		Altitude	altitude is over 1000 m (1% deration		
			per 100 m rise, maximum operating		
		0	altitude: 3000 m).		
		Comm. protocol			
		Supported service	COE (PDO, SDO)		
		Sync. mode			
		Physical layer	100BASE-1X		
		Dupley mode			
		Topological structure	Ring linear		
	Racio	Transmission medium	Shielded CAT5E or better network cable		
	performance		< 100 M between two nodes (suitable		
	of EtherCAT	Transmission distance	environment with quality cables)		
	slave	Number of clouce	Up to 65535 by protocol, not exceeding		
			100 in actual use		
		EtherCAT frame length	44 to 1498 bytes		
		Process data	Up to 1486 bytes per frame		
		Sync. jitter of two slaves	< 1 us		
		Refresh time	1000 digital input/output: about 30 us		
			100 servo axes: about 100 us		
		Bit error rate	10-10 Ethernet standard		
		FMMU unit	8		
	EtherCAT	Memory sync.	8		
	configuration	management unit	9 KD		
	unit	Process data KAM			
		EEPROW Capacity	JZ NUIL		

Item			Description			
			8 DIs (HDI4 and HDI8 being high-speed			
			DI)			
			switchover			
			Main/auxiliary running reference switchover, multi-speed DI switchover, running direction selection, multi- reference switchover (4 DIs)			
			Zero clamp enable, position reference inhibited			
			Positive limit switch, negative limit switch			
	Digital input	Allowing signal allocation change	External positive torque limit, external negative torque limit			
	signal	(shared between two	Forward jog, reverse jog, step reference			
		shafts)	Handwheel multiplying factor signal 1, handwheel multiplying factor signal 2, handwheel enabled			
Input/Output signal			Electronic gear selection, torque reference direction selection, speed reference direction selection, position reference direction selection			
			Multi-position enable, position change on fly unlock, position change on fly inhibited			
			Home switch, homing function, braking			
			Position deviation cleared, internal speed limit selection, pulse reference inhibited			
			2 DOs			
			19 DO functions:			
			Servo ready, motor rotation output, zero speed signal			
		Allowing signal allocation change	Speed consistent, positioning completed, positioning near			
	signal	(shared between two	Torque limit, speed limit, brake output			
		shafts)	Warning output, fault output, fault code output (3-digit output)			
			Position change on fly completed, home attaining output, electrical home attaining output			
			Torque reached, speed reached			
Built-in functions	Stop at limit swi	tch	The servo drive stops immediately when P-OT or N-OT is active.			
	Electronic gear	ratio	0.1048576 ≤ B/A ≤ 419430.4			

	Item	Description
		Overcurrent, overvoltage, undervoltage
		Overload, main circuit detection abnormality
	Protection functions	Heatsink overheat, phase loss, overspeed
Built-in functions		Encoder abnormality, CPU abnormality, parameter abnormality, and so on.
	LED display	5-digit LED display indicating the main circuit charge
	Analog monitoring	Built-in analog monitoring connector for observing speed and torque reference signals
	Others	Gain adjustment, alarm recording, and jog running

Note*1: Install the drive unit within the operating temperature range. When the drive unit is installed in an electric cabinet, the temperature inside the cabinet must be within this range.

2.2 Servo Motor

2.2.1 Specifications of OneCable Servo Motor

1. Designation Rules and Nameplate

Figure 2-3 Designation rules and nameplate of servo motor





2. Specifications of Servo Motor

1) Motor Mechanical Specifications

Item	Description
Rated time	Continuous
Vibration level	V15
Insulation resistance	500 VDC, greater than 10 MΩ
Operating temperature	0–40°C
Excitation mode	Permanent magnetic
Installation method	Flange
Heat-resistance level	F
Housing protection mode	IP65
Operating humidity	20–80% (non-condensing)
Connection mode	Direct connection
Rotating direction	The motor rotates counterclockwise viewed from the load side (CCW) with the forward rotation command.

2) Motor Ratings

Model	Rated Output (kW)*1	Rated Torque (N•m)	Max. Torque (N•m)	Rated Current (A)	Max. Current (A)	Rated Speed (RPM)	Max. Speed (RPM)	Torque Coefficient (N•m/A)	Rotor Inertia (10-4 kg•m2)	Voltage (V)
ISMH										
ISMH2- 20C30CD- A351Y-Om19	2	6.36	19.1	5.89	20	2000	5000	1.08	3.06	
ISMH2- 20C30CD- A331Y-Om19	2	6.36	19.1	5.89	20	3000	5000	1.08	3.06	
ISMH3- 18C15CD- A351B-Om19	1.8	11.5	28.75	6.6	16.5	1500	2000	1.74	25.5	280
ISMH3- 18C15CD- A351B-Om24	1.8	11.5	28.75	6.6	16.5	1500	3000	1.74	25.5	360
ISMH3- 56C30CD- A351B-Om24	5	18	36	12	24	3000	3600	1.50	40	
ISMH3- 56C30CD- A331B-Om24	5	18	36	12	24	5000	5000	1.50	40	

Note*1: The motor with an oil seal must be derated by 20% during use.

These items and torque-speed characteristic values are obtained when the motor works together with Inovance drive units and the armature coil temperature is 20°C.

Load Ratio (%)	Running Time (s)	Load Ratio (%)	Running Time (s)
120	230	200	10
130	80	210	8.5
140	40	220	7
150	30	230	6
160	20	240	5.5
170	17	250	5
180	15	300	3
190	12		

3) Motor Overload Characteristics





Note:

The maximum torque of H3-18C15CD is 2.5 times the rated torque. The maximum torque of H3-56C30CD is 2 times the rated torque. The maximum torque of H2-20C30CD is 3 times the rated torque.

4) Motor Radial and Axial Loads

Figure 2-5 Motor radial and axial load diagram



Servo Motor Model	Allowed Radial Load (N)	Allowed Axial Load (N)
ISMH2-20C30CD-A331Y-Om19	696	106
ISMH2-20C30CD-A351Y-Om19	000	190
ISMH3-56C30CD-A331B-Om24	1176	202
ISMH3-56C30CD-A351B-Om24	1176	392
ISMH3-18C15CD-A351B-Om19	080	303
ISMH3-18C15CD-A351B-Om24	960	392

1. The power supply of the brake must not be shared with other electrical devices. This is to prevent malfunction of the brake due to voltage or current drop that occurs when other electrical devices work.

Cables of 0.5 mm² or greater in diameter are recommended.

- 5) Motor Torque-Speed Characteristics
- a) ISMH2 (low inertia, medium capacity)





А

10

20

Torque (N·m)

в

30

40

4000 3500 3000

2500



ISMH3-18C15CD

2.2.2 Specifications of the ISMH Servo Motor Series

1. Designation Rules and Nameplate

Figure 2-6 Designation rules and nameplate of servo motor



2. Servo Motor Specifications

1) Motor Mechanical Characteristics

Item	Description
Rated time	Continuous
Vibration level	V15
Insulation resistance	500 VDC, above 10 MΩ
Operating temperature	0–40°C
Excitation mode	Permanent magnetic
Mounting mode	Flange
Heat-resistance level	F
Housing protection mode	H1, H4: IP65 (except the shaft-through portion) Other: IP67
Operating humidity	20–80% (non-condensing)
Connection mode	Direct connection
Rotating direction	The motor rotates counterclockwise viewed from the load side (CCW) with the forward rotation command.

2) Motor Ratings

Model	Rated Output (kW)*1	Rated Torque (N•m)	Maximum Torque (N•m)	Rated Current (A)	Maximum Current (Arms)	Rated Speed (RPM)	Maximum Speed (RPM)	Torque Parameter (N•m/A)	Rotor Load Inertia (10-4 kg•m2)	Voltage (V)
			ISMH1 (V	n = 3000	RPM, Vmax	c = 6000 F	RPM)			
ISMH1-10B30CB- ***Z	0.1	0.32	0.96	1.1	3.3	3000	6000	0.298	0.046 (0.048)*2	
ISMH1-20B30CB- ***Z	0.2	0.63	1.91	1.6	5.12			0.50	0.149 (0.163)	
ISMH1-40B30CB- ***Z	0.4	1.27	3.82	2.8	8.96			0.50	0.25	220
ISMH1-55B30CB- ***Z	0.55	1.75	5.25	3.8	12.2			0.496	1.04	220
ISMH1-75B30CB- ***Z	0.75	2.39	7.16	4.80	15.10			0.57	1.3	
ISMH1-10C30CB- ***Z	1.0	3.18	9.55	7.6	24.5			0.485	1.7	
		B	SMH2 (Vn =	3000 RF	PM, Vmax =	6000/500	0 RPM)			
ISMH2-10C30CB- ***Y	1.0	3.18	9.54	7.5	23.00		6000	0.43	1.87 (3.12)	
ISMH2-15C30CB- ***Y	1.5	4.90	14.7	10.8	32.00		5000	0.45	2.46 (3.71)	220
ISMH2-10C30CD- ***Y	1.0	3.18	9.54	3.65	11.00	3000	6000	0.87	1.87	
ISMH2-15C30CD- ***Y	1.5	4.90	14.7	4.50	14.00		5000	1.09	2.46	380
ISMH2-20C30CD- ***Y	2.0	6.36	19.1	5.89	20.00			1.08	3.06	
ISMH2-25C30CD- ***Y	2.5	7.96	23.9	7.56	25.00			1.05	3.65	1
ISMH2-30C30CD- ***Y	3.0	9.8	29.4	10.00	30.00	3000	5000	0.98	7.72	380
ISMH2-40C30CD- ***Y	4.0	12.6	37.8	13.60	40.80	1		0.93	12.1	
ISMH2-50C30CD- ***Y	5.0	15.8	47.6	16.00	48.00			1.07	15.4	

Model	Rated Output (kW)*1	Rated Torque (N•m)	Maximum Torque (N•m)	Rated Current (A)	Maximum Current (Arms)	Rated Speed (RPM)	Maximum Speed (RPM)	Torque Parameter (N•m/A)	Rotor Load Inertia (10-4 kg•m2)	Voltage (V)			
			ISMH3 (V	n = 1500	RPM, Vmax	: = 3000 F	RPM)						
ISMH3-85B15CB- ***Y	0.85	5.39	13.5	6.60	16.50			0.9	13 (15.5)	220			
ISMH3-13C15CB- ***Y	1.3	8.34	20.85	10.00	25.00			0.9	19.3 (21.8)	220			
ISMH3-85B15CD-	0.85	5 30	13.5	3 30	8 25			1 75	13				
***Y	0.05	5.55	15.5	5.50	0.25			1.75	(15.5)				
ISMH3-13C15CD- ***Y	1.3	8.34	20.85	5.00	12.50	1500 300	1500		3000		1.78	19.3 (21.8)	
ISMH3-18C15CD- ***Y	1.8	11.5	28.75	6.60	16.50			3000		1.8	25.5 (28)		
ISMH3-29C15CD- ***Z	2.9	18.6	37.2	11.90	28.00			1.7	55 (57.2)	380			
ISMH3-44C15CD- ***Z	4.4	28.4	71.1	16.50	40.50			1.93	88.9 (90.8)				
ISMH3-55C15CD- ***Z	5.5	35.0	87.6	20.85	52.00					1.80	107 (109.5)	1	
ISMH3-75C15CD- ***Z	7.5	48.0	119	25.70	65.00			1.92	141 (143.1)				
ISMH4 (Vn = 3000 Rpm, Vmax = 6000 RPM)													
ISMH4-40B30CB- ***Z	0.4	1.27	3.82	2.80	10.10	2000	6000	0.50	0.653 (0.667)	220			
ISMH4-75B30CB- ***Z	0.75	2.39	7.16	4.80	15.10	3000	6000	0.57	2.02 (2.033)	220			

Note 1: The motor with an oil seal must be derated by 10% during use.

Note 2: Parameters in () are for a motor with a brake.

The parameter values in the preceding table are applicable when the motor works together with the Inovance servo drive and the armature coil temperature is 20°C.

The preceding table shows the characteristic parameters of the motor after a heatsink below is installed for the motor.

ISMH1/ISMH4: 250 × 250 × 6 mm (aluminum) ISMH2-10C to 25C: 300 × 300 × 12mm (aluminum) ISMH2-30C to 50C: 400 × 400 × 20mm (aluminum) ISMH3-85B to 18C: 400 × 400 × 20mm (iron) ISMH3-29C to 75C: 360 × 360 × 5mm (double aluminum plate)

3) Motor Overload Characteristics

Load Ratio (%)	Running Time (s)	Load Ratio (%)	Running Time (s)
120	230	200	10
130	80	210	8.5
140	40	220	7
150	30	230	6
160	20	240	5.5
170	17	250	5
180	15	300	3
190	12		





The maximum torque of H1, H2, and H4 are 3 times the rated torque.

Except for the 2.9 kW model, the maximum torque of H3 is 2.5 times the rated torque. The maximum torque of the 2.9 kW model is 2 times the rated torque.

4) Motor Radial and Axial Loads

Figure 2-8 Motor radial and axial load diagram



Axial load A direction Axial load B direction



Radial load P direction

Servo Motor Model	Allowed Radial Load (N)	Allowed Axial Load (N)	Servo Motor Model	Allowed Radial Load (N)	Allowed Axial Load (N)
ISMH1-10B30CB-***Z	78	54	ISMH2-40C30CD-***Y	1176	392
ISMH1-20B30CB-***Z	245	74	ISMH2-50C30CD-***Y	1176	392
ISMH1-40B30CB-***Z	245	74	ISMH3-85B15CB-***Y	490	98
ISMH1-55B30CB-***Z	392	147	ISMH3-13C15CB-***Y	686	343
ISMH1-75B30CB-***Z	392	147	ISMH3-85B15CD-***Y	490	98
ISMH1-10C30CB-***Z	392	147	ISMH3-13C15CD-***Y	686	343
ISMH2-10C30CB-***Y	686	196	ISMH3-18C15CD-***Y	980	392
ISMH2-15C30CB-***Y	686	196	ISMH3-29C15CD-***Z	1470	490
ISMH2-10C30CD-***Y	686	196	ISMH3-44C15CD-***Z	1470	490
ISMH2-15C30CD-***Y	686	196	ISMH3-55C15CD-***Z	1764	588
ISMH2-20C30CD-***Y	686	196	ISMH3-75C15CD-***Z	1764	588

Servo Motor Model	Allowed Radial Load (N)	Allowed Axial Load (N)	Servo Motor Model	Allowed Radial Load (N)	Allowed Axial Load (N)
ISMH2-25C30CD-***Y	686	196	ISMH4-40B30CB-***Z	245	74
ISMH2-30C30CD-***Y	980	392	ISMH4-75B30CB-***Z	392	147

5) Electrical Specifications of Motors with a Brake

Servo Motor Model	Holding Torque (Nm)	Supplied Voltage (V) ± 10%	Resistance (Ω)±7%	Supplied Current Range (A)	Brake Release Time (ms)	Brake Apply Time (ms)	Rotary Clearance
ISMH1-10B	0.32	24	96	0.23 to 0.27	10	30	< 1.7
ISMH1- 20B/40B	1.3	24	82.3	0.25 to 0.34	20	50	< 1.5
ISMH1-75B	2.39	24	50.1	0.40 to 0.57	25	60	< 1.5
ISMH2- 10C/15C	8	24	25	0.81 to 1.14	30	90	< 0.5
ISMH3- 85B/13C/18C	16	24	21.3	0.95 to 1.33	60	120	< 0.5
ISMH3-29C/ 44C/55C/75C	48	24	13.7	1.47 to 2.07	100	230	< 0.5
ISMH4-40B	1.3	24	82.3	0.25 to 0.34	0.25 to 20		< 1.5
ISMH4-75B	2.39	24	50.1	0.40 to 0.57	25	60	< 1.5

The power supply of the brake must not be shared with other electrical devices. This is to prevent malfunction of the brake due to voltage or current drop that occurs when other electrical devices work.

Cables of 0.5 mm² or greater in diameter are recommended.

6) Motor Torque-Speed Characteristics

a) ISMH1 (low inertia, small capacity)



- 29 -



b) ISMH2 (low inertia, medium capacity)

B

20 25

E

32 40



c) ISMH3 (medium inertia, medium capacity)







d) ISMH4 (medium inertia, small capacity)





2.2.3 Specifications of ISMG the Servo Motor Series

1. Designation Rules and Nameplate



Note: Models ending with $-A331^*$ are standard models. Prior ordering is required for non-standard models.

Figure 2-9 Designation rules and nameplate of the servo motor series



2. Servo Motor Specifications

Table 2-1 Servo motor specifications

Servo Motor Model	Power (kW)	Voltage (V)	Current (A)	Speed (RPM)	Frequency (Hz)	Torque (Nm)	D-axis Phase Inductance (mH)	Q-axis Phase Inductance (mH)
ISMG1-95C15CD- A331FA	7.9	380	14.5	1500	100	50	5.34	5.34
ISMG1-12D20CD- A331FA	10.5	380	20.3	2000	133.33	50	2.73	2.73
ISMG1-14D15CD- A331FA	11.8	380	22.9	1500	100	75	3.49	3.49
ISMG1-17D15CD- A331FA	14.5	380	28.1	1500	100	92	2.73	2.73
ISMG1-18D20CD- A331FA	15.7	380	28.6	2000	133.33	75	2.24	2.24
ISMG1-22D15CD- A331FA	18.1	380	33.4	1500	100	115	2.46	2.46
ISMG1-23D20CD- A331FA	19.3	380	37.4	2000	133.33	92	1.53	1.53
ISMG1-28D20CD- A331FA	24.1	380	46.7	2000	133.33	115	1.26	1.26
ISMG1-30D15CD- A331FA	23.6	380	45.9	1500	100	150	1.64	1.64
ISMG1-41D20CD- A331FA	31.4	380	57.3	2000	133.33	150	1.05	1.05
ISMG2-31D15CD- A331FA	26.7	380	49.4	1500	100	170	2.22	2.22
ISMG2-42D20CD- A331FA	35.6	380	69.1	2000	133.33	170	1.13	1.13
ISMG2-42D15CD- A331FA	36.1	380	70.3	1500	100	230	1.46	1.46
ISMG2-52D15CD- A331FA	44.8	380	87.2	1500	100	285	1.14	1.14
ISMG2-57D20CD- A331FA	48.2	380	87.8	2000	133.33	230	0.93	0.93
ISMG2-60D15CD- A331FA	53.4	380	98.8	1500	100	340	1.03	1.03
ISMG2-70D20CD- A331FA	59.7	380	115.9	2000	133.33	285	0.64	0.64
ISMG2-80D20CD- A331FA	71.2	380	138.2	2000	133.33	340	0.53	0.53
ISMG2-80D15CD- A331FA	69.1	380	134.6	1500	100	440	0.69	0.69
ISMG2-94D15CD- A331FA	80.1	380	156	1500	100	510	0.55	0.55
ISMG2-11E20CD- A331F	92.1	380	167.9	2000	133.33	440	0.44	0.44
Servo Motor Model	Phase Resistance (mΩ)	Torque Para. (Nm/A)	Back EMF at Rated Speed (V)	Peak Speed (RPM)	Peak Torque (Nm)	Peak Current (A)	Inertia (kg.cm2)	Weight (kg)
ISMG1-95C15CD- A331FA	480	3.44	311.9	1830	135	43.2	75	45.2
ISMG1-12D20CD- A331FA	240	2.46	297	2560	135	60.4	75	45.2

Servo Motor Model	Phase Resistance (mΩ)	Torque Para. (Nm/A)	Back EMF at Rated Speed (V)	Peak Speed (RPM)	Peak Torque (Nm)	Peak Current (A)	Inertia (kg.cm2)	Weight (kg)
ISMG1-14D15CD- A331FA	282.8	3.27	297	1920	203	68.3	90	51.9
ISMG1-17D15CD- A331FA	200.4	3.27	297	1920	248	83.4	105	59
ISMG1-18D20CD- A331FA	174	2.62	316.8	2400	203	85.2	90	51.9
ISMG1-22D15CD- A331FA	171.9	3.44	311.9	1830	311	99.4	120	66
ISMG1-23D20CD- A331FA	114.9	2.46	297	2560	248	110.9	105	59
ISMG1-28D20CD- A331FA	87.7	2.46	297	2560	311	139.1	120	66
ISMG1-30D15CD- A331FA	108.1	3.27	297	1920	405	136.2	150	79.8
ISMG1-41D20CD- A331FA	69.8	2.62	316.8	2400	405	170	150	79.8
ISMG2-31D15CD- A331FA	70.7	3.44	311.9	1830	366	117	296	122
ISMG2-42D20CD- A331FA	36.2	2.46	297	2560	366	163.7	296	122
ISMG2-42D15CD- A331FA	42.4	3.27	297	1920	495	166.5	368	141.3
ISMG2-52D15CD- A331FA	30.9	3.27	297	1920	613	206.2	434	158.4
ISMG2-57D20CD- A331FA	26.9	2.62	316.8	2400	495	207.8	368	141.3
ISMG2-60D15CD- A331FA	30.4	3.44	311.9	1830	731	233.8	500	175.4
ISMG2-70D20CD- A331FA	17.4	2.46	297	2560	613	274.1	434	158.4
ISMG2-80D20CD- A331FA	16.4	2.46	297	2560	731	326.9	500	175.4
ISMG2-80D15CD- A331FA	20.1	3.27	297	1920	946	318.2	640	217
ISMG2-94D15CD- A331FA	12.6	3.27	297	1920	1097	369	800	260
ISMG2-11E20CD- A331F	10.7	2.62	316.8	2400	946	397.2	640	217

Note: For other motor specifications and models, contact Inovance.

3. Specifications of ISMG Series Motors with a Brake

- When deciding the length of the cable on the motor brake side, consider voltage drop caused by the cable resistance. The input voltage must be at least 21.6 V to make the brake work.
- The following table lists brake specifications of ISMG servo motors.

Servo Motor Model	Holding Torque (Nm)	Supply Voltage (V) ± 10%	Resistance at 20°C (Ω) ± 5%	Supply Current Range at 20°C (A) ± 10%	Brake Release Time (ms)	Braking Time (ms)	Rotary Clearance (mm)
ISMG1-95C15CD							
ISMG1-14D15CD							
ISMG1-17D15CD	150	DC 24	8.2	2.9	301	225	0.3 to 0.5
ISMG1-22D15CD							
ISMG1-30D15CD							

Table 2-2 Brake specifications

4. Safe Operating Area of Sevo Motor






ISMG2-80D20CD

в

Α





Speed (RPM)

2.2.4 Specifications of the MS1 Servo Motor Series

1. Designation Rules and Nameplate

Figure 2-10 Designation rules and nameplate of the servo motor series



Note: The information above applies only to 40\60\80 bases.

2. Specifications of Servo Motor

1) Motor Mechanical Characteristics

Item	Description
Rated time	Continuous
Vibration level	V15
Insulation resistance	500 V DC, greater than 10 M Ω
Operating temperature	0–40°C
Excitation mode	Permanent magnet
Mounting Mode	Flange
Heat-resistance level	Level F
Insulation voltage	1,500 V AC, 1 minute (200 V)
	1,800 V AC, 1 minute (400 V)
Housing protection mode	H1 and H4: IP67 (except the through-shaft portion and connectors)
Operating humidity	20–80% (non-condensing)
Connection mode	Direct connection
Rotating direction	The motor rotates counterclockwise viewed from the load side (CCW) with the forward rotation command.

2) Motor Ratings

Model	Rated Output (kW)*1	Rated Torque (N•m)	Maximum Torque (N•m)	Rated Current (A)	Maximum Current (Arms)	Rated Speed (RPM)	Maximum Speed (RPM)	Torque Parameter (Nm/A)	Rotor Load Inertia (10-4 kg m2)	Voltage (V)
			MS1H1 (V	'n = 3000	RPM, Vmax	c = 6000 F	RPM)			
MS1H1-05B30CB- ***Z-S	0.05	0.16	0.56	1.3	4.6			0.15	0.026 (0.028)*2	
MS1H1-10B30CB- ***Z-S	0.1	0.32	1.12	1.3	4.9			0.26	0.041 (0.043)*2	
MS1H1-20B30CB- ***Z-S	0.2	0.64	2.2	1.5	5.6			0.46	0.207 (0.220)*2	
MS1H1-40B30CB- ***Z-S	0.4	1.27	4.5	2.8	10.8	3000	6000	0.51	0.376 (0.390)*2	220
MS1H1-55B30CB- ***Z-S	0.55	1.75	6.13	3.8	15			0.48	1.06	
MS1H1-75B30CB- ***Z-S	0.75	2.39	8.4	4.8	19			0.53	1.38 (1.43)*2	
MS1H1-10C30CB- ***Z-S	1	3.18	11.13	7.6	28			0.46	1.75	
MS1H4 (Vn = 3000 RPM, Vmax = 6000 RPM)										
MS1H4-40B30CB- ***Z-S	0.4	1.27	4.5	2.8	10.8	2000	6000	0.51	1.87 (3.12)	220
MS1H4-75B30CB- ***Z-S	0.75	2.39	8.4	4.8	19	3000	6000	0.53	2 (2.012)*2	220

Note 1: The motor with an oil seal must be derated by 20% during use.

Note 2: Parameters in () are for the motors with a brake.

The parameter values in the preceding table are applicable when the motor works together with the Inovance servo drive and the armature coil temperature is 20° C.

The preceding table shows the characteristic parameters of the motor after the heatsink below is installed for the motor.

MS1H1/MS1H4: 250 × 250 × 6 mm (aluminum)

Load Ratio (%)	Running Time (s)	Load Ratio (%)	Running Time (s)
120	230	200	10
130	80	210	8.5
140	40	220	7
150	30	230	6
160	20	240	5.5
170	17	250	5
180	15	300	3
190	12	350	2

3) Motor Overload Characteristics





The maximum torque of H1 and H4 is 3.5 times the rated torque.

4) Motor Radial and Axial Loads

Figure 2-12 Motor radial and axial load diagram



Radial load P direction

Servo Motor Model	Allowed Radial Load (N)	Allowed Axial Load (N)
MS1H1-05B30CB-***Z-S	78	54
MS1H1-10B30CB-***Z-S	78	54
MS1H1-20B30CB-***Z-S	245	74
MS1H1-40B30CB-***Z-S	245	74
MS1H1-55B30CB-***Z-S	392	147
MS1H1-75B30CB-***Z-S	392	147
MS1H1-10C30CB-***Z-S	392	147
MS1H4-40B30CB-***Z-S	245	74
MS1H4-75B30CB-***Z-S	392	147

5) Electrical Specifications of Motors with a Brake

Servo Motor Model	Holding Torque (Nm)	Supply Voltage (V) ± 10%	Resistance at 20°C (Ω) ± 10%	Supply Current Range at 20°C (A) ± 10%	Brake Release Time (ms)	Braking Time (ms)	Rotary Clearance (°)
MS1H1-05B/10B	0.32	DC 24	94.4	0.254	≤ 20	≤ 35	< 1.7
MS1H1-20B/40B	1.5	DC 24	75.79	0.3	≤ 20	≤ 50	< 1.5
MS1H1-75B	2.5	DC 24	72	0.333	≤ 20	≤ 60	< 1.7
MS1H4-40B	1.5	DC 24	75.79	0.3	≤ 20	≤ 50	< 1.5
MS1H4-75B	2.5	DC 24	72	0.333	≤ 20	≤ 60	< 1.7

The power supply of the brake must not be sharedwith other electrical devices. This is to prevent malfunction of the brake due to voltage or current drop that occurs when other electrical devices work.

Cables of 0.5 mm2 or greater in diameter are recommended.

6) Motor Torque-Speed Characteristics

a) MS1H1 (low inertia, small capacity)



















2.3 Servo System Configuration

Rated Speed (RPM)	Max. Speed (RPM)	Capacity (kW)	Servo Motor Model	Motor Frame	Drive Model	Drive Size	Drive SN (H01-10)
4500		1.0	ISMH3-18C15CD-A351B-Om19	100			
1500	3000	1.8	ISMH3-18C15CD-A351B-Om24	130			
			ISMH2-20C30CD-A351Y-Om19				
3000	5000	2.0	ISMH2-20C30CD-A331Y-Om19	100	IS810N50M4TD012INT		10004
			ISMH3-56C30CD-A351B-Om24				
3000	3600	5.0	ISMH3-56C30CD-A331B-Om24	130			
		0.1	ISMH1-10B30CB-***Z	40			
		0.2	ISMH1-20B30CB-***Z		IS810N50M4TD3R5INT	1	10001
3000	6000	0.4	ISMH1-40B30CB-***Z	60			
		0.55	ISMH1-55B30CB-***Z				
		0.75	ISMH1-75B30CB-***Z	80			40000
3000	6000	1.0	ISMH2-10C30CD-***Y		IS810N50M41D5R4IN1		10002
		1.5	ISMH2-15C30CD-***Y				
		2.0	ISMH2-20C30CD-***Y	100			40000
0000	2.5	ISMH2-25C30CD-***Y		15810N50M41D8R4IN1		10003	
3000	5000	3.0	ISMH2-30C30CD-***Y		IS810N50M4TD012INT	1	10004
		4.0	ISMH2-40C30CD-***Y			nine O	10005
		5.0	ISMH2-50C30CD-***Y	120	15010105010141120171101	pins z	10005
		0.85	ISMH3-85B15CD-***Y	130	IS810N50M4TD3R5INT		10001
		1.3	ISMH3-13C15CD-***Y		IS810N50M4TD5R4INT	1	10002
		1.8	ISMH3-18C15CD-***Y		IS810N50M4TD8R4INT		10003
1500	3000	2.9	ISMH3-29C15CD-***Z		IS810N50M4TD012INT		10004
		4.4	ISMH3-44C15CD-***Z	180	IS810N50M4TD017INT		10005
		5.5	ISMH3-55C15CD-***Z	100	IS810N50M4TD021INT	pins 2	10006
		7.5	ISMH3-75C15CD-***Z		IS810N50M4TD026INT		10007
3000	6000	0.4	ISMH4-40B30CB-***Z	60	IS810N50M4TD3R5INT		10001
5000	0000	0.75	ISMH4-75B30CB-***Z	80	IS810N50M4TD5R4INT		10002
		0.05	MS1H1-05B30CB-***Z-S	40			
		0.1	MS1H1-10B30CB-***Z-S	-10	IS810N50M4TD3R5INT		10001
		0.2	MS1H1-20B30CB-***Z-S	60			10001
		0.4	MS1H1-40B30CB-***Z-S			1	
3000	6000	0.55	MS1H1-55B30CB-**** Z-S		IS810N50M4TD5R4INT		10002
		0.75	MS1H1-75B30CB-***Z-S	80			
		1.0	MS1H1-10C30CB-***Z-S		IS810N50M4TD8R4INT		10003
		0.4	MS1H4-40B30CB-***Z-S	60	IS810N50M4TD3R5INT		10001
		0.75	MS1H4-75B30CB-***Z-S		IS810N50M4TD5R4INT		10002

Rated Speed (RPM)	Max. Speed (RPM)	Capacity (kW)	Servo Motor Model	Motor Frame	Drive Model	Drive Size	Drive SN (H01-10)
1500	1830	7.9	ISMG1-95C15CD-A331FA		IS810N50M4TD017INT		10005
2000	2560	10.5	ISMG1-12D20CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TD021INT]	10006
1500	1020	11.8	ISMG1-14D15CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TD026INT		10007
1500	1920	14.5	ISMG1-17D15CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TD032INT	1	10008
2000	2400	15.7	ISMG1-18D20CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TD032INT		10008
1500	1830	18.1	ISMG1-22D15CD-A331FA	200	IS810N50M4TD037INT	1	10009
2000	2560	19.3	ISMG1-23D20CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TD037INT	pins 2	10009
2000	2000	24.1	ISMG1-28D20CD-A331FA	1			10010
1500	1920	23.6	ISMG1-30D15CD-A331FA]	136 1010301014 1 3043110 1		10010
2000	2400	31.4	ISMG1-41D20CD-A331FA	1	IS810N50M4TS060INT		10011
1500	1830	26.7	ISMG2-31D15CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TS060INT	1	10011
2000	2560	35.6	ISMG2-42D20CD-A331FA				10010
1500	1020	36.1	ISMG2-42D15CD-A331FA	1	13010100001413073001		10012
1500	1920	44.8	ISMG2-52D15CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TS091INT		10013
2000	2400	48.2	ISMG2-57D20CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TS091INT		10013
1500	1830	53.4	ISMG2-60D15CD-A331FA	266	IS810N50M4TS112INT		
2000	2560	59.7	ISMG2-70D20CD-A331FA	200	IS810N50M4TS112INT		10014
2000	2000	71.2	ISMG2-80D20CD-A331FA]			
1500	1020	69.1	ISMG2-80D15CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TS152INT		10015
1500	1920	80.1	ISMG2-94D15CD-A331FA]			
2000	2400	92.1	ISMG2-11E20CD-A331FA]	IS810N50M4TS152INT		10015

2.4 Applicable Cables

2.4.1 Cables Applicable for OneCable Servo Motors (Communication Cables Included) For specifications of OneCable servo motor cables, contact Inovance.

2.4.2 Cables Applicable for ISMH Series Servo Motors (Communication Cables Included)

Motor Model	Servo Motor F	ower Cable and Enco	der Cable (Models Wi	thout a Brake)
	Cable Type	L = 3.0 m	L = 5.0 m	L = 10.0 m
ISMH1-******-U1*** ISMH1-*****-U2***	Power cable	SV82-L-M00-3.0	SV82-L-M00-5.0	SV82-L-M00-10.0
ISMH4-******-U1*** ISMH4-******-U2***	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P000-3.0	S6-L-P000-5.0	S6-L-P000-10.0
ISMH1_******_A3***	Power cable	SV82-L-M00-3.0	SV82-L-M00-5.0	SV82-L-M00-10.0
ISMH4-******-A3***	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P020-3.0	S6-L-P020-5.0	S6-L-P020-10.0
ISMH2-*****-U1***	Power cable	S6-L-M11-3.0	S6-L-M11-5.0	S6-L-M11-10.0
ISMH2-*****-U2***	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P001-3.0	S6-L-P001-5.0	S6-L-P001-10.0
	Power cable	S6-L-M11-3.0	S6-L-M11-5.0	S6-L-M11-10.0
ISMH2-******-A3***	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P021-3.0	S6-L-P021-5.0	S6-L-P021-10.0
ISMH3-*****-U1***	Power cable	S6-L-M11-3.0	S6-L-M11-5.0	S6-L-M11-10.0
ISMH3-******-U2*** (1.8 kW and below)	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P001-3.0	S6-L-P001-5.0	S6-L-P001-10.0
	Power cable	S6-L-M11-3.0	S6-L-M11-5.0	S6-L-M11-10.0
(1.8 kW and below)	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P021-3.0	S6-L-P021-5.0	S6-L-P021-10.0
ISMH3-*****-U1***	Power cable	S6-L-M11-3.0	S6-L-M11-5.0	S6-L-M11-10.0
ISMH3-******-U2*** (2.9 kW)	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P001-3.0	S6-L-P001-5.0	S6-L-P001-10.0
ISMH3-*****-A3***	Power cable	S6-L-M11-3.0	S6-L-M11-5.0	S6-L-M11-10.0
(2.9 kW)	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P021-3.0	S6-L-P021-5.0	S6-L-P021-10.0
ISMH3-*****-U1***	Power cable	S6-L-M11-3.0	S6-L-M11-5.0	S6-L-M11-10.0
ISMH3-******-U2*** (above 2.9 kW)	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P001-3.0	S6-L-P001-5.0	S6-L-P001-10.0
	Power cable	S6-L-M11-3.0	S6-L-M11-5.0	S6-L-M11-10.0
(above 2.9 kW)	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P021-3.0	S6-L-P021-5.0	S6-L-P021-10.0

Table 2-3 Cables applicable for models without a brake

Note: The servo motor encoder cable does not include a CN1 (DB15) connector. Please purchase it separately. The model is S6-C6.

If you select Inovance matching cables, no connector kit is required.

Motor Model	Servo Motor Power Cable and Encoder Cable (Models Without a Bra			thout a Brake)
	Cable Type	L = 3.0 m	L = 5.0 m	L = 10.0 m
ISMH1-******-U1***	Power cable	SV/82 B00 3 0	SV/82 R00 5 0	SV/82 R00 10 0
ISMH1-*****-U2***	FOWEI CADIE	3V02-L-D00-3.0	3V02-L-D00-3.0	3V02-L-D00-10.0
ISMH4-******-U1***	Incremental encoder	S61 D000 3.0	S61 0000 5 0	S6 L D000 10 0
ISMH4-******-U2***	cable	30-L-F000-3.0	30-L-F000-3.0	30-L-F000-10.0
ISMH1-******-A3***	Power cable	SV82-L-B00-3.0	SV82-L-B00-5.0	SV82-L-B00-10.0
ISMH4-******-A3***	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P020-3.0	S6-L-P020-5.0	S6-L-P020-10.0
ISMH2-*****-U1***	Power cable	SV82-L-B11-3.0	SV82-L-B11-5.0	SV82-L-B11-10.0
ISMH2-******-U2***	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P001-3.0	S6-L-P001-5.0	S6-L-P001-10.0
	Power cable	SV82-L-B11-3.0	SV82-L-B11-5.0	SV82-L-B11-10.0
ISMH2-******-A3***	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P021-3.0	S6-L-P021-5.0	S6-L-P021-10.0
ISMH3-*****-U1***	Power cable	SV82-L-B11-3.0	SV82-L-B11-5.0	SV82-L-B11-10.0
ISMH3-******-U2*** (1.8 kW and below)	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P001-3.0	S6-L-P001-5.0	S6-L-P001-10.0
	Power cable	SV82-L-B11-3.0	SV82-L-B11-5.0	SV82-L-B11-10.0
(1.8 kW and below)	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P021-3.0	S6-L-P021-5.0	S6-L-P021-10.0
ISMH3-*****-U1***	Power cable	SV82-L-B11-3.0	SV82-L-B11-5.0	SV82-L-B11-10.0
ISMH3-******-U2*** (2.9 kW)	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P001-3.0	S6-L-P001-5.0	S6-L-P001-10.0
ISMH3_******_43***	Power cable	SV82-L-B11-3.0	SV82-L-B11-5.0	SV82-L-B11-10.0
(2.9 kW)	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P021-3.0	S6-L-P021-5.0	S6-L-P021-10.0
ISMH3-*****-U1***	Power cable	SV82-L-B11-3.0	SV82-L-B11-5.0	SV82-L-B11-10.0
ISMH3-******-U2*** (above 2.9 kW)	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P001-3.0	S6-L-P001-5.0	S6-L-P001-10.0
	Power cable	SV82-L-B11-3.0	SV82-L-B11-5.0	SV82-L-B11-10.0
(above 2.9 kW)	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P021-3.0	S6-L-P021-5.0	S6-L-P021-10.0

	Table 2-4	Cables	applicable	for	models	with	brake
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Note: The servo motor encoder cable does not include a CN1(DB15)connector. Please purchase it separately. The model is S6-C6.

If you select Inovance matching cables, no connector kit is required.

Motor Model	Connector Kit
ISMH1-*****-U1***	
ISMH1-*****-U2***	
ISMH1-******-A3***	CC CC: CN4 terminal (DB45)
ISMH4-******-U1***	So-Co: CNT terminal (DBT5)
ISMH4-*****-U2***	581-C1: CN2 terminal, 6-pin connector, 9-pin connector
ISMH4-******-A3***	
(100 W to 1 kW)	
ISMH2-*****-U1***	
ISMH2-*****-U2***	S6-C6: CN1 terminal (DB15)
ISMH2-*****-A3***	S81-C2: CN2 terminal, 20-18 military spec. plug (elbow), 20-29 military
(1.0 to 2.5 kW)	spee. plug (elbow)
ISMH2-*****-U1***	20.00. ONA (service) (DD45)
ISMH2-*****-U2***	
ISMH2-*****-A3***	S81-C3: CN2 terminal, 20-22 military spec. plug (elbow), 20-29 military
(3.0 to 5.0 kW)	
ISMH3-*****-U1***	S6-C6: CN1 terminal (DB15)
ISMH3-*****-U2***	S81-C2: CN2 terminal, 20-18 military spec. plug (elbow), 20-29 military
ISMH3-*****-A3***	spec. plug (elbow)
(0.85 to 1.8 kW)	
ISMH3-*****-U1***	20.00. ONA (service) (DD45)
ISMH3-*****-U2***	
ISMH3-*****-A3***	S81-C3: CN2 terminal, 20-22 military spec. plug (elbow), 20-29 military
(2.9 to 7.5 kW)	apeo. piug (cinow)

Table 2-5 Connector kit

If you prepare cables yourself rather than using Inonvace matching cables, connector kits are required. If you select Inovance matching cables, no connector kit is required.

Battery Kit of Absolute Encoder Motor

If an Inovance absolute encoder motor is used, the optional battery kit S6-C4 (battery and battery box) is required besides the applicable cables.

Table 2-6 Communication cable

Cable Model	Description
S6N-L-T00-3.0	Servo drive to PC communication cable
S6-L-T04-0.3	Communication cable for multi-drive parallel connection Servo
S6-L-T04-3.0	drive to host controller communication cable

2.4.3 Cables Applicable for ISMG Series Servo Motors (Communication Cables Included)

	Table	2-7	Servo	motor	cable
--	-------	-----	-------	-------	-------

Itom	Servo motor encoder cable					
Item	L = 3.0m	L = 5.0m	L = 10.0m			
ISMG1(G2)-******-A3*** S6-L-P021-3.0 S6-L-P021-5.0 S6-L-P021-10.						
Appearance of the servo motor encoder cable						

Table 2-8 Connector kit

Motor Model	Connector Kit
	S6-C6: CN1 terminal (DB15)
ISMG1(G2)-******-A3***	S81-C3: CN2 terminal, 20-22 military spec. plug (elbow), 20-29 military spec. plug (elbow)

Note: The servo motor encoder cable does not include a CN1 connector.

Table 2-9 Communication cable

Model	Description
S6-L-T00-3.0	Servo drive to PC communication cable
S6-L-T01-1.0	Communication cable for multi-drive parallel connection
S6-L-T02-2.0	Servo drive to PLC communication cable
S6-L-T03-0.0	Plug for the termination resistor for servo drive communication

Table 2-10 Mounting options

Model	Description
ISMG1-B01	Mounting bracket for the ISMG1 natural ventilation motor
ISMG2-B01	Mounting bracket for the ISMG2 natural ventilation motor
ISMG1-B02	Mounting bracket for the ISMG1 forced air ventilation motor
ISMG2-B02	Mounting bracket for the ISMG2 forced air ventilation motor
MD500-AZJ-T5	Through-hole mounting bracket for the SIZE-G servo drive
MD500-AZJ-T6	Through-hole mounting bracket for the SIZE-H servo drive
MD500-AZJ-T7	Through-hole mounting bracket for the SIZE-I servo drive

2.4.4 Cables Applicable for MS1H Series Servo Motors (Communication Cables Included)

Motor Model	Servo Motor Power Cable and Encoder Cable (Models Without a Brake)						
	Cable Type	L = 3.0 m	L = 5.0 m	L = 10.0 m			
	Power cable	SV82-L-M00-3.0	SV82-L-M00-5.0	SV82-L-M00-10.0			
MS1H1-*******-***2-S MS1H4-******-***Z-S	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P000-3.0	S6-L-P000-5.0	S6-L-P000-10.0			
	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P020-3.0	S6-L-P020-5.0	S6-L-P020-10.0			

Table 2-11 Cables applicable for models without a brake

If you select Inovance matching cables, no connector kit is required.

Table 2-12 Cables applicable for models with a brake

Motor Model	Servo Motor Power Cable and Encoder Cable (Models Without a Brake)						
	Cable Type	L = 3.0 m	L = 5.0 m	L = 10.0 m			
	Power cable	SV82-L-B00-3.0	SV82-L-B00-5.0	SV82-L-B00-10.0			
MS1H1-******-***2-S MS1H4-*****	Incremental encoder cable	S6-L-P000-3.0	S6-L-P000-5.0	S6-L-P000-10.0			
	Absolute encoder cable	S6-L-P020-3.0	S6-L-P020-5.0	S6-L-P020-10.0			

2.5 Servo System Wiring



The servo drive is directly connected to an industrial power supply, with no isolation such as transformers. In this case, a fuse or circuit breaker must be connected to the input power supply to prevent cross electric accidents in the servo system. The servo drive is not configured with a built-in protective grounding circuit. Connect a residual current device (RCD) against both overload and short-circuit, or a specialized RCD combined with protective grounding.

Do not use magnetic contactors for running or stopping the servo motor. As a high-inductance device, the motor generates instantaneous high voltage, which may damage the contactor.

Pay attention to the power capacity when connecting an external control power supply or a 24 VDC power supply, especially when the power supply is for powering up multiple drives or brakes. Insufficient power supply will lead to current insufficiency, thus causing a drive or brake failure. The brake shall be powered up by a 24 VDC power supply. The power must match the motor model and meets the brake requirements.

Note 1: Remove the jumper between terminals $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{0}}$ and C of the servo drive when connecting a regenerative resistor.

Note 2: CN3 is a communication output port. CN4 is a communication input port.

Chapter 3 Installation

3.1 Power Supply/Drive Unit Installation

3.1.1 Installation Environment

- Installation location
- 1) Ambient temperature: Ambient temperature has a great effect on the AC drive life. The operating temperature of the AC drive shall not exceed the allowable temperature range (-10°C to 50°C).
- 2) Altitude: When the installation altitude exceeds 1000 m, the IS810 drive device must be derated according to any recommended capacitance value.
- 3) Installation surface requirements: The installation surface of the IS810 drive device must be flame retardant. Its structural strength must meet the strength requirements for device transportation, storage and running under normal conditions to avoid AC drive device damages due to vibration or excessive deformation of the installation surface. The installation surface must remain vertical to the horizontal ground and be secured to the cabinet properly. The installation surface must be able to withstand no less than four times the total weight of the installed device.
- 4) Cooling requirements: A large amount of heat may be generated during the operation of the AC drive. There must be plenty of cooling space in the installation area. Ensure that the cooling holes of the AC drive cabinet are not blocked.
- 5) Vibration requirements: Install the servo drive in a place with little vibration. Vibration shall not be greater than 0.6 g. Keep the servo drive away from devices such as punch presses.
- 6) Other requirements: Install the servo drive in an environment free from a) direct sunlight, moisture, and water drops; b) corrosive, inflammable, or explosive gases; and c) grease dirt and dust.



Figure 3-1 Installation environment requirements

7) The drive units must be installed in a fireproof cabinet with doors that provide effective electrical and mechanical protection. The installation must conform to local and regional laws and regulations, and to relevant IEC requirements.

· Environmental conditions

Table 3-1	Installation	environment
-----------	--------------	-------------

Item Description				
	Operating temperature: -10 to 50°C, air temperature change: less than 0.5°C/min; derated when the temperature is higher than 40°C,			
Ambient temperature	1.5% deration of rated current per 1°C temperature rise; maximum temperature: 50°C			
	Storage temperature: -25°C to 70°C			
	Transportation temperature: -25°C to 70°C			
	Operating humidity: 5% to 95%, standard			
	Operating humidity: 5% to 95%. A standard servo drive is not applicable in an environment or place with corrosive gas.			
Relative operating humidity	Please purchase a special servo drive with corrosion resistant casing and protective coating.			
	Storage humidity: 5% to 95%			
	Transportation humidity: below 95% at 40 °C.			
Degree of protection	IP20			
Altitude	1000 m; derated when above 1000 m; 1% deration per 100 m rise; maximum: 3000 m.			

- 3.1.2 Product Dimensions and Installation Space Requirements
- I. Product Dimensions (mm)
- 1) Power Supply Unit















Model MD810-20M4T***G***(W)	Dimensions	Voltage class
	[H]: 350 mm	
	[H1]: 384 mm	
45	[H2]: 400 mm	
45	[W]: 100 mm	
	[W1]: 50 mm	
	[D]: 305 mm	
	[H]: 350 mm	
	[H1]: 384 mm	
110	[H2]: 400 mm	
110	[W]: 200 mm	
	[W1]: 150 mm	
	[D]: 305 mm	
160 (Air cooled)	[H]: 350 mm	
	[H1]: 384 mm	
	[H2]: 400 mm	
	[W]: 300 mm	280,480,140
	[W1]: 250 mm	380-480 VAC
	[W2]: 150 mm	
	[D]: 305 mm	
	[H]: 350 mm	
	[H1]: 384 mm	
160 (Water cooled)	[H2]: 415.5 mm	
	[W]: 300 mm	
	[W1]: 250 mm	
	[W2]: 150 mm	
	[D]: 305 mm	
	[H]: 800 mm	
	[H1]: 795 mm	
355	[H2]: 832 mm	
	[W]: 180 mm	
	[W1]: 105 mm	
	[D]: 445 mm	

2) Drive unit





Figure 3-4 IS810N50M4T****INT (SIZE 2) overall dimensions



Figure 3-5 IS810N50M4T****INT (SIZE 3) overall dimensions



II. Space Requirements

Power supply units are divided into book-type units (100 mm, 200 mm and 300 mm wide) and vertical units (180 mm wide). The recommended installation methods are single-layer installation and two-layer installation. The following table shows the minimum clearance between two layers during two-layer installation. An insulation deflector must be installed in the lower layer.

Table of Finithann olearanoe for power suppry and instantation	Table 3-1	Minimum	clearance	for	power	supp	ly ι	unit	installation
--	-----------	---------	-----------	-----	-------	------	------	------	--------------

Itom	100 mm wide unit	200 mm wide unit	300 mm wide unit	180 mm wide unit
nem		Vertical unit		
S1	≥ 300 mm	≥ 300 mm	≥ 300 mm	≥ 300 mm
S2	≥ 300 mm	≥ 300 mm	≥ 300 mm	≥ 500 mm
S3	≥ 300 mm	≥ 300 mm	≥ 300 mm	-



Figure 3-6 Space for two-layer installation of a book-type power supply unit

Figure 3-7 Space for two-layer installation of a vertical power supply unit



Installation direction: The product must be installed vertically.

3.2 Servo Drive Installation

3.2.1 Cabinet-mounted Installation

This product can be installed in a cabinet in a single-row or two-row installation manner. A book-type unit must be installed closely to avoid product damages during transportation. Do not install merely two or less servo drives. An insulation deflector may be installed on the upper unit layer in two-row installation. The through-hole mounting method supports only single-row installation.

Single-row installation



Two-row installation



Note:

An insulation deflector may be installed on the upper unit layer in two-row installation.

Do not merely install two or less servo drives.

The through-hole mounting method supports only single-row installation.

3.2.2 Removal and Installation of a Power Supply Unit Cover





3.2.3 Wall-Mounted Installation

Recommended torque (N.m) for installation:

Item	M3	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10	M12
Electric connection	0.55	1.2	2.8	4.8	13	20	35

Ensure that there is enough product installation space on the left of the power supply unit.

A multi-axis system requires units to be lined up along the top.

Mark the position of tapped holes for installation on the base plate. Drill the holes for fixing the screws on the base plate.

This product must be installed on the base plate vertically.

Below is the installation diagram:

Figure 3-8 Wall-mounted installation of a power supply unit



Figure 3-9 Wall-mounted installation of a drive unit



Cooling

Make sure that the servo drive is installed vertical to the wall. Cool the servo drive with natural convection or a cooling fan.

As shown in the preceding figure, keep sufficient space around the servo drive to ensure cooling by fans or natural convection. Install the cooling fans above the servo drive to avoid an excessive temperature rise and maintain an even temperature inside the control cabinet.

• Grounding

The grounding terminal must be properly grounded. Failure to comply may cause electric shocks or malfunction due to interference.

• Cable routing requirements

When cabling the servo drive, route the cables downward (refer to the following figure) to prevent liquid from flowing into the servo drive along the cables.



Figure 3-10 Cable routing requirements

3.3 Servo Motor Installation

3.3.1 Installation Precautions

Install the servo drive in an environment free from corrosive or inflammable gas or combustible goods, such as hydrogen sulfide, chlorine, ammonia, sulphur gas, chlorinated gas, acid, soda and salt;

Use a servo motor with an oil seal when the motor is to be used in a place with grinding fluid, oil spray, iron powder, or cuttings;

Keep the servo motor away from heat sources such as a heating stove;

Do not use the servo motor in an enclosed environment. Working in the enclosed environment will lead to high temperature of the servo motor, which will shorten its service life.

Item	Description
Rust-proof treatment	Wipe up the antirust agent at the motor shaft extension before installing the servo motor, and then apply rust-proof treatment.
	 Prevent shaft extension impact during installation. Failure to comply will lead to damages to the internal encoder.
	Use the screw hole at the shaft end to mount a pulley to the servo motor shaft with a keyway. To fit the pulley, insert a double-end screw into the screw hole of the shaft, put a washer against the coupling end, and then use a nut to push the pulley in.
Encoder	 If there is a keyway on the servo motor shaft, mount the pulley by using the screw holes at the axle head. For the servo motor shaft without a keyway, use friction coupling or other similar installation methods.
	When removing the pulley, use a pulley remover to protect the shaft against damages from the load.
	 To ensure safety, install a protective cover or similar device on the rotary part such as the pulley mounted on the shaft.
	Screw Washer Flange coupling, pulley

Table 3-2 Installation precautions

Item	Description
	Use the shaft coupling for mechanical connection and align the axis of the servo motor with the axis of the equipment. When installing the servo motor, make sure that alignment accuracy satisfies the requirements as described in the figure to the left. If the axes are not properly aligned, vibration will be generated and may damage the bearings and encoder.
Alignment	Measure the distance at four different positions on the circumference. The minimum measurements must be 0.03 mm or less.
Installation direction	The servo motor can be installed horizontally or vertically.
Oil and moisture countermeasures	 Do not immerse the servo motor and cables into oil or water during use. Confirm the IP class of the servo motor when using it in a place with water drops (Except the shaft-through portion) Mount the motor with the cable outlet facing downwards to prevent water/oil from flowing into the motor (as shown in the following figure).
	 4) In the environment where the shaft-through portion is exposed to oil drops, use a servo motor with oil sealing. 5) Observe the following conditions when using the servo motor with oil sealing: Make sure that the oil level is lower than the oil seal lip during use; Avoid oil accumulation at the oil seal lip when the motor is installed vertically upward.
Stress of cables	Do not bend or apply tension to the cables, especially the signal cables whose core wire is 0.2 or 0.3 mm in diameter. Do not exert too much tension on the cables during wiring.

Item	Description							
	Observe the following precautions:							
	 When connecting the connectors, make sure that there is no foreign matter such as waste or sheet metal inside the connectors. 							
	Connect the connectors to the main circuit side of the servo motor first, and make sure that the grounding cable of the power cables is properly connected. If the connectors are first connected to the encoder cable side, the encoder may become faulty due to the potential differences between PEs.							
Connector treatment	 Make sure that the pins are correctly arranged during wiring. 							
	 The connectors are made up of resins. Avoid impacts with the connectors to prevent connector damages. 							
	 Hold the servo motor body instead of the cables during transportation when the cables are well connected. Otherwise, the connectors may be damaged or the cables may be broken. 							
	 Do not apply stress to the connectors during wiring if bent cables are used. Failure to comply may cause damages to the connectors. 							

3.3.2 Installation Environment

Table 3	3-3 I	nstallation	environment
			0

Item	OneCable Servo Motor	IS	MH Series M		MS1H Series Motor						
	0°C to 40°C (no the following co	°C to 40°C (non-freezing). Please perform deration at over 40°C based on he following coefficients:									
Operating temperature	Ambient temperature (°C) 40	45	50		55	60				
	Derating coefficient	1	0.952	0.901		0.855	0.781				
Operating humidity	20%–90% RH	20%–90% RH (non-condensing)									
Storage temperature	-20°C to 60°C (Peak temperature and storage period: 80°C for 72 hours)										
Storage humidity	20%–90% RH (non-condensing)										
Vibration	Below 49 m/s ²										
Impact	Below 490 m/s	2									
Degree of protection	IP65 H1 and H4: IP65 (except for the shaft-through portion and connection terminals of motor connectors) Other: IP67 (except for the shaft- through portion and motor connectors)										
	Please perform deration at over 40°C based on the following coefficients:										
Altitude	Altitude (m)	1000	2000	3000	4	4000	5000]			
	Derating coefficient	1	0.947	0.887	0).824	0.645				

3.3.3 Overall Dimensions of OneCable Servo Motor

1) Dimensions of ISMH2-20C30CD- A***Y-Om19 Servo Motor



Model	LL (mm)	LR (mm)	LW (mm)	S (mm)	RH (mm)	WK (mm)	W (mm)	TP (mm)	KA1 (mm)	KB1 (mm)	Weight (kg)
ISMH2-20C30CD- A351Y-Om19	239.5	45	/	19	1	/	/	M6×18	78.4	175	7.5
ISMH2-20C30CD- A331Y-Om19	239.5	45	36	19	15.5	6	6	M6×18	78.4	175	7.5

2) Dimensions of ISMH3-18C15CD-****B-Om19/Om24 and ISMH3-56C30CD-****B- Om24 Servo Motor



Model	LL (mm)	LR (mm)	LW (mm)	S (mm)	RH (mm)	WK (mm)	W (mm)	TP (mm)	KA1 (mm)	KB1 (mm)	Weight (kg)
ISMH3-18C15CD- A351B-Om19	214	55	/	19	/	/	/	M6×18	94	143.5	10.5
ISMH3-18C15CD- A351B-Om24	214	55	/	24	/	/	/	M8×20	94	143.5	10.5
ISMH3-56C30CD- A351B-Om24	274	55	1	24	1	/	1	M8×20	94	203.5	14.5
ISMH3-56C30CD- A331B-Om24	274	55	45	24	20	8	8	M8×20	94	203.5	14.5

3.3.4 Overall Dimensions of the ISMH Servo Motor Series

1) Overall Dimensions of the ISMH1 Servo Motor Series (100 W, 200 W, 400 W, 550 W, 750 W, 1.0 kW)



Motor Model	LC	LL	LR	LA	LZ	LH	LG	LE	LJ
ISMH1-10B30CB-***Z	40	103 (136)	25±0.5	46	2-φ4.5	34	5	2.5±0.3	0.5±0.35
ISMH1-20B30CB-***Z	60	98 (138)	30±0.5	70	4-φ5.5	44	7.8	3±0.3	0.5±0.35
ISMH1-40B30CB-***Z	60	118	30±0.5	70	4-φ5.5	44	7.8	3±0.3	0.5±0.35
ISMH1-55B30CB-***Z	80	126	35±0.5	90	4-φ7	54	8	3±0.3	0.5±0.35
ISMH1-75B30CB-***Z	80	135.5	35±0.5	90	4-φ7	54	8	3±0.3	0.5±0.35
ISMH1-10C30CB-***Z	80	153.5	35±0.5	90	4-φ7	54	8	3±0.3	0.5±0.35

Motor model	LB	S	TP	LK	KH	KW	W	Т	Weight (kg)
ISMH1-10B30CB-***Z	30	8	M3×6	16	6.2 _{-0.1}	3	3	3	0.59 (0.77)
ISMH1-20B30CB-***Z	50	14	M5×8	16.5	11 ⁰ -0.1	5	5	5	1.1 (1.4)
ISMH1-40B30CB-****Z	50	14	M5×8	16.5	11 ⁰ _{-0.1}	5	5	5	1.6
ISMH1-55B30CB-***Z	70	19	M6×20	25	15.5 -0.1	6	6	6	2.3
ISMH1-75B30CB-***Z	70	19	M6×20	25	15.5 -0.1	6	6	6	2.7
ISMH1-10C30CB-***Z	70	19	M6×20	25	15.5 -0.1	6	6	6	3.2

Note: The dimension unit is mm. The values shown in () are values of servo motor with a holding brake.

Connector Model	Power Side (Power Brake Side Included)	Encoder Side
Plastic housing	MOLEX-50361672	AMP172169-9
Terminal	MOLEX-39000059	AMP1473226-1

2) Overall Dimensions of the ISMH2 Servo Motor Series (1.0 kW, 1.5 kW, 2.0 kW, 2.5 kW, 3.0 kW, 4.0 kW, 5.0 kW)


Motor Model	LC	LL		LR	LA	LZ	KA1	KB1	KA2	KB2	LG
ISMH2-10C30CB- **3*Y	100	164 (213	164 (213.5)		115	4-φ7	88	94.5 (101)	74	143.5 (192.5)	10
ISMH2-15C30CB- **3*Y	100	189 (23	9)	45±1	115	4-φ7	88	119.5 (128)	74	168.5 (219.5)	10
ISMH2-10C30CD- **3*Y	100	164 (213	.5)	45±1	115	4-φ7	88	94.5 (101)	74	143.5 (192.5)	10
ISMH2-15C30CD- **3*Y	100	189 (23	9)	45±1	115	4-φ7	88	119.5 (128)	74	168.5 (219.5)	10
ISMH2-20C30CD- **3*Y	100	214		45±1	115	4-φ7	88	144.5	74	193.5	10
ISMH2-25C30CD- **3*Y	100	240.5		45±1	115	4-φ7	88	169.5	74	218.5	10
ISMH2-30C30CD- **3*Y	130	209.5		63±1	145	4-φ9	103	136	74	188.5	14
ISMH2-40C30CD- **3*Y	130	252		63±1	145	4-φ9	103	178.5	74	231	14
ISMH2-50C30CD- **3*Y	130	294.5		63±1	145	4-φ9	103	221	74	273.5	14
Motor Model	LE	LJ	LB	S	TP	LK	КН	KW	W	т	Weight (kg)
ISMH2-10C30CB- **3*Y	5±0.3	2.5±0.75	95	24	M8×16	36	20 .0.2	8	8	7	5.11 (6.41)
ISMH2-15C30CB- **3*Y	5±0.3	2.5±0.75	95	24	M8×16	36	20 .0.2	8	8	7	6.22 (7.52)
ISMH2-10C30CD- **3*Y	5±0.3	2.5±0.75	95	24	M8×16	36	20 .0.2	8	8	7	5.11 (6.41)
ISMH2-15C30CD- **3*Y	5±0.3	2.5±0.75	95	24	M8×16	36	20 .0.2	8	8	7	6.22 (7.52)
ISMH2-20C30CD- **3*Y	5±0.3	2.5±0.75	95	24	M8×16	36	20 .0.2	8	8	7	7.39
ISMH2-25C30CD- **3*Y	5±0.3	2.5±0.75	95	24	M8×16	36	20 .0.2	8	8	7	8.55
ISMH2-30C30CD- **3*Y	6±0.3	0.5±0.75	110	28	M8×20	54	24 ⁰ -0.2	8	8	7	10.73
ISMH2-40C30CD- **3*Y	6±0.3	0.5±0.75	110	28	M8×20	54	24 .0.2	8	8	7	15.43
ISMH2-50C30CD- **3*Y	6±0.3	0.5±0.75	110	28	M8×20	54	24 ⁰ _{-0.2}	8	8	7	16.2

Connector	Power Side (Power Brake Side Included)	Encoder Side		
Military spec.	MI-DTL-5015 series 3102E20-18P	MI-DTL-5015 series 3102E20-29P		

3) Overall Dimensions of the ISMH3 Servo Motor Series (850 W, 1.3 kW, 1.8 kW)



Motor Model	LC	LL		LR	LA	LZ	KA1	KB1	KA2	KB2	LG
ISMH3-85B15CB- **3*Y	130	168.5 (22	168.5 (227.5)		145	4-φ9	103	95 (97)	74	147.5 (206.5)	14
ISMH3-13C15CB- **3*Y	130	194.5 (25	3.5)	55±1	145	4-φ9	103	121 (124)	74	173.5 (232.5)	14
ISMH3-18C15CD- **3*Y	130	220.5 (27	9.5)	55±1	145	4-φ9	103	147 (150)	74	199.5 (258.5)	14
ISMH3-85B15CD- **3*Y	130	168.5 (22	7.5)	55±1	145	4-φ9	103	95 (97)	74	147.5 (206.5)	14
ISMH3-13C15CD- **3*Y	130	194.5 (25	3.5)	55±1	145	4-φ9	103	121 (124)	74	173.5 (232.5)	14
Motor Model	LE	LJ	LB	S	TP	LK	КН	KW	W	т	Weight (kg)
ISMH3-85B15CB- **3*Y	6±0.3	0.5±0.75	110	22	M6×20	36	18 .0.2	8	8	7	8.23 (10.73)
ISMH3-13C15CB- **3*Y	6±0.3	0.5±0.75	110	22	M6×20	36	18 .0.2	8	8	7	10.57 (13)
ISMH3-18C15CD- **3*Y	6±0.3	0.5±0.75	110	22	M6×20	36	18 ⁰ -0.2	8	8	7	12.7 (15.2)
ISMH3-85B15CD- **3*Y	6±0.3	0.5±0.75	110	22	M6×20	36	18 ⁰ -0.2	8	8	7	8.23 (10.73)
ISMH3-13C15CD- **3*Y	6±0.3	0.5±0.75	110	22	M6×20	36	18 .0.2	8	8	7	10.57 (13)

Connector	Power Side (Power Brake Side Included)	Encoder Side		
Military spec.	MI-DTL-5015 series 3102E20-18P	MI-DTL-5015 series 3102E20-29P		

4) Overall Dimensions of the ISMH3 Servo Motor Series (2.9 kW, 4.4 kW, 5.5 kW, 7.5 kW)



Motor Model	LC	LL		LR	LA	LZ	KA1	KB1	KA2	KB2	LG
ISMH3-29C15CD- ****Z	180	197 (2	73)	79±1	200	4-φ13.5	138	136 (134)	74	177 (253)	18
ISMH3-44C15CD- ****Z	180	230 (3	07)	79±1	200	4-φ13.5	138	169 (167)	74	210 (286)	18
ISMH3-55C15CD- ****Z	180	274 (3	274 (350)		200	4-φ13.5	138	213 (211)	74	254 (330)	18
ISMH3-75C15CD- ****Z	180	330 (4	07)	113±1	200	4-φ13.5	138	269 (267)	74	310 (386)	18
Motor Model	LE	LJ	LB	S	TP	LK	КН	KW	W	Т	Weight (kg)
ISMH3-29C15CD- ****Z	3.2±0.3	0.3±0.75	114.3	35	M12×25	65	30 -0.2	10	10	8	15 (25)
ISMH3-44C15CD- ****Z	3.2±0.3	0.3±0.75	114.3	35	M12×25	65	30 .0.2	10	10	8	19.5 (30)
ISMH3-55C15CD- ****Z	3.2±0.3	0.3±0.75	114.3	42	M16×32	96	37 _{-0.2}	12	12	8	28 (38)
ISMH3-75C15CD- ****Z	3.2±0.3	0.3±0.75	114.3	42	M16×32	96	37 ⁰ -0.2	12	12	8	32 (42)

Connector	Power Side (Power Brake Side Included)	Encoder Side
Military spec.	MI-DTL-5015 series 3102E20-29P	MI-DTL-5015 series 3102E20-29P

5) Overall Dimensions of the ISMH4 Servo Motor Series (400 W, 750 W)



Shaft end dimensions

Keyed shaft end dimensions

Motor Model	LC	LL	LR	LA	LZ	LH	LG	LE	LJ
ISMH4-40B30CB-****Z	60	125 (165)	30±0.5	70	4-φ5.5	44	7.8	3±0.3	0.5±0.35
ISMH4-75B30CB-****Z	80	146.5 (184.5)	35±0.5	90	4-φ7	54	8	3±0.3	0.5±0.35
Motor model	LB	S	TP	LK	KH	кw	W	т	Weight (kg)
ISMH4-40B30CB-****Z	50	14	M5×8	16.5	11 ⁰ _{-0.1}	5	5	5	1.7 (2.0)
ISMH4-75B30CB-***Z	70	19	M6×20	25	15.5 -0.1	6	6	6	2.9 (3.3)

Connector	Power Side (Power Brake Side Included)	Encoder Side		
Plastic housing	MOLEX-50361672	AMP172169-9		
Terminal	MOLEX-39000059	AMP1473226-1		

3.3.5 Overall Dimensions of the ISMG Servo Motor Series

1) Solid shaft, forced ventilation motor (ISMG1)



Standard accessories: Type A round parallel key 12 * 8 * 56 Refer to GB/T1096-2003

Connector	Encoder Side			
Military spec.	MIL-DTL-5015 series 3102E20-29P			

Motor Model	L (mm)	K (mm)	Weight (kg)
ISMG1-95C15CD-A331FA ISMG1-12D20CD-A331FA	415	285	45.2
ISMG1-14D15CD-A331FA ISMG1-18D20CD-A331FA	450	312	51.9
ISMG1-17D15CD-A331FA ISMG1-23D20CD-A331FA	485	354	59
ISMG1-22D15CD-A331FA ISMG1-28D20CD-A331FA	520	396	66
ISMG1-30D15CD-A331FA ISMG1-41D20CD-A331FA	590	471	79.8

Note:

The standard is A3 series. If you require R1 or U1 series, contact Inovance for customization. The mounting baseplate is optional, and used only for ISMG1-22D15CD-A331FA and ISMG1-30D15CD-A331FA or when required. A K value indicates the mounting baseplate clearance.

The mounting baseplate is optional, and used only when required.

2) Solid shaft, forced ventilation motor (ISMG2)





Standard accessories: Type A Round parallel key 12 * 8 * 56

Refer to GB/T1096-2003						
Connector		Encoder Side				
Military spec.		MIL-DTL-5015 series 3102E20-29P				

Motor Model	L (mm)	K (mm)	Weight (kg)
ISMG2-31D15CD-A331FA ISMG2-42D20CD-A331FA	575	360	122
ISMG2-42D15CD-A331FA ISMG2-57D20CD-A331FA	625	370	141.3
ISMG2-52D15CD-A331FA ISMG2-70D20CD-A331FA	675	476	158.4
ISMG2-60D15CD-A331FA ISMG2-80D20CD-A331FA	725	476	175.4
ISMG2-80D15CD-A331FA ISMG2-11E20CD-A331FA	825	583	217
ISMG2-94D15CD-A331FA	950	590	267

Note:

The standard is A3 series. If you require R1, U1 or U2 series, contact Inovance for customization.

The mounting baseplate is optional, and used only when required.

(Unit: mm)



3.3.6 Overall Dimensions of the MS1H Servo Motor Series









Shaft end

Shaft end keyed

Motor Model	LC	LL	LR	LA	LZ	KA1	KB1	KA2	KB2
MS1H1-05B30CB-A330Z-S	65	40	25±5.5	46	2-φ5	40	5	2.5H1-0.	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-05B30CB-A332Z-S	97	40	251H1-	46	2-1H1-	40	5	2.5H1-0.	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-10B30CB-A330Z-S	77.5	40	25±5.5	46	2-φ5	40	5	2.551-1:	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-10B30CB-A332Z-S	109	40	259H1-	46	2-9H1-	40	5	2.5H1-1.	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-20B30CB-A331Z-S	72.5	60	30±0.5	70	4-φ5	49.5	7.5	3.551	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-20B30CB-A334Z-S	Over 100	60	300H1-	70	4-0H1-	49.5	7.5	3.551	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-40B30CB-A331Z-S	91	60	301H1-	70	4-1H1-	49.5	7.5	3.551	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-40B30CB-A334Z-S	119	60	309H1-	70	4-9H1-	49.5	7.5	3.551	0.5±0.35
MS1H4-40B30CB-A331Z-S	105	60	305H4-	70	4-5H4-	49.5	7.5	3.554	0.5±0.35
MS1H4-40B30CB-A334Z-S	128	60	308H4-	70	4-8H4-	49.5	7.5	3.554	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-55B30CB-A331Z-S	96	80	351H1-	90	4-1H	59.5	7.7	3.751	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-75B30CB-A331Z-S	108	80	358H1-	90	4-8H	59.5	7.7	3.751	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-75B30CB-A334Z-S	140.5	80	350.5-	90	4-0.	59.5	7.7	3.755	0.5±0.35
MS1H1-10C30CB-A331Z-S	119	80	359H1-	90	4-9H	59.5	7.7	3.751	0.5±0.35
MS1H4-75B30CB-A331Z-S	118.5	80	358.5-	90	4-8.	59.5	7.7	3.755	0.5±0.35
MS1H4-75B30CB-A334Z-S	148	80	358H4-	90	4-8H	59.5	7.7	3.754	0.5±0.35

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Motor model	S	LB	TP	LK	КН	KW	W	т	Weight (kg)
MS1H1-05B30CB-A330Z-S	8	30	M3×3	15.5	6.2 ⁰	3	3	3	/
MS1H1-05B30CB-A332Z-S	8	30	M31H	15.5	6.2 .0.1	3	3	3	/
MS1H1-10B30CB-A330Z-S	8	30	M3×3	15.5	6.2 ⁰	3	3	3	/
MS1H1-10B30CB-A332Z-S	8	30	M31H	15.5	6.2 .0.1	3	3	3	1
MS1H1-20B30CB-A331Z-S	14	50	M5×5	16.5	11 ⁰ _{-0.1}	5	5	5	1
MS1H1-20B30CB-A334Z-S	14	50	M51H	16.5	11 ⁰ _{-0.1}	5	5	5	1
MS1H1-40B30CB-A331Z-S	14	50	M5×5	16.5	11 ⁰ _{-0.1}	5	5	5	/
MS1H1-40B30CB-A334Z-S	14	50	M51H	16.5	11 ⁰ _{-0.1}	5	5	5	1
MS1H4-40B30CB-A331Z-S	14	50	M518	16.5	11 ⁰ _{-0.1}	5	5	5	/
MS1H4-40B30CB-A334Z-S	14	50	M51H	16.5	11 ⁰ _{-0.1}	5	5	5	/
MS1H1-55B30CB-A331Z-S	19	70	M61H1	25	15.5 .0.1	6	6	6	1
MS1H1-75B30CB-A331Z-S	19	70	M61H1	25	15.5 .0.1	6	6	6	/
MS1H1-75B30CB-A334Z-S	19	70	M61H1	25	15.5 .0.1	6	6	6	1
MS1H1-10C30CB-A331Z-S	19	70	M61H1	25	15.51	6	6	6	1
MS1H4-75B30CB-A331Z-S	19	70	M61H4	25	15.5 .0.1	6	6	6	/
MS1H4-75B30CB-A334Z-S	19	70	M61H4	25	15.5 .0.1	6	6	6	/

Chapter 4 Wiring

Wiring must be performed by authorized and qualified personnel.

Before removing or installing the drive, turn off the power, wait five minutes until the power indicator becomes off, and verify that the voltage between $and \Theta$ is zero using a multimeter.

Perform wiring after the servo drive and motor are installed properly. Failure to comply will result in electric shocks.

Do not damage the cables, lay them under large tension or pressure, or hang them. Failure to comply may result in electric shock.

Insulate the power terminal connectors to prevent electric shocks.

The specifications and installation methods of external cables must comply with the applicable local regulations.

The cables described in Table 4-5 must be made of copper and the grounding cables must be yellow-green cables.

The entire system must be grounded.

Carry out wiring correctly. Failure to comply will result in abnormal actions of the servo motor and personal injuries.

Prevent incorrect terminal connection. Failure to comply may result in damages to the terminals.

Connect the electromagnetic contactor between the power supply and main circuit of the drive (L1, L2 for single-phase, R, S, T for three-phase). If no electromagnetic contactor is connected, a fire may occur when a fault occurs and continuous large current flows through the product.

Use the ALM (fault signal) to cut off the main circuit power supply. When the braking transistor becomes faulty, the regenerative resistor may become overheated, causing a fire.

Before power-on, check the voltage specifications of the drive. Check whether the input power supply is correct (380 VAC to 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz).

Do not reverse the flywheel diode. Failure to comply will damage the product and affect signal output.



Use a noise filter to reduce electromagnetic interference on electronic devices around the product.

For the power supply and the main circuit connection, make sure that the main circuit power supply is cut off and the servo changes from the ON state to the OFF state after the alarm signal is detected.

Connect the U, V, and W cables of the servo drive to the U, V, and W terminals of the motor directly. Do not connect an electromagnetic contactor. Failure to comply may result in abnormalities and faults.

4.1 Terminals in a Power Supply Unit

An MD810 power supply unit must be purchased before the use of this product. For the terminal specifications of the power supply unit, refer to the User Guide MD810 Series AC Drive Multi-axis System.

4.2 Terminals in a Drive Unit

4.2.1 Terminal Arrangement in a Drive Unit

Figure 4-1 Terminal arrangement in a drive unit



4.2.2 Function Description of Terminals in Drive Unit

Table 4-1 Terminal names and functions

Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Terminal Function
+, -	Power input terminals	Bus input
U, V, W	Servo motor connection terminals	Connected to the U, V and W phases of the servo motor.
PE	Ground	Two grounding terminals of the servo drive are respectively connected to those of the power supply and the servo motor.
CN1	Control signal terminal	Digital signal input/output
CN2	EtherNET communication terminal	Connected for transmitting background communication signals and online upgrade signals
CN3/CN4	EtherCAT communication terminal	EtherCAT network ports for connecting CN3(OUT) to the next slave and CN4(IN) to the host controller or previous slave
CN5/CN7	Encoder 1 terminal (DB15)	Encoder signal frequency division output and full closed-loop signal input (port 1)
CN6/CN8	Encoder 2 terminal (DB9)	Connected for transmitting servo motor encoder signals (port 2)
BRAKE-OUT BRAKE-COM	Brake terminal	Connected to the servo motor brake terminal
RJ45A/RJ45B	RJ45 communication port	RJ45B: Connected to the external LCD keypad
STO AX1/AX2	STO connection terminal	Safety function terminal
24 V/COM	24 V power port	External 24 V control power and brake power input ports. For usage details, refer to section 4.3.3.
24 V/COM	24 V power port	External 24 V control power and brake power input ports. For usage details, refer to section 4.3.3.

4.3 Connection of the Power Supply Unit to the Drive Unit

4.3.1 Power Connection Through the DC Bus

Remove the display cover of the drive unit. Connect the power supply unit to the drive unit with the DC busbar.

Caution!

The preinstalled connector (busbar) is used for electrical connection of the device. Connection with a wire other than the busbar cannot guarantee device stability and safety.

Busbar Connection (1) Loosen the screw of the manipulator. Remove the cover and the manipulator, as shown in the following figure: Lift the operator cover. Remove the screw shown in the figure. Remove the cover a the manipulator to expose the conne busbar Caution! Before removing the cover, ensure that the machine is powered off for over 10 minutes. (2) Loosen the screw of the DC busbar. Turn over the DC link bridge. Note: For the 50 mm wide model, the rotationally-connected busbar is not pre-installed on the complete machine, but put in the packaging box. Remove the busbar terminal screws before busbar installation Turn over Turn over O O.A OU º Power supply Drive unit Drive unit Drive unit unit (3) Tighten the screws. Calibrate the torgues of all screws. Recommended torgue: 2.6-3 N·m.

4.3.2 PE Connection

Properly ground every device in the system! Connect the power supply unit, drive unit, and components such as the filter and reactor to the PE copper bar in the cabinet using the star connection method, as shown in the following figure:



Figure 4-2 PE connection

4.3.3 24 V Control Power Supply

The power supply of the drive unit is divided into the control part and the power part. The control part is preferentially powered by the DC busbar that is connected to the power supply unit. It is recommended to synchronously connect the 24 V switch-mode power supply of the drive unit to an external power supply. This ensures that power supply to the control part of the drive unit is not affected after stop due to any fault of the power supply unit.

Note that the 24 V terminal in the drive unit must be correctly connected as shown in the following figure:

Figure 4-3 Cascade of multiple 24 V control power supplies



4.3.4 Shield Grounding and Hose Clamp

To ensure device stability, fix the exposed shield of cables to the shield support with a hose clamp to ensure grounding of the shield, as shown in the following figure.

Figure 4-4 Shield grounding and hose clamp application



Hose clamp (Optional)

Fix the exposed shield of the cables to the shield support with a hose clamp to ensure grounding of the shield.

4.4 Connection of the Drive Unit to the Motor

4.4.1 Grounding Requirements

Properly ground the PEs of the servo drive and servo motor.

4.4.2 Connection to a OneCable Series Servo Motor

Figure 4-5 Example of drive unit output connection to the servo motor





Connector Appearance	Terminal Pin Layout			Frame Size of Applicable Motor
	A 4 3 PE	B	C 5 1 2	
	Pin No.	Signal	Color	
	A	U	Blue	100
	В	V	Black	130
	С	W	Red	
	PE	PE	Yellow/ Green	
	1	+5 V	Red	
	2	0 V	Black	
	3	PS+	Yellow	
	4	PS-	Yellow and black	
	5	Shield Schermo	White	

Table 4-2 Connectors of OneCable cables on the servo motor side

Frame size of motor: indicates the width of the installation flange.

The cable colors are subject to the actual cables. The cable colors mentioned in this user guide are colors of Inovance cables.

- 4.4.3 Connection to an ISMH Series Servo Motor
- 1. Power Cable Connection

Figure 4-6 Example of servo drive output connection to the servo motor





Table 4-3 Connectors of power cables on the servo motor side

Connector Appearance		Termi	Frame Size of Applicable Motor			
	MIL-DT	-L-5015 se	ries 3104 spec. 20-18 military spec A H G 0 0 0 0 0 C D E	8E20-18	S military	
	New S	tructure	Old Structure		Color	100
	Pin No.	Signal	Pin No.	Signal	00101	100
	В	U	В	U	Blue	130
	I	V	I	V	Black	
	F	W	F	W	Red	
	G	PE	G	PE	Yellow/ Green	
	-	Brake				
	С	(without				
	E	and negative)				

Connector Appearance		Termi	nal Pin L	ayout.		Frame Size of Applicable Motor
	MIL-DTL-5015 series 3108E20-22S military spec. 20-22 military spec. Y Series Terminal Definition Pin No Signal Pin No Signal					
	Α	U	Α	U	Blue	
	С	V	С	V	Black	
	E	Ŵ	E	Ŵ	Red	
	F	PE	F	PE	Yellow/ Green	
			В	Brake (without positive		
		Black	6-pin cor	nector		
			4 1 5 2 6 3			
	Pin N	lo.	Signal	C	olor	
	1		U	N	/hite	
	2		V	В	lack	
	4		W	F	Red	
	5		PE	Yellov	v/Green	
	3		Brake			
	0	p	ositive ar	nd		
			negative)		
	Recomm	endation:		261726.1	rminal	
	MOLEX-	39000061	JLEA-30	501730, le	annindi.	

Connector Appearance	Te	Frame Size of Applicable Motor		
	Pin No.	Signal	Color	40 (X series)
	1	U	Blue	80 (X series)
1500 /	2	V	Black	ou (X series)
	3	W	Red	
	4	PE	Yellow/Green	
	Recommendati			
	Plastic housing terminal: Zhejia			

NOTE

Frame size of motor: indicates the width of the installation flange.

The motor cable colors are subject to the actual cables. The cable colors mentioned in this user guide are Inovance cables.

- 2. Encoder Cable Connection
- Connection of the bus incremental encoder

Figure 4-7 Example of connecting encoder signal cables



The encoder cable colors are subject to the actual cables. The cable colors mentioned in the user guide are Inovance cables.

Connector Appearance	Terminal F	Pin Layout
A P		
	Pin No.	Signal
	1	PS+
	2	PS-
Viewed from	7	+5 V
this side	8	GND
	Housing	PE
	Recommendation: Plastic housing of plug on (SZTDK), black housing Core: DB9P soldering plu	cable side: DB9P g (SZTDK), blue rubber

Table 4-4 Connectors of IS810N series 20-bit encoder cables on servo drive side



Connector Appearance and Pin Layout								Frame Size of Applicable Motor
Ca	nnect to 12 of the drive	Encoder cabl	e		Encoder cor socke			
Viewed from $0.000 \text{ military spec}$.				20-29 mi	litary spec.		100 130 180	
Pin No	Signal			Pin No.	Signal	Color		
A	PS+	Twisted-		A	PS+	Yellow	Twisted-	
B	PS-	pair		В	PS-	Blue	pair	
G	+5 V			G	+5 V	Red		
H	GND	-		Н	GND	White		
J	Shield	1		J	Shield			

Frame size of motor: indicates the width of the installation flange.



Table 4-6 Connectors of IS810N series 20-bit encoder cables (9-pin connector)

Frame size of motor: indicates the width of the installation flange.

Table 4-7 Pin relationship of IS810N series 20-bit encoder cables

DB9 on Servo Drive Side			Motor Side			
		Function Description	9-pin	20-29 Aviation Plug		
Signal	Pin No.		Pin No.	Pin No.		
PS+	1	Serial communication signal +	3	A		
PS-	2	Serial communication signal -	6	В		
+5 V	7	Encoder +5 V power supply	9	G		
GND	8	Encoder +5 V power ground	8	Н		
PE	Housing	Shield	7	J		

It is recommended that the 22–26AWG cables and matching AMP170359-1 terminals be used for the 10B, 20B, 40B, and 75B series motors. If longer cables are required, cables with a larger diameter should be used, as described in the following table.

Table 4-8	Recommended	cable	sizes

Cable Size	Ω/km	Allowed Cable Length (m)
26AWG (0.13 mm2)	143	10.0
25AWG (0.15mm2)	89.4	16.0
24AWG (0.21mm2)	79.6	18.0
23AWG (0.26mm2)	68.5	20.9
22AWG (0.32mm2)	54.3	26.4

If cables sized greater than 22AWG are required, contact Inovance.

Absolute Encoder Installation

Installation of the Battery Box for the Absolute Encoder

Battery box model (optional): S6-C4

This model includes:

One sheet metal bracket

One plastic box

One 3.6 V/2600 mAh battery

Two M3x10 flat-head screws

One M3x10 pan-head screw

Terminal block and crimping terminal

Installing the battery box:

Figure 4-8 Installation diagram of a battery box for a size-A absolute encoder



Fasten the battery box with two flat-head screws (refer to Figure 4-5).

The flat-head screws correspond to the flat-head slots.

Removing the battery box:

The battery may encounter leakage after being used for a long time. Replace it every two years.

Remove the battery box in procedure reverse to the preceding installation procedure.

When closing the battery box cover, prevent squeezing the connector cables.



Note: Improper use of a battery may result in battery leakage which will corrode the components or cause the battery to explode. Observe the following precautions during use:

- Ensure correct battery polarity when installing the battery;
- Leaving a battery that has been used for a long time or is no longer useful inside a device can cause battery leakage. The electrolyte inside the battery is highly corrosive, not only corroding nearby components, but also increasing the short circuit possibility. Replace the battery periodically (recommended period: 2 years).
- Do not disassemble the battery as electrolyte spray may cause personal injuries.
- Do not throw a battery into fire as this may cause the battery to explode.
- Prevent battery short circuits, and do not strip the battery tube. It is dangerous for a metal item to contact both electrodes of the battery, as it may cause a high current, weakening the battery power and probably causing explosion of the battery due to severe heating.
- Do not charge the battery.
- · Dispose the battery according to local regulations.

Selecting a battery:

Select an appropriate battery according to the following table.

Table 4-9 Battery description for absolute encoders

Battery Spec		Rating			Condition
ballery Spec.	item	Min.	Typical	Max.	Condition
	External battery voltage (V)	3.2	3.6	5	In standby mode*2
	Circuit fault voltage (V)		2.6		In standby mode
Output: 3.6 V,	Battery alarm voltage (V)	2.85	3	3.15	
2500 mAh		-	2	-	During normal operation*1
Recommended manufacturer	Battery current consumption (uA)	-	10	-	In standby mode, axis static
and model: Shenzhen		-	80	-	In standby mode, axis rotation
Jieshun, LS14500	Battery operating temperature (°C)	0	-	40	Same as motor ambient
Battery storage temperature (°C)		-20	-	60	temperature

The preceding data is measured at the ambient temperature of 20°C.

Note 1: During normal operation, the absolute encoder supports one-turn or multiturn data counting and transmitting/receiving. After connecting the absolute encoder properly, turn on the power to the servo drive, and the encoder enters normal operation state and transmits/ receives data after a delay of 5s. When the encoder switches from standby state to normal operation state (power turned on), the motor speed must not exceed 10 RPM. Otherwise, the servo drive reports Er.740, and you need to power on the servo drive again.

Note 2: Standby state: The servo drive is not powered on, and the external battery is used for multi-turn data counting. In this case, data transmitting/receiving is not performed.

Battery service life:

The calculation below only considers the encoder's current consumption and does not cover current consumption of the battery.

Assume that:

Normal operation time of servo drive: T1

Motor rotating time after power-off of servo drive: T2

Motor rotating stop time after power-off: T3 (unit: hour)

Example:

Table 1 10	Theoretical	hattani	aaniaa	life of	00	abaaluta	anaadar
1able 4-10	Theoretical	Datterv	Service	me or	an	absolute	encoder

Item	Time Arrangement 1	Time Arrangement 2
Number of days the battery works under different working conditions in 1 year	313	52
T1 (hour)	8	0
T2 (hour)	0.1	0
T3 (hour)	15.9	24

Yearly consumption = (8H x 2uA + 0.1H x 80uA + 15.9H x 10uA) x 313 + (0H x 2uA + 0H x 80uA +24H x 10uA) x 52 \approx 70 mAH

Theoretical battery service life = Battery capacity/Yearly consumption = 2600 mAH/70 mAH = 37.1 years

2. Wiring of Battery Box and Signal Wires

Figure 4-9 Example of wiring of the battery box and signal wires for an absolute encoder



Color of the battery box outer lead:

Figure 4-10 Battery box outer lead of the absolute encoder



Store the battery box at the required ambient temperature and ensure the battery is in reliable contact and has sufficient capacity. Otherwise, position information loss may occur in the encoder.

Table 4-11 Connectors of IS810N series absolute encoder cables (MIL-DTL-5015 series 3108E20-29S military spec.)



Frame size of motor: indicates the width of installation flange.





Frame size of motor: indicates the width of the installation flange.

4.4.4 Connection to an ISMG Series Servo Motor

1. Power Cable Connection

Figure 4-11 Example of drive unit output connection to an ISMG series servo motor



The specifications and connections of external main circuit cables must comply with local regulations and related IEC requirements.

To avoid equipment damages or operating faults, do not connect a capacitor or surge absorber to the output side of the servo drive.

Long motor cables can contribute to electrical resonance caused by distributed capacitance and inductance. In some cases, this might cause equipment damages in the drive, motor, or cables. To avoid these problems, install an AC output reactor close to the drive if the cable is longer than 100 m.

It is recommended to use shielded cable as the output cables to the motor. Connect the shield with a grounding support fully to the ground, and connect the lead-out wire of the shield to the PE terminal.

Ensure that the lead-out wire of the motor cable shield is as short as possible, and the width b is greater than or equal to 1/5 of the length.



Figure 4-9 Lead-out wire of a motor cable shield

ΡE

For personal safety and reliability of the equipment, it is important to connect PE to an effective electrical grounding cable. Resistance value of the grounding cable must be less than 10 Ω .

Do not connect the PE of the drive to the neutral conductor of the power system.

Use a proper grounding cable with yellow/green insulation for protective grounding conductor.

Ground the shield correctly.

It is recommended that the drive be installed on a metal mounting surface and ensure proper contact between the conductive base of the drive and the metal mounting surface.

Install filter and drive on the same mounting surface to ensure the filtering effect.

2. Encoder Cable Connection

Figure 4-13 Example of connecting encoder signal cables



Table 4-13 Connectors of encoder cables on the servo drive side

Connector Appearance	Terminal Pin Layout					
	$ \begin{array}{c} \bigcirc \\ \hline & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 7 \\ & 7 \\ & 8 \\ & 9 $					
		Pin No.	Signal			
		1	PS+			
Viewed from				2	PS-	
this side		7	+5 V			
				8	GND	
		Housing	PE			
	Recommendation: Plastic housing of plug on cable side: DB9P (SZTDK), black housing					
	Core: DB9P soldering plug (SZTDK), blue rubber					

Connector Appearance	Terminal Pin Layout				
	MIL-DTL-5015 series 3108E20-29S military spec.				
		20-29 military sp	ec.		
Viewed from this to a 0 a	The second secon				
	Pin No.	Signal	Remarks		
	A	PS+	Twisted pair		
	В	PS-	Twisted-pair		
	G	+5 V	Twisted pair		
	Н	GND	i wisteu-pali		
	J	Shield	-		

Table 4-14 Connectors of encoder cables on the servo motor side

Table 4-15 Pin relationship of encoder cables

DB9 on Servo Drive Side			Ν	/lotor Side
		Function Description 9-pin	9-pin	20-29 military spec.
Signal	Pin No.		Pin No.	Pin No.
PS+	1	Serial communication signal +	3	A
PS-	2	Serial communication signal -	6	В
+5 V	7	Encoder +5 V power supply	9	G
GND	8	Encoder +5 V power ground	8	Н
PE	Housing	Shield	7	J

Observe the following precautions when wiring the encoder:

Ground the servo drive and shielded layer of the servo motor reliably. Otherwise, the servo drive will report a false alarm.

It is recommended to use twisted-pair cable sized 26AWG to 16AWG. The differential signals shall be connected to two corresponding core wires in the twisted-pair cable. The wiring length shall be as short as possible.

Do not connect cables to the reserved pins.

To determine the length of the encoder cable, consider voltage drop due to the cable resistance and signal attenuation caused by the distributed capacitance. It is recommended to use twisted-pair cable sized 26AWG or greater (as per the UL2464 standard) and shorter than 10 m. If the cable is very long, use the cable of a larger size, as described in the following table.

Cable Size	Ω/km	Allowed Cable Length (m)
26AWG (0.13 mm ²)	143	10.0
25AWG (0.15 mm ²)	89.4	16.0
24AWG (0.21 mm ²)	79.6	18.0
23AWG (0.26 mm ²)	68.5	20.9
22AWG (0.32 mm ²)	54.3	26.4
21AWG (0.41 mm ²)	42.7	33.5

Table 4-16 Recommended cable sizes

To determine the length of the signal cable, consider voltage drop caused by the cable resistance, and pay attention to the power capacity during power distribution, to ensure that the strength of signals and power arriving at the drive input side is sufficient. Twisted-pair shield cables sized greater than 26AWG are recommended.

The encoder cable and signal cable must be separated by at least 30 cm.

If the encoder cable is too short and an extension cable is to be added, make sure the shielded layers of two separate cables are well connected for reliable grounding.

Wiring for Motor Temperature Detection:





4.4.5 Connection to an MS1H Series Servo Motor

1. Power Cable Connection



Table 4-17 Connectors of power cables on the servo motor side

Connector Appearance	Terminal Pin Layout			Frame Size of Applicable Motor
	Black 6-pin connector			
	Pin No.	Signal	Remarks	
	1	U	White	40 (7 corice)
	2	V	Black	40 (Z series)
	4	W	Red	80 (Z series)
	5	PE	Yellow/ Green	
	3	Brake		
	6	(without positive and negative)		
	Recomme Plastic hou Terminal: I			

Note: Frame size of the motor indicates the width of the installation flange.

The power cable colors are subject to the actual cables. The cable colors mentioned in this user guide are colors of Inovance cables.

2. Absolute Encoder Cable Connection

Refer to section 4.4.3 "2 Encoder Cable Connection".

4.5 Brake Wiring

A brake is used to lock the motor in position when the servo drive is shut down to prevent the moving part of the machine from falling by gravity or being moved by external force.



Figure 4-15 Positions of brake wiring terminals

power is off

Use this built-in brake to keep the stalling status only. Never use this for "Brake" to stop the load in motion.

Brake coils are of no polarity.

Turn off S-ON after the servo motor stops.

When the servo motor with a brake runs, the brake may generate a click sound, which does not affect its functions.

When brake coils are energized (the brake is released), magnetic flux leakage may occur at the shaft end. Thus, pay special attention when using magnetic sensors around the servo motor.

The connector of the motor brake has no polarity. Users need to prepare a 24 V external power supply. The following figure shows the standard wiring of the brake signal (BK) and brake power supply.



Pay attention to the following precautions during wiring:

To decide the length of the cable on the motor brake side, consider voltage drop caused by cable resistance. The input voltage of the brake must be at least 21.6 V.

4.6 STO Connection

When a fault is detected in the safety circuit, the STO function immediately cuts off the output current of the controller and stops the output torque of the motor.



STO connection terminal definition (Refer to the STO terminal definition of MD810):

Port Type	Interface Name	Function
	1	Shaft 1 STO channel 1 power+
AVISTO	1GND	Shaft 1 STO channel 1 power-
AXISIO	2	Shaft 1 STO channel 2 power+
	2GND	Shaft 1 STO channel 2 power-
AX2STO	1	Shaft 2 STO channel 1 power+
	1GND	Shaft 2 STO channel 1 power-
	2	Shaft 2 STO channel 2 power+
	2GND	Shaft 2 STO channel 1 power-

Note: If an external power supply is used, it shall be an SELV circuit power supply with the following specifications: 24 VDC \pm 10%, 50 mA.
4.6.1 Application Example of the STO Function





Figure 4-19 Example 2



Figure 4-20 Example 3



4.6.2 Disabling the STO Function

When the STO function is not used, an external 24 V power supply must be connected. The following figure shows the specific wiring method of every drive. If multiple drives provide the STO function, the STO terminal of every drive must be connected to an external 24 V switching-mode power supply.





Figure 4-22 Wiring of STO terminal



The following figure shows the case where the STO terminals of multiple drives are cascaded to share one external switching-mode power supply.





4.7 RJ45 Communication Connection

RJ45 communication interfaces (RJ45A/RJ45B):

RJ45 communication interfaces (RJ45A/RJ45B)	CANH	CAN_H of CANopen/CANlink communication signal		
	CANL	CAN_L of CANopen/CANlink communication signal	communication	
	CGND	Ground of CANopen/CANlink communication signal		
	RS485+	RS485+ Positive of RS485 communication signal		
	RS485-	Negative of RS485 communication signal	keypad, and PC	
	CGND	Ground of RS485 communication signal	(INoDriveShop)	
	7 V	Power supply to an external LCD keypad	Connect an external LCD keypad.	

The commissioning operation can be performed by connecting the RJ45 interface at the back of the external LCD keypad to the RJ45B interface at the top of IS810 using a standard network cable. The figure shows the interface of IS810.

The smart operating keypad (model SOP-20) is Inovance's new-generation commissioning assistant for the frequency control system and supports products such as IS810, MD810, MD880 and HE series and vehicle electronic drives. The smart operating keypad has a wide power supply range and LCD display, supports multibus and applies to the single-motor/multi-motor drive. The keypad provides the functions such as parameter settings, state monitoring, simple oscilloscope, parameter copy, fault analysis and locating, program download and USB relay.

Figure 4-24 Connection to SOP-20 using an RJ45A interface



For usage details, refer to the SOP-20 Smart Operation Panel User Manual.

4.8 Control Signal Connection (CN1)

Figure 4-25 Pin layout of the control circuit terminal connector of a servo drive



1. CN1 Terminal

Table 4-17 DI/DO signal description

Terminal Symbol		Terminal Name	Terminal Function	
Axis 1	Axis 2	-	-	
+24 V	+24V	Internal 24 V power s	supply, voltage range:	
COM-	COM-	20 to 28 V, maximum of	output current: 200 mA	
COM+	COM+	Power input (12 V to 24 V)	
DO1+	DO2+	S-RDY+	Sorvo roody	
DO1-	DO2-	S-RDY-	Servo ready	
DI1	DI5	P-OT	Positive limit switch	
DI2	DI6	N-OT	Negative limit switch	
DI3	DI7	INHIBIT	Pulse input inhibited	
HDI4+	HDI8+	TouchProbe	Touch probe function	
HDI4-	HDI8-	TouchProbe	Touch probe function	
HDI4	HDI8	TouchProbe	Touch probe function	
PE	PE	Shield	Signal shielding ground	

2) Wiring

1) DI circuit

DI1 to DI3 interface circuits are the same. The following takes DI1 circuit as an example.

a) When the host controller provides relay output:

 ${\rm \textcircled{O}}$ If the internal 24 V power supply of the servo drive is used:



② If the external power supply is used:



- b) When the host controller provides OC output:
- If the internal 24 V power supply of the servo drive is used:



② If the external power supply is used:





PNP and NPN input cannot be applied in the same circuit.

2) DO circuit

 $\mathsf{DO1}-\mathsf{DO2}$ interface circuits are the same. The following takes $\mathsf{DO1}$ interface circuit as an example.

a) When the host controller provides relay input:



NOTE

When the host controller provides relay input, a flywheel diode must be installed; otherwise, the DO ports may be damaged.



b) When the host controller provides optocoupler input:



The maximum allowable voltage and current of the optocoupler output circuit inside the servo drive are as follows:

Maximum voltage: 30 V DC Maximum current: DC 50 mA

3) High-speed HDI4

a) Differential mode



b) OC mode

① When the internal 24 V power supply of the servo drive is used:



Wrong connection: Pin COM- is not connected, which causes an open circuit.



② When the external power supply is used:



Scheme 1: Using the internal resistor of the drive (recommended)

Scheme 2: Using an external resistor



Value of resistor R1 is calculated according to the following formula:

$$\frac{V_{CC}-1.5}{R1+240}$$
 = 10mA

Table 4-18 Recommended R1 resistance values

VCC Voltage	R1 Resistance Value	R1 Power
24 V	2.4 kΩ	0.5 W
12 V	1.5 kΩ	0.5 W

The following figures show wrong wiring examples.

Wrong connection 1: The current-limit resistor is not connected, resulting in terminal damages.



Wrong connection 2: Terminals are not correctly connected, resulting in terminal damages.



4) High-speed HDI8

The HDI8 connection method is consistent with the preceding high-speed HDI4 connection method. Refer to the preceding text.

4.9 Encoder Signal Frequency Division Output and Full Closed-loop Signal Input Connection (CN5/CN7)



Figure 4-26 CN5/CN7 terminal

1. Terminal CN5/CN7/DB15 Definition

Signal	Default Function	Pin No.	Functio	on	
	PAO+	1	Phase A frequency-	Phases A+B	
	PAO-	2	division output signal	quadrature	
	PBO+	3	Phase B frequency-	frequency-division	
General	PBO-	4	division output signal	pulse output signal	
	PZO+	8	Phase Z frequency-	Home pulse output	
	PZO-	6	division output signal	signal	
	GND	9, 11, 13, 15	Home pulse OC output signal ground		
	+5 V	7	5 V internal power supply, maximum output current: 200 mA		
	Reserved	5, 10, 12, 14	Reserve	ed	

The encoder frequency-division output circuit outputs differential signals via the differential drive. Generally, it provides feedback signals to the host controller in the closed-loop position control system. A differential or optocoupler circuit shall be used in the host controller to receive feedback signals. The maximum output current is 20 mA.



Caution

Connect the 5 V grounding terminal of the host controller to the GND terminal of the servo drive, and use shielded twisted-pair cables to reduce noise interference.

4.10 Communication Signal Connection (CN3/CN4)

1. Communication Networking and Terminals

Figure 4-27 Communication wiring



The CN3/CN4 terminal connectors are EtherCAT network ports, where CN4(IN) is connected to the host controller, and CN3(OUT) is connected to a slave.

	Pin	Description	Pin Layout
1	TX+	Data transmit+	
2	TX-	Data transmit-	
3	RX+	Data receive+	
4	-	-	
5	-	-	
6	RX-	Data receive-	6
7	-	-	7
8	-	-	8
Housing	PE	Shield	

Table 4-19 Pin definition of communication signal terminal connectors

- 2. Selection of Communication Cables
- Selection principle

Specification	Supplier
0.2 m to 10 m	Inovance
Longer than 10 m	Haituo

• Basic information about EtherCAT communication cables of Inovance

1) Cable models are as follows:



2) Cable ordering information:

Material Code	Cable Size	Length (m)	Price (RMB)
15040261	S6-L-T04-0.3	0.3	10
15040262	S6-L-T04-3.0	3.0	25
15041960	S6-L-T04-0.2	0.2	9
15041961	S6-L-T04-0.5	0.5	11
15041962	S6-L-T04-1.0	1.0	15
15041963	S6-L-T04-2.0	2.0	20
15041964	S6-L-T04-5.0	5.0	35
15041965	S6-L-T04-10.0	10.0	60

Cables of 10 m long or shorter must be purchased from Inovance.

Cables longer than 10 m shall be purchased from Haituo.

3) Specifications and characteristics:

Item	Detailed Description
UL certification	Comply with UL certification
CAT.5E cable	CAT.5E cable
Double shield	Braided shield (coverage 85%), aluminum foil shield (coverage 100%)
Environmental adaptability	Operating temperature: -30 to 60°C; resistant to industrial oil and corrosive acid and alkali.
EMC testing standard	GB/T 24808-2009

4.11 Communication Connection to PC (CN2)

Arrangement of Ethernet(CN2) terminals:





Terminal Symbol	Pin Description			Pin Layout
	Ethernet Connection			
010	No.	Definition	Function and Specification	
	1	TX+	Data transmit+	2
	2	TX-	Data transmit-	4
GINZ	3	RX+	Data receive+	6
	4	-	-	7
	5	-	-	8
	6	RX-	Data receive-	
	7	-	-	
	8	-	-	

Table 4-20 Pin definition of communication signal terminal connectors

Note: Communication cables are the same as cables for multi-device communication (S6-L-T04).

4.12 Anti-interference Measures for Electrical Wiring

Take the following measures to suppress interference:

- Ensure that the length of the reference input cable is below 3 m, and the length of the encoder cable is below 20 m.
- Use a thick cable (above 2.0 mm2 in diameter) as the grounding cable.
 - \odot D class (or higher class) grounding is recommended (grounding resistance is below 100 Ω).
 - ② Use single point grounding.
- Use a noise filter to prevent radio frequency interference. For home application or application with noise interference, install the noise filter on the input side of the power cable.
- To prevent malfunction due to electromagnetic interference, take the following measures:
 - \odot $\;$ Install the host controller and noise filter as close to the servo drive as possible.
 - ② Install a surge absorber on the relay, solenoid and electromagnetic contactor coils.
 - ③ The distance between a strong-current cable and a weak-current cable must be at least 30 cm. Do not put these cables in the same duct or bundle them together.
 - ④ Do not connect the servo drive to the same power supply as an electric welder or electrical discharge machine. When the servo drive is placed near a high-frequency generator, install a noise filter on the input side of the power cable.

4.12.1 Anti-interference Wiring Example and Grounding

The servo drive uses high-speed switches in the main circuit. Switching noise from these components may affect normal operation of the servo drive due to improper wiring or grounding. Thus, the servo drive must be properly wired and grounded. A noise filter can be added if necessary.

Anti-interference Wiring Example



Figure 4-30 Anti-interference wiring example

NOTE

Use a cable of at least 3.5 mm2 thick as the grounding cable connected to the cabinet housing. Plain stitch copper wires are recommended.

If a noise filter is used, observe the precautions as described in the "Using Noise Filter" section.

2) Grounding

To prevent potential magnetic interference, conduct grounding correctly according to the following instructions.

a) Grounding the motor housing

Connect the grounding terminal of the servo motor to the PE terminal of the servo drive and ground the PE terminal.

b) Grounding the shield of the encoder cable

Ground both ends of the shield of the motor encoder cable.

4.12.2 Using Noise Filter

To prevent interference from power cables and reduce impact of the servo drive on other sensitive devices, install a noise filter on the input side of the power supply according to the input current. In addition, install a noise filter on the power cable of peripheral devices if necessary. Observe the following precautions when installing and wiring the noise filter. Do not put the input and output wires of the noise filter in the same duct or bundle them together.



Figure 4-31 Separation noise filter input and output cables

Separate the grounding wire and output power wires of the noise filter.

Figure 4-32 Separation of the noise filter grounding wire and output power wires



Use a separate grounding cable as short and thick as possible for the noise filter. Do not connect the grounding cable to other grounding devices.



Figure 4-33 Single point grounding

Grounding the noise filter inside the cabinet

If the noise filter and the servo drive are installed in the same cabinet, fix the noise filter and the servo drive on the same metal plate. Make sure that the contact part is in good conductive condition, and ground the metal plate properly.



Figure 4-34 Noise filter grounding

4.13 Cablen Use Precautions

- Do not bend or apply stress to cables. The core wire of a signal cable is only 0.2 or 0.3 mm in diameter. Handle the cables carefully.
- In scenarios where cables need to be moved, use flexible cables. Ordinary cables are easily damaged after being bent for a long time. Cables configured together with low power servo motors cannot be moved.
- · If a cable bear is used, make sure:
- 1. The bending radius of the cable must be at least 10 times of its outer diameter.
- 2. Do not fasten or bundle the cables inside the cable bear. The cables can be bundled or fastened only at the two non-movable ends of the cable bear.
- 3. Cables must not be wound or warped.
- 4. The space factor inside the cable bear must not exceed 60%.
- 5. Do not mix cables that differ greatly in size. Otherwise, thick cables may crush thin cables. If thick and thin cables need to be used together, place a spacer plate to separate them.

Figure 4-35 Cable bear



4.14 General Wiring Diagram

Refer to Appendix 2 "General Wiring Diagram".

Note 1: CAT5E double shielded or better network cables are recommended. Both direct-through and crossover Ethernet cables are allowed.

Note 2: The voltage range and maximum output current of the internal +24V power supply are 20–28 V and 200 mA.

Note 3: HDI4 and HDI8 are high-speed DIs. Use them according to their functions allocated. If they are used in low speed circumstances, the internal filtering parameters may be increased according to the function code.

Note 4: Customers need to prepare 5-24 V power supplies for DOs. The DO terminals support the maximum voltage of 30 V DC voltage and maximum current of 50 mA.

Note 5: Use shielded twisted-pair cables as encoder frequency-division cables, and tie both ends of the shield to PE. Connect GND and signal ground of the host controller reliably.

Note 6: The internal +5 V power supply supports a maximum current of 200 mA.

Chapter 5 Keypad

5.1 Introduction to LED Keypad

Figure 5-1 LED keypad appearance



The keypad consists of the 5-digit 7-segment LEDs and keys. The keypad is used for display, parameter setting, user password setting and general functions operations.

1. Function Description of Keys

Table 5-1 Functions of keys on the keypad

17 and		Even effects Descendentiers
кеу	Key Name	Function Description
۲	MODE	Switch between modes.
MODE	NIODE	Return to the upper-level menu.
۲	UP	Increase the number indicated by the blinking digit.
•	DOWN	Decrease the number indicated by the blinking digit.
) Shift	SHIFT	Shift the blinking digit. View the high digits of the number consisting of more than 5 digits.
ENTER	ENTER	Switch to the next-level menu. Execute commands such as saving parameter values.

2. LED Display Area

There are 5-digit LEDs on the LED keypad to display status, parameters, faults, and monitoring information.

LED Display	Equivalent						
0	0	ſ	7	E	E	P	Ρ
ł	1,4	8	8	F	F	r.	R
5	2	9	9, ·g	Н	н	E	Т
3	3	8	A	J	J	U	u
Ч	4	G	В	L	L	U	V
S	5, S	C	С	n	N	У	у
6	6	Ь	D	0	0	8.	Axis 2

Table 5-2 LED display and actual data

3. Function Indicator

Indicator State		State Description	
BUN	RUN	Off: stop-or-fault	
indicator	RUN	On: running	
	FWDREV	Off: forward running	
FWD/REV indicator	FWDREV	On: reverse running	
ERR/TC/TU NE indicator	ERR/TC/TUNE	On (green): normal running	
	ERR/TC/TUNE	Quick-blinking-(red-4-times/s): fault-state	
	× v	Frequency-unit-Hz	
		Current-unit: A	
	■ %■\$ × v	Voltage-unit:-V	
Ax1, Ax2		DIP-switches-for-axis-selection	
8.8.8.8.8.		This point indicates the current operation axis: Solid off: Parameter of the operating axis Ax1 Solid on: Parameter of the operating axis Ax2	

5.2 Keypad Display

Conversion Between Keypad Display and Host Controller Operation Objects

The mapping between the parameter numbers displayed on the keypad and the object dictionary (hexadecimal index and subindex) operated on the host controller is as follows:

Object dictionary index = 0x2000 + Parameter group No.

Object dictionary subindex = Hexadecimal offset in function code group + 1 Example:

Keypad Display	Object Dictionary Operated by the Host Controller
H00-00	2000-01h
H00-01	2000-02h
H01-09	2001-0Ah
H01-10	2001-0Bh
H02-15	2002-10h

The following parts only describe parameter display and setting on the keypad, and you need to make conversion when performing operations through commissioning software on the host controller.

- The keypad can display status, parameters, faults, and monitoring information during running of the servo drive.
 - 1. Status display: Displays the current servo drive status to indicate, for example, whether the servo is ready or running.
 - 2. Parameter display: Displays the function codes and their values.Fault display: Displays the faults and warnings occurring in the servo drive.
 - 3. Monitoring display: Displays the current running parameters of the servo drive.

Figure 5-2 Switching between different displayed contents



Motor static

- After the power is on, the keypad enters the status display mode.
- Press the MODE key to switch between modes, as shown in the preceding figure.
- In status display mode, set 2002-21h and select the monitored parameters. When the motor rotates, the keypad automatically switches to the monitoring display. After the motor stops, the keypad automatically returns to the status display.
- In parameter display mode, set 2002-21h and select the parameters to be monitored, and the keypad switches to the monitoring display mode.
- Once a fault occurs, the keypad enters the fault display mode, and all the 5-digit LEDs blink. Press the ENTER key to stop blinking, and then press the MODE key to switch to the parameter display mode.
- 1. Status Display (Take the parameter of the operating axis 2 as an example)

Display	Name	Condition	Meaning
88888.	Operating axis (example)	Parameter display interface after selecting an axis using the axis 1 or axis 2 DIP switch	The parameters currently displayed on the operation panel are parameters of axis 2.
(Axis number is not displayed in reset state.)	reset Servo initialization	Moment when the servo is powered on	The servo drive is in initialization or reset state. After initialization or reset is completed, the servo drive automatically switches to another state.
888 88 .	nr Servo not ready	Initialization is completed, but the servo drive is not ready.	The main circuit is not powered on, and the servo drive is not ready for running. For details, refer to Chapter 9.
888 8 .	ry Servo ready	The servo drive is ready.	The servo drive is ready for running, and waits for the S-ON signal from the host controller.
888 88 .	rn Servo being running	The S-ON signal is active.	The servo drive is in running state.
88888. 88 8 88.	1 to A Control mode		Displays the current control mode in hexadecimal. 1: PP 3: PV 4: PT 6: HM 8: CSP 9: CSV A: CST
88888. 8 8 888.	1 to 8 Communication state		Displays the status of the EtherCAT state machine. 1: Initializing 2: Pre-operational 4: Safe-operational 8: Operational
88888.	- CN3 connection indication	CN3 is connected successfully when EtherCAT is output.	Segment off: No communication connection is detected on the physical layer.
88888	- CN4 connection indication	CN3 is connected successfully when EtherCAT is input.	Segment on: A communication connection is set up on the physical layer.
88888.	Here Servo online	Call a corresponding drive using InoDriveShop	A drive is online when it is called using InoDriveShop.

2. Parameter Display (Take the parameter of the operating axis 2 as an example)

The IS810N series servo drive has 14 function groups based on parameter functions. A function code can be located quickly based on the group it belongs to. For the function code table, refer to chapter 8.

1) Function code group

Chapter 5 Keypad

Display	Name	Description
HXX.YY	Function code group	XX: function code group YY: function code No.

For example, H02-00 is displayed as follows:

Display	Name	Description
888.88.	Function code H02-00	02: function code group 00: function code No.

2) Display of data of different lengths and negative number

a) Signed number with 4 digits or less and unsigned number with 5 digits or less

Such a number is displayed on a single page (5-digit LEDs). The highest digit "-" indicates the negative symbol.

For example, –9999 is displayed as follows:



For example, 65535 is displayed as follows:



b) Signed number with more than 4 digits and unsigned number with more than 5 digits

The number is displayed in digits from low to high on pages. Each five digits are displayed on a page. The display method is: content on the current page + number of the current page. As shown in the following figure, hold down SHIFT for more than two seconds to switch to the next page.

For example, -1073741824 is displayed as follows:





For example, 1073741824 is displayed as follows:

Figure 5-4 Display of 1073741824



3) Decimal Point Display

Segment "." of the unit's digit indicates the decimal point, and this segment does not blink.

Display	Name	Description
88888	Function code H02-00	02: function code group 00: function code No.

4) Parameter setting display

Display	Name	Situation	Meaning
88888.	Done Parameter setting completed	Parameter setting is successful.	The parameter setting is completed and stored in the servo drive. Then, the servo drive can execute other operations.
8.8888.	F.InIt Parameter restored to default setting	The parameter initialization function is used (H02-31=1).	The servo drive executes parameter initialization. After initialization is completed, the control power is on again.
88888	Error Incorrect password	When the user password function (H02-30) is used, the password entered is incorrect.	The servo drive prompts entered password error, and you need to enter the correct password.
88888 .	FAIL	One-key auto- adjustment fails.	One-key auto-adjustment fails.

- 3. Fault Display (Take the parameter of the current operation axis 2 as an example)
- The keypad displays the current or historical faults and warning codes. For analysis and rectification of faults and warnings, refer to Chapter 9.
- When a single fault or warning occurs, the keypad displays the fault or warning code. When multiple faults or warnings occur, the keypad displays the fault code of the highest level.
- Set in H0B-33 the historical fault to be viewed and view H0B-34. The selected fault or warning code is displayed.
- Set H02-31 to 2 to clear information about the latest 10 faults or warnings stored in the servo drive.

For example, Er.941 is displayed as follows:

Display	Name	Description
88888	Current warning code	E2.: indicates fault or warning in the servodrive axis 2 941: fault or warning code

4. Monitoring Display (Take the parameter of the current operation axis 2 as an example) Group H0B: Displays the parameters for monitoring the running status of the servo drive.

Set H02-32 (Default keypad display). After the servo motor runs properly, the keypad switches from servo status display mode to parameter display mode and displays the parameters set in H02-32.

For example, if H02-32 = 00, the keypad displays the value of H0B-00 if the servo motor speed is not 0.

Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
H0B-00	Actual motor speed	RPM	It displays the actual motor speed after round-off, in the unit of 1 RPM.	3000 RPM display:

5.3 Monitoring Parameters

Group H0B: Displays the parameters for monitoring the running status of the servo drive. Group H0B monitoring display is described as follows (Take the parameter of the current operation axis 2 as an example):

Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
H0B-00	Actual motor speed	RPM	It displays the actual motor speed after round- off, in the unit of 1 RPM.	3000 RPM display:
H0B-01	Speed reference	RPM	It displays the current speed reference of the servo drive.	3000 RPM display:
H0B-02	Internal torque reference	0.1%	It displays the percentage of the actual motor output torque to the rated motor torque.	100.0% display:
H0B-03	Monitored DI states	-	It displays the level states of the eight DI terminals: If the upper LED segment is on, it indicates optocoupler OFF (expressed by "1"). If the lower LED segment is on, it indicates optocoupler ON (expressed by "0"). H0B-03 value read by the background software is a hexadecimal number.	For example, if DI1 is optocoupler ON and DI2 to DI7 are optocoupler OFF: The binary value is 1111110; The value of H0B-03 read by the background software is 0xFE. The keypad display is as follows:

Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
H0B-05	Monitored DO states	-	It displays the level states of the two DO terminals: If the upper LED segment is on, it indicates optocoupler OFF (expressed by "1"). If the lower LED segment is on, it indicates optocoupler ON (expressed by "0"). H0B-05 value read by the background software is a hexadecimal number.	For example, if DO1 is optocoupler ON and DO2 is high level: The binary value is 10; The value of H0B-05 read by the background software is 0x2. The keypad display is as follows:
H0B-07	Absolute position counter (32-bit decimal display)	Ref	It displays the current absolute motor position (reference unit).	1073741824 reference unit display:
H0B-09	Mechanical angle	р	It displays the current motor mechanical angle (p).	360.0° display:
H0B-10	Rotation angle (electric angle)	o	It displays the current motor electric angle.	360.0° display:
H0B-11	Speed corresponding to input position reference	RPM	It displays the servo drive speed corresponding to the position reference in a single control period.	000 RPM display:

Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
H0B-12	Average load ratio	0.1%	It displays the percentage of the average load torque to the rated motor torque.	100.0% display:
H0B-15	Encoder position deviation counter (32-bit decimal display)	Enc	Encoder position deviation = Input position reference sum (encoder unit) – Total encoder feedback pulses (encoder unit)	10000 encoder unit display:
H0B-17	Feedback pulse counter (32-bit decimal display)	Enc	It displays counts and displays the pulses fed back by the servo motor encoder (encoder unit). Note: When an absolute encoder motor is used, H0B-17 indicates only the low 32-bit data of the motor position. The actual motor position is reflected by H0B-77 and H0B-79 together.	1073741824 encoder unit display:
H0B-19	Total power- on time (32- bit decimal display)	0.1s	It displays counts and displays the total servo drive power-on time.	429496729.5s display:

Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
H0B-24	Phase current effective value	0.01 A	It displays the effective phase current value of the servo motor.	4.60 A display:
H0B-26	Bus voltage	0.1 V	It displays the DC bus voltage of the main circuit.	540.0 V display rectified from 380 VAC:
H0B-27	Module temperature	°C	It indicates the temperature of the power module inside the servo drive.	27°C display:
H0B-33	Fault record	-	It sets the historical fault to be viewed. 0: Current fault 1: Last fault 2: Last 2nd fault 9: Last 9th fault	0: Current fault display
H0B-34	Fault code of the selected fault record	-	It displays the fault code selected by H0B-33. When there is no fault, H0B-34 display is "E+Axis No.000."	For example, when the axis number is 1: If H0B-33 = 0, H0B-34 = E1.941, the current fault code is 941. Display:

Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
H0B-35	Time stamp upon displayed fault	S	It indicates the total servo running time when the fault displayed in H0B-34 occurs. When there is no fault, H0B-35 display is "0."	If H0B-34=E2.941, H0B-35=107374182.4 , the current fault code is 941 and the total servo running time is 107,374,182.4s when this fault occurs.
H0B-37	Motor speed upon displayed fault	RPM	It displays the servo motor speed when the fault displayed in H0B-34 occurs. When there is no fault, H0B-37 display is "0".	3000 RPM display:
H0B-38	Motor phase U current upon displayed fault	0.01 A	It displays the winding current effective value of the servo motor phase U when the fault displayed in H0B-34 occurs. When there is no fault, H0B-38 display is "0".	4.60 A display:
H0B-39	Motor phase V current upon displayed fault	0.01 A	It displays the winding current effective value of the servo motor phase V when the fault displayed in H0B-34 occurs. When there is no fault, H0B-39 display is "0."	4.60 A display:
H0B-40	Bus voltage upon displayed fault	V	It displays the DC bus voltage of the main circuit when the fault displayed in H0B-34 occurs. When there is no fault, H0B-40 display is "0."	537.0 V display rectified from 380 VAC:
Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
------------------	---	------	--	---
H0B-41	Input terminal state upon displayed fault	-	It displays the high/low level state of the 8 DI terminals when the fault displayed in H0B-34 occurs. The viewing method is the same as that of H0B-03. When there is no fault, H0B-41 displays that all DI terminals have a low level, corresponding to the decimal value 0.	For example, the value of H0B-41 read by the background software is 0x31. The binary value is 00110001. Display:
H0B-43	Output terminal state upon displayed fault	-	It displays the optocoupler on state of the two DO terminals when the fault displayed in H0B-34 occurs. The viewing method is the same as that of H0B-05. When there is no fault, H0B-42 displays that all DO terminals have a low level, corresponding to the decimal value 0.	H0B-42 = 3 display:
H0B-53	Position deviation counter (32-bit decimal display)	Ref	Position deviation = Input position reference sum (reference unit) - Total encoder feedback pulses (reference unit)	10000 reference unit display:

Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
H0B-55	Actual motor speed	0.1 RPM	It displays the actual motor speed, in the unit	3000.0 RPM display:
				9888.8 Jahr 98888
H0B-57	Control power voltage	0.1 V	It displays the control power DC voltage.	540.0 V display:
H0B-58	Mechanical absolute position (low 32 bits)	Enc	It displays the low 32-bit data of the mechanical position feedback (encoder unit) when the absolute encoder is used.	Example: 2147483647 encoder unit
H0B-60	Mechanical absolute position (high 32 bits)	Enc	It displays the high 32-bit data of the mechanical position feedback (encoder unit) when the absolute encoder is used.	Example: -1 encoder unit

Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
H0B-70	Number of the absolute encoder turns	r	It displays the current number of the absolute encoder turns.	Example: 32767
H0B-71	Absolute encoder single-turn position feedback	Enc	It displays the single-turn position feedback of the absolute encoder.	Example: 8388607 encoder unit
H0B-77	Absolute position (low 32 bits) of absolute encoder	Enc	It displays the low 32-bit data of the position feedback of the absolute encoder.	Example: 2147483647 encoder unit
H0B-79	Absolute position (high 32 bits) of absolute encoder	Enc	It displays the high 32-bit data of the position feedback of the absolute encoder.	Example: -1 encoder unit

Function Code	Name	Unit	Meaning	Display Example
H0B-81	Rotating load single- turn position feedback (low 32 bits)	Enc	It displays the low 32-bit data of the position feedback of the rotating load when the absolute system works in rotating mode.	Example: 2147483647 encoder unit
H0B-83	Rotating load single- turn position feedback (high 32 bits)	Enc	It displays the high 32-bit data of the position feedback of the rotating load when the absolute system works in rotating mode.	Example: 1 encoder unit
H0B-85	Rotating load single-turn position	Reference unit	It displays the mechanical absolute position when the absolute system works in rotating mode.	Example: 1073741824 reference unit

5.4 Parameter Setting

Parameter setting can be performed on the keypad of a servo drive. For details on the parameters, refer to Chapter 8. The following figure shows the keypad operation of switching the position control mode to the speed control mode after the power is on.



Figure 5-5 Parameter setting on the keypad

- MODE: Switch the display mode and return to the upper-level menu.
- UP/DOWN: Increase or decrease the value of the current blinking digit.
- SHIFT: Shift the blinking digit.
- ENTER: Save the current setting value or switch to the next-level menu.

After parameter setting is completed, that is, "Done" is displayed, press the MODE key to return to the parameter group display (H02-00).

5.5 User Password

After the user password function (H02-30) is enabled, only the authorized user is allowed to set parameters; other operators can only view the parameters.

1) Setting a user password

The following figure shows the operation procedure of setting the password to "00001".

Figure 5-6 User password setting on the keypad



NOTE

*1: If the last digit does not blink, password protection is enabled. If the last digit blinks, password protection is disabled or the correct password has been entered.

When changing the user password, enter the current password so that you enable the parameter setting rights. Enter H02-30 again, and you can set a new password, according to the method described in the preceding figure.

2) Canceling user password

Enter the existing user password, and set H02-30 to "00000". Then, the user password is canceled.

5.6 Jog Running

Caution

When using the jog running function, set the S-ON signal inactive. Otherwise, this function cannot be used.

Use the jog running function to perform a trial run on the servo motor and drive.

1) Operation method





NOTE

*1: Press the UP or DOWN key to increase or decrease the motor speed for jog running. If the system exits jog running, the motor speed restores to the initial value.

*2: Press the UP or DOWN key to make the servo motor rotates in forward or reverse direction. After you release the key, the servo motor stops running immediately.

2) Exiting jog running

Press the MODE key to exit jog running and return to the upper-level menu.

5.7 DI/DO Function

There are eight DI signals and two DO signals on terminal CN1 of SV820N. H03 (terminal DI function allocation and logic selection) and H04 (terminal DO function allocation and logic selection) can be used by multiple axes. On any axis, setting and modifying functions of DI and DO terminals can be performed on the keypad and the last modification prevails.

DIDO Function Definitions

No.	Function Symbol	Function Name	Description	Remarks					
Description: It consists of three digits. The first one (from left to right) indicates axis numbers and last two digits indicate terminal functions.									
Input Function Description									
01	S-ON	Servo	Invalid - In local mode, servo motor is disabled.	S-ON function is only valid in non-bus control mode.					
		enabled	Valid - In local mode, servo motor is enabled.	The logic of the corresponding terminal needs to be set to level valid.					
		Desitive	Valid - Forward drive	When the mechanical movement is out of range, the overtravel prevention function is implemented.					
14	P-OT	limit switch	Invalid - Forward drive is permitted.	It is recommended that the logic of the corresponding terminal be set to level valid.					
15 years	N-OT	Negative	Valid - Reverse drive is inhibited.	When the mechanical movement is out of range, the overtravel prevention function is implemented.					
	limit sw		Invalid - Reverse drive is permitted.	It is recommended that the logic of the corresponding terminal be set to level valid.					
				The logic selection of the corresponding terminal must be set to level valid.					
31	Home Switch	Home switch	Invalid - Mechanical load is out of the Home switch range. Valid - Mechanical load is within the Home switch range.	If the logic is set to 2 (rising edge valid), the servo drive forcibly changes it to 1 (high level valid). If the logic is set to 3 (falling edge valid), the servo drive forcibly changes it to 0 (low level valid). If the logic is set to 4 (both rising edge and falling edge valid), the servo drive forcibly changes it to 0 (low level valid).					
38	Touch Probe1	Probe 1	Invalid - Probe is not triggered. Valid - Probe can be triggered.	The logic of probe is only relevant to the probe function (60B8h) regardless of the logic selection of terminal.					
39	Touch Probe2	Probe 2	Invalid - Probe is not triggered; Valid - Probe can be triggered.	The logic of probe is only relevant to the probe function (60B8h) regardless of the logic selection of terminal.					

No.	Function Symbol	Function Name	Description	Remarks				
		Ou	itput Signal Function D	out Signal Function Description				
		Sonio	Valid - Servo is ready.					
01	S-RDY	ready	Invalid - Servo is not ready.	Servo is ready can can be run.				
02	TGON	Motor rotation	Invalid - The absolute value of motor speed after filter is smaller than the value of function code H06-16; Valid - The absolute value of motor speed after filter reaches the value of function code	-				
			H06-16					
			Valid - Servo drive reports a warning.					
10	WARN	Warning	Invalid - Servo drive reports no warning or the warning is reset.	-				
		Fault	Valid - A fault occurs in the servo drive.					
11	ALM		Invalid - Servo drive suffers no fault or the fault is reset.	-				

DI Function Setting (Taking H03-02 Function Setting as an Example)

A function setting of H03 group consists of three digits. The first digit is for setting the axis number and the last two digits are for specific terminal functions. Refer to the red dotted box below:



Figure 5-8 DI function setting on the keypad

Example: Set DI1 and DI2 as the home signals of 2 modules respectively. The corresponding parameters can be set as follows via background software or the keypad:

H0302 = 131

H0304 = 231

Note: Hardware switch setting can be adopted for the logic of the terminal DI based on an actual situation.

DO Function Setting (When Setting H04-00 Function)

The function number setting of H04 consists of three decimal digits. The first digit is for the setting the axis number and the last two digits are for specific terminal functions. Refer to the red dotted box below:



Figure 5-9 Keypad operation of DI function setting

Example: Set DO1 and DO2 as the fault signals of 2 modules respectively. The corresponding parameters can be set as follows via background software or the keypad.

H0400 = 111

H0402 = 211

Note: The hardware switch setting can be adopted for the logic of the terminal DO based on the actual situation.

Chapter 6 Commissioning Software

6.1 Basic Setting

Figure 6-1 Servo drive setting procedure



6.1.1 Check Before Run

Check the items in the following table before running the servo drive and motor.

Table 6-1 Pre-running checklist

Applicable	No.	Activity					
		Wiring					
	1	The main circuit power input terminals R, S, and T of the power supply unit are connected correctly. The input power specifications are 380 VAC to 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz.					
	2	The motor shaft main circuit output terminals U, V, and W of the drive unit are properly connected to the power cables U, V, and W of the servo motor in the correct phase sequence.					
	3	The signal wires of the servo drive are connected correctly. The external signal wires such as the brake and the limit switch wires are connected reliably.					
	4	The servo drive and motor are grounded reliably.					
	5	The cable tension is within the permissible range.					
	6	The wiring terminals have been insulated.					
		Environment and Mechanical Conditions					
	1	No foreign object, such as wire heads or metal powder which may cause short circuit of the signal wires and power cables, exists inside or outside the servo drive.					
	2	The servo drive or external regenerative resistor is not placed on flammable objects.					
	3	Servo motor installation as well as shaft and mechanical connection are reliable.					
	4	The servo motor and connected machine are ready to run.					

6.1.2 Power Supply Connection

Connect the power supply of the main circuit.

After connecting the power supply of the main circuit, if the bus voltage indicator is in normal display and the keypad displays "Reset", "Nrd", and "Rdy" in sequence, it indicates that the servo drive is ready to run and waiting for the S-ON signal from the host controller.

6.1.3 Jogging

Perform jogging to check whether the motor can rotate properly without abnormal vibration or noise. This operation can be performed via the keypad in speed mode, Inovance servo commissioning software in speed mode and keypad in position mode.

Note:

The acceleration and deceleration time constants of speed/position reference can be set through H06-12 (2006-0Dh) during jogging.

1) Jogging via the keypad in speed mode

Switch to H0D-11 on the keypad to enter the speed jogging mode, and the keypad displays the default jogging speed. Press the UP/DOWN key to set the jogging speed, and press the ENTER key to enter the jogging state. The keypad displays "JOG". Then, press the UP/DOWN key to perform forward or reverse jogging. Press the MODE key to exit the jogging mode.

2) Jogging via the Inovance servo commissioning software in speed mode

Open the Inovance servo commissioning software > Special servo function > Speed jog operating interface. Switch the drive to the non-bus control mode (H02-00 is not 9). After selecting a corresponding axis from **Axis selection**, set a jog speed. Switch the servo state to **ON**, and perform forward/reverse jogging by pressing and holding the forward/reverse running arrow.

3) Jogging via the keypad in position mode

Switch to H0D-08 on the keypad to enter the position jogging mode, and the keypad displays the default jogging speed. Press the UP/DOWN key to set the jogging speed, and press the ENTER key to enter the jogging state. The keypad displays "JOG-P". Then, press the UP/DOWN key to perform forward or reverse jogging. Press the MODE key to exit the jogging mode.

Relevant objects:

H06-12	Name	Jogging acceleration/ deceleration time constant			Setting & Effective	Any setting Immediate	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
2006-0Dh	Access	RW	Mapping	YES	Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	0 to 65535 (ms)	Default	10
Set the time constant for the servo motor to accelerate from 0 RPM to 1000 RPM.										

6.1.4 Rotating Direction Selection

Set H02-02 (2002-03h) to change the motor rotating direction without changing the polarity of the input reference.

Relevant objects:

H02-02	Name	Rotating direction selection		Setting & Effective	At stop Power-on again	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16	
2002-03h	Access	RW	Mapping	-	Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	0 to 1	Default	0
It sets the motor forward direction viewed from the motor shaft side.										
Vali	Je		Meaning			C	Description			
0		CCW direction as the forward direction		When a direction rotates c	When a forward command is input, the motor rotates in CCW direction viewed from the motor shaft side, that is, the motor rotates counterclockwise.					
1		CW direction as the forward direction			When a direction rotates c	When a forward command is input, the motor rotates in CW direction viewed from the motor shaft side, that is, the motor rotates clockwise.				
Clockwise (CW)										
Counterclockwise (CCW)										

The change of H02-02(2002-03h) setting does not affect the output pulse form and positive/ negative attribute of monitored parameters of the servo drive.

The direction of "forward drive" in the limit switch function are the same as the direction set in H02-02(2002-03h).

6.1.5 Selection of Output Pulse Phase

The output of the servo drive is phase A + phase B quadrature pulse.

The phase relationship between the phase A and phase B pulses can be changed by setting H02-03 (2002-04h) without changing the motor rotating direction.

Relevant objects:

H02-03	Name	Output pulse phase		Setting & Effective	At stop Power- on again	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16	
2002-04h	Access	RW	Mapping	-	Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	0 to 1	Default	0
It sets the direction re	It sets the relationship between the phase A and phase B pulses on the condition that the motor rotating direction remains unchanged when pulse output is enabled.									
Val	ue		Meaning			D	escription			
0		Phase A output ahead of phase B output		Phase free Phase Phase	Phase A output is 90° ahead of phase B output at frequency-dividing output pulses of encoder. Phase A Phase B					
1		Phase A output behind phase B output		Phas free Phas Phas	e A output is 90° behind phase B output in quency-dividing output pulses of encoder. e A					

6.1.6 Drive Stop

The servo stop modes include the coast to stop mode and zero-speed stop modeThe stop states include the de-energized state and position lock state. Specific information is as follows:

Stop Mode	Stop Description	Stop Characteristics
Coast to stop	The servo motor is de- energized and decelerates to stop gradually. The deceleration time is affected by the friction inertia and mechanical friction.	This mode features smooth deceleration and a small mechanical impact, but the deceleration process takes much time.
Stop at zero speed	From the current speed immediately stop at 0 speed as the target speed	This mode features quick deceleration but a larger impact.
Stop according to ramp	The speed reference stops smoothly to stop at 0 speed	Smooth deceleration and small mechanical impact, but the deceleration process is controllable.
Emergency torque stop	The servo drive outputs the reverse braking torque to stop	This mode features quick deceleration but a larger impact.
DB brake	The servo motor is working	This mode features quick deceleration but a larger impact.

Table 6-5 Comparison of two stop modes

Table 6-6 Comparison of two stop states

De-energized State	Position Lock
The motor is not energized after stopping rotation, and the motor shaft can be rotated freely.	The motor shaft is locked and cannot rotate freely after the motor stops rotation.

The servo drive stops due to the following causes:

605Ch	Name	Stop r	node at S-0	ON off	Setting & Effective	Any setting Effective upon stop	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
	Access	RW	RW Mapping NO		Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	0 to 1	Default	0
When the S-ON signal is turned off, it sets the and the servo motor status after stop.					he deceler	ration mode of the	e servo moto	r from r	otation to	o stop
Valu	Je		Stop Mode							
0 Coast to stop, keeping th					ne de-ener	gized state				
1 Stop according to ramp, keepi				keeping th	ne de-energized s	state				

Set a proper stop mode according to the mechanical status and running requirement.

After the brake output is enabled, the stop mode at S-ON OFF is changed forcibly to "Stop at zero speed, keeping de-energized state."

2) Stop at fault occurrence

The stop mode varies according to the fault type. For fault classification, refer to Chapter 9. Relevant objects:

H02-08	Name	Stop n	node at NO	.1 fault	Setting & Effective	At stop Effective immediately	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
2002-09h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	0 to 2	Default	0
It sets the deceleration mode of the servo motor from rotation to stop and the servo motor status										

 Value
 Stop Mode

 0
 Coast to stop, keeping the de-energized state

 1
 DB stop, de-energized state

 2
 DB stop, keeping the DB state

After the brake output is enabled, the stop mode at NO.1 fault is changed forcily to "DB stop, keeping the de-energized state."

605Eh	Name	Fault reaction option code			Setting & Effective	Any setting Effective upon stop	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
	Access	RW	Mapping	NO	Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	0 to 3	Default	2

It sets the deceleration mode of the servo motor from rotation to stop and the servo motor status occurrence of NO.2 fault.

Value	Stop Mode
0	Coast to stop, keeping the de-energized state
1	Stop according to ramp in 6084h/609Ah (HM), keeping de-energized state
2	Stop according to ramp in 6085h, keeping de-energized state
3	Stop at the emergency stop torque, keeping de-energized state

After the brake output is enabled, the stop mode at NO.2 fault is change forcibly to "zero speed stop, keeping the de-energized state."

3) Stop at limit switch signal active

Terms:

Limit switch signal active: The mechanical movement is beyond the designed safe movement range.

"Stop at limit switch signal active": When the mechanical movement goes beyond the safe movement range, the limit switch outputs level changes, and the servo drive forcibly stops the motor.

Relevant objects:

H02-07	Name	Stop mode at limit switch signal			Setting & Effective	At stop Effective immediately	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
2002-08h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	0 to 2	Default	1

When the limit switch signal is active during motor running, it sets the deceleration mode of the servo motor from rotation to stop and the servo motor status .

Value	Stop Mode
0	Coast to stop, keeping the de-energized state
1	DB stop, de-energized state
2	DB stop, keeping the DB state

In the vertical axis application, set 2002-08h = 1 to make the motor axis in position locking state after the limit switch signal is active to ensure safety.

After the brake output is enabled, the stop mode at limit switch signal option is changed forcibly to "Stop at zero speed, position remains locked."

To prevent the workpiece from falling when the limit switch signal is active in the vertical axis application, set 2002-08h to 1. When the workpiece moves in a linear manner, make sure to connect the limit switch to prevent mechanical damages. If the limit switch signal becomes active, enter a reverse reference to make the motor (workpiece) run in the reverse direction.

Figure 6-2 Limit switch installation



To use the limit switch function, set two DI terminals of the servo drive respectively with function 14 (FunIN.14: P-OT, positive limit switch) and function 15 (FunIN.15: N-OT, negative limit switch) to receive the limit switch input level signals, and set the terminal logics. The servo drive determines whether to enable or disable the limit switch function based on the DI terminal level.

Relevant function No .:

No.	Function Symbol	Function Name	Description
FunIN.14	P-OT	Positive	When the mechanical movement is out of range, the servo drive implements the function of preventing the motor from sensing the limit switch.
		limit switch	Invalid: Forward drive permitted
			Valid: Forward drive inhibited
FunIN.15	N-OT	Negative limit switch	When the mechanical movement is out of range, the servo drive implements the function of preventing the motor from sensing the limit switch. Invalid: Reverse drive permitted Valid: Reverse drive inhibited

4) Emergency stop

Use the auxiliary: Emergency stop function. Relevant objects:

H0D-05	Name	Emergency stop		Setting & Effective	Run settings Effective immediately	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16	
200D-06h	Access	RW Mapping -		Control Mode	-	Data Range	0 to 1	Default	0	
Emergenc	y stop op	eration	selection:							
Valu	Je					Function				
0			No operation							
1		Enabling emergency stop								
When this function is enabled, the servo drive immediately stops according to the Stop mode at S-ON OFF										

When this function is enabled, the servo drive immediately stops according to the Stop mode at S-ON OFF 605Ch regardless of its state.

5) Quick stop

When the control word 6040h bit 2 (Quick stop) is 0 in servo drive running state, the servo drive implements Quick stop in the mode set in object dictionary 605Ah.

605Ah	Name	Fault	reaction or code	otion	Setting & Effective	Any setting Effective upon stop	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16	
	Access	RW	Mapping	NO	Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	0 to 7	Default	2	
It sets the	decelera	tion mo	de of the s	ervo m	notor from	rotation to stop a	nd the servo	motor s	status at	quick	
stop of the	servo dr	ive.	2.								
Valu	Je		Stop Mode								
0		Coast	to stop, kee	ping th	ne de-ener	gized state					
1		Stop a	ccording to	ramp i	in 6084h/6	09Ah (HM), keep	eping de-energized state				
2		Stop a	ccording to	ramp	in 6085h,	keeping de-ener	gized state				
3		Stop a	t the emerg	jency :	stop torque	e, keeping de-en	ergized state				
4		NA									
5	5 Stop according to ramp in 6084h/609Ah (HM), maintaining the locked position										
6 Stop according to ramp in 6085h, maintaining the locked position											
7	7 Stop at the emergency stop torque, maintaining the locked position										

6) Halt

When the control word 6040h bit8 = 1 in servo drive running state, a halt command is input and the servo drive performs the halt operation in the mode set in 605Dh.

605Ah	Name	Fault	reaction or code	otion	Setting & Effective	Any setting Effective upon stop	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
	Access	RW	Mapping	NO	Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	1 to 3	Default	1
It sets the deceleration mode of the servo motor from rotation to stop and the servo motor status at halt of the servo drive.							halt of			
CSP/CST/	CST/PP/	НМ								
Valu	Je					Stop Mode				
1		Stop a	ccording to	ramp	in 6084h/6	609Ah (HM), mai	ntaining the lo	ocked p	osition	
2		Stop a	ccording to	ramp	in 6085h,	maintaining the I	ocked positio	n		
3		Stop a	t the emerg	gency s	stop torque	e, maintaining the	e locked posit	tion		
Profile torc	le torque (PT) mode									
Valu	Je		Stop Mode							
1/2	1/2/3 Stopping in accordance with the 6087h ramp, maintaining the position locked state						ate			

6.1.7 Conversion Factor Setting

Note:

For encoders with 20-bit resolution, the default value of the IS810N gear ratio 6091-01/6091-02 is 1:1.

For encoders with 23-bit resolution, the default value of the IS810N gear ratio 6091-01/6091-02 is 8:1.

6091h: Gear ratio

The gear ratio indicates the motor displacement (in encoder unit) corresponding to the driving shaft displacement by one reference unit.

The gear ratio is defined by the numerator 6091-01h and denominator 6091-02h. It determines the relationship between the driving shaft displacement (in reference unit) and the motor displacement (in encoder unit):

Motor displacement = Driving shaft displacement x Gear ratio

The motor is connected with the load through the reduction wheel and other mechanical transmission mechanisms. The gear ratio is calculated based on parameters such as the mechanical reduction ratio, mechanical size and motor resolutions. It can be calculated using the following formula:



605Ah -	Name	Fault	reaction of code	otion	Setting & Effective	Any setting Effective upon stop	Data Structure	VAR	Data Type	Uint16
	Access	-	Mapping	YES	Control Mode	ALL	Data Range	OD Data Range	Default	OD Default Value
It sets the revolutions	relationsl s.	hip betv	veen the n	umber	of motor s	haft revolutions a	and the nur	nber of lo	oad shaft	
The electro	onic gear	ratio m	ust be with	nin the	following r	range:				
(0.001 x Ei	ncoder re	esolutio	n/10000, 4	000 x B	Encoder re	esolution/10000)				
If this rang	e is exce	eded, E	Er.B03 will	be dete	ected.					
The motor following re	position elationsh	feedba	ck (encode	r unit)	and driving	g shaft position fe	eedback (re	eference	unit) is ir	n the
Motor posi	tion feed	back =	Driving sha	aft posi	ition feedb	ack x Gear ratio				
The model	otor spee	d (RPN	1) and the o	driving	shaft spee	ed (reference unit	/s) is in the	e followin	g relatior	nship:
Motor speed (RPM) = Driving shaft speed x Gear ratio 6091h Encoder resolution x 60 The motor acceleration (RPM/ms) and the driving shaft acceleration (reference unit/s2) is in the										
following relationship:										

Motor acceleration -	Driving shaft acceleration x Gear ratio 6091h	1000
violor acceleration -	Encoder resolution	^ 60

Sub-index	Name	Higl	hest sub-ind supported	dex	Setting & Effective	-	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
0h	Access	RO	Mapping	NO	Control Mode	-	Data Range	-	Default	2

	Name	Hig	hest sub-ir supported	ndex	Setting & Effective	During running Immediate	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
Sub-index 0h	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Control Mode	-	Data Range	1 to (2 ³² -1)	Default	Set according to the encoder resolution

Sub-index 0h	Name	Hig	hest sub-ir supported	ndex	Setting & Effective	During running Immediate	Data Structure	-	Data Type	Uint16
	Access	RW	Mapping	RPDO	Control Mode	-	Data Range	1 to (2 ³² -1)	Default	1

For encoders with 20-bit resolution, the default value of the IS810N gear ratio 6091-01/6091-02 is 1:1. For encoders with 23-bit resolution, the default value of the IS810N gear ratio 6091-01/6091-02 is 8:1. The gear ratio is within the range: (0.001 x Encoder resolution/10000, 4000 x Encoder resolution/10000). If this range is exceeded, Er.B03 (gear ratio setting exceeding limit) will be detected.

Take the load ball screw as an example.

Minimum reference unit fc = 1 mm

Lead PB = 10 mm/r

Reduction ratio n = 5:1

Inovance 20-bit serial encoder resolution P = 1048576(p/r)

The position factor is calculated as follows:

Position factor:



Therefore, 6091-1h = 524288, 6091-2h = 1, which means that when the drive shaft displacement is 1 mm, the motor displacement is 524288.

The ratio of 6091-1h and 6091-2h must be reduced to without common divisor.

6.2 Background Commissioning Software

InoDriveShop is a piece of commissioning software developed for IS810. The following figure shows the software icon.



Functions such as real-time monitoring, parameter setting, real-time sampling, singletime sampling triggering, and emergency stop can be implemented on the PC using the InoDriveShop commissioning software.

• Creating/Loading items

After the software runs, a dialog box appears.

\sim	
Inovance	¥
Welcome to InoDriveShop	
Select operation mode	
○ Load device connected	
◯ Load existing item	
○ Create configured device	

Operation Description

1: Load device connected

The software automatically creates an item and scans/loads all the connected drives.

2: Load existing item

Manually select and load any historical items saved.

3: Create configured device

Create analog devices for presentation. One IS810 device is provided.

Note:

In the case that the drive has been connected, you are recommended to select **Load device connected** to ensure that the drive information in the software is consistent with the actual site situations.

If you use **Load existing item**, note that the drive information recorded in the historical items is consistent with the current site situations.

Connecting/Disconnecting communication

[Operation Description]

1. Connection

Click the **Auto-search** menu option, and the commissioning software automatically searches for connected device. Set the first three digits of **Device IP** to those of the IP address of **Gateway** and click **Load** to load the device.

.ine	Device IP	Subnet mask	Gateway	MAC address	Status
V 01	192.168.0.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.0.1	70-CA-4D-FE-00-09	Normal device

2. Disconnect

Click **Disconnected** on the toolbar to implement connection or disconnection.

ः 🗐 Project(P) Options(O) Help(H) । 🗋 📷 🚵 । 💭 छि 🥼 Main interface । 🖤 Auto-search । 🔯 Disconned । 🦳 Max. display 👌 Burn firmware

· Main interface

 $\label{eq:click} Click \ \textbf{Main interface} \ on \ the \ toolbar.$

Or

Choose Function view > Device Home Page and double-click.



Functional description:

1> Click CALL.

Click this button, and the LED of the drive unit flashes so that you can confirm the drive position.

2> Click RESET.
Faults are reset.
3> Click RUN.
The drive unit runs.
4> Click STOP.
The drive unit is stopped.

• Edit Parameter

Choose Function view > Edit Parameter and double-click.

rive parties Crosseen parameters	Read	(/Write selecter: Read	(Write all Export/Import parm Export all						
	- 5								
BTON E_192.168.0.2 M Show all parameters									
Device software version: 1.0	* S3	aft Function co-	la Sana	Value	Jefealt	Inte	Unit	Redify node	Effective meda
Common function codes	1 1 1	100.00	Mater 19	14000	14000	0.45535		lines atom	Roser.co.anaio
		100-02	Outprinted Personen	0.00000000	0-000000000	0-0		Non-modifiable	-
1 A	1 1 1	100.04	Encoder contine	0.0	0.0	0.0-4552.5		Man modifiable	
Bhaft [1]		100.01	Facial associate makes FM	0.0	0.0	0.48538		New woodfickle	
HOD Service and an analysis	100	400-02	Satal accoder huna	0	0	0.45535		lince dee	Brown on atals
	1 1 1	H01.00	MOL Deserves another	0.0	0.0	0.0-4883.8		Non-modificable	i onor orrogan
		H01-00	1950 Fernance version	0.0	0.0	0.0-6553.5		Non-modifiable	
- 102 Basic control parameters	100	H01-02	EBCA outcoined version	0.0	0.0	0.0-4552.5		Mon-modifiable	
- This input terminal parameters		H01-03	CELID Fermining version	0.0	0.0	0.0-4553.5		Non-modifiable	
The ball of the distance is a superstant.		101-04	CBUIL Betweene services	0.0	0.0	0.0-4553.5		Non-modifiable	
- the couple cannot parameters			Software text varies	0.00	0.00	0.00-455.35		Manunodfishle	
		H01-10	Drive 20	10008-10004-01012	10004	0.45535		licen aton	Roser.co.anaio
- In Hos Speed control parameters		H01-11	Dates with the class	390	300	0-45535	4	Non-modifiable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
INT Torg a control parameters		H01-11	Drive voltage class	300	2.00	0.00-00773419.34	in a	Normodifable	
and to to the contraparateters		P01-12	Derive Faced power	3.00	3.00	0.00~30737418.24	have been	Non-modifiable	
- 105 Gain parameters		101-14	Lerve raik: output power	3.00	3.00	0.00-00/37418.24	524	Non-modifiable	
- The second sec		101-16	criverated dopot power	11.70	11.70	0.00/00/07/418.24	÷.	Normounable	
The second and protection comparison		H01-10	Drive nac. output current	23.80	23.00	0.00+30/3/418.24	÷.	Non-modifiable	
		PI01-40	DC bus overvalcage triveshold	620	620	02000	4	Non-modifiable	
— H08 Monitoring parameters	E 2 1	H02-00	Control mode selection	9/9/9/EtherCAT mode	9	0~256		upon stop	Innediate
HOD Auxiliary function parameters	1	H02-01	Absolute system selection	0:0-Incremental mode	D	0~2		Upon stop	Pover-on again
The second secon		H05-05	Rotating direction selection	0.0-CCW direction as forward direction	0	0~1		Upon stop	Power-on again
and the communication parameters	1	H02-07	Stop mode at linit switch signal	1:1-Stop at zero speed, keeping position locking state	1	0~2		Upon stop	Innediate
Shaft [2]	1 1	H02-06	Stop mode at NO. 1 Fault	0.0-Coast to stop, keeping de-energized state	D	D-2		Upon stop	Invedate
m H00 Servo motor parameters	E 1	H05-08	Delay from brake output on to command received	250	250	0~500	ns	Any time	Inmediate
The Will Server drive constant	1 1	H02-10	Delay from brake output off to motor de-energized	190	150	50~1000	nes	Any time	Innediate
and the series permitted	1 1	H02-11	Motor speed threshold at brake output off in rotating state	30	30	20~3000	rpra	Any time	Innedate
	1 1	H02-12	Delay from S-ON off to brake output off in rotating state	900	500	1~1000	ns	Any time	Innediate
H03 Input terminal parameters	1 1	H02-15	Warning deplay on keypad	0.0-Output inmediately	D	0~1		Upon stop	Invediate
The second secon	1 1	H02-16	Brake function	0.0-Disabled	D	0~1		Upon stop	Inmediate
	1	H02-30	User password	0	0	0~65535		Any time	Inmediate
- MCS Position control parameters	E 1	H02-31	Parameter initialization	0:0-No operation	D	0~2		Upon stop	Invediate
m H06 Speed control parameters	10 1	H02-32	H08 selection	50	50	099		Any time	Inmediate
H07 Torgan control parameters	1 1	H02-35	Keypad data update frequency	0	0	0~20	H2	Any time	Inmediate
	E 1	H02-41	Pactory password	0	D	D-65535		Arry time	Invediate
- 🔚 HUR Gan paraneters	1 13 1	H03-02	DEI Aunction selection	0.0-No function	0	0~65535		Any time	At stop
H09 Automatic gain tuning parameters	1 1	H03-03	D01 logic selection	0.0 Low level	0	0~4		Any time	At stop
The Facility and production managemeters	1 1 1	H03-04	D02 function selection	0:0-No function	D	0~65535		Any time	At stop
	1 1	H09-05	DI2 logic selection	0.0-Low level	0	0~+		Any time	AL \$100
- Into recretoring parameters	H D 1	H03-06	D03 function selection	0.0-No function	D	D~65535		Any time	At stop
	12 +	H03-07	DG3 logic selection	0.0-Low level	D	D-4		Any time	At stop
In the Communication operation	1 10 1	HONDE	Distinction selection	0.0-technolico	0	0+65535		day time	Al date

Functional Description:

1> The function code information about the current devices are listed in detail, including the following contents:

Function code, Name, Range, Value, Default, Unit, Modify mode, and Effective mode.

To prevent misoperation, modified parameter values are not directly written to the drive. You must click 🛐 to write them to the drive.

2> Left: Show the tree structure of parameter groups at all levels

3> Right: Show the list of parameters corresponding to a node selected from the operation tree on the left.

4> Common function codes: You can add any common parameters in the list to facilitate operation.

5> All: Summarize all function codes of the drive unit.

6> Click M to read parameter values of the selected function codes of the device.

7> Click 🛐 to write parameter values of the selected function codes to the device.

8> Click 🚮 to read all parameter values of the selected drive.

9> Click 🛄 to write all parameter values to the drive.

10> Click <a>[10] Click <a>[10] to save parameters of the selected drive to a file (xls/csv format).

11> Click 🛄 to import a saved parameter file.

12> Click is to save parameters of all connected drives to a file. Each drive corresponds to one parameter list.

13> Click the **Drive name** drop-down box to select a drive corresponding to parameters displayed in the interface.

14> Click the Compare parameters drop-down box. It:

Shows all parameters of a selected drive;

Shows only the parameters different from defaults;

Shows only the parameters that have been modified during commissioning;

Shows only the parameters that have been modified but not written to the drive;

Shows only the parameters different from the values in the current imported parameter record file.

15> Short-cut menus. They are used to:

Read selected parameters; write selected parameters; add to the monitoring list; add as self-defined parameters; delete from self-defined parameters; show system changeover (between the decimal and hexadecimal systems if the conditions are satisfied).

16> Prompt color : The current value is different from the default.

: The parameter value has been modified but not written to the drive.

Continuous OSC

Choose Function view > Continue OSC and double-click.

Functional Description:

Toolbar buttons

1> ≥ 1> ≥ 1> ≥ 1> ≥ 1> ≥ 1> ≥ 1> ≥ 2

2> 2> 2> 3 : Save the current sampling data to a .csv file.

3> <u>∎</u> : Save the current sampling waveform to a .bmp file.

4> 🖳 : Zoom in in a specified waveform area. When you right-click the waveform area, the zoom-in is canceled. This function is exclusive with the **Move** function.

5> ⅓ : Enable the horizontal movement. This function is exclusive with the Circle function.

6> $\underline{\mathbb{R}}$: Display the coordinates of a sampling point. When the pointer is moved to the waveform area, coordinates are displayed. When the pointer is move out of the waveform area, coordinates are not displayed.

7> \underline{w} : Display curve names (channel names) in the waveform area or on the leftmost of waveforms.

8> 🗱 : Open the vernier window. There is one group of verniers (A, B) in the horizontal and vertical direction each. The distance between verniers can be locked. The vernier window displays information about sampling points of each channel corresponding to verniers A and B.

9> M: Highlight waveform curve sampling points (dots).

Drawing area

1> Scale area: Show the Y-scale on the left and X-axis (time axis) at the bottom.

2> Waveform display area: Draw curves composed of sampling points.

Channel information

1>ID: Show channel numbers.

2> Channel variable: Switch between channel variables.

3> Show: Show or hide waveform curves.

4> Color: Set the colors of curves and scales.

5> Scale: Show or hide Y-axis scale information.

6> Longitudinal scale:

- a. Click Auto to automatically calculate the Y range value of the current curve.
- b. Grid size: Change the Y-axis range by select a value corresponding to a grid. The middle position is an average of the current range values, that is, (YMax Ymin)/2.
- c. Up arrow: The waveform moves up one cell at a time.
- d. Down arrow: The waveform moves down one cell at a time.

Sampling parameter settings

1> Sampling interval: Set a sampling interval coefficient in a valid range of 1 to 100. Sampling interval = Sampling coefficient * 2 ms.

2> Time axis: Set a time length that the X-axis indicates in ms.

Control buttons

1> Continuous sampling: Start or stop continuous sampling.

• Trigger OSC

Choose Function view > Trigger OSC and double-click.

Functional Description:

The basic operations are the same as those for the continuous oscilloscope. After the trigger parameters are set, a valid data segment can be read and displayed.



Control buttonsv

1> Single-time sampling: Start or stop single-time sampling.

2> Trigger setting: Display a dialog box that is used to set triggering parameters.

3> Bit channel configuration: Support configuring 8-bit channel display.

Servo Special

Choose **Function view** > **Servo Special**, double-click, and you can use the following special functions for the servo:



1. Speed JOG

Note: The **Speed JOG** function can be used only in non-EtherCAT mode (H0200CA).

Function view a		
The second secon	Speed JOG	
Appreciations of mate-crite system		
of the second se		
- Edit Parameter		
- Continue OSC	Module selection: Isolate_1%.tbo.u.z Shart selection: Isolate(1)	
Trigger OSC		
🖻 🍓 Servo Special	log speed setting	
🙋 Speed JOG		
- Bus Motor Parameter	Jog speed 100 rpm	
	Servo state switchover	
	Servin date O On @ Off	
		1
	4 B Device Home Page B Edit Parameter 🖉 Trigger OSC 😢 Speed JOG 🗵	

Function Description: The **Speed JOG** function is mainly used to perform trial run in the motor speed mode. Select a corresponding axis number in the **Shaft selection** drop-down box. Set a trial run speed in **Jog speed setting**. Set **Servo state** to **On**, and the motor enters the enabled state. At this point, hold down the left arrow button, and the motor performs trial run in the forward direction at a set jog speed. When you release the button, the motor stops running. Similarly, you can hold the right arrow button to make the motor perform trial run in the reverse direction. Set **Servo state** to **Off**, and the motor enters the disabled state.

2. Serial Encoder Motor Parameter

Edit Parameter	Module select	IS810N-E_192.168.0.1	Shaft selection: Shaft	aft [1]	•			
Grigger OSC Grigger OSC Grigger OSC Grigger OSC Grigger OSC Grigger OSC Grigger OSC Grigger OSC Grigger OSC	Open fi	le Save file Read p	arameter Write parameter	E-angle init	ialize			
- 😰 Bus Motor Parar	neter	-						
🖮 Inertia Auto-tur	Parm. No.	Parm. name	Value	Default	Unit	Min. value	Max. value	
- 🦉 Mechanical Ana	H00-08	Serial encoder type	0	0	1	0	65535	
	H00-09	Rated voltage	0-0-220V	0	1	0	1	
	H00-10	Rated power	75	75	0.01KW	1	65535	
	H00-11	Rated current	470	470	0.01A	1	65535	
	H00-12	Rated torque	239	239	0.01Nm	10	65535	
	H00-13	Max. torque	716	716	0.01Nm	10	65535	
	H00-14	Rated motor speed	3000	3000	1rpm	100	6000	
	H00-15	Max. motor speed	6000	6000	1rpm	100	6000	
	H00-16	Rotor inertia Jm	130	130	0.01kgcm ²	1	65535	
	H00-17	Number of pole	5	5	1	2	360	
	H00-18	Stator resistance	500	500	0.001Ω	1	65535	
	H00-19	Stator inductance Lq	327	327	0.01mH	1	65535	
	E H00-20	Stator inductance Ld	387	387	0.01mH	1	65535	
	H00-21	Linear back EMF	3330	3330	0.01mV/rpm	1	65535	
	H00-22	Torque coefficient	51	51	0.01Nm/Arms	1	65535	
	H00-23	Electrical constant Te	654	654	0.01ms	1	65535	
	H00-24	Mechanical constant Tm	24	24	0.01ms	1	65535	
	H00-28	Position offset of absolute e	8192	8192	1	0	-1	
	H00-37	Function setting bit of absol	0	0	1	0	65535	
	H01-22	Axis D coupling EMF constant	500	500	0.1%	0	10000	
	un+ 12	Auto O houde EME constant	200	600	0.10/	0	10000	

Function Description: The **Bus Motor Parameter** function is mainly used to read and write motor-related parameters stored in the serial encoder and supports the initial electrical angle auto-tuning function. Before using this function, you must select a corresponding axis number in the **Shaft selection** drop-down box. Check the parameters to be read and click **Read parameter** to obtain serial encoder motor parameters. Check the parameters to be written, enter their values in **Value**, and click **Write parameter** to write serial encoder motor parameters. When the servo is in rdy state, click **E-angle initialize** and follow the prompts to finish initial electrical angle auto-tuning.

3. Inertia Auto-tuning

Function view 0			
Purction view *	式 Inertia Auto-tuning		
Applications of multi-drive system	1 60		
Desire Home Page			
Edit Parameter	Module selection: IS810N-E_192.168.0.2 Shaft se	election: Shaft [1]	•
Continue OSC			
	Parameter setting		
🖮 📸 Servo Special	H0900 Automatic gain tuning mode selection	0: Disabled 🔹	U Warning
	H0001 Stiffness level selection (0 to 31)	12	1. Check whether the distance based on the
🙆 Bus Motor Parameter		252	speed reference and acceleration/deceleration
	HUBUU Speed loop gain (10 to 20000)	200	the emergency stop button is reachable. 3.
- 🦉 Mechanical Analysis	H0801 Time constant of speed loop integration (15 to 51200)	3183	device is ready without obstacle.
	H0815 Load/Rotor inertia ratio (0 to 120.00)	1	
	H0905 Offline inertia auto-tuning mode	0: Positive and ne 💌	
	H0906 Maximum speed for inertia autotuning (100 to 2000)	500	
	M0007 Time constant of conclusion to your mond for	rpm	2
	H0907 Time constant or accelerating to max, speed for	125 ms	Caution
	H0908 Interval after an inertia auto-tuning (50 to 1000)	800 ms	In application of large-inertia load, if the default
			value of H0815 is used, the actual speed may
	Read parm. Write parm.		auto-tuning. The load moves a little, and the
	Position info.		load speed and acceleration will not reach the condition for auto-tuning. In this case, the
	All supping time 200		auto-tuning result will not update. To solve this
	And hing dife	115	perform auto-tuning.
	Max. speed 500	rpm	
	Displacement 1.04	r	
			Next
Function view	4		
Applications of multi-drive system	Inertia Auto-tuning		
🗄 🖽 System_A			
Device Home Page		_	
Edit Parameter	Module selection: IS810N-E_192.168.0.2	 Shaft selection 	in: Shaft [1] 🔹
Continue OSC			
Trigger OSC	Auto-tuning		
Serve Special			
-le Speed IOG			
Bus Motor Parameter	Servo On	Forward Re	werse
Inertia Auto-tuning			
- Machanical Analysis			
a, Mechanical Analysis			
	Auto-tuning result		
	Oursent requit		
	Currenciesac		
	Final result 1.00		Inertia ratio
	Back		

Function Description: The **Inertia Auto-tuning** function can auto-tune the load inertia of a corresponding axis and support writing load inertia auto-tuning results to the servo drive. Select a corresponding axis number in the **Shaft selection** drop-down box. Enter related parameters according to the prompts on the page. Click **Next** to enter the next page. Click **Servo On** and hold down **Forward** or **Reverse**. The motor continuously runs according to the given instructions. In addition, the auto-tuning result is displayed. Click **Inertia ratio** to write the inertia auto-tuning result to the servo drive.

4. Mechanical Analysis

ction view Applications of multi-drive system	Mechanical A	nalysis				
System_A Bevice Hame Page Bit Parameter	Module selection: IS	810N-E_192.168.0.2 ·	Shaft selection: Shaft [1]	-	0	
Continue OSC	Load	Save Show coord	Compare waveforms	Cancel comparison	Set notch	
-18 Speed JOG						
- Bus Motor Parameter						
🖮 Inertia Auto-tuning						
🗏 🖳 Mechanical Analysis						
	Gain	Cutoff frequency	Text mode	Test condition		Tip
	Color - Hide	Frequency		Amplitude 1	0 Ipm	Please pay attention to personal safety as the rotational speed of the motor will change
		Show Gain	Speed closed-loop	Offset 5	pm I	significantly during test. Make sure the test is
	Phase			Constantin (2		drive can be immediately shut down. If
	Color V Histo	Shooth	Speed open-loop feature	Control excitation	*	damage to the equipment, do not use this
	- noe	12		Test	eminate	function. Conduct the test with the gain as lo as possible.

Function Description: The **Mechanical Analysis** function is mainly used to analyze speed open-loop frequency and closed-loop frequency features of each axis. Select a corresponding axis number in the **Shaft selection** drop-down box. If you select **Speed closed-loop**, enter a speed excitation amplitude (10 RPM by default). When this axis is in rdy state, click **Test** to start an analysis of the speed closed-loop frequency features. Wait until the data transmission progress bar is complete. The speed closed-loop frequency feature, enter a current excitation amplitude (20% by default). When this axis is in rdy state, click **Test** to start an analysis of the speed open-loop frequency feature. Wait until the data transmission progress bar is complete. Thespeed open-loop frequency feature, enter a current excitation amplitude (20% by default). When this axis is in rdy state, click **Test** to start an analysis of the speed open-loop frequency feature. Wait until the data transmission progress bar is complete. Thespeed open-loop frequency feature of this axis is displayed in the drawing area.

6.3 Commissioning Cases

6.3.1 Basic Settings of the AM600 Controller for OMET

The following part introduces the communication settings with IS810N by using Inovance AM600 controller as the master.

Note: To better fit for IS810N, it is recommended to use Version 1.10 or a later version of the AM600 backend.

1) Creating a project

Create an AM600 project. Select **AM600-CPU1608TP**. The interface is shown in the following figure.

2) Communication setting

Correctly connect the communication cables. To have a normal communication connection, assign the PC an IP address belonging to the same network segment (192.168.1.xxx) as AM600.



Click Scan Network.

S - Ke Gateway-1		Device Name:	Scan network
AM600-CPU1608TP [0000.9058]	AM600-CPU1608TP	Wink
		Device Address:	
		0000.9058	
		Target Version:	
		3.5.9.10	
		Target Vendor:	
		Shenzhen Inovance	
		rectribiogy	
		Target ID:	
		10F4 0001	
		Target Name:	
		Inovance-ARM-	
			- Count

Select the found AM600 device. Now the communication connection between PLC and PC is completed. Then, perform device configurations.

Note: If the AM600 device cannot be found in InoPro, check and turn on the CoDeSys gateway, and then rescan.

Check whether the CoDeSys gateway in the task in the lower- right corner of the PC is turned on (shown in color). If it is in STOP state, click **Start Gateway**.



- 3) Adding devices to perform configurations
 - a) Adding the XML file of IS810N: Click Import ECT File in Network Configuration to add XML files (download XML files from Inovance's official website).



 b) Performing device configurations for the system: Add the EtherCAT Master and add the IS810N device. (Drag Ino_MultiAxesDrive_ECAT_V0.30.xml into the configuration interface.)

-	(1)(■)[■·(3))(■)(■)(■)(= (4))(□)(= (2))(=	
1	The Constant of Market Configuration X	
1	🕼 Copy 🍈 Paste 🗇 Delete 为 Undo 👷 Redo 👔 Import EDS File 🌵 Import GSD File 🛞 Import ECT File 🔍 Zoom In 🔍 Zoom Out 80 🔹 %	
	Som o	
	Nodbuz Master 📄 Modbuz Slave	
	Rodbus Master Redbus Slave	
	A Q Zos	
	CANopen Haster CANlink Haster CANlink Slave	
	JEthernet ModburTCP Marter ModburTCP Slave	
	JEtherCAT	
	Z EtherCAT Easter	
-		
0		
		-
	Device W Network Configuration X	
3	Certai Port	
1	Copy 😰 Paste 📅 Delete 🎦 Undo 🕐 Redo 🛛 Import EDS File 👘 🖓 Can Port	
	B F Ethernet Port	
	ECT Port	
	B-> Inovance	
	— 🖬 IS620N.	ECAT_v2.5.7
		_ECAT_V0.40
	<u> 1 158100</u>	ECAT_V0.40
		RTU-ECT
		EtherCAT_Slave
		irty
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c) If the AM600 backend version is earlier than V1.10, please manually add two rotary motor axes by right-clicking the IS810N device option.



d) Retain the default EtherCAT master communication parameters. Select eth1 for the network. Select a synchronizing cycle.

B Device (AM600-CPU1608TP)	Autoconfic	2 Autoconfin Master/Saves						
A Network Configuration	Sync Unit Assignment EtherCAT NIC Setting							
EtherCAT Config	EtherCAT I/O Mapping	Destination Ad	Idress(MAC)	FF-FF	-FF-FF-FF-FF	Broadcast	Enable Redundance	
DecalBus Config	Status	Source Addres	Source Address (MAC)			Browse		
R D PLC Logic		Network Name	Network Name					
Application	Information	C Falact Nati	C felen Natural he MAC		(B) Calant Mature			
- 🎒 Library Manager		C Select Net	VORK BY PLAC		Select vetvo	onk by Name		
PLC_PRG (PRG)		A Distributed Clock D Opti			D Options			
= 20 Task Configuration		Code Text	4000	I.A.I				
ManTask		Cycle lime	2000		La la			
AD BIC BBC		Sync Oriset	Sync onset av y %					
SoftMotion General Axis Pool		Sync Windo	w Monitoring	10.0				
HIGH_SPEED_IO (High Speed IO Module		Sync Window	1		ha			
= ETHERCAT (EtherCAT Master)								
- M _15810N (15810N_ECAT_V0.40)								
SP_CSV_TP (Cyclic Synchronous								
GSP_CSV_TP_1 (Cyclc Synchrono								
Axis (Axis)								
Axis_1 (Axis)								

4) Configuring the PDO mapping for the slave

a) Enable expert settings.



b) Check the corresponding PDO list. In the PDO configuration interface, you may run a corresponding mode according to two axes and add a corresponding PDO object in PDO. Perform configurations according to process data required in the CSP (position) + CSV (velocity) +TP (probe) mode. Click the IS810N(IS810N_ECAT_v0.40) list.

General	Sync Manager:	💠 Add 📝 Ed	dit 🗙 Delete					
Date of Designed Date	PDO List:	PD0 List:						
Open modess Da	0 0 Mailbox Out	Index	s	ize Name	Fla	SM		
Process Data	1 0 Mailbox In	16#1600	. 1	13.0 Outputs		2		
	2 26 Outputs	16#1610	;	13.0 Outputs		2		
Startup Parameter	5 3 62 Inputs	16#1400	3	31.0 Inputs		3		
EoE Settings		16#1A10	3	31.0 Inputs		3		
EtherCAT I/O Map	ping							
Status	PDO Assignment (16#1C10):	∲ insert ⊯it	dt)	× Delete 🕸 Move Up →	Move Down			
Information		PD0 Content (PD0 Content (16#1600):					
		Index		Size Offs Name		Type		
		16#6040:00		2.0 0.0 CSP_CS	_TP ControlWord	UINT		
		16#6060:00		1.0 2.0 CSP_CS	_TP Modes of Operation	SINT		
		16#607A:00		4.0 3.0 CSP_CSI	_TP Target position	DINT		
		16#6088:00		2.0 7.0 CSP_CS	_TP Touch probe function	UINT		
		16#60FF:00		4.0 9.0 CSP_CSI	_TP Target velocity	DINT		
			٠	Insert				
	Download		1	Edit				
	PDO Assignment PDO Configuration	Load PDO Info from the	×	Delete				
				Move Up				
		2	Mout Down					
eviceDetailInfoList	ston oviput			64				
			4	cut				
Sot Number	Device Name Description		-	Copy				
-1	AM600-#52 AM600 power module, current output is 2A		- 63	Paste				

The PDO list configured according to the CSP (position) + CSV (velocity) + TP (probe) mode is as follows.

General	Select the Outputs			Select the Inputs			
	Name	Type	Index	Name	Type	Inde	
Expert Process Data	✓ 16#1600 Outputs			✓ 16#1A00 Inputs			
Process Data	CSP_CSV_TP ControlWord	UINT	16#6040:00	CSP_CSV_TP Error code	UINT	16#603F:0	
	CSP_CSV_TP Modes of Operation	SINT	16#6060:00	CSP_CSV_TP StatusWord	UINT	16#6041:0	
Startup Parameters	CSP_CSV_TP Target position	DINT	16#607A:00	CSP_CSV_TP Modes of Operation Dis	SINT	16#6061:0	
	CSP_CSV_TP Touch probe function	UINT	16#6088:00	CSP_CSV_TP Position actual value	DINT	16#6064:0	
EoE Settings	CSP_CSV_TP Target velocity	DINT	16#60FF:00	CSP_CSV_TP ActualVelocity	DINT	16#6060:0	
Divertity 10 Manufact	¥ 16#1610 Outputs			CSP_CSV_TP Touch probe status	UINT	16#6089:0	
the on to napping	CSP_CSV_TP_1 ControlWord	UINT	16#6840:00	CSP_CSV_TP Touch probe post post	DINT	16#608A-0	
Ratus	CSP_CSV_TP_1 Modes of Operation	SINT	16#6860:00	CSP_CSV_TP Touch probe pos2 pos v	DINT	16#60BC:0	
	CSP_CSV_TP_1 Target position	DINT	16#687A:00	CSP_CSV_TP Following error actual v	DINT	16#60F4:0	
Information	CSP_CSV_TP_1 Touch probe function	UINT	16#6888:00	CSP_CSV_TP Digital inputs	UDINT	16#60FD:0	
	CSP_CSV_TP_1 Target velocity	DINT	16#68FF:00	✓ 16#1A10 Inputs			
				CSP_CSV_TP_1 Error code	UINT	16#683F:0	
				CSP_CSV_TP_1 StatusWord	UINT	16#6841:0	
				CSP_CSV_TP_1 Modes of Operation	SINT	16#6861:0	
				CSP_CSV_TP_1 Position actual value	DINT	16#6864:0	
				CSP_CSV_TP_1 ActualVelocity	DINT	16#6860:0	
				CSP_CSV_TP_1 Touch probe status	UINT	16#6889:0	
				CSP_CSV_TP_1 Touch probe pos1 po	DINT	16#688A:0	
				CSP_CSV_TP_1 Touch probe pos2 po	DINT	16#688C:0	
				CO CO/ TO 1 Enliquing array artes	OTHE	16+6854-	

5) Axis scaling settings

The axis uses a 20-bit incremental encoder and is configured according to the revolution of 1000 reference units.



6) PLC program

General Scaling B Device (AM600-CPU1608TP) Device Diagnosis Scaling/Mapping 16#100000 increments <=> motor turns 1 = 🛞 Network Configuration 1 1 motor turns <=> gear output turns EtherCAT Config Commissioning 1 gear output turns <=> units in application 10 LocalBus Config SM_Drive_ETC_GenericDSP402: I/O B BU PLC Look apping Mapping Application K Cut Automatic mapping PLC_PRG (PL Application Alarm configuration... E 🗃 Task Config. 🕄 Paste Application... ject Object number Address Type rd (in.wStatusWord) 16#6041:16#00 %IW3 UINT Axis Group... B MainTas X Delete ition (diActPosition) 16#6064:16#00 '%ID3' DINT Cam table... - ETH Browse city (dActVelocity) 16#606C:16#00 '%ID4 'DINT' , 💰 CNC program... DI PLC que (wActTorque) 16#6077:16#00 Refactoring > SoftMotion General A HIGH_SPEED_IO 🚯 CNC settings... peration display (OP) 16#6061:16#00 '%188' 'SINT uts (in.dwDigitalInputs) 16#60FD:16#00 '%ID9' UDENT 🚰 Data Server... ETHERCAT (EtherCA 🛅 Add Object • • • out... = 🕤 _IS810N (IS810) 😂 Add Folder... External File... ect Object number Address Type CSP_CSV_TF ()* Edit Object Global Variable List... rd (out.wControlWord) 16#6040:16#00 '%QWZ TIME CSP_CSV_TF Edit Object With... n (diSetPosition) 15#607A:16#00 '%QDZ 'DINT' 🚱 Axis (Axis) 😋 Login image Pool... y (diSetVelocity) 16#60FF:16#00 '%004 DINT -0 Interface... Axis_1 (Axis) (wSetTorque) 16#6071:16#00 Setwork Variable List (Receiver)... operation (OP) 15#6060:16#00 "%QB6" 'SINT' be Function 16#6088:16#00 '%QW6 UDIT Network Variable List (Sender).... Persistent Variables... Config Device POU for implicit checks... Slot N 🔒 Recipe Manager... escription M600 power module, current output is 2A @ Redundancy Configuration... Two rs485 port+ one can port, standard ethernet+ eth... Symbol Configuration... TextList... Trace... Trend recording manager... Us 🗶 Devices C: Unit conversion.. Last build: O 0 🔹 0 P Visualization... \sim \sim e レ Visualization Manager... i () Untitled I . General B B Device (AM600-CPU 1608TP) Add POU x Cevice Diagnosis Scaling/Mapping 1 K Network Configuration Create a new POU (Program Organization Unit) -E1 EtherCAT Config Commissioning 1000 LocalBus Config SM_Drive_ETC_GenericDSP402: 1 Mare PLC Logic POU 2 = O Application Ratus Туре 1 Library Manag PLC_PRG (PRG) O Program Information E 📓 Task Configuration Type Function Block B S MainTask -Extends () ETHERCAT.EtherCAT_Ta Implements: PLC_PRG Access specifier: SoftMotion General Axis Pool ٠ HIGH_SPEED_10 (High Speed 10 Module ID IN Method implementation language: ETHERCAT (EtherCAT Master) Structured Text (ST) - 15810N (IS810N ECAT V0.40) Type Function B CSP_CSV_TP (Cyclic Synchron Return type CSP_CSV_TP_1 (Cycle Synchrono Axis (Axis) He Axis_1 (Axis) Implementation language SIN Ladder Logic Diagram (LD) -LING Add Cancel **DeviceDetaiInfoList**
b) Definition part of FB



c) Five function blocks in FB



d) Add a main program POU, as shown in a).

Devices 👻 🗸 🏹	Der HERCAT IV Axis	7
= 🗿 Untitled I	1 Add POU	
- M Device (AM600-CPU1608TP)		
- Q Device Diagnosis	Create a new POU (Program Organization Unit)	
Network Configuration	5	
- EtherCAT Config	6 Name:	
- Kurter LocalBus Config	7 POU_1	
In the second seco	Type	
= 🔘 Application	1 Program	-
Library Manager		
PLC_PRG (PRG)	U Function Block	
- 10 POU_2 (FB)	Extends:	
Task Configuration	Implements:	
🖹 🥩 MainTask	Access specifier:	
ETHERCAT.EtherCAT_Ta	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PLC_PRG	Method implementation language:	
- 2 SoftMotion General Axis Pool	Ladder Logic Diagram (LD)	
HIGH_SPEED_IO (High Speed IO Module	© Function	
ETHERCAT (EtherCAT Master)	Return type:	
E 11 _IS810N (IS810N_ECAT_V0.40)		
CSP_CSV_TP (Cyclic Synchronous	Implementation language:	
CSP_CSV_TP_1 (Cyclic Synchrono	l adder Logic Diagram (LD)	
Axis (Axis)		
Axis_1 (Axis)		
< _ ۱۱	Add Cancel	
Config	Devi	

e) Add the FB function block to the newly created POU.



- POU 0 POU axis_power_status[0] Axis axis power_status -() joging - axis_joging[0] home_done - axis_home_done[0] absmove_done - axis_home_done[0] reset_done - axis_reset_done[0] axis_power[0] power axis_jogforward[0] jogforward axis_jogrevward[0] -1 1jogrevward axis_home[0] Πŀ home AT_Task axis_moveabsolute[0] -1 1moveabsolute Module) axis_reset[0] -11reset axis_pos[0] — pos axis_vel[0] — vel axis_acc[0] — acc axis_dcc[0] — dcc [VAR_INPUT POU.scc+LREAL] onous Posit thronous Po thronous Po thronous Po POU_1 axis power status[1]
- f) Instantiate this FB into four function blocks, and bind them to four axes respectively.

g) After calling this program in the EtherCAT task, simple enabling, jog, homing, and absolute position operation can be performed.

Devices 👻 🕂 🛪	Device 🔗 Network Configuration	JIS810N ETHERCAT Se Axis POU_2
Constant J Constant J Constant J Constant J Constant J Constant J Constant Configuration Configuration	Configuration Prionity (0.31); 0 Type Vedic Interval (e.g. t#20 Watchdog Tanàle Time (e.g. t#200ms); Sensitivity; 1	00ms); 4000
@ POU_1	POU	Comment
 SoftMotion General Axis Pool 	ETHERCAT.EtherCAT_Task	ETHERCAT.EtherCAT_Task
HIGH_SPEED_ID (High Speed ID Mod. HIGH_SPEED_ID (High Speed ID Mod. See Structure (Higher CAT Master) See Structure (Higher CAT V0.40) See Structure (Higher CAT V0.40) Gorge Structure (Hi	POU_1	
Axis_1 (Axis)		

h) Log in to the PLC to operate the bus manually.



6.3.2 Basic Settings of the Beckhoff Controller for OMET

The following part describes how to configure the IS810N servo drive with Beckhoff TwinCAT3 master in CSP mode.

1) Install the TwinCAT software.

TwinCAT3 (supports the Windows 7 32-bit system or Windows 7 64-bit system) is available on Beckhoff's official website. (The 32-bit system is used as an example.)



Note:

If you use a PC to drive directly, the 100M-Ethernet network adapter with an Intel chip must be used. Other network adapters may not support EtherCAT.

- Copy the IS810N EtherCAT configuration file (Ino_MultiAxesDrive_ECAT_V0.10.xml) of SV820N to the TwinCAT installation directory: TwinCAT\3.1\Config\lo\EtherCAT.
- 3) Open Visual studio, and create a Twincat3 Project.



Recent remplates		.NET Framework 4 • Sort by: Default	• [] []	Search Installed Templates
Installed Templat Other Project Ty Other Project Ty TwinCAT Measu BodePlot Scope TwinCAT.Pxojec Online Templates	es vypes vrement	TwinCAT XAE Project (XML format)	TwinCAT Projects	Type: TwinCAT Projects TwinCAT XAE System Manager Configuration
	TwinCAT Proje	ct5		
<u>N</u> ame:				
<u>N</u> ame: Location:	D:\Users\inova	nce\Documents\Visual Studio 2010\Projects	-	Browse

4) Install the TwinCAT network adapter driver.



Open **Show Real Time Ethernet Compatible Devices** using the menu shown in the preceding figure. In the displayed dialog box, select the local network adapter from the incompatible devices, and click Install. After installation, the installed network adapter is displayed in **Installed and ready to use devices**.



and click 📉,

Devices

5) Search for devices.

Create a project and search for devices. Select as shown in the following figure.





Click OK.



Click OK.

• ₽ ×					
ct)					
	Microsoft Visual Studio				
	Scan for boxes				
	Error List				~ ₽>
	3 0 Errors 🔒 0 Warnings 🕕 0 Messages Clear				
	Description	File	Line	Column	Project

Click Yes.



Click OK.

E Error List	2 Activate Free Ru 是①	n Třín			
	ings 0 Messages Clear				
U Errors 0 War		File	Line	Column	Project



Click No. The equipment search is completed, as shown in the following:

6) Configure PDO contents.

Take implementing CSP (position) + CSV (speed) + CST (torque) mode as an example. Quickly select a running mode in **Slots**.



Attention: If anything is changed here, the axis must be reconnected to the device before the bus is started.

Explorer 🗸 🖣 🗙	TwinCAT Project5 ×		
NC-Tack 1 SAF	General Settings Farmeter Dynamic	s Online Eunctions Coupling Compensation	
NC-Task 1 SVB	Link To I/0 Drive 1	(IS810N) # A	
Image	Link To PLC		
Tables			
Objects	Axis Type: CANopen DS402/Profile MD	DP 742 (e.g. EtherCAT CoE Drive) 💌	
4 💱 Axes	Init Select I/O Roy/Terminal (A	de th	×
Axis 1	Select I/O Box/ Terminal (A	xi5 1)	
Axis 2	Ture	Name	Comment
PLC PLC	figure	frant	Contractor
SAFETY	Rest CANopen DS402, EtherCAT CoE	Drive 1 (IS810N) # CHN 1	IS810N_ECAT_V0.50
C++	Pos		
Bevices			
Device 2 (EtherCAT)	Dist		
+ Image Info			
Svelleits	Mod		
b Dinnuts			
Outputs	Error Lis		
InfoData	0 0 Em		
 Drive 1 (IS810N) 	D		Unused OK Inct
Module 1 (CSP/CSV)			Cancel
Module 2 (CSP/CSV)			
WcState			

- 1. Configure RPDO: If you use two axes, check 0x1600 and 0x1610.
- 2. The RPDO configuration procedure is listed in detail as follows:

If the current PDO meets your requirements, you do not need to change it; otherwise you need to simply change the PDO list to suit your mode. To delete an unnecessary default PDO, right-click it in the **PDO Content** window and choose **Delete**. To add a PDO, right-click in the window and choose **Insert**.

File Edit View Project Build Debug TwinCAT	TwinSAFE PLC Tools Scope Windo	w <u>H</u> elp			
1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Calific P Release • TwinCAT RT ()	86) • 29	•	Q 🖵 🖂 🔀	🖬 🗟 🗆 - ÷
😳 🔛 💶 🦉 🌂 🕲 🔕 🖏 < Local>	• • • • • • • • • • •				
Solution Explorer 🔹 👎 🗙	TwinCAT Project5 ×				
C		te a la clan ent			
A 🐼 NC-Task 1 SAF	General Ethercal DC Process i	ata Slots Startup Lož - Unlin	e Unline		
NC-Task 1 SVB	Sync Manager: PD	List:			
🚼 Image	SH Size Type Flags I	ndex Size Name	Flag	s SM	SU
Tables	0 128 MbxOut 0	s1A00 31.0 Inputs		3	0
Objects	1 128 MbxIn 0	z1600 13.0 Outputs		2	0
A 🔤 Axes	2 26 Out 0	#1A10 31.0 Inputs		3	0
Axis 1	5 62 Inputs 0	eleio 15.0 Outputs		2	0
Axis 2					
PLC	< >				
SAFETY	PDO Assignment (0x1C12): PD	Content (Dx1600):			
6 C++	▼0x1600 I	ndex Size Offs Name		Type	Befault
4 🛃 I/O	Øx1610	160B 2.0 7.0 Touch pr	obe function	UINT	
 Devices 		c60F 4.0 9.0 Target v	relocity	DINT	
Device 2 (EtherCAT)		13.0	Insert		
Image			Delete		
Image-Info	Download Pi	edefined PDO Assignment: (none	6.424		
SyncUnits	PIO Assignment Le	ad PDO info from device	Edita		
Inputs			Move Up		
Dutputs	Error List		Move Down		
InfoData	3 0 Errors 1 0 Warnings 1 24	Messages Clear			
4 🔮 Drive 1 (IS810N)	Description		File	Line	Column Project
Module 1 (CSP/CSV)	0 1 2017/8/9 21:30:11 889 ms 'Twi	CAT System' (10000): Saving			
Module 2 (CSP/CSV)	configuration of COM server TcE	ventLogger !			
WcState	(i) 2 2017/8/9 21:30:12 101 ms 'Twi	CAT System' (10000): Shutting			
InfoData	down COM Server TcEventLogge	r I			
Mappings	(i) 3 2017/8/9 21:30:53 821 ms 'Twi	CAT System' (10000): Loading			

3. Take implementing CSP (position) + CSV (speed) + CST (torque) mode as an example. Configure TPDO: If you use two axes, check 0x1A00 and 0x1A10.

Slot	Module	1	Module	ModuleI	Description
🕰 Axis 1	CSP/CSV	(<	CSP/CSV	0x00000100	Cyclic Synchronous Posis
🚰 Axis 2	CSP/CSV		CSP 2	0x00000200	Cyclic Synchronous Posi
		X	2 CST	0x00000300	Cyclic Synchronous Torqu
			CSP/CST	0x00000400	Cyclic Synchronous Posi
			CSP/CSV/CST	0x00000500	Cyclic Synchronous Posi
			CST (Speed Limited)	0x00000600	Cyclic Synchronous Torqu
			PP + TP	0x00000700	Profile Position Mode &
			PP/PV/PT	0x00000800	Profile Position/Torque/

The RPDO configuration procedure is listed in detail as follows:

If the current PDO meets your requirements, you do not need to change it; otherwise you need to simply change the PDO list to suit your mode. To delete an unnecessary default PDO, right-click it in the **PDO Content** window and choose **Delete**. To add a PDO, right-click in the window and choose **Insert**.

Sync Mana	ger:		PDO List:							
SM Si	ze Type	Flags	Index Size	e Name		Flags	SM	SV		
0 12	3 MbxOut		0x1A00 29.0	0 Positi	on Inputs		3	0		
1 12	3 MbzIn		0x1600 23.0	0 Positi	on Outputs		2	0		
2 46	Out		0x1A10 29.0	0 Positi	on Inputs		3	0		
3 58	Inputs		0x1610 23.0	0 Posizi	on Outputs		2	0		
•	U) ■>								
FDO Assign V 0x1A00 V 0x1A10	ment (0x1013	3):	PDO Content (Ox Index 0x60B9:00	¢1A00):	Size Off 2.0 15.	Name Touch probe statu	15	Type UINT	Default	
FIO Assign VOx1A00 VOx1A10	ment (0x1C13	3):	PDO Content (Dx Index 0x60B9:00 0x60B4:00	c1A00):	Size Off 2.0 15. 4.0 17.	: Name] Touch probe statu] Touch probe posi	is pos value	Type VINT DINT	Default	
PDO Assign VOx1A00 VOx1A10	ment (0x1C13	2)	PDO Content (Dx Index 0x60B9:00 0x60B4:00 0x60BC:00	c1A00):	Size Off 2.0 15. 4.0 17. 4.0 21.	Name Touch probe statu Touch probe posl	is pos value pos value	Type VINT DINT DINT	Default	_
PDO Assign	ment (0x1C13))))	PB0 Content (Dx Index 0x60B9:00 0x60B4:00 0x60BC:00 0x60FD:00	e1A00):	Size Off 2.0 15. 4.0 17. 4.0 21. 4.0 25.	Name Touch probe statu Touch probe pos1 Touch probe pos2 Digital inputs	15 pos value pos value	Type VINT DINT DINT VDINT	Default	
PDO Assig PDO Assig Ox1A00 Ox1A10 Download	ument (DxICI3	3):) 2	PD0 Content (0x Index 0x60B9:00 0x60B5:00 0x60FD:00 0x60FD:00 Fredefined PD0	c1400) :	Size Off 2.0 15. 4.0 17. 4.0 21. 4.0 25. 000 Insert	 Name Touch probe statu Touch probe posi Touch probe posi Digital inputs 	ns pos value pos value	Type VINT DINT UDINT VDINT	Default	

Click **Axis 1** in **Axes**, select **Parameter** and set the scaling parameter of the device axis. In this example, set the required movement unit to 60 mm per revolution of the servo motor, and the value of **Scaling Factor Numerator** to 60/1048576 (same for the other axis).

lution Explorer 🚽 🖣	× TwinCAT	Project5 ×				
Solution (Twin(AT Broject5' (1 project))	General	NC-Encoder Earaneter Time Compensation On	line			
TwinCAT Project5	ñ. m	Parameter	Offline Value	Online Value	Unit	1
SYSTEM	- 1	Encoder Evaluation:				
INC-Task 1 SAF		Invert Encoder Counting Direction	FALSE	-		
NC-Task 1 SVB		Scaling Factor Numerator	0.000057220458984		mm/I	١.
1 Image		Scaling Factor Denominator (default: 1.0)	1.0			
Tables		Position Bias	0.0		mm	
Objects Axes		Modulo Factor (e.g. 360.0*)	360.0		mm	1
A me Axis 1		Tolerance Window for Modulo Start	0.0		mm	1
K Enc		Encoder Mask (maximum encoder value)	OxFFFFFFFF			
▷ ➡∥ Drive		Encoder Sub Mask (absolute range maximum	0x000FFFFF			
		Reference System	'INCREMENTAL'	-		
Outputs		Limit Switches:				Ξ.
	Error List	nload [Mpload Expand All Collap	se All Select All			
4 🛃 I/O	3 0 Err	ors 0 Warnings 0 24 Messages Cle	ar			
 Devices 	De	escription	File	Line	Column Project	

Click **Axis 1** in **Axes**, select **Parameter**, and temporarily shield the system deviation (same for the other axis).

ution Explorer	• # × T	vinCA	T Project5 ×					
Solution 'TwinCAT Project5' (1 project)		Gener	al Settings Parameter Dynamics Online	Eunctions Coupling Compe	nsation			
TwinCAT Project5			Parameter	Offline Value		Online Value	Unit	
SYSTEM		+	Limit Switches:					
A MOTION		-	Monitoring:					
NC-Task 1 SVB			Position Lag Monitoring	FALSE	-	•		
🛟 Image			Maximum Position Lag Value	5.0			mm	
Tables			Maximum Position Lag Filter Time	0.02			5	
A De Axes			Position Range Monitoring	TRUE		·		
Axis 1			Position Range Window	5.0		'Position Range Monitoring'	mm	
Enc			Target Position Monitoring	TRUE	1	IndexOffset: 0x0000000F		
▷ ➡ Drive				Target Position Window	2.0		Length: 2	mm
E Inputs			Target Position Monitoring Time	0.02			5	
Outputs			In-Target Alarm	FALSE		•		
Axis 2			In-Target Timeout	5.0			5	
PLC SAFETY			ownload [Upload] Expand All] Co	ollapse All Select All	1			

7) Activate the configuration and switch to the running mode.

Click 🔛



On the **Online** interface, you can view that the current state is OP, and the 2nd LED on the keypad of the servo drive displays "8".

	NC-B: Functions		NC-B: Functions NC-A: Online						NC-A: Funct:	ions
General	EtherCAT	DC	Process Data	Slots	Startup	CoE - Online	Online	NC-B: Online		
State Mach Init Pre-Op Op	ine Boots Safe-O Clear	trap)p Error	Current State: Requested State:	OP OP						
DLL Status Port A: Port B:	Carrier / Op- No Carrier /	en Closed								
Port C: Port D:	No Carrier /	Closed								
File Acces	s over EtherCA	T ad								
me	Onlin	ne	Туре	Size >Ad	d In/Out	User Linked to				

- 8) Control the servo drive through the NC controller or PLC program.
 - You can select the control type.

Configuration Configu	×
---	---

PID type of control loop:

Position loop: Drive Speed loop: Drive	Drive: Position mode	Position Controller P
Position loop: TWinCAT NC Speed loop: Drive	Drive: Velocity mode	Position Controller PID (With Ka)

Note: The TWinCAT NC controller can also implement the speed loop, and send the target torque to the drive in each cycle. This method, however, actually increases the CPU and network load, and is not recommended.

· Set the control parameters.

ie Edit View Project Build Debug IwinCAI ↓ • · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	- 🖏 🕨 [PLC _loois Scope Window Help Release • TwinCAT RT (x86) • @	•	¶78×8≝⊂•.	
iolution Explorer V + + >	Genera	Project5 ×			
GIN SYSTEM MOTION		Parameter Monitoring:	Offline Value	Online Value	Unit
IO NC-Task 1 SAF		Position Lag Monitoring	FALSE	FALSE	
Image		Maximum Position Lag Value	5.0	5.0	mm
Tables		Maximum Position Lag Filter Time	0.02	0.02	5
Objects		Position Control Loop:			
A Die Axis 1		Position control: Proportional Factor Kv	1.0	1.0	mm/s/
> 👯 Enc		Feedforward Velocity: Pre-Control Weighting [1.0	1.0	
Drive		Other Settings:			
		mlosi (blosi (bynad All (Collayse) 1 1 2 3 4	All) [Select All]		

Adjust the proportion of the position loop based on the actual response:

Position control: Proportional Factor Kv 1.0

Adjust the speed feedforward coefficient based on the actual response:

Feedforward Velocity: Pre-Control Weighting [0.0 ... 0.0

a) Perform trial jogging of the NC axis.

1. Click **Set** to display a dialog box and then click **All**. The servo drive is now enabled. Perform jogging through F1 to F4.

oo TwinCAT Project5 - Microsoft Visual Studio (Admir	istrator) and and a set of the set of the set of the set of the
File Edit View Project Build Debug TwinCA	T TwinSAFE PLC <u>T</u> ools Scope <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp
🗄 📲 • 🗃 😹 😹 🐇 🔤 • 🕮 • 🕮 •	- 🖏 🕨 Release 🔹 TwinCAT RT (x86) 🔹 🌌
111 12 12 12 13 (G) (O) *. <local></local>	
Solution Explorer • म	X TwinCAT ProjectS X
15 C	General Settings Parameter Dynamics Online Functions Coupling Compensation
A MOTION	
 NC-Task 1 SAF 	
NC-Task 1 SVB	Lag Distance [mm] Actual Velocity: [mm/z] Setpoint [mm/z]
Image	0.0000 (0.000, 0.000) 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
Tables	
Dijects	Status (Log.) Status (phys.) Enabling Set Enabling
A But Avia 1	Ready VNOT Moving Coupled Mode Controlle: Set Controller
E For	Calibrated Bloving Fw In Target Pos. Feed Fw Feed Fw
b at Drive	That job moving by in rot. name Freed by Feed By Cancel
in Ctrl	Controller Kv-Factor: [mm/x/mm] Beference Velocity: [mm/x] Override [%]
Inputs	
Dutputs	Target Fosition: [mm] Target Velocity: [mm/s]
Axis 2	
PLC	
SAFETY	F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F8 F9
5 C++	
4 🔄 I/O	
 Oevices 	
 Device 2 (EtherCAT) 	Error List
Image	😮 0 Errors 🛕 0 Warnings 🕕 13 Messages Clear
Image-Info	

- b) Right-click PLC.
- c) Create a PLC program.



Add a motion control library to make it easy to call the motion control function block.



Create a new POU.



ee TwinCAT Project5 - Microsoft Visual Studio (Administ	rator)	
<u>File Edit View Project Build Debug</u> TwinCAT	TwinSAFE PLC <u>T</u> ools Scope <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	
i 🔂 • 🖽 • 🐸 🔜 🏈 👗 🔖 🖄 🖉 • 🕾 - 💭 •	🖳 🕨 Release 🔹 TwinCAT RT (x86) 🔹 🌌	- 🔍 🕾 😒 🎾 🕫
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	: 00 b.	
Solution Explorer 👻 🕂 🗙	TwinCAT Project5 ×	<u> </u>
	Add POU	
Dutputs		
▷ ➡ Axis 2	Create a new POU (Program Organization Unit)	
PLC		
Untitled1	Name:	
Control Project	POU	
A Pa Referencer	Type	
- Tc2 MC2	© <u>P</u> rogram	
- Tc2 Standard	Function Block	
- Tc2_System	Extends:	
- Tc3_Module	Timiamente:	
DUTs		
GVLs	Access speater:	
POUs	Method implementation languages	
VISUs	Structured Text (ST)	
Pictask (Pictask)		
	© Eunction	
6 C++	Return type:	
a 🔄 1/O	Error List	
⁴ Devices	O Errors 0 W Implementation language:	
 Device 2 (EtherCAT) 	Ladder Logic Diagram (LD)	line Cr
📑 Image	() 1 2017/0/10 0.462	Line Cc
🛟 Image-Info	System Restart in Cancel	
SyncUnits	32892.	
Inputs	3 2 2017/8/10 8:46:38 705 ms 'TwinCAT System' (10000): Saving	
< •	🔓 Error List 📃 Output	

i) Create a new FB and add MC_power, MC_jog, MC_home, MC_absolute and MC_reset to FB.





Call axis_motion in main.

The Fait Ten Ficher Bang Locietie	eoug miner	The function of the Tennon Tenh	
📅 • 💷 • 🐸 🖬 🎯 🕉 🖏 🔁 🤊 • (* •	🔁 • 🖏 🕨	- Release • TwinCAT RT (x86) • 🧭 • 🖓 • 🕄 😵 🛣 💷 • 🛫	
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Solution Explorer 🔹 4 🗙	main_1* ×	axis_motion* TwinCAT Project5	
B	5	axis motion 0	
> 🗰 Enc 🔺		axis motion	axis power ststus[0]
> av Drive		axisl axis power_status	()
Inc. Ctrl		joging - axis_joging[0]	
Inputs		axis_power[0] home_done - axis_home_done[0]	
Outputs		power move_done axis_move_done[0]	
Axis 2		reset_done - axis_reset_done[0]	
A DI PLC		axis_jog_forward[0]	
Untitled1		Jog_Iorward	
 Untitled1 Project 		axis log reveard[0]	
External Types		Jog backward	
 References 			
- Tc2 MC2		axis_home[0]	
- Tc2_Standard		home	
- Tc2 System			
- Tc3_Module		axis_moveabsolute[0]	
DUTs		moveabsoulte	
GVLs		avia reset[0]	
a 🗁 POUs		react	
axis_motion (FB)		axis_pos[0] pos	
main_1 (PRG)		axis_vel[0] -vel	
VISUs		axis_acc[0] —acc	
PlcTask (PlcTask)		axis_dcc[0] — dec	
Untitled1 Instance			
5AFETY	9	axis_motion_1	N 110
6 C++	(m)		R T 100 % B

Call the program in PLCTASK.

] • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	∾ - (2) - (2) > Release - al>	TwinCAT RT (x86)	• 20		• 💀 🕾 😆	i 🏏 🖬 💆 🖬 👻 📮
lution Explorer 🔷 4	🗙 main_1 [Online] 🗙 axis_mo	ion TwinCAT Proje	ct5			
<u>ن</u>	TwinCAT_Device.Untitled1.	main_1				
Dutputs	Expression	Туре	Value	Prepared value	Address	Comment
Axis 2	🛞 🌵 axis1	axis_ref				
A PLC	🛞 🌵 axis2	axis_ref				
A Chated1 Project	🖲 🌵 axis_power	ARRAY [03] OF BO	o			
External Types	Axis_jog_forward	ARRAY [03] OF BO	D			
 References 	# @ axis_jog_revward	ARRAY [03] OF BO	D			
- Tr2 MC2	🛞 🤣 axis_home	ARRAY [03] OF BO)			
Tc3, Module DUTs GVLs GVLs Main_1 (PRG) VISUs Imain_1 (PRG) Main_1 VISUs Imain_1 USUs Imain_1 United 1.tmc United 1.Imane	axis_movexb	solute[1] 1] 0 600 vel 6200 vel 6200 vel 6200 vel 600 vel 600 vel	absoulte t			
SAFETY C++ I/O	RET					
And a later of the						

Because there are positive and negative maximum torque limits 60E1 and 60E0 in the CSP (position) +CSV (velocity) +CST (torque) mode, initial values must be assigned to them.



After compilation, perform variable link to 60E0 and 60E1.



Compile the program. If there is no error, configuration can be activated, and then log in to the PLC.



Click 🕨 so that the servo drive can be run through the bus.



6.3.3 Basic Settings of the Omron NJ Controller for OMET

1. Create a project and modify the project name as well as the model and version information of the controller. Note: The model and version information of the controller can be obtained from the nameplate of the controller.

Offline Implicit Project Properties Implicit Project nume New Project Import Kidd Idda Import Comment Idda	Systemes Studio		C C X
Online ▼ Soudard Hypet. ▼ Connect to Device ************************************	Offline Open Project Popen Project Pinport	Project Properties Project name Res Project Author RES Project Comment Profe Select Device Category Reset Version 120 1 1 200 1	

2.1 Network Configurations

2.1.1. After creating a project, right-click the master icon on the EtherCAT device interface to open the short-cut menu, and click **Display ESI Library** to import the device description file.



Note: Please download the latest XML file for IS810N from Inovance's official website.

e con view insen Proj	et controller almolation roots h	ieih		
X 🖲 🖬 🖄 つぐ	0 A & & & A 0	K 🗛 🔉 🕹 🌢 🌾 👘 O 🕾 🖓	H Q Q H	
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Elevent v Elevent v	Car Copy Date Undo Radio Undo Radio Calloper All Calloper All Calculate Trateoniscion Delay Tane of the Master Import Salee Settings and Insert New Sale Equari Salee Settings and Insert New Sale Equari Salee Settings Calculate Settings and Insert New Sale Carloger and Nambors Carloger and Nambors Carloger and Nambors Carloger Sales Setting Statistics Information Deplay Departed Statistics Information Deplay Departed Statistics Information Deplay Departed Nambors Carloger and Nambors Carloger Sale New New York Statistics Information Deplay Departed Nambors Deplay Departed Nambors Deplay Departed Nambors	Item name Value Model name Master Device name Master Device name Master Setting and master Master	Toolbox Ali vendori Ground Servos Servos Servos Digital II 2 Analos I 2 Digital II 2 Analos I 2 Digital II 8 R880- 6 R880- 7 R880- 6 R80- 6 R80- 7
Filter	Cutput 🤸 Build	Output to ENS File Export All Couplers' I/O Allocations		C.

2.1.2. On the ESI library list, open the link "this folder" below. Put Ino_MultiAxesDrive_ ECAT_V0.40.xml corresponding to IS810N in this folder. Exit and restart the Sysmac Studio software to make it effective.



2.1.3. In the upper-right corner of the software, click all suppliers and select Inovance from the drop-down menu. Double-click IS810N in the device list to add the device to the configuration list. (If the network has been configured, skip this step and go to step 2.1.4 and upload configuration online.)



2.2.3.1 The IS810N is a 2-in-1 drive and plans the usability for the PDO list of each axis. Select the mode you want to run from "CSP/CSV+TP, CSP+TP, CST, CSP/CST+TP, CSP/CST/CSV+TP, PP+TP, PP\PV\PT+TP". In conjunction with the controller, the XML file will select the PDO list needed for the current mode.

In this example, the CSP/CST/CSV+TP mode is selected for all axes.



2.1.4. Set the EtherCAT communication site address through H0E-21 (currently available for NJ only). Perform power-on again after setting. For easier configuration management, it is recommended to set the address according to the actual physical connection order.



2.1.5. Set the master modification to online mode, and select Compare and Merge with the Actual Network Configuration in the menu bar. Set the actual physical network configuration to Sysmac software's network configuration.



S Compare	and Merce	with Actual	Network Configura	tion								x
Compare	und merge	marractou	Thetholk conliguit							_		-
Node Addr	ess Networ	c configurati	ion on Sysmac Studi	Node addre	essiActual	network configurat	tion	Net Co	mparison result	Act	Lower Configure	ation
		M	aster			Master		M	Matched	M		
1		-2	E001 IS810N Rev:0x000	1		L 21 IS810N	Rev:0x000100		Matched		A Acquisition fa	ailed
		_										
1												
	_	_		<	_							
			Apply actual network	twork configu	ration							
Some slave	s such as Po	wer Supply	Units are not include	d in the actu	al network	configuration.						
						Close						

2.2. Communication Data Configuration

2.2.1. Motion Control Axis Settings

Exit the online mode. Add **Axis Settings** in **Motion Control Setup**. Double-click **MC_Axis000** and configure an IS810N device for the corresponding site on the corresponding Axis Basic Settings interface, as shown in the following figure. **MC_Axis000** can be renamed (even in Chinese).





2.2.2. Motion Control Axis Settings

Perform detailed configurations for the axis parameters: All the four axes under each slave need to be configured using the same configuration process. If the number of axes is less than 2, set the value of 0200 of the IS810 servo drive to **255** to shield the axis; for any axis in normal use, perform normal configurations. The following example shows how to configure one of the axes.

EtherCAT	- Node1 : IS81	LON (E001) (C Axis000 (0) ×		-
<u></u>	🕵 Axis B			
	Axis number	0		<u>^</u>
uuu	Axis use	Used axis 🔍 🔻		
+++	Axis type	Servo axis 🛛 🔻		
	Feedback control	No control loop		
	Input device 1	<not assigned=""></not>	Channel	
(֥)	Input device 2	<not assigned=""></not>	Channel	
	Input device 3	<pre><not assigned=""> Node : 1 Slot : 0 CSD/CSV/CST : TD(M1) = </not></pre>	Channel	
-	Output device 2	<not assigned=""> ▼</not>	Channel	
	Output device 3	<not assigned=""></not>	Channel	
€7	Detailed Settin			
	P Detailed Settin	92		
Ø				
~				>

2.2.3. Variable Configurations for Servo Axis Communication Mapping

Click **Detailed Settings** to expand the configuration parameters. Perform object mapping configurations completely based on the following table and carefully check them. Currently, all IS810N axis configurations must be performed manually due to the limitation on Omron backend configurations.

, 4	ECH EtherCAT	- Node1 : IS810N (E001) MC_Axis00	0 (0) ×		-	Too
	-	Axis Basic Settings				<se< td=""></se<>
	100	This busic occurings				
П		Function Name	Device	Process Data		
1	LILLIN I	 Output (Controller to Device) 				
	**	★ 1. Controlword	Node : 1, Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST + 🔻	6040h-00.0(Position O		
		★ 3. Target position	Node : 1, Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST + V	607Ah-00.0(Position O		
•		5. Target velocity	Node : 1, Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST +	60FFh-00.0(Position Ot 🔻		
		7. Target torque	Node : 1, Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST +	6071h-00.0(Position O		
		9. Max profile Velocity	<not assigned=""></not>	<not assigned=""></not>		
		11. Modes of operation	Node : 1, Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST +	6060h-00.0(Position O		
		15. Positive torque limit value	<not assigned=""></not>	<not assigned=""></not>		
		16. Negative torque limit value	<not assigned=""></not>	<not assigned=""></not>		
		21. Touch probe function	Node : 1, Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST + 🔻	60B8h-00.0(Position O		
11		44. Software Switch of Encoder's Input	<not assigned=""></not>	<not assigned=""></not>		
- 11		 Input (Device to Controller) 				
		★ 22. Statusword	Node : 1, Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST + V	6041h-00.0(Position In 🔻		
	E A	* 23. Position actual value	Node : 1. Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST + V	6064h-00.0(Position In		
		24. Velocity actual value	Node : 1 Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST + -	606Ch-00.0(Position In		
		25. Torque actual value	Node 1 Slot 0 CSP/CSV/CST +	6077b-00 0(Position In		
		27 Modes of operation display	Node : 1 Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST + V	6061b-00 0(Position In		
	血	40. Touch probe status	Node 1 Slot 0 CSP/CSV/CST 4	6089b-00 0(Position In		
	Ψ	A1 Touch probe port por value	Node : 1 Slot: 0 CSP/CSV/CST 4	60BAb-00 0/Position In		
		42 Touch probe post pos value	«Not arrighted»	cNot accigned		
		42. Front code	Node 1 Slot 0 CSD/CSV/CST 4	5025b-000/Desition In T		
	123	45. Status of Encodes's Input Slave	«Not arrighted»	cNot assigned		
	163	43. Status of Encoder's input slave	<not assigned=""></not>	Kivot assigned ×	~	_
					2	
V	Build				+ 4 ×	
T s	🔀 0 Errors	1 0 Warnings				
-	C ² Outrut	e della	- Location			1
	Output	V Build				
		46. Reference Position for csp	<not assigned=""></not>	<not assigned=""></not>		
		 Digital inputs 				
		28. Positive limit switch	Node : 1, Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST +	 60FDh-00.1(Position In 	2	
	(A)	29. Negative limit switch	Node : 1, Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST +	 60FDh-00.0(Position In) 	7	
	- T	30. Immediate Stop Input	Node : 1 Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST +	60FDh-00.25(Position I)	7	
		32. Encoder Phase 7 Detection	Node : 1 Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST +	 60FDb-00.16(Position I) 	7	
	-	- 33 Home putch	Node : 1 Slot : 0 CSP/CSV/CST 4	= 60EDb-00.2(Position In a	7	
1		- 27 External Lateb Innext 1	Nede 1, Slot 0 CSP/CSV/CST 4	COLDH-COL2(POSITION IN		
	-#1-	37. External Latch Input 1	Node: 1, Slot: 0 CSP/CSV/CST 4	Corph-00.17(Position I		

2.2.4. Servo Axis Parameters Settings

Unit conversion setting

Correctly set 1047586 pulses per revolution for the IS810N motor. The travel per motor revolution does not need to be changed from its default value. The effect is similar to that the host controller makes electronic gear ratio conversion, and the servo drive need not make the conversion again.

ECH EtherCAT	- Node1 : IS810N (E001)
惑	Unit Conversion Settings
3+#	Unit of display O pulse mm um m degree inch Command pulse count per motor rotation 10045576 pulse/rev Work travel distance per motor rotation 100000 pulse/rev Reference: Unit conversion formula
I	Number of pulses [pulse] = Command pulse count per motor rotation [UDINI] * Travel distance [Unit of display] Work travel distance per motor rotation [LREAL]
₹	
Ø	
₽	
153	8

Operation setting

After setting the electronic gear ratio, an alarm will be given at the maximum speed and the parameter must be reset. Set the unit to the speed after unit conversion. 10000 pulses/s represents 1 R/S (60 RPM) of the actual servo motor. Set the maximum speed and jogging speed according to actual running. If there is no special requirement, other parameters may not be set.

\$.	Operation Settir	ngs		
-	Velocity/Acceleration/Deceler	ation		
+↑ ++++	Maximum velocity Start velocity Maximum jog velocity	400000 pulse/s 0 pulse/s 100000 pulse/s	Velocity warning value	0 %
	Maximum acceleration	0 pulse/s^2	Acceleration warning value	0 %
	Maximum deceleration	0 pulse/s^2	Deceleration warning value	0 %
	Acceleration/deceleration over	Use rapid acceleration/deceleration/	tion (Blending is changed to Buffered) 🔻	
	Operation selection at Reversing	Deceleration stop		
	▼ Torque			
F	Positive torque warning value	0 %	Negative torque warning value	0 %
	▼ Monitor			
	In-position range	10 pulse	In-position check time	0 ms
(**)	Actual velocity filter time constant	0 ms	Zero position range	10 pulse
#				
153				×

Homing setting

The homing mode affects interworking between the servo drive and the host controller. Set it according to the following table.

NJ Software Description	Servo Drive Function	Terminal Configuration
Home proximity signal	Home switch (FUN31)	D19
External home input	Touch probe 1 (FUN38)	DI8
Z-phase input	Motor encoder Z-phase signal	N/A
Positive limit input	P-OT (FUN14)	DI1
Negative limit input	N-OT (FUN15)	DI2

Note: Phase Z signal and external home switch signal shall not be used at the same time.



2.3 Program Control Running

2.3.1 After the configuration is completed, run the servo drive via the PLC program.

For programming convenience, two axes are packaged into one function block to facilitate testing. The function block includes MC_power, MC_moveabsolute, MC_jog, MC_home, and MC_reset.



2.3.1.1 In section0, call the function block axis_control, and the axis can run via the bus.



2.3.2 After logging in to the PLC, click axis_jog_forward[0], and the axis runs. For more information, contact Inovance.



6.3.4 Basic Settings of the Trio Controller for OMET

The following part describes some simple configuration methods of the Trio MC4N controller for IS810N.

1. Software installation

MotionPerfect_4_1_4_11285_Setup.zip MotionPerfectSetup.exe

It is recommended to use a recent motion perfect4 version from Trio. The installation package can be downloaded from Trio's official website.

2. Hardware connection interface

Trio recommends two connection methods. The mode of direct connection between the computer and the controller is generally selected. The following part mainly introduces how to use the direct connection mode.



Figure 1

3. Change the IP address of the computer so that the computer and the controller are located in the same network segment.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IP)	v4) Properties ? X										
General											
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.											
Obtain an IP address automatically											
• Use the following IP address:											
IP address:	192.168.										
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0										
Default gateway:											
Obtain DNS server address au	utomatically										
Use the following DNS server	addresses:										
Preferred DNS server:											
Alternate DNS server:	• • •										
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced										
	OK Cancel										

4. Open the controller operating software motion perfect4. Select Connection Settings in Controller on the toolbar.

Figure 3

Project	Con	troller	<u>E</u> dit	<u>S</u> earch	File/Pr	ogram	Build/Ru	in <u>T</u> o	ools	<u>W</u> indo	ow <u>I</u>	<u>l</u> elp					
)	% %	Conne	ct in <u>S</u> ct in To	ync Mod	e	Alt+Sh	ift+C	3	1	\sim					₽	ο 7	
Controlle	2	<u>C</u> onne	ct in Di	irect Mod	le	Alt+Sh											
	₽₽	<u>D</u> iscon	nect			Alt+Sh	ift+U										
	\leq	Conne	ction S	ettings	\geq												
		Reset (Contro	ller			Click	to ch	ange (conne	ction s	settin	gs				
⊳ 🏓 M ⊳ 🎘 C		Comm Enable	unicati <u>F</u> eatur	ions res													
		Memo Load F Reprog	ry Caro irmwar gram F	d re PGA													
		D <u>i</u> recto P <u>r</u> oces	ory ses					tual									
		Import	values					nap :									

Figure 2

5. Change the IP address on motion perfect to that displayed on the LCD of the controller.

Figure 4

Interface	Connection paramet	ters
Ethernet	Description	
Serial	ontroller IP address	192.168.0.100
© PCI	IP port	23
O USB		
Simulator		
🎏 Recent 💌		
Apply	Apply & Connect 🔻	Cancel

6. Click the $\mbox{Connect in Sync Mode}$ button, as shown in the following figure.

Figure 5

Project	Con	troller	Edit	<u>S</u> earch	File/Pr	ogram	Build/I	Run	Tools	<u>W</u> ir	ndow	<u>H</u> elp	b			
	8	Conne	ct in <u>S</u> y	nc Mode		Alt+Sh	ift+C		4		目	A		VR	60	Ē
	2	Conn	Conne	ct to cont	roller in	Sync m	ode	1			_		_		~	
		Conne	ct in D	irect Moo												
	₽	Discor	nnect													
		Conne	ction S	ettings												
		Reset	Contro	ller												
		Comm	unicati	ons												
		Enable	reatu	res		-11										
		Memo	ry Caro	ł												
		Load F	irmwa	re												
		Repros	gram F	PGA												
Output		Directo	ory													_
output		Proces	ses						_			_				_
Digital C																
7. Create and name a project file in Project.



8. The new project is as follows:



9. Import a configuration file in **Programs**, as shown in Figure 8. (Three files are provided for three modes, that is, CSP, CSV, and CST. Only the CSP mode is introduced.)



10. Find and import the EC_EXTEND_CSP file stored in the computer.

Figure 9

🗾 Import Files			×
() ~ () ~ () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	▶ o_met瓷例 ▶ o_met_extend v	ℓg素 o_met_e	extend 🔎
组织 ▼ 新建文件3	夹	8	
📃 桌面	名称	修改日期	类型
💹 最近访问的位置	EC_EXTEND_CSP.TXT	2017/6/30 12:56	文本文档
	EC_EXTEND_CST.TXT	2017/6/30 12:56	文本文档
🭃 库	EC_EXTEND_CSV.TXT	2017/6/30 12:56	文本文档
📕 视频			
₩ 图片	E		
📄 文档			
→ 音乐			
🖳 计算机			
🏭 系统 (C:)			
💼 本地磁盘 (D:)			
— 本协磁盘 (F:)	▼		•
Ż	(件名(N): EC_EXTEND_CSP.TXT	✓ Text (*.txt)	-
		打开(0)	取消

 The name of Extend files in the TRIO project must be fixed to EC_EXTEND. Otherwise, the controller cannot identify it and the network cannot enter synchronization mode. Therefore, renaming is required.

		-					
Project Controller E	dit	Search File/Pro	ogram Build	l/Run <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp			
🏓 🔒 🗱 र 🛱	: <u>'</u>	2 🖸 🗖 🗕) <u>R</u> 🔓 I	ш 🏅 🖉 🖪 🛯 🖻 📐 🗖			
Controller		- ↓ ×	EC_EXTE	ND_CSP ×			
MC4N ECAT (P	904)	v99.0269	i 🖬 🎒 🔻	X 🗅 🕮 🤊 (° 🕂 🔜 🕼 🗇 🖓			
Axis Status: OK	Re	eset MC	0 x</td <td>ml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?></td>	ml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>			
System: OK			2 <ethercat> 3 4 <version>1.0.0</version> 5</ethercat>				
Orive stop	e le l	Halt programs					
Programs			6 <	RxPdos>			
Max. Axes: 32	1	Edit	Ctrl+E	<rxpdo></rxpdo>			
Memory				<index>0</index>			
Configuration		Rename		<name>RXPDO PROFILE CSP</name>			
	6	Сору					
	X	Delete		<pre><tntry></tntry></pre>			
				<name>CTRL_WORD</name>			
		Properties		<length>2</length>			
	_		20	<flags>0</flags>			
			21 22				
			23	<entry></entry>			

|--|

	0
<version>1.0.0</version>	
<rxpdos></rxpdos>	
<rxpdo></rxpdo>	
<index>0</index>	Rename Program
<name>RXPDO_PROFILE_C</name>	
<entry></entry>	Type I Text
<name>CTRL_WORD<th>Storage: Internal</th></name>	Storage: Internal
<length>2</length>	Name_EC_EXTEND
<flags>0</flags>	
	OK Cancel
<entry></entry>	
<name>TARGET_POS<td>ame></td></name>	ame>
<length>4</length>	
<flags>0</flags>	

12. Create a MD_CONFIG configuration and a BASIC file in Programs.



13. Set the current communication cycle to 1 ms.

Figure 13

🖬 🗹 B 🏼 🤊 (*								
(All)	System p	aram	eters					
IP Configuration	Automa	tically	startu	o EtherC	AT protocol:	Operational	•	
EtherCAT	Network	cycle	time:	\sim		1000µs	•	
ſ	Devices	Axe	5					
	• Add X Remove							
	Device	Slot	Slave	Profile	Axis Address	Axis Count	IO Address	VR Address
		0	0	Not Set	Not Set	Not Set	Not Set	Not Set

14. Double-click **MAX.AXES:32** and check the first two axes.

System: OK	(All) System parameters
Motion Orive enable Halt programs	Show/Hide Axes
Programs MOTION_1	Use Axis Type Slot Axis Ne 0 EthCAT Pos 0 Axis 2 Enc - 1 Axis 3 Virtual - 1 Axis 5 Virtual - 1 Axis 6 Virtual - 1 Axis 7 Virtual - 1 Axis 9 Virtual - 1 Axis 10 Virtual - 1 Axis 11 Virtual - 1 Axis 12 Virtual - 1 Axis 13 Virtual - 1 Axis 14 Virtual - 1 Axis 15 Virtual - 1 Axis 16 Virtual - 1 Axis 17 Virtual - 1 Axis 18 Virtual - 1 Axis 19 Virtual - 1 Axis 10 Virtual - 1 Axis

15. To add CoE objects corresponding to the servo, open the intelligent drives and access **Configure Categories**.



16. The motor servo enters the PDO configurations.

S	lot () - Eth	erCAT					ŧ.			
d	Diag	gram						_	• •••		
	Ma	aster s	state: Ope	rational 🛪	•						
				~						perational	
	A	ddres	s: 1							000us	
- C.	Driv	Axis:	0	Device Address Alias State Vendor Model	Info 1 1 Ope Ino	eratior vance	nal			Axis Count Vot Set	IO Not
		Axis	Ctrl Mode	Model	Pos	Alias	Configured				
	1	0	EthCAT Pos	5	0	1	1				
	~	1	EthCAT Pos		0	1	1				

17. Add Inovance PDO data on this interface.

therCAT device @ slot 0, address 1, axis 0 Status CoE Objects EtherCAT Info Mask \$20005 Position 0 Mask \$20005 Aldress 1 Switch On Address 1 Quick Stop State Operational Guick Stop Device Info Mode Specific Vendor ID \$0010000 Mode Specific Product code \$000C0308 Maufacturer Product code \$000C03000 Status Flags Mode Specific Manufacturer Fradult Reset Manufacturer Oucids Status Flags Mask \$1631 Revision \$00010000 Switch On Manufacturer Status Flags Mask \$1631 Revision \$00010000 Switch On Manufacturer Status Flags Mask \$1631 Product code \$000C1308 Switched On Manufacturer Status Flags Mask \$1631 Revision \$00010000 Switched On Manufacturer Switched On Manufacturer Value Specific Switched On Made Specific Mask \$1631 Hardware ver. 0.0 Valtace Enabled Mode Specific <th>•</th> <th>Position (MPOS * UNITS) Position Velocity Torque</th> <th> Halt Mode Specific Reserved Manufacturer Manufacturer</th> <th>ss 1, axis 0 Control Flags Mask: \$0006 Switch On ✔ Enable Voltage ✔ Quick Stop</th> <th>t 0, addr</th> <th>evice @ sla oE Objects I Info</th> <th>ierCAT de itatus C</th>	•	Position (MPOS * UNITS) Position Velocity Torque	Halt Mode Specific Reserved Manufacturer Manufacturer	ss 1, axis 0 Control Flags Mask: \$0006 Switch On ✔ Enable Voltage ✔ Quick Stop	t 0, addr	evice @ sla oE Objects I Info	ierCAT de itatus C
Status CoE Objects Ether CAT Info Control Flags Porition 0 Mask: \$0006 Alias 1 Status \$0006 Alias 1 Status Operational State Operational Mode Specific Device Info Mode Specific Vendor ID \$0010000 Mode Specific Vendor Inovance Fault Reset Product code \$00010000 Status Flags Model 2 Ready To Switch On Mask \$1631 Ready To Switch On Software ver. 0.0.1 Gault Hardware ver. 0.0 Fault Mode Specific Manufacturer O Velocity 0 Resision \$0001000 Ready To Switch On Marks \$1631 Ready To Switch On Marks \$1631 Wendor Enabled Wendor Inshelded Wode Specific)	Position (MPOS * UNITS) Position Velocity Torque	Halt Mode Specific Reserved Manufacturer Manufacturer	Control Flags Mask: \$0006 Switch On Enable Voltage Quick Stop		oE Objects I Info	tatus C
EtherCAT Info Control Flags Movement Position 0 Mask: \$0006 Image: Control Flags Movement Address 1 Switch On Halt Image: Control Flags Controller Address 1 State Operational Mode Specific Imanufacturer Position (MPOS * UNITS) Device Info Imable Voltage Mode Specific Manufacturer Imanufacturer Vendor ID \$00100000 Mode Specific Manufacturer Velocity Vendor Inovance Fault Reset Manufacturer Imanufacturer Product code \$000C0308 Status Flags Mask: \$1631 Mask: \$1631 Image: Remote Software ver. 0.01 Switched On Stature rewer. 0.01 Fault Mode Specific Moufacturer Volace Enabled Mode Specific Moufacturer Velocity)	Position (MPOS * UNITS) Position Velocity Torque	Halt Hode Specific Reserved Manufacturer Manufacturer Manufacturer	Control Flags Mask: \$0006 Switch On Z Enable Voltage Quick Stop		Info	
Product code \$000C0308 Model ? Maske \$1631 Revision \$00010000 Ready To Switch On Imanufacturer Serial number 0 Switched On Imanufacturer Software ver. 00.01 Operation Enabled Mode Specific Hardware ver. 0.0 Fault Internal Limit Active Voltage Enabled Wode Specific			Manufacturer Manufacturer	Enable Operation Mode Specific Mode Specific Mode Specific Mode Specific Fault Reset	rational 100000 vance	sition 0 Alias 1 dress 1 State Ope of lor ID \$00 endor Ino	EtherCA Po Ad Device Is Venc Venc
Quick Stop Mode Specific Switch On Disabled Manufacturer Warning Fault Reset Fault Reset			Manufacturer Marwote Mode Specific Internal Limit Active Mode Specific Mode Specific Mode Specific Manufacturer Reset	Status Flags Mask: \$1631	010000	code 300 fodel ? /ision \$00 mber 0 e ver. 00.0 e ver. 0.0	Product N Re Serial nu Softwar Hardwar
nerCAT device @ elot 0 address 1 avis 0				Lavis O) address	ice @ slot (CAT dev
tatue CoE Objects				. 0.00	, oddress	Objects	atus Co
	osition control	Categories: Pos				Categories	onfigure
Configure Categories Categories	Value			lame	Access	DataType	dex
Configure Categories Categories: Per Index DataType Access Name				arget position			TO CA
Configure Categories: Categories: Categories: Per Index DataType Access Name Cotracio Integration 2 47F Target position				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$7E	Int32	607A:00
Configure Categories Categories Categories: Po Index DataType Access Name 50703:100 Int32 67F Target position 664:00 Int32 687 Position actual value				osition actual value	\$7F \$87	Int32 Int32	607A:00
DataType Access Name Categories: Per 60731:00 Ind32 677 Target position 6604:00 Ind32 677 Categories: Per 6604:00 Ind32 677 Control value 6604:00 Ind32 677 Control value 6604:00 677 Control value 6707				osition actual value ontrol word	\$7F \$87 \$7F	Int32 Int32 Uint16	607A:00 6064:00 6040:00
Configure Categories Categories: Categories: Pc Index DataType Access Name Participation	568			osition actual value ontrol word atus word	\$7E \$87 \$7E \$87	Int32 Int32 Uint16 Uint16	607A:00 6064:00 6040:00 6041:00
Configure Categories Categories Categories Percent Categories <td>568</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>osition actual value ontrol word tatus word lodes of operation</td> <td>\$7E \$87 \$7E \$87 \$87 \$7E</td> <td>Int32 Int32 Uint16 Uint16 Int8</td> <td>607A:00 6064:00 6040:00 6041:00 6060:00</td>	568			osition actual value ontrol word tatus word lodes of operation	\$7E \$87 \$7E \$87 \$87 \$7E	Int32 Int32 Uint16 Uint16 Int8	607A:00 6064:00 6040:00 6041:00 6060:00

18. Perform data calculation before servo trial run.

If you want to set the Trio calibration unit to RPM, set UNITS = Encoder resolution / 60, e.g. 2^{20} / 60 = 17476.

Set the acceleration ACCEL, deceleration DECEL, running speed SPEED, following error limit FE_LIMIT, and following error range FE_RANGE. (The recommended value is 0.6 * FE_LIMIT.) Similarly, set SPEED to 30 RPM and ACCEL to 30 RPM/s.

19. Set axis parameters.

	Figure 18						
<u>Controller</u> <u>Edit</u> <u>Search</u> File/Pro	gram Build/Run <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indo	w <u>H</u> elp					
🚽 💠 🔹 😫 🗔 🗖 🗸	18 🛃 🛄 🏅 🚮 📶	11 🖬 📐 🗉 🗣 😤 🖬					
er ▼ ♯ ×	EC Axis parameters CONFIG	× MOTION_1					
MC4N ECAT (P904) v99.0269 Axis Status: OK (Arcset MC)	🖬 🗹 B 🧐 (M						
System: OK	(All)	System parameters					
otion 👝 Drive 👝 Halt	IP Configuration	Automatically startup EtherCAT p					
op 🛡 enable 🗏 programs	EtherCAT	Network cycle time:					
ImoTioN_1 Image: Conversion of the second seco		Devices Axes → Add × Remove Device Slot Slot Slot Not Set Not					
VR: 4096 TABLE: 512000 Local variables ree program space: <i>8126456</i> Configuration ionnection <i>Ethernet</i> , <i>192.168.0.1</i> Addel name <i>MCAN ECAT</i>							

20. Select axis information.

Figure 19



21. Check the first two axes.

	F	igure	20					
Axis Parameters		• •	×					
Select axes 🚯 🕏	SI SI	now/Hie	de Axes			x	Itional	•
	Us	e Axis	Туре	Slot	Axis Na		s	•
		0	EthCAT Pos	0	Axis	-		
No axes selected. Please <u>select axes</u>			EthCAT Pos	0	Axis			
			Vietual	-1	Axis			
			Virtual	-1	Axis	=	Count	IO Addre
	Ē	5	Virtual	-1	Axis		count	Net Cet
		6	Virtual	-1	Axis		et	Not Set
	E	7	Virtual	-1	Axis			
	E	8	Virtual	-1	Axis			
	E	9	Virtual	-1	Axis			
		10	Virtual	-1	Axis			
,	E	11	Virtual	-1	Axis			
		12	Virtual	-1	Axis			
		13	Virtual	-1	Axis			
		14	Virtual	-1	Axis	-		
		15	Virtual	-1	Avie			
			0	K	Cano	el		
		-	-	-	-			

22. The parameter settings are as follows:

Figure 21

xis Parameters			▼ □ >
Select axes	🚯 🚺 (Type text	to search for) Q	
Parameter	Axis (0)	Axis (1)	
ATYPE	EthCAT Pos	EthCAT Pos	_
UNITS	17476.0	17476.0	>
Gains			
P_GAIN	1.0	1.0	
I_GAIN	0.0	0.0	
D_GAIN	0.0	0.0	
OV_GAIN	0.0	0.0	
VFF_GAIN	0.0	0.0	
Velocity profile			_
ACCEL	500.0	500.0	
CREEP	0.00572	0.00572	
DECEL	< 500.0	500.0	>
MERGE	0	0	
SPEED	500.0	500.0	>
SRAMP	0	0	
MSPEED	0.0	0.0	
VP_SPEED	0.0	0.0	
Limits			
DATUM_IN	-1	-1	
FE_LIMIT	500.0	500.0	
FE_RANGE	300.0	300.0	
FHOLD_IN	-1	-1	
FS_LIMIT	22888532.84504	22888532.84504	
FWD_IN	-1	-1	
REP_DIST	11444266.42252	11444266.42252	
REP_OPTION	0	0	
REV_IN	-1	-1	

23. Use 🖸 to commission the servo. Check whether the parameters are correct before using the servo.



Enter the following in the terminal window: base (x) (select an axis address), servo=1 (closed-loop ETHERCAT bus), wdog = 1 (enable servo), forward (forward running), reverse (reverse running), cancel (stop running).

🚇 😤 🛅 🍓 🛛 🖓 🗉	🕐 Motion stop	
Jog speed I \$00,⊕ I 0.00572,⊕	→ ↓ × Jog inputs - + -1 · -1 · -1 · -1 ·	Channel #0
		>>ance1
RIO	÷	
WARNING : Development firmware active	- contact Tri	

25. Perform programming and running. Enter the following codes in BASIC and click the run icon.

EC_EXTEND MC_CONFIG A ANLII 21 A × 轴参数
<pre>0 'Start Standard Section 1 'Axis Paraments 2 BASE(0) 3 UNITS=17476 4 'Gains 5 P_GAIN=1 6 I_GAIN=0 7 D_GAIN=0 8 OV GAIN=0 9 VFF_GAIN=0 10 'Velocity profile 11 ACCEL=500 12 CREEP=1 13 DECEL=500 14 JOGSPEED=1 15 SPEED=500 16 'Limits 17 DATUM_IN=0 18 FF_LIMIT=5000 19 FS_LIMIT=1000 20 FHOLD_IN=-1 21 FWD_IN=-1 22 REP_DIST=10000 23 REV_IN=-1</pre>
Codes are as follows:
'Start Standard Section
'Axis Paraments
BASE(0)
UNITS=17476
'Gains
P_GAIN=1
I_GAIN=0
D_GAIN=0
OV_GAIN=0
VFF_GAIN=0
Velocity profile
AUGEL=500
SPEED=500
'l imits
DATUM IN=0
FE LIMIT=5000
FS LIMIT=1000
_ FHOLD_IN=-1

```
FWD_IN=-1
REP_DIST=10000
REV IN=-1
RS_LIMIT=-10000
'Axis output
SERVO=1
BASE(1)
UNITS=17476
'Gains
P GAIN=1
I GAIN=0
D GAIN=0
OV_GAIN=0
VFF_GAIN=0
'Veloctity profile
ACCEL=500
CREEP=1
DECEL=500
JOGSPEED=1
SPEED=500
'Limits
DATUM_IN=0
FE_LIMIT=5000
FS_LIMIT=1000
FHOLD_IN=-1
FWD_IN=-1
REP_DIST=10000
REV_IN=-1
RS_LIMIT=-10000
'Axis output
SERVO=1
'Stop standard Section
WDOG=1
```

WHILETRUE TRIGGER ACCEL=500 DECEL=500

MOVE(6000) AXIS(0) MOVE(6000) AXIS(1) WAITIDLE WA(100) MOVE(-6000) AXIS(0) MOVE(-6000) AXIS(1) WAITIDLE WA(100) WEND

WHILE TRUE

- ' TRIGGER
- 'ACCEL=500
- ' DECEL=500
- 'MOVEABS(1)
- ' WAIT IDLE
- ' WA(100)
- 'MOVEABS(0)
- ' WAIT IDLE
- 'WA(100)
- 'WEND

Chapter 7 Troubleshooting

7.1 Power Supply Unit

For any faults of the power supply unit, refer to the User Guide MD810 Series AC Drive Multiaxis System.

7.2 Drive Unit

7.2.1 Fault and Warning Grading

Faults and alarms are graded into the following three levels based on degree of severity: N0.1 > N0.2 > N0.3.

NO.1 non-resettable fault

NO.1 resettable fault

NO.2 resettable fault

NO.3 resettable warning

"Resettable" means that the keypad stops displaying faults/warnings once the "reset signal" is input.

To reset a fault/warning, use either of the following methods:

Set 200D-02h = 1 (fault reset enabled).

Enable the rising edge of the control word 0x6040 bit7 on the host controller.

To reset a NO.1 fault or NO.2 fault, turn off the S-ON signal and then set the DI terminal allocated with function FunIN.2 (ALM-RST) to ON.

To reset NO.3 warning, set the DI terminal allocated with the function FunIN.2 (ALM-RST) to ON.

Relevant objects

Index	Name	Data Range	Description	Setting Mode	Effective Condition	Default
200Dh-02h	Fault reset	0: no operation 1: enabled	The keypad stops displaying the resettable faults and warnings. After reset, the value is restored to 0.	Any setting	Immediate	0

7.2.2 Communication Fault and Warning Code List

When communication or the servo drive is abnormal, the IS810 servo drive sends an emergency message to the network as a producer, or sends a response abort message when the SDO transmission is abnormal.

Fault code list (take the current operation axis 1 as an example):

Display	Fault Name	Туре	Resettable	Fault Range
E1.101	Abnormal system parameter	NO.1	No	Equipment fault
E1.102	Abnormal communication initialization of coprocessor	NO.1	No	Equipment fault
E1.104	Abnormal communication or interrupt timeout of the coprocessor	NO.1	No	Equipment fault
E1.105	Abnormal internal program	NO.1	No	Equipment fault
E1.106	Abnormal main processor communication	NO.1	No	Equipment fault
E1.107	Main processor communication loss of the	NO.1	No	Equipment fault
E1.108	Parameter storage fault (read/write)	NO.1	No	Equipment fault
E1.111	Abnormal 2000h/2001h group parameter	NO.1	No	Equipment fault
	Product model matching fault			
	(No corresponding motor			
	No corresponding driver			
E1.120	Absolute position parameter not matching	NO.1	No	Shaft fault
	2nd-generation encoder parameter not matching)			
E1.121	Invalid S-ON command	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
	Absolute position function and encoder matching fault			
E1.122	(Motor model not matching	NO.1	No	Shaft fault
	2nd-generation encoder parameter not matching)			
E1.130	DI function setting error	NO.1	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.131	DO function setting error	NO.1	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.136	Data check error or no parameter stored in the motor ROM	NO.1	No	Shaft fault
E1.150	STO signal input protection	NO.1	Yes	Shaft fault
	Hardware overcurrent			
	(Phase P overcurrent			
E1.201	Phase N overcurrent	NO.1	No	Shaft fault
	Phase U overcurrent			
	Phase V overcurrent)			
	FPGA sampling operation timeout			
E1.208	Encoder communication timeout	NO.1	No	Shaft or equipment fault
	Sigma_Dleta modulation fault			
E1.210	Output short-circuit to ground	NO.1	No	Shaft fault
E1.220	UVW phase sequence error	NO.1	No	Shaft fault

Display	Fault Name	Туре	Resettable	Fault Range
E1.234	Runaway	NO.1	No	Shaft fault
E1.400	Main circuit overvoltage	NO.1	Yes	Equipment fault
E1.410	Main circuit undervoltage	NO.1	Yes	Equipment fault
E1.500	Motor overspeed	NO.1	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.602	Angle auto-tuning failure	NO.1	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.610	Servo drive overload	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.620	Motor overload	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.630	Motor rotor locked	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.650	Heatsink overheat	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.661	NTC cable breaking	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.731	Encoder battery failure	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.733	Encoder multi-turn counting error	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.735	Encoder multi-turn counting overflow	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.740	Encoder interference	NO.1	No	Shaft fault
E1.A33	Abnormal encoder data reading/ writing	NO.1	No	Shaft fault
E1.B00	Position deviation excess	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.B01	Abnormal position reference increment	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.B03	Electronic gear ratio setting exceeding limit	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.D09	Software position setting error	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.D10	Home position setting error	NO.2	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.E08	Synchronization loss*	NO.2	Yes	Equipment fault
E1.E11	ESI configuration file not burnt*	NO.2	Yes	Equipment fault
E1.E13	Synchronization cycle setting error*	NO.2	Yes	Equipment fault
E1.E15	Synchronization cycle error is too large*	NO.2	Yes	Equipment fault

Warning code list (take the current operation axis 1 as an example)

Display	Fault Name	Туре	Resettable	Fault Range
E1.110	Setting error of frequency-division pulse output	NO.3	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.601	Home attaining warning	NO.3	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.730	Encoder battery warning	NO.3	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.760	Encoder overheat	NO.3	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.909	Motor overload warning	NO.3	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.941	Parameter modification taking effect only after being re-powered on	NO.3	Yes	Equipment fault
E1.942	Parameter storage too frequent	NO.3	Yes	Equipment fault
E1.950	Positive limit switch warning	NO.3	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.952	Negative limit switch warning	NO.3	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.980	Abnormal encoder algorithm	NO.3	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.998	Homing object dictionary error	NO.3	Yes	Shaft fault
E1.E20	Ethernet hardware error	NO.3	Yes	Equipment fault
E1.E21	Drive MAC address not burnt	NO.3	Yes	Equipment fault

7.2.3 Troubleshooting

Take the current operation axis 1 as an example.

E1.101: abnormal system parameter

Cause:

The total number of parameters changes, which generally occurs after software updates.

The actual parameter values of group 2002h and its following groups exceed the limit, which generally occurs after software updates.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
	Check whether the power is cut off or whether an instantaneous power failure occurs.	Restore the default setting (2002-20h = 1), and rewrite the parameters.
1. The control power voltage drops instantaneously	Measure whether the voltage on the power supply side is within the following specifications:	Increase the power capacity or replace the power supply with a
	380 V drive:	Restore the default setting
		(2002-20h = 1), and rewrite the
	Allowed error: -10% to 10% (342 to 484 V)	parameters.
2. Instantaneous power failure occurs during parameter storage.	Check whether instantaneous power failure occurs during parameter storage.	Power on the system again, restore the default setting (2002-20h = 1), and rewrite the parameters.
3. The number of times to write parameters within a certain period exceeds the limit.	Check whether the parameter update is performed frequently by the host controller.	Change the parameter writing method and rewrite parameters. If the servo drive is faulty, replace it.
4. The software is upgraded.	Check whether the software is upgraded.	Reset the servo drive model and the servo motor model, and restore the default setting (2002-20h = 1).
5. The servo drive is faulty.	If the servo drive is powered off and powered on several times and the default setting is restored, but the fault persists, it indicates that the servo drive is faulty.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.102: Abnormal communication initialization of coprocessor

Cause:

Multi-core communication initialization fault or core software version not matching

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The FPGA software version and the software version of CPU cores do not match.	View the FPGA software version (2001-03h), the CUP0 software version (2001-04h), and the CUP1 software version (2001-05h) via the keypad or the Inovance servo commissioning software. Check whether the non-zero values of the most significant bits are the same in the two versions.	Contact Inovance for technical support. Update the software to make them match.
2. The FPGA is faulty.	The fault persists after the servo drive is powered off and on several times.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.104: Abnormal communication or interrupt timeout of coprocessor

Cause:

Coprocessor or FPGA interrupt timeout, cyclic access among coprocessors timeout

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The FPGA is faulty.		
2. The communication handshake between the FPGA and the HOST is abnormal.	The fault persists after the servo drive is powered off and	Replace the servo drive.
3. Access between HOST and coprocessor times out.	on several times.	

E1.107: main processor communication loss

Cause:

Cyclic handshake communication between the main processor and coprocessor is lost.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
Internal communication failure	The fault persists after the servo drive is powered off and on several times.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.108: parameter storage fault

Cause:

Parameter values cannot be written to EEPROM.

Parameter values cannot be read from EEPROM.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. Parameter writing is abnormal.	Modify a parameter, power on the servo drive again and check	If the modification is not saved and the fault persists after the servo
2. Parameter reading is abnormal.	whether the modification is saved.	drive is powered off and on several times, replace the servo drive.

E1.110: Setting error of frequency-division pulse output

Cause:

The number of frequency-division output pulses is excessively large.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The number of frequency-division output pulses is excessive.	View the H05-17 value of a corresponding axis: The H05-17 value exceeds the encoder resolution.	Modify the H05-17 value.

E1.111: abnormal 2000h/2001h group parameter

Cause:

The total number of parameters changes, which generally occurs after software updates.

The actual parameter values of group 2000 or 2001 exceed the limit, which generally occurs after software updates.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. Instantaneous power failure occurs during parameter storage.	Check whether instantaneous power failure occurs during parameter storage.	Set drive model (2001-0Bh) incorrectly, and power on the system, then correctly set the drive model and power on the system again.
2. Instantaneous power failure occurs during serial encoder motor parameter writing.	Check whether instantaneous power failure occurs during serial encoder motor parameter writing.	Write the parameters of serial encoder motor using Inovance commissioning software.
3. The software is upgraded.	Check whether the software is upgraded.	Set drive model (2001-0Bh) incorrectly, and power on the system, then correctly set the drive model and power on the system again.
4. The servo drive is faulty.	If the fault persists after the servo drive is powered off and on again, and step 1 and 2 are repeated for several times, it indicates that the servo drive is faulty.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.120: product model matching fault

Cause:

The motor model and drive model do not match or the parameter setting is incorrect, or the drive unit recognition is incorrect.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
	Internal fault code 200B-2Eh = 1120: View the motor nameplate to check whether the motor is suitable. Check whether 2000- 01h setting is correct.	Set 2000-01h (Motor SN) correctly according to the motor nameplate or use a matching motor.
1. The product (encoder, motor or servo drive) SN does not exist.	Internal fault code 200B-2Eh = 2120: View the drive model in 2001-0Bh and check whether this model is present by referring to the description of designation rules and nameplate in 2.1 Servo Drive.	If the drive SN does not exist, set it correctly according to the drive nameplate by referring to the description of designation rules and nameplate in 2.1 Servo Drive.
2. The power rating of the servo motor and does not match that of the servo drive.	Internal fault code 200B-2Eh = 3120: Check whether the drive model in 2001- 0Bh matches the serial encoder model in 2000-06h by referring to the description of designation rules and nameplate in 2.1 Servo Drive and the specifications in 2.2 Servo Motor.	Use matching produces according to section 2.3 Servo System Configuration.
3. Settings of drive model do not match auto recognition results.	Check whether H01-10 of the faulty axis is the same as H01-62.	Set H01-10 to be the same as H01-62. Replace the drive unit.

E1.121: invalid S-ON command

Cause:

When some auxiliary functions are used, a redundant S-ON signal is given.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
When the servo drive is enabled internally, the S-ON signal is turned on via communication.	Check whether the S-ON signal is sent from the host controller when the auxiliary functions (200D-03h, 200D-04h, 200D-0Ch) are used.	Turn off the S-ON signal from the host controller.

E1.122: product matching fault in the absolute position mode

Cause:

The motor does not match in the absolute position mode or the motor SN is set incorrectly.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The motor does not match in absolute position mode or the motor SN is set incorrectly.	View the motor nameplate to check whether the motor is a multi-turn absolute encoder motor. Check whether H0000 (Motor SN) is correct.	Set H0000 (Motor SN) correctly according to the motor nameplate or use a matching motor.

E1.130: DI function setting error

Cause:

The same function is allocated to different DIs.

The set values are not supported.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The same function is allocated to different DIs.	View 2003-03h, 2003-05h, and 2003-07h to 2003-11h to check whether they are allocated with the same non- zero DI function No.	Allocate parameters that have been allocated with the same non-zero DI function No. with different DI functions. Then turn on the control power again to allow the modifications to take effect. You can also turn the S-ON signal off and give the reset signal to make the modification take effect.
2. DI function set values are incorrect.	Check whether the set values in 2003-03h, 2003-05h, and 2003-07h to 2003-11h do not meet the requirements. Requirements for set values: Axis No. + Supported DI function No.	Set values according to the requirements for set values. Then turn on the control power again to allow the modifications to take effect. You can also turn the S-ON signal off and give the reset signal to make the modification take effect.

E1.131: DO function setting error

Cause:

The set values are not supported.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
DO function set values are incorrect.	Check whether the set values in 2004-01h and 2004-03h do not meet the requirements. Requirements for set values: Axis No. + Supported DO function No.	Set values according to the requirements for set values. Then turn on the control power again to allow the modifications to take effect. You can also turn the S-ON signal off and give the reset signal to make the modification take effect.

E1.136: Data check error or no parameter stored in the motor ROM

Cause:

When reading parameters from the encoder ROM memory, the servo drive detects that no parameter is saved there or parameter values are inconsistent with the agreed values.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The servo drive model and the motor model do not match.	View the servo drive and servo motor nameplates to check that the equipment used is an Inovance IS810 series servo drive and a matching servo motor.	Replace the matching servo drive and servo motor.
2. A parameter check error occurs or no parameter is stored in the serial increment encoder ROM memory.	Check whether the encoder cable is used according to the standard configuration. For cable specification, refer to 2.4 Matching Cables. The cable must be connected reliably and must not be damaged, broken, or under poor contact. Measure signals PS+, PS-, +5 V and GND at both ends of the encoder cable and observe whether signals at both ends are consistent. For the definition of signals, refer to Hardware wiring.	Use the recommended encoder cable. Ensure that the cable is connected to the motor securely and tighten the screws on the drive side. If necessary, use a new encoder cable. Never bundle encoder cable and power cables (RST, UVW) together.
3 The encoder	Check the encoder wiring.	Connect the encoder cable
wiring is incorrect or disconnected.	excessively intense, which loosens the encoder cable or even damages the encoder.	correctly. Re-connect the encoder cable securely.
4. The servo drive is faulty.	The fault persists after the servo drive is powered on again.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.150: STO input protection

Cause:

STO input protection

E1.201: Overcurrent

Cause:

Hardware overcurrent is detected.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. References are input simultaneously at the servo drive startup or the reference input is too early.	Check whether a reference is input before the keypad displays "ry".	The time sequence is: After the keypad displays "ry", turn on the S-ON signal and then input a reference. If allowed, add reference filter time constant or increase acceleration/ deceleration time.
3. The motor cables are in poor contact.	Check whether the servo drive power cables and motor UVW cables are loose.	Tighten the cables that are loose or are disconnected.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
4. The motor cables are grounded.	After ensuring the servo drive power cables and motor cables are connected securely, measure whether the insulation resistance between the servo drive UVW cables and ground cable (PE) is $M\Omega$ -level.	Replace the motor if the insulation is poor.
5. The motor UVW cables are short-circuited.	Disconnect the motor cables and check whether they are short-circuited and whether burrs exist.	Connect the motor cables correctly.
6. The motor is damaged.	Disconnect the motor cables and measure whether the resistance between motor cables UVW is balanced.	Replace the motor if the resistance is unbalanced.
7. The gain setting is improper and the motor oscillates.	Check whether the motor oscillates or generates a shrill noise during motor startup and running. You can view current feedback by using the drive Inovance servo commissioning software.	Carry out gain adjustment.
8. The encoder cable is incorrectly wired, corrosive, or connected loosely.	Check whether the encoder cable is used according to the standard configuration. Check whether the cable is aging, corrosive or loose. Turn off the S-ON signal, rotate the motor shaft manually, and check whether 200B-12h (electrical angle) changes as the motor rotates.	Re-weld, fasten or replace the encoder cable.
9. The servo drive is faulty.	The fault persists after the motor cables are disconnected and the servo drive is powered on again.	Replace the servo drive.
10. Bleeder resistor overcurrent	Check whether external bleeder resistor resistance value is small or the bleeder resistor is short-circuited (P and C ends at main circuit input terminal).	Select a new resistance value and model of the bleeder resistor. Perform the wiring again.

E1.208: FPGA sampling operation timeout

Cause:

Find the cause based on the internal fault code (200B-2Eh).

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
	Internal fault code 200B-2Eh = 2208:	Use the recommended encoder cable. If a non-standard cable is used, check that it complies with the specifications and is a shielded twisted pair cable.
	Encoder wiring is incorrect.	Check whether the connectors at
1. Communication with the encoder times out.	Connection of the encoder cable becomes loose.	both ends of the encoder are in good contact.
	The encoder cable is too long.	Contact the manufacturer.
	Communication interference exists. The encoder is faulty.	Do not bundle motor cables and encoder cables together. Ensure the servo motor and servo drive are well grounded.
		Replace the servo motor.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
	Internal fault code 200B-2Eh = 3208:	
2. Current sampling times out.	Check whether there is large equipment generating interference on-site and whether there are interference sources such as various variable-frequency devices inside the cabinet.	Separate the heavy current from the light current. Replace the servo drive.
	The internal current sampling chip is damaged.	
3. FPGA operation times out.	Internal fault code 200B-2Eh = 0208:	Remove the preceding causes 1/2/3.
	Determine causes 1/2/3.	

E1.210: Output to-ground short-circuit

Cause:

The servo drive detects abnormal motor phase current or bus voltage during self-check at power-on.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The servo drive power cables (UVW) are short- circuited to ground.	Disconnect the motor cables, and measure whether the servo drive power cables (UVW) are short-circuited to ground (PE).	Re-connect these cables or replace them.
2. The motor is short-circuited to ground.	After ensuring that the servo drive power cables and motor cables are connected securely, measure whether the insulation resistance between the servo drive UVW cables and ground cable (PE) is at the $M\Omega$ level.	Replace the motor.
3. The servo drive is faulty.	Remove the power cables from the servo drive. The fault persists after the drive is powered off and on several times.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.220: UVW phase sequence incorrect

Cause:

Incorrect UVW phase sequence is detected during angle auto-tuning.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
Power cable sequences are incorrect.	Check whether power cable sequence are correct.	Change any two phase sequences for angle auto-tuning again.

E1.234: Runaway

Cause:

The torque reference direction is reversed to the speed feedback direction in the torque control mode.

The speed feedback direction is reversed to the speed reference direction in the position or speed control mode.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The main circuit input voltage is too high.	Check whether the voltage on the power supply side is within the following specifications: 380 V drive: Effective value: 380 to 440 V Allowed error: -10% to 10% (342 to 484 V)	Replace or adjust the power supply according to the specifications.
2. The power supply is instable or affected by lightning.	Check whether the power supply is unstable or affected by lightning, or whether it satisfies the preceding specifications.	Connect a surge suppressor and then the power supply. If the fault persists, replace the servo drive.
5. The motor is in abrupt acceleration/ deceleration status. The maximum braking energy exceeds the energy absorption value.	Confirm the acceleration/deceleration time during running and measure the DC bus voltage between P and C to check whether the voltage exceeds the fault threshold during deceleration.	Ensure that the input voltage of main circuit is within the specifications. Then increase the acceleration/deceleration time within the allowed range.
6. The bus voltage sampling value has a large deviation from the actually measured value.	Check whether 200B-1Bh (Bus voltage) is within the following specifications: 220V drive: 200B-1Bh > 420 V Measure the DC bus voltage between and and check whether the DC bus voltage is normal and smaller than 200B-1Bh.	Contact Inovance for technical support.
7. The servo drive is faulty.	The fault persists after the main circuit is powered off and on several times.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.410: Main circuit undervoltage

Cause:

The DC bus voltage is lower than the overvoltage threshold.

380 V drive: normal value: 540 V, overvoltage threshold: 350 V

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The control power supply is unstable or power failure occurs.	Check whether the voltage on the power supply side is within the following specifications: 220 V drive: 380 V drive:	
2. Instantaneous	Effective value: 380 to 440 V	Improve the
power failure occurs.	Allowed error: -10% to 10% (342 to 484 V). Measurement is required for three phases.	power capacity.
3. The power voltage drops during running.	Check the input voltage on the power supply side and check whether main power is applied to other devices, resulting in insufficient power capacity and a voltage dip.	

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
5. The servo drive is faulty.	Check whether 200B-1Bh (Bus voltage) is within the following specifications: 380 V drive: 200B-1Bh < 350 V The fault persists after the power supply on the power supply side is powered off and on several times.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.500: Motor overspeed

Cause:

The actual speed of the servo motor exceeds the overspeed threshold.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The UVW phase sequence of the motor cables is incorrect.	Check whether the servo drive power cables are in the same phase sequence as the servo drive UVW cables and the motor UVW cables.	Connect the UVW cables according to the correct sequence.
2 The setting	Check whether the overspeed threshold is smaller than the actual maximum motor speed.	
of 200A-09h is	Overspeed threshold = 1.2 times maximum motor speed (200A-09h = 0).	Re-set the overspeed threshold according to the actual mechanical requirement.
	Overspeed threshold = 200A-09h (200A-09h ≠ 0, and 200A-09h < 1.2 times maximum motor speed).	
	Check whether the motor speed	Position control mode:
3. The input reference is higher	corresponding to the input reference exceeds the overspeed threshold. Position control mode:	CSP: Decrease the position reference increment for a single synchronous cycle, and the host controller needs to increase
	In CSP mode, view the gear ratio	generating references.
	6091-01h/6091-02h to check the position reference increment for a single synchronous cycle and convert it to	PP: Decrease the value of 6081h, or increase the acceleration/deceleration ramp (6083h, 6084h).
	In PP mode, view the gear ratio 6091-01h/6091-02h and check the value of 6081h (profile velocity).	HM: Decrease 6099-01h and 6099-02h, or increase the acceleration/deceleration ramp (609Ah).
threshold.	In HM mode, view the gear ratio 6091-01h/6091-02h, and determine 6099-01h and 6099-02h.	Decrease the gear ratio according to the actual conditions.
		Speed mode:
	In speed control mode,	Decrease the target velocity, speed limit
	view the gear ratio 6091-01h, and the values of 60FFh (Target velocity) and 607Fh (Max profile velocity).	value, gear ratio. In PV mode, increase the speed ramp 6083h and 6084h; in CSV mode, the host controller needs to increase speed ramp additionally.
	Torque control mode:	Torque control mode:
	View the speed limit 607Fh in torque control.	Set a speed limit value smaller than the overspeed threshold.
4. The motor speed overshoots.	Check whether the actual speed exceeds the overspeed threshold through the drive Inovance servo commissioning software.	Adjust the gain or mechanical conditions.
5. The servo drive is faulty.	The fault persists after the servo drive is powered on again.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.602: Angle auto-tuning failure

Cause:

Abnormal jitter is reported by the encoder during the angle auto-tuning.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
Abnormal encoder	Check if the encoder communication is	Check the encoder
feedback data	interrupted.	hardware wiring

E1.610: Servo drive overload

Cause:

Heat accumulation of the servo drive reaches the fault level.

E1.620: Motor overload

Cause:

Heat accumulation of the motor reaches the fault level.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
		Connect the wirings according to the correct wiring diagram.
motor and encoder	Check wirings between the servo drive, servo motor and encoder according to the	Preferably use the cables recommended by Inovance.
poor contact.	correct wiring diagram.	When self-made cables are used, prepare and connect the cables according to the hardware wiring instructions.
2. The load is too heavy. The motor keeps outputting	Confirm the overload characteristics of the servo drive or servo motor.	Use a servo drive of larger capacity and matching servo motor.
effective torque higher than the rated torque for a long time.	Check whether the average load ratio (200B-0DH) remains greater than 100.0% for long time.	Reduce the load and increase the acceleration/ deceleration time.
3. Acceleration/ deceleration is too	Calculate the mechanical inertia ratio or perform the inertia auto-tuning. Then view 2008-10h (load inertia ratio).	Increase acceleration/ deceleration time during a
inertia is too large.	Check the single running cycle when the servo motor runs circularly.	single run.
4. The gain is improper, or the stiffness is too high.	Check whether the motor vibrates and produces abnormal noise during running.	Re-adjust the gain.
5. The servo drive or motor model is set incorrectly.	View the bus motor model in 2000-06h and servo drive model in 2001-0Bh.	View the servo drive nameplate and set the servo drive model in 2001-0Bh correctly and use a matching servo motor according to Section 2.3.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
	Check the running reference and motor speed (200B-01h) through Inovance servo commissioning software or the keypad:	
	Running reference in position control: 200B-0Eh	
6. Locked-rotor	(Input position reference counter)	
occurs due to mechanical factors,	Running reference in speed mode: 2008-02h	Eliminate mechanical factors.
heavy load during	(Speed reference)	
running.	Running reference in torque mode: 200B-03h	
	(Internal torque reference)	
	Check that the running reference is not 0 but the motor speed is 0 in the corresponding mode.	
7. The servo drive is faulty.	The fault persists after the servo drive is powered on again.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.630: Overheat protection for locked-rotors

Cause:

The actual motor speed is lower than 10 rpm but the torque reference reaches the limit. The duration reaches the value set in 200A-21h.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. Power output (UVW) phase loss or incorrect phase sequence occurs in the servo drive.	Perform motor trial run when there is no load and check the motor wirings.	Correct the wiring or replace the cables.
2. The servo drive UVW cable or the encoder cable is broken.	Check wirings.	Correct the wiring or replace the cables.
	Check the running reference and motor speed (200B-01h) through Inovance servo commissioning software or the keypad:	
	200B-0Eh	
	(Input position reference counter)	
3. Locked-rotor occurs due to mechanical factors.	Running reference in speed mode: 200B-02h	Eliminate mechanical factors.
	(Speed reference)	
	Running reference in torque mode: 200B-03h	
	(Internal torque reference)	
	Check that the running reference is not 0 but the motor speed is 0 in the corresponding mode.	

E1.650: Heatsink overheat

Cause:

The temperature of the servo drive power module is higher than the over-temperature protection threshold.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The ambient temperature is too high.	Measure the ambient temperature	Improve the cooling conditions for the servo drive to reduce the ambient temperature.
2. The servo drive is powered off and powered on several times to reset the overload fault.	View the fault records (set 200B-22h and view 200B-23h) and check whether an overload fault/ warning (E1.610, E1.620, E1.630, E1.650) occurs.	Change the fault reset method. After overload occurs, wait 30s and then perform the reset operation. Increase the capacity of the servo drive and servo motor, increase acceleration/ deceleration time, and reduce the load.
3. The fan is damaged.	Observe whether the fan works during running.	Replace the servo drive.
4. The installation direction and clearance away from other servo drives are improper.	Check whether installation of the servo drive is proper.	Install the servo drive according to the requirements.
5. The servo drive is faulty.	The fault persists after restart and 10 minutes after powering off.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.661: NTC cable breaking

Cause:

The drive temperature detection circuit is abnormal.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The drive temperature detection circuit is abnormal.	Check whether H0B-27 (Drive temperature) of a corresponding axis remains at 12°C.	Replace the servo drive.

E1.731: Encoder battery failed

Cause:

The battery voltage of the absolute encoder is lower than 3.0 V.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The battery is not connected during power-off.	Check whether the battery is connected during power-off.	Set 200D-15h = 1 to remove the fault.
The battery voltage of the encoder is too low.	Measure the battery voltage.	Use a new battery of matching voltage.

E1.733: Encoder multi-turn counting error

Cause:

Encoder multi-turn counting error

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The encoder is faulty.	Set 200D-15h = 2 to remove the fault. E1.733 persists after power-on again.	Replace the motor.

E1.735: Encoder multi-turn counting overflow

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
	es View H0B70 and check whether the encoder continues to run a in this direction after the value on in reaches 32767.	View the operating instructions of the absolute encoder.
encoder rotates over 32767 revolutions in a single direction in		1) This fault can be shielded in the case that no multi-turn absolute position but the running absolute position needs to be recorded;
linear mode.		2) The rotation mode must be used in the case that the single-turn absolute position needs to be recorded.

E1.740: Encoder interference

Cause:

The encoder communication has been interrupted, resulting in an error in the communication process.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The encoder wiring is incorrect.	Check the encoder wiring.	Reconnect cables according to the correct wiring diagram.
2. Connection of the encoder cable becomes loose.	Check whether on-site vibration is excessively intense, which loosens the encoder cable or even damages the encoder.	Re-connect the encoder cable securely.
	Check on-site wirings:	
	Check whether large equipment is generating interference on site and whether there are interference sources such as various variable-frequency devices inside	Preferably use the cables recommended by Inovance.
0. lata faranza an 7	Make servo drive in "rdy" status and rotate the motor shaft counterclockwise (CCW) manually, and observe whether	used, check whether the cable meets the requirements and is an STP cable.
signal of the encoder exists.	200B-12h (Electrical angle) increases/ decreases smoothly, and whether one turn corresponds to five 0 to 360°.	Do not bundle motor cables and encoder cables together. Ensure the servo motor
	(This is for Z series motors. For X series motors, the number should be 4.)	and servo drive are well grounded.
	If 200B-12h changes abnormally during rotation, it indicates that a fault occurs on the encoder.	Check that the connectors at both ends of the encoder are in good contact.
	If there is no alarm during rotation but the system alarms during servo running, interference may exist.	

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
4. The encoder is faulty.	Use a new encoder cable. If the fault no longer occurs after replacement, it indicates that the original encoder cable is damaged. Place motor at the same position, power on the system several times and observe changes of 200B-12h. The electrical angle must be within ±30°.	Use a new encoder cable. Replace the servo motor if the encoder is faulty.

E1.A33: Encoder reads and writes data abnormally

Cause:

Internal parameters of the encoder are abnormal.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The serial incremental encoder cable is broken or loose.	Check wirings.	Check the connection of the encoder cable to see whether there is an incorrect connection, a broken cable, or poor contact. If motor cables and encoder cables are bundled together, separate them.
2. Reading and writing of the series incremental encoder parameters are abnormal.	If the servo drive is powered off and on several times but the fault persists, it indicates that the encoder is faulty.	Replace the servo motor.

E1.B00: Position deviation excess

Cause:

The position deviation is larger than the setting of 6065h in position control mode.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. Power output (UVW) phase loss or incorrect phase sequence occurs in the servo drive.	Perform motor trial run when there is no load and check the motor wirings.	Correct the wiring or replace the cables.
2. The servo drive UVW cable or the encoder cable breaks.	Check wirings.	Reconnect the UVW cables. The servo motor UVW cables must be connected to the corresponding servo drive UVW cables. If necessary, replace all cables and ensure a reliable connection.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
	Check the running reference and motor speed (200B-01h) through Inovance servo commissioning software or the keypad:	
	Running reference in position control: 200B-0Eh	
	(Input position reference counter)	
3. Locked-rotor occurs due to	Running reference in speed mode: 200B-02h	Eliminate mechanical factors.
mechanical factors.	(Speed reference)	
	Running reference in torque mode: 200B-03h	
	(Internal torque reference)	
	Check that the running reference is not 0 but the motor speed is 0 in the corresponding mode.	
4. The servo drive	Check the position loop gain and speed loop gain of the servo drive.	Adjust the gain manually or
gain is too low.	1st gain: 2008-01h to 2008-03h	perform gain auto-tuning.
	2nd gain: 2008-04h to 2008-06h	CSD: Decrease the position
5. The position reference increment is too large.	Position control mode: In CSP mode, view the gear ratio 6091-01h/6091-02h to check the speed reference increment for a single synchronous cycle and convert it to speed. In PP mode, view the gear ratio 6091-01h/6091-02h and check the value of 6081h (profile velocity). In HM mode, view the gear ratio	reference increment for a single synchronous cycle, and the host controller needs to increase the position ramp additionally when generating references. PP: Decrease the value of 6081h, or decrease the acceleration/deceleration ramp (6083h, 6084h). HM: Decrease 6099-01h and 6009-02h or decrease the
	6099-01h and 6099-02h.	acceleration/deceleration ramp (609Ah).
		Decrease the gear ratio according to the actual conditions.
6. Relative to the running condition, 6065h (following error window) is too small.	Check whether the setting of 6065h is too small.	Increase the value of 6065h.
7. The servo drive or motor is faulty.	Monitor the running curve through the oscilloscope function in Inovance servo commissioning software: Position reference, position feedback, speed reference, torque reference	If the position reference is not 0, but the position feedback is always 0, replace the servo drive or motor.

E1.B01: abnormal position reference increment

Cause:

The target position increment in CSP mode is too large.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action	
1. The position reference increment is too large.	Check the target position increment of the adjacent synchronization cycles.	Decrease the position reference speed, or set a certain acceleration/deceleration curve when the host controller plans the target position.	
2. Before switching modes, the target position is not aligned with the current position.	Check whether mode switching happened in the controller software.	Before mode switching, assign the value of the current position to the target position.	
3. When the servo is enabled, the target position is not aligned with the current position.	Check whether the operation of enabling the servo happened in the controller software.	When the servo is enabled, assign the value of the current position to the target position.	
4: The target position value is abnormal.	After the soft limit function is used, the target position overflows near 231-1 or -231. After any hardware limit signal is valid, the target position overflows	When the soft limit function or hardware limit signal is valid, the target position must be limited between [-231, 231-1].	
5. The gear	Check whether the 6091-01h and 6091-02h are set incorrectly.	Modify gear ratio and host	
ratio setting is unreasonable.	Check whether scaling factors of the host controller associated with machine and motor encoder are set incorrectly.	controller related scaling factors according to practical applications.	
6. Motor selection is unreasonable.	Check whether the maximum motor speed is less than the maximum operating speed that satisfies on-site demand.	Re-select the motor or reduce the maximum operating speed on site.	

E1.B03: Electronic gear ratio setting exceeds limit

Cause:

Electronic gear ratio exceeds limit: (0.001 x encoder resolution/10,000, 4,000 x encoder resolution/10,000).

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The electronic gear ratio setting exceeds the preceding range.	Check whether the ratio value of 6091-01h/6091-02h exceeds the preceding range.	Set the gear ratio within the required range.

E1.D09: incorrect software position setting

Cause:

The lower limit of the software position is greater than the upper limit.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The lower limit of the software position is greater than the upper limit.	The lower limit (607D-01) of the parameter soft limit is greater than the upper limit (607D-02).	Reset the parameters.

E1.D10: incorrect origin position setting

Cause:

The origin offset exceeds the soft limit.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The origin offset exceeds the soft limit.	The value of the parameter 607Ch exceeds the soft limit 607D-01 and the soft limit upper limit 607D-02.	Reset the parameters.

7.2.4 Troubleshooting of Warnings

E1.601: Home attaining warning

Cause:

When using the homing function, home is not found within the time set in 2005-24h.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The home switch fails.	There is only high-speed searching and no low-speed searching during the homing operation. After high-speed searching of homing, the drive keeps reverse low-speed searching.	If a hardware DI is used, check whether the DI function has been allocated to a DI in group 2003h and then check the wiring of the DI. Manually change the DI logic and observe whether the servo drive receives DI level change in 200B-04h. If the home signal is Z but it cannot be found at all times, check the Z signal status.
2. The search time is too short.	Check whether the time for homing set in 2005-24h is too short.	Increase 2005-24h.
3. The speed for searching for the home switch signal at high speed is too small.	Check the distance from the initial position of homing to the home switch. Then check whether 6099-01h is too small, resulting in a very long time of finding home switch.	Increase 6099-01h.
4. The setting of	Check whether the limit signals at two sides are active simultaneously.	Set the position of the hardware
improper.	Check whether a limit signal is active simultaneously with the home signal.	switch properly.

E1.730: Encoder battery alarm

Cause:

The battery voltage of the absolute encoder is lower than 3.0 V.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The battery voltage of the absolute encoder is lower than 3.0 V.	Measure the battery voltage.	Use a new battery with the matching voltage.

E1.909: Motor overload warning

Cause:

Accumulative heat of 60Z series 200 W and 400 W motors reaches the warning threshold.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
		Connect the wirings according to the correct wiring diagram.
1. Wiring of the motor and encoder is incorrect or in poor contact.	Check the wiring between the servo drive, servo motor and the encoder according to the correct wiring diagram.	Preferably use the cables recommended by Inovance.
		When self-made cables are used, prepare and connect the cables according to the hardware wiring instructions.
2. The load is too		
heavy. The motor keeps output of effective torgue	Confirm the overload characteristics of the servo drive or servo motor.	Use a servo drive of larger capacity and matching servo motor.
higher than the rated torque for a continuous operation.	Check whether the average load ratio (200B-0Dh) exceeds 100.0% for a long time.	Reduce the load and increase the acceleration/deceleration time.
3. Acceleration/ deceleration is too frequent or the load inertia is too large.	Check the mechanical inertia ratio or perform the inertia auto-tuning. Then view 2008-10h (load inertia ratio).	Increase the acceleration/
	Check the single running cycle when the servo motor runs circularly.	
4. The gain is improper, or the stiffness is too high.	Check whether the motor vibrates and produces abnormal noise during running.	Re-adjust the gain.
5. The servo drive or motor model is set incorrectly.	View the bus motor model in 2000-06h and servo drive model in 2001-0Bh.	View the servo drive nameplate and set the servo drive model in 2001-0Bh correctly and use a matching servo motor according to Section 2.3.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
	Check the running reference and motor speed (200B-01h) through Inovance servo commissioning software or keypad:	
	Running reference in position control: 200B-0Eh	
b. Locked-rotor	(Input position reference counter)	
mechanical factors, resulting in verv	Running reference in speed mode: 200B-02h	Eliminate mechanical factors.
heavy load during	(Speed reference)	
running.	Running reference in torque mode: 200B-03h	
	(Internal torque reference)	
	Check that the running reference is not 0 or very large but the motor speed is 0 in corresponding mode.	
7. The servo drive is faulty.	Power off and on the servo drive.	Replace the servo drive if the fault persists after the servo drive is powered on again.

E1.941: Parameter modification taking effect only after the servo drive is powered on again Cause:

After parameters with the effective condition "power-on again" are modified, the servo drive prompts the user to power on again.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
Parameters with the effective condition "power-on again" are modified.	Check whether such parameters are modified.	Power on the servo drive again.

E1.942: Parameter storage too frequent

Cause:

The number of function codes that are modified at the same time exceeds 200.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
A great number of function code parameters are modified and stored frequently to EEPROM (200E-02h = 1)	Check whether the host controller performs frequent and fast function code parameter modification on the servo drive.	Check the running mode. For parameters that need not be stored in EEPROM, set 200E-02h to 0 before the wiring operation of the host computer.

E1.950: Positive limit switch warning

Cause:

The logic of the DI allocated with FunIN.14: P-OT (positive limit switch) is valid.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The logic of the DI allocated with FunIN.14: P-OT (forward limit switch inhibited) is valid.	Check whether a DI is allocated with FunIN.14 (P-OT) in group 2003h. Check whether the DI logic is valid in 200B-04h (monitored DI states).	Check the running mode. Ensure safety, and then send a reverse reference or rotate the motor to make the logic of DI with the positive limit switch function become invalid.

E1.952: Negative limit switch warning

Cause:

The logic of the DI allocated with FunIN.15: N-OT (negative limit switch) is valid.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The logic of the DI allocated with FunIN.15: N-OT (negative limit switch inhibited) is valid.	Check whether a DI is allocated with FunIN.15 (N-OT) in group 2003h. Check whether the DI logic is valid in 200B-04h (monitored DI states).	Check the running mode. Ensure safety, and then send a reverse reference or rotate the motor to make the logic of DI with the negative limit switch function become invalid.

E1.980: Encoder internal fault

Cause:

An encoder algorithm error occurs.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
An encoder internal fault occurs.	If the servo drive is powered off and on several times but the warning is still reported, it indicates that the encoder is faulty.	Replace the servo motor.

E1.998: Incorrect homing object dictionary

Cause:

Homing mode (6098h) sets an unsupported value.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The value of object 6098h is	Check the setting value of object	Set parameters according to the specifications
not supported.	6098h.	the specification

E1.E20: Ethernet hardware error

Cause:

Ethernet hardware fault

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
Ethernet hardware error	If the servo drive is powered off and on several times but the warning is still reported, it indicates that the Ethernet is faulty.	Replace the servo drive.
E1.E21: MAC address not burned

Cause:

The MAC address of the driver is not burnt.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
The MAC address is not burned.	The drive does not burn the MAC address if the fault persists after the servo drive is powered off and on several times.	Please consult the manufacturer's technical service personnel.

7.2.5 Troubleshooting Communication Faults

This part describes how to rectify communication faults.

E1.E08: Synchronization lost

Cause:

The masters synchronization signal is abnormal during communication.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The slave station's receipt signal is abnormal during synchronous	Check whether a shielded twisted pair cable is used as the communication cable. Check whether the servo drive is well grounded	Use a shielded twisted pair cable. Connect the cable according to the wiring instructions.
communication.	Check whether drive's Ethernet port is damaged.	status via the first LED on the left.
2. The master's sending signal is abnormal during synchronous communication.		Measure the synchronization cycle by background oscilloscope or actual oscilloscope:
	The synchronization clock of the host controller is not valid. The synchronization clock error of the host controller is too large.	If the synchronization cycle is 0, it indicates that the synchronization clock of the host controller is not valid. First, check whether the network cable connects all slaves s in accordance with entering from the IN port and going out from the OUT port; then restart the network. But if the network cable connection sequence is correct, restart the network directly.
		If it is not 0 and within the permissible fluctuation range (2us) of the servo drive, increase the permissible interruption loss times (200E-21h) of the slave station.
3. When the servo is enabled, the network switches from OP to non-OP.	Check whether the network state has switched from OP to non-Op.	Check the host computer network status switch program.

E1.E11: ESI configuration file not burned

Cause:

The ESI configuration file is not burned.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action		
1. The equipment configuration file is not burnt.	When the host computer scans the slave station, the ID of the salve is empty.	Burn the equipment configuration file.		
2. The servo drive is faulty.	Servo drive failure	Replace the servo drive.		

E1.E13: Synchronization cycle setting error

Cause:

After the system switches over to the running mode, the synchronization cycle is not an integer multiple of reference scheduling cycles.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
1. The synchronization cycle is not an integer multiple of reference scheduling cycles.	Check the setting of the synchronization cycle.	Change the setting of the synchronization cycle to the integer multiples of the reference scheduling cycle. Remark: The reference scheduling cycle can be calculated by factory parameters (H0160 and H0161).

E1.E15: Synchronization cycle error is too large

Cause:

The synchronization cycle error exceeds the threshold.

Probable Cause	Confirming Method	Corrective Action
	Measure the synchronization cycle of the controller.	
The controller has a large synchronization cycle error.	Measure the synchronization cycle through a digital oscilloscope or the oscilloscope function in the Inovance servo commissioning software.	Increase the factory parameter (200E-21h).

Appendix 1 List of Object Groups

Parameter Address Structure

Parameter access address: Index+subindex, both are hexadecimal data. The CiA402 protocol has the following constraints on the address of the parameter:

Index (Hex)	Description
0000-0FFF	Data type description
1000-1FFF	CoE communication object
2000-5FFF	Manufacturer specific object
6000-9FFF	Sub-protocol object
A000-FFFF	Reserved

The IS810N servo drive has 2 drive modules on one axis, and each module supports the same parameter. Except that 1000h-1FFFh CoE communication object's 2 modules have a common parameter, unless otherwise stated, the parameter address of each module is independent of each other. However, the following relation exists among them:

Parameter address (HEX) of Module N = Parameter address (HEX) of Module 1 + 0x800 x (N - 1) Example:

-	Module 1	Module 2
Manufacturer specific object: Speed loop gain address	2008-01h	2808-01h
Sub-protocol object: Control word address	6040-00h	6840-00h

This document describes all the parameters based on the parameter address of Module 1, unless otherwise specified.

Object Group 1000h

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default
1000	00	Device type	RO	NO	UINT32	-	-	0x00020192
1008	00	Manufacturer device name	RO	NO	-	-	-	IS810N-ECAT
1009	00	Manufacturer hardware version	RO	NO	-	-	-	Determined by the software version
100A	00	Manufacturer software version	RO	NO	-	-	-	Determined by the hardware version
				ID Ob	oject			
	00	Highest sub-index supported	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x04
1010	01	Vendor	RO	NO	UINT32	-	-	0x00100000
	02	Product code	RO	NO	UINT32	-	-	0x000C0308
	03	Revision number	RO	NO	UINT32	-	-	0x00010000

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default			
	Factory Software Version										
	00	Number of Sync Manager channels	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x04			
	01	Communication type SM0	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x01			
1C00	02	Communication type SM1	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x02			
	03	Communication type SM2	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x03			
	04	Communication type SM3	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x04			
			F	RPDO1 Map	ping Object						
	00	Number of mapped application objects in RPDO1	RW	NO	UINT8	-	0 to 0x0A	0x05			
	01	1st mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60400010			
	02	2nd mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60600008			
	03	3rd mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x607A0020			
4000	04	4th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60B80010			
1600	05	5th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60FF0020			
	06	6th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	-			
	07	7th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	-			
	08	8th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to	_			
	09	9th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	-			
	0A	10th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	-			

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default			
		RPDO11 Mapping Object									
	00	Number of mapped objects in RPDO11	RW	NO	UINT8	-	0 to 0x0A	0x05			
	01	1st mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68400010			
	02	2nd mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68600008			
	03	3rd mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x687A0020			
	04	4th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68B80010			
1610	05	5th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68FF0020			
	06	6th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	-			
	07	7th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	-			
	08	8th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	-			
	09	9th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	-			
	0A	10th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	-			
			Т	PDO1 Map	ping Object						
	00	Number of mapped application objects in TPDO1	RW	NO	UINT8	-	0 to 0x0A	0x0A			
	01	1st mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x603F0010			
	02	2nd mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60410010			
	03	3rd mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60610008			
	04	4th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60640020			
1A00	05	5th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x606C0020			
	06	6th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60B90010			
	07	7th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60BA0020			
	08	8th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60BC0020			
	09	9th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60F40010			
	0A	10th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x60FD0010			

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default			
		TPDO11 Mapping Object									
	00	Number of mapped objects in TPDO11	RW	NO	UINT8	-	0 to 0x0A	0x0A			
	01	1st mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x683F0010			
	02	2nd mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68410010			
	03	3rd mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68610008			
	04	4th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68640020			
1A10	05	5th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x686C0020			
	06	6th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68B90010			
	07	7th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68BA0020			
	08	8th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68BC0020			
	09	9th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68F40010			
	0A	10th mapping object	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x68FD0010			
			Sync	Manager 2_	Assigned RF	PDO					
	00	Number of assigned RPDOs	RW	NO	UINT8	-	0 to 0x02	0x02			
1C12	01	1st PDO mapping object index of assigned RPDO	RW	YES	UINT16	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0x1600			
	02	Index for Object 2 of assigned RPDO	RW	YES	UINT16	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0x1610			
			Sync	Manager 2_	Assigned TF	DO					
	00	Number of assigned TPDOs	RW	NO	UINT8	-	0 to 0x02	0x02			
1C13	01	Index for Object 1 of assigned TPDO	RW	YES	UINT16	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0x1A00			
	02	Index for Object 2 of assigned TPDO	RW	YES	UINT16	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0x1A10			

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default		
			Sync Mar	nager 2 Syn	chronization	Output	t			
	00	Number of synchronization parameters	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x20		
	01	Synchronization type	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0002		
1C32	02	Cycle Time	RO	NO	UINT32	ns	-	0		
	04	Synchronization types supported	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0004		
	05	Minimum cycle time	RO	NO	UINT32	ns	-	0x000F4240		
	06	Calc and copy time	RO	NO	UINT32	ns	-	-		
	09	Delay time	RO	NO	UINT32	ns	-	-		
	20	Sync error	RO	NO	BOOL	-	-	-		
	Sync Manager 2 Synchronization Output									
	00	Number of synchronization parameters	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x20		
	01	Synchronization type	RO	NO	UINT16		-	0x0002		
1C33	02	Cycle Time	RO	NO	UINT32	ns	-	0		
	04	Synchronization types supported	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0004		
	05	Minimum cycle time	RO	NO	UINT32	ns	-	0x000F4240		
	06	Calc and copy time	RO	NO	UINT32	ns	-	-		
	09	Delay time	RO	NO	UINT32	ns	-	-		
	20	Sync error	RO	NO	BOOL	-	-	-		

Object Group 6000h

Object group 6000h contains objects related to the supported sub-protocol DSP 402.

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default	Change Condiction	Effective Condition
603F	00	Error code	RO	TPDO	UINT16	-	-	-	-	-
6040	00	Control word	RW	RPDO	UINT16	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
6041	00	Status word	RO	TPDO	UINT16	-	-	-	-	-
605A	00	Quick stop option code	RW	NO	INT16	-	0 to 0x07	0x02	During running	Upon stop
605C	00	Disable operation option code	RW	NO	INT16	-	0 to 0x01	0	During running	Upon stop
605D	00	Halt option code	RW	NO	INT16	-	0x01 to 0x03	0x01	During running	Upon stop
605E	00	Fault reaction option code	RW	NO	INT16	-	0 to 0x02	0x02	During running	Upon stop
6060	00	Modes of operation	RW	RPDO	INT8	-	0 to 0x0A	0	During running	Immediate
6061	00	Modes of operation display	RO	TPDO	INT8	-	-	-	-	-

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default	Change Condiction	Effective Condition
6062	00	Position demand internal value	RO	TPDO	INT32	Reference unit	-	-	-	-
6063	00	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	INT32	Encoder unit	-	-	-	-
6064	00	Position actual value	RO	TPDO	INT32	Reference unit	-	-	-	-
6065	00	Following error window	RW	RPDO	UINT32	Reference unit	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x00300000	During running	Immediate
6066	00	Following error time out	RW	RPDO	UINT32	ms	0 to 0xFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
6067	00	Position window	RW	RPDO	UINT32	Reference unit	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x000002DE	During running	Immediate
6068	00	Position window time	RW	RPDO	UINT16	ms	0 to 0xFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
606C	00	Velocity actual value	RO	TPDO	INT32	Reference unit/s	-	-	-	-
606D	00	Velocity window	RW	RPDO	UINT16	rpm	0 to 0xFFFF	0x0A	During running	Immediate
606E	00	Velocity window time	RW	RPDO	UINT16	ms	0 to 0xFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
606F	00	Velocity threshold	RW	RPDO	UINT16	rpm	0 to 0xFFFF	0x0A	During running	Immediate
6070	00	Velocity threshold time	RW	RPDO	UINT16	ms	0 to 0xFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
6071	00	Target torque	RW	RPDO	INT16	0.1%	0xF448 -0x0BB8	0	During running	Immediate
6072	00	Max torque	RW	RPDO	UINT16	0.1%	0 to 0x0BB8	0x0BB8	During running	Immediate
6074	00	Max torque	RO	TPDO	INT16	0.1%	-	0	-	-
6077	00	Torque actual value	RO	TPDO	INT16	0.1%	-	0	-	-
607A	00	Target position	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	0x80000000 to 0x7FFFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
607C	00	Home offset	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	0x80000000 to 0x7FFFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
					Softwar	e Absolute Po	sition Limit			
	00	Highest sub- indexes supported	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x02	-	-
607D	01	Min position limit	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	0x80000000 to 0x7FFFFFF	0x80000000	During running	Immediate
	02	Max position limit	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	0x80000000 to 0x7FFFFFF	0x7FFFFFFF	During running	Immediate
607E	00	Polarity	RW	RPDO	UINT8	-	0 to 0xFF	0	During running	Immediate
607F	00	Max profile velocity	RW	RPDO	UINT32	Reference unit/s	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x06400000	During running	Immediate
6081	00	Profile velocity	RW	RPDO	UINT32	User speed unit	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0 Durir		Immediate
6083	00	Profile acceleration	RW	RPDO	UINT32	Reference unit/s2	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x682AAAA6	During running	Immediate
6084	00	Profile deceleration	RW	RPDO	UINT32	Reference unit/s2	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	0x682AAAA6	During running	Immediate

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default	Change Condiction	Effective Condition
6085	00	Quick stop deceleration	RW	RPDO	UINT32	User acceleration unit	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	0xAD9C71C0	During running	Immediate
6086	00	Motion profile type	RW	RPDO	INT16	-	0x8000 to 0x7FFF	0	During running	Immediate
6087	00	Torque slope	RW	RPDO	UINT32	0.1%/s	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0xFFFFFFFF	During running	Immediate
						Gear Ratio)			
	00	Highest sub- indexes supported	RO	NO	UINT8	Uint8	-	0x02	-	-
6091	01	Motor resolution	RW	RPDO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	20-bit encoder: 1 23- bit encoder: 8	During running	Immediate
	02	Shaft revolutions	RW	RPDO	UINT32	-	1– 0xFFFFFFFF	1	During running	Immediate
6098	00	Homing methods	RW	RPDO	INT8	-	0x01 to 0x023	0x01	During running	Immediate
						Homing spe	ed			
	00	Highest sub- indexes supported	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x02	-	-
6099	01	Speed during search for switch	RW	RPDO	UINT32	Reference unit/s	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x001AAAAB	During running	Immediate
	02	Speed during search for zero	RW	RPDO	UINT32	Reference unit/s	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	0x0002AAAB	During running	Immediate
609A	00	Homing acceleration	RW	RPDO	UINT32	Reference unit/s2	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0x682AAAA6	During running	Immediate
60B0	00	Position offset	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	0x80000000 to 0x7FFFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
60B1	00	Velocity offset	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit/s	0x80000000 to 0x7FFFFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
60B2	00	Torque offset	RW	RPDO	INT16	0.1%	0xF448– 0x0BB8	0	During running	Immediate
60B8	00	Touch probe function	RW	RPDO	UINT16	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
60B9	00	Touch probe status	RW	RPDO	UINT16	-	-	0	-	-
60BA	00	Touch probe pos1 pos value	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	-	0	-	-
60BB	00	Touch probe pos1 neg value	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	-	0	-	-
60BC	00	Touch probe pos2 pos value	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	-	0	-	-
60BD	00	Touch probe pos2 neg value	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	-	0	-	-
60D5	0x00	Touch probe 1 positive edge counter	RO	RPDO	UINT16	-	-	0	-	-
60D6	0x00	Touch probe 1 negative edge counter	RO	RPDO	UINT16	-	-	0	-	-

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default	Change Condiction	Effective Condition
60D7	0x00	Touch probe 2 positive edge counter	RO	RPDO	UINT16	-	-	0	-	-
60D8	0x00	Touch probe 2 negative edge counter	RO	RPDO	UINT16	-	-	0	-	-
60E0	00	Positive torque limit value	RW	RPDO	UINT16	0.1%	0 to 0x0BB8	0x0BB8	During running	Immediate
60E1	00	Negative torque limit value	RW	RPDO	UINT16	0.1%	0 to 0x0BB8	0x0BB8	During running	Immediate
					Supp	orted Homing	Methods			
	00	Highest sub- indexes supported	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x1F	-	-
	01	1st supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0301	-	-
	02	2nd supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0302	-	-
	03	3rd supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0303	-	-
	04	4th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0304	-	-
	05	5th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0305	-	-
	06	6th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0306	-	-
60E3	07	7th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0307	-	-
	08	8th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0308	-	-
	09	9th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0309	-	-
	0A	10th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x030A	-	-
	0B	11th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x030B	-	-
-	0C	12th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x030C	-	-
	0D	13th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x030D	-	-
	0E	14th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x030E	-	-

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default	Change Condiction	Effective Condition
	0F	15th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x030Fh	-	-
	10	16th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0310	-	-
	11	17th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0311	-	-
	12	18th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0312	-	-
	13	19th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0313	-	-
	14	20th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0314	-	-
	15 years	21th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0315	-	-
	16	22th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0316	-	-
60E3	17	23th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0317	-	-
	18	24th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0318	-	-
	19	25th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x0319	-	-
	1A	26th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x031A	-	-
	1B	27th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x031B	-	-
	1C	28th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x031C	-	-
-	1D	29th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x031D	-	-
	1E	30th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x031E	-	-
	1F	31th supported homing method	RO	NO	UINT16	-	-	0x031F	-	-

Index (hex)	Sub- index (hex)	Name	Access	PDO Mapping	Data Type	Unit	Data Range	Default	Change Condiction	Effective Condition
60E6	00	Additional position encoder resolution – encoder increments	RW	NO	UINT16	-	0 to 1	0	During running	Immediate
60F4	00	Following error actual value	RO	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit	-	-	-	-
60FC	00	Position demand internal value	RO	TPDO	INT32	Encoder unit	-	-	-	-
60FD	00	Digital inputs	RO	RPDO	UINT32	-	-	-	-	-
						Digital Outp	ut			
60FF	00	Highest sub-index supported	RO	NO	UINT8	-	-	0x02	-	-
OUFE	01	Physical output	RW	RPDO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
	02	Bit mask	RW	NO	UINT32	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
60FF	00	Target velocity	RW	RPDO	INT32	Reference unit/s	0x80000000 to 0x7FFFFFF	0	During running	Immediate
6502	00	Supported drive modes	RO	NO	UINT32	-	-	0x000003AD	-	-

Object Group 2000h

Pa	Parameter group			Onting					Ohanaa	Effective
Hexad	decimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	May
Group	Index	Parameter		Description					methou	vvay
	01h	H00-00	Motor SN	-	0 to 65535	14000	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	03h	H00-02	Customized motor SN	-	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	0	1	32 bits	-	-
	05h	H00-04	Encoder version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1	16 bits	-	-
	06h	H00-05	Bus motor SN	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	09h	H00-08	Serial encoder type	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	0Ah	H00-09	Rated voltage	0: 220 V 1: 380 V	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
2000	0Bh	H00-10	Rated power	-	1 to 65535	75	0.01KW	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
2000	0Ch	H00-11	Rated current	-	1 to 65535	470	0.01A	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	0Dh	H00-12	Rated torque	-	10 to 65535	239	0.01Nm	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	0Eh	H00-13	Maximum torque	-	10 to 65535	716	0.01Nm	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	0Fh	H00-14	Rated speed	-	100 to 6000	3000	1 RPM	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	10h	H00-15	Maximum motor rotational speed	-	100 to 6000	6000	1 RPM	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	11h	H00-16	Rotor inertia	-	1 to 65535	130	0.01 kgcm ²	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effortivo
Hexad	decimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Wav
Group	Index	Parameter		Beeenpaen					mounou	
	12h	H00-17	Number of pole pairs of PMSM	-	2 to 360	5	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	13h	H00-18	Stator resistance	-	1 to 65535	500	0.001Ω	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	14h	H00-19	Stator inductance Lq	-	1 to 65535	327	0.01mH	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	15h	H00-20	Stator inductance Ld	-	1 to 65535	387	0.01mH	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	16h	H00-21	Line back EMF coefficient	-	1 to 65535	3330	0.01 mV/ rpm	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	17h	H00-22	Torque coefficient Kt	-	1 to 65535	51	0.01 Nm/ Arms	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	18h	H00-23	Electrical constant Te	-	1 to 65535	654	0.01 ms	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
2000	19h	H00-24	Mechanical constant Tm	-	1 to 65535	24	0.01 ms	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	1Dh	H00-28	Position offset of absolute encoder	-	0 to 4294967295	8192	1	32 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	1Fh	H00-30	Choosing encoder (HEX)	19: Inovance 20-bit serial encoder	0 to 0x0FFF	0x0013	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	20h	H00-31	Encoder PPR	-	1– 1073741824	8388608	1p/Rev	32 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	22h	H00-33	Electrical angle of Z signal	-	0 to 3600	1800	0.1°	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	26h	H00-37	Absolute encoder function setting position	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
				2001h/H01	: Drive Paramet	ers				
	01h	H01-00	MCU software version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1	16 bits	-	-
	02h	H01-01	FPGA software version	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1	16 bits	-	-
	03h	H01-02	FPGA customized SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1	16 bits	-	-
	04h	H01-03	CPU0 software version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1	16 bits	-	-
2001	05h	H01-04	CPU1 software version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1	16 bits	-	-
	08h	H01-07	Software test version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.01	16 bits	-	-
	0Bh	H01-10	Drive serial number	10001: T3R5 10002: T5R4 10003: T8R4 10004: T012 10005: T017 10006: T021 10007: T026	0 to 65535	10004	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again

Pa	arametei	r group		Onting					Ohanaa	Effective
Hexad	decimal	Decimal	Name	Option	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	Change	Way
Group	Index	Parameter		Description					method	Way
	0Ch	H01-11	Drive voltage class	-	-	380	1 V	16 bits	-	-
	0Dh	H01-12	Drive rated power	-	-	300	0.01 kW	32 bits	-	-
	0Fh	H01-14	Drive maximum output power	-	-	300	0.01 kW	32 bits	-	-
	11h	H01-16	Drive rated output current	-	-	1190	0.01 A	32 bits	-	-
	13h	H01-18	Drive maximum output current	-	-	2380	0.01 A	32 bits	-	-
	15h	H01-20	Carrier frequency	-	4000 to 20000	8000	1 HZ	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	16h	H01-21	Dead zone time	-	1 to 2000	300	0.01 us	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	17h	H01-22	D-axis coupling voltage compensation coefficient	-	0 to 60000	500	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	18h	H01-23	Q-axis back EMF compensation coefficient	-	0 to 60000	500	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	19h	H01-24	D-axis current loop gain	-	0 to 20000	500	1 HZ	16 bits	During running	Immediate
2001	1Ah	H01-25	D-axis current loop integral compensation factor	-	1 to 10000	100	0.01	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	1Bh	H01-26	Current sampling Sinc3 filter data extraction rate	0: Extraction rate of 32 1: Extraction rate of 64 2: Extraction rate of 128 3: Extraction rate of 256	0 to 3	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	1Ch	H01-27	Q-axis current loop gain	-	0 to 20000	500	1 HZ	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	1Dh	H01-28	Q-axis current loop integral compensation factor	-	1 to 10000	100	0.01	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	1Eh	H01-29	Q-axis coupling voltage compensation coefficient	-	0 to 60000	500	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	1Fh	H01-30	Bus voltage gain adjustment	-	500 to 1500	1000	0.1%	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
-	21h	H01-32	UV sampling relative gain	-	1 to 65535	32768	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	23h	H01-34	Drive unit over- temperature point	-	0 to 1500	760	0.1°C	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	25h	H01-36	Current sensor range	-	0 to 999999	6250	0.01 A	32 bits	At stop	Power-on again

Hexadecimal Decimal Name Option Setting Range Default Min. Unit Width Onange metho Group Index Parameter FPGA phase current protective - 0 to 1000 900 0.1% 16 bits At stop 29h H01-38 DC bus overvoltage protective point - 0 to 2000 820 1 V 16 bits - 28h H01-40 DC bus overvoltage protective point - 0 to 2000 820 1 V 16 bits - 28h H01-41 DC bus voltage discharge point - 0 to 2000 760 1V 16 bits At stop 2Bh H01-42 DC bus voltage under pressure point - 0 to 2000 350 1 V 16 bits At stop 35h H01-52 D-axis integral gain in performance first mode - 0 to 20000 2000 1 HZ 16 bits During running 2001 36h H01-54 D-axis integral gain in performance first mode - 0 to 20000 2000 1 HZ	
	Way
27h H01-38 FPGA phase current protective threshold - 0 to 1000 900 0.1% 16 bits At stop 29h H01-40 DC bus overvoltage protective point - 0 to 2000 820 1 V 16 bits At stop 29h H01-40 DC bus overvoltage discharge point - 0 to 2000 820 1 V 16 bits - 2Ah H01-41 DC bus voltage discharge point - 0 to 2000 760 1 V 16 bits At stop 2Bh H01-42 DC bus voltage udischarge point - 0 to 2000 350 1 V 16 bits At stop 2Bh H01-52 D-axis proportional gain in performance first mode - 0 to 2000 2000 1 HZ 16 bits During running 2001 36h H01-53 D-axis proportional gain in performance first mode - 1 to 10000 100 0.01 16 bits During running 37h H01-54 Q-axis integral gain in performance first mode - 1 to 10000 100 0.	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c } \hline 29h & H01-40 & DC bus \\ overvoltage \\ protective \\ point \\ \hline \\ 2Ah & H01-41 & DC bus \\ voltage \\ discharge \\ point \\ \hline \\ 2Bh & H01-41 & DC bus \\ voltage \\ discharge \\ point \\ \hline \\ 2Bh & H01-42 & DC bus \\ voltage under \\ pressure \\ point \\ \hline \\ \\ 2Bh & H01-42 & DC bus \\ voltage under \\ pressure \\ point \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	Power-on again
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	-
2BhH01-42DC bus voltage under pressure point-0 to 20003501 V16 bitsAt stop35hH01-52D-axis proportional gain in performance first mode-0 to 200020001 HZ16 bitsDuring running200136hH01-52D-axis integral gain in performance first mode-0 to 2000020001 HZ16 bitsDuring running200136hH01-53D-axis integral gain in performance first mode-1 to 100001000.0116 bitsDuring running37hH01-54Q-axis proportional gain in performance first mode-0 to 2000020001 HZ16 bitsDuring running38hH01-55Q-axis integral gain in performance-1 to 100001000.0116 bitsDuring running	Immediate
35hH01-52D-axis proportional gain in performance first mode0 to 2000020001 HZ16 bitsDuring runnin200136hH01-53D-axis integral gain in performance first mode-1 to 100001000.0116 bitsDuring running200136hH01-53O-axis integral gain in performance first mode-1 to 100001000.0116 bitsDuring running37hH01-54O-axis proportional gain in performance first mode-0 to 2000020001 HZ16 bitsDuring running38hH01-55O-axis performance integral gain in performance-1 to 100001000.0116 bitsDuring running	Immediate
200136hH01-53D-axis integral gain in performance-1 to 100001000.0116 bitsDuring runnin37hH01-54Q-axis proportional gain in 	Immediate
37hH01-54Q-axis proportional gain in performance first mode0 to 2000020001 HZ16 bitsDuring running38hH01-55Q-axis integral gain in performance-1 to 100001000.0116 bitsDuring running	Immediate
Q-axis integral gain in performance Q-axis integral gain in performance Ito 10000 100 0.01 16 bits During running	Immediate
first mode	Immediate
39hH01-56Current loop low pass cutoff frequency-0 to 65535110001 HZ16 bitsAt stop	Power-on again
3Dh H01-60 FPGA frequency 1:16KHZ 0 to 1 0 1 16 bits At stop	Power-on again
3Eh H01-61 Command 0:4KHZ scheduling 1:2KHZ 0 to 2 0 1 16 bits At stop selection 2:1KHZ	Power-on again
2002h/H02 Basic control parameters	
2002 01h H02-00 Control mode 2002 01h H02-00 Control mode selection 2: Torque 9: EtherCAT mode 255: The axis	Immediate

Pa	arameter	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter		Becchpiten					mounou	
	02h	H02-01	Absolute system selection	0: Incremental mode 1: Absolute position linear mode 2: Absolute position	0 to 2	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	03h	H02-02	Rotating direction	0: CCW as the forward direction 1: CW as the forward direction	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	08h	H02-07	Stop mode at limit switch signal	0: Coast to stop, keeping de-energized state 1: Stop at zero speed, keeping position locking state 2: Stop at zero speed, keeping de- energized state	0 to 2	1	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
2002	09h	H02-08	Stop mode at NO.1 fault	0: Coast to stop, keeping de-energized state 1: DB Stop, keeping de- energized state 2: DB Stop, keeping DB state	0 to 2	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	0Ah	H02-09	Delay from brake output on to command received	-	0 to 500	250	1 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Bh	H02-10	Delay from brake output off to motor de-energized	-	50 to 1000	150	1 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Ch	H02-11	Motor speed threshold at brake output off in rotating state	-	20 to 3000	30	1 RPM	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Dh	H02-12	Delay from S-ON off to brake output off in the rotating state	-	1 to 1000	500	1 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effortivo
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter								
	10h	H02-15	LED warning display selection	0: Immediate output a warning message 1: Without outputting a warning message	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	11h	H02-16	Brake enabling switch	0: Off 1: On	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	1Fh	H02-30	User Password	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
2002	20h	H02-31	Parameter initialization	0: No operation 1: Restore factory settings 2: Clear the fault record	0 to 2	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	21h	H02-32	H0B group function code selection	-	0 to 99	50	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	24h	H02-35	Panel data refresh rate	-	0 to 20	0	1 HZ	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	2Ah	H02-41	Factory password	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
		T		2003h/H03 Ter	minal input para	meters	1		1	
2003	03h	H03-02	DI1 terminal function selection	Description: It consists of three digits, the first one (from left to right) indicates the axis number, and digits indicate the terminal function. The last two digits are defined as follows: 0: No definition 01: S-ON 14: Forward limit switch 15: Reverse limit switch 31: Home switch 38: Probe 1 39: Probe 2	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effortivo
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter								
				0: Indicates that low level is valid 1: Indicates that high level is valid 2: Indicates						
	04h	H03-03	DI1 terminal logic selection	that the rising edge is valid	0 to 4	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
			-	3: Indicates that the falling edge is valid						
				4: Indicates that the rising and falling edges are valid						
				0 to 39						
	05h	H03-04	DI2 terminal function selection	Please refer to the description of the H03-02 option	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
				0 to 4						
	06h	H03-05	DI2 terminal logic selection	Please refer to the description of the H03-03 option.	0 to 4	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
				(0 to 39)						
2003	07h	H03-06	DI3 terminal function selection	Please refer to the description of the H03-02 option	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
				0 to 4						
	08h	H03-07	DI3 terminal logic selection	Please refer to the description of the H03-03 option.	0 to 4	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
				0 to 39						
	09h	H03-08	DI4 terminal function selection	Please refer to the description of the H03-02 option	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
				0 to 4						
	0Ah	H03-09	DI4 terminal logic selection	Please refer to the description of the H03-03 option.	0 to 4	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
				0 to 39						
	0Bh	H03-10	DI5 terminal function selection	Please refer to the description of the H03-02 option	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
				0 to 4						
	0Ch	H03-11	DI5 terminal logic selection	Please refer to the description of the H03-03 option.	0 to 4	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effortivo
Hexad	decimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter		Becomption					mounou	
	0Dh	H03-12	DI6 terminal function selection	0 to 39 Please refer to the description of the H03-02 option	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
	0Eh	H03-13	DI6 terminal logic selection	0 to 4 Please refer to the description of the H03-03 option.	0 to 4	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
2003	0Fh	H03-14	DI7 terminal function selection	0 to 39 Please refer to the description of the H03-02 option	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
2000	10h	H03-15	DI7 terminal logic selection	0 to 4 Please refer to the description of the H03-03 option.	0 to 4	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
	11h	H03-16	DI8 terminal function selection	(0 to 39) Please refer to the description of the H03-02 option	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
	12h	H03-17	DI8 terminal logic selection	0 to 4 Please refer to the description of the H03-03 option.	0 to 4	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
				2004h/H04 Terr	ninal output para	ameters				
2004	01h	H04-00	DO1 terminal function selection	Description: It consists of three digits, the first one (from left to right) indicates the axis number, and the last two digits indicate the terminal function. The last two digits are defined as follows: 0: No definition 01: Servo ready 02: Motor rotation 10: Warning 11: Fault	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter								
2004	02h	H04-01	DO1 terminal logic selection	0: Indicates L low level output when active (optocoupler is on) 1: Indicates H high level output when active (optocoupler is off)	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
	03h	H04-02	DO2 terminal function selection	0 to 11 Please refer to the description of the H04-00 option	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
	04h	H04-03	DO2 terminal logic selection	0 to 1 Please refer to the description of the H04-01 option	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Upon stop
				2005h/H05 Pos	ition control para	ameters				
	05h	H05-04	Time constant of first-order low-pass filter	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1 ms	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	07h	H05-06	Time constant of moving average filter	-	0 to 1280	0	0.1 ms	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	14h	H05-19	Speed feedforward control selection	0: No speed feedforward 1: Internal speed feedforward 2: 60B1 used as speed feedforward	0 to 2	1	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	24h	H05-35	Duration limit of homing	-	0 to 65535	50000	0.01s	16 bits	During running	Immediate
2005	2Fh	H05-46	Position offset in absolute position linear mode (low 32 bits)	-	0 to 4294967295	0	1	32 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	31h	H05-48	Position offset in absolute position linear mode (high 32 bits)	-	-2147483648– 2147483647	0	1	32 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	33h	H05-50	Electronic gear ratio numerator	-	1 to 65535	1	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	34h	H05-51	Electronic gear ratio denominator	-	1 to 65535	1	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	35h	H05-52	Pulses within one revolution of load in absolute position rotating mode (low 32 bits)	-	0 to 4294967295	0	1p	32 bits	At stop	Immediate

Pa	arameter	group		Option					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter	Pulses within one revolution of load in					00.1.1		
2005	37n	H05-54	absolute position rotating mode (high 32 bits)	-	0 to 128	0	тр	32 Dits	At stop	Immediate
				2006h/H06 Spe	ed Control Para	ameters				
	03h	H06-02	Speed reference selection	0: Number set 1: Multispeed	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	04h	H06-03	Speed reference	-	-6000 to 6000	200	1 RPM	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	06h	H06-05	Acceleration ramp time of speed reference	-	0 to 65535	0	1 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	07h	H06-06	Deceleration ramp time of speed reference	-	0 to 65535	0	1 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	09h	H06-08	Forward speed limit	-	0 to 6000	6000	1 RPM	16 bits	During running	Immediate
2006	0Ah	H06-09	Reverse speed limit	-	0 to 6000	6000	1 RPM	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Ch	H06-11	Torque feedforward control selection	0: No torque feedforward 1: Internal torque feedforward 2: 60B2 is used as the external torque feedforward	0 to 2	1	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Dh	H06-12	Jog speed acceleration ramp time	-	0 to 65535	10	1 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	11h	H06-16	Motor rotation speed threshold	-	0 to 1000	20	1 RPM	16 bits	During running	Immediate
		1		2007h/H07 Tor	que control para	meters			1	
	04h	H07-03	reference operating panel setting	-	-3000 to 3000	0	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	06h	H07-05	Time constant of torque reference filter	-	0 to 3000	79	0.01 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
2007	07h	H07-06	2nd time constant of torque reference filter	-	0 to 3000	79	0.01 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Ah	H07-09	Internal forward torque limit	-	0 to 3000	3000	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Bh	H07-10	Internal reverse torque limit	-	0 to 3000	3000	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	10h	H07-15	Emergency stop torque	-	0 to 3000	1000	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	decimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter		Becchpiton					mounou	may
	14h	H07-19	Internal speed limit value for torque control	-	0 to 6000	3000	1 RPM	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	15h	H07-20	Internal speed negative limit value in torque control	-	0 to 6000	3000	1 RPM	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	16h	H07-21	Base value for torque reached	-	0 to 3000	0	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
2007	17h	H07-22	Torque value outputted when the torque reached DO signal is turned on,	-	0 to 3000	200	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	18h	H07-23	Torque value outputted when the torque reached DO signal is turned off	-	0 to 3000	100	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
				2008h/H08	3 Gain Paramete	ers				
	01h	H08-00	Speed loop gain	-	1 to 20000	250	0.1 Hz	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	02h	H08-01	Time constant of speed loop integration	-	15 to 51200	3183	0.01 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	03h	H08-02	Position loop gain	-	0 to 20000	400	0.1 Hz	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	04h	H08-03	2nd gain of speed loop	-	1 to 20000	400	0.1 Hz	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	05h	H08-04	2nd time constant of speed loop integration	-	15 to 51200	2000	0.01 ms	16 bits	During	Immediate
2008	06h	H08-05	2nd gain of position loop	-	0 to 20000	640	0.1 Hz	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	09h	H08-08	2nd gain mode setting	0: The 1st gain is fixed and the P/ PI switchover is performed using bit 26 of 60FE. 1: The 1st and 2nd gain switchovers are valid, and the switchover condition is H0809.	0 to 1	1	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate

Pa	arameter	group		Onting					Ohanaa	Effe attack
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter		Description					method	vvay
2008	0Ah	H08-09	Gain switchover condition	0: The 1st gain is fixed (PS) 2: Large torque command (PS) 3: Large speed reference (PS) 4: Large speed reference change rate (PS) 5: Speed reference high-speed/ low-speed thresholds (PS) 6: Large position deviation (P) 7: Position reference available (P) 8: Positioning incomplete (P) 9: Actual speed (P) 10: Position reference + actual available	0 to 10	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Bh	H08-10	Gain switchover delay	-	0 to 10000	50	0.1 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Ch	H08-11	Gain switchover level	-	0 to 20000	50	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Dh	H08-12	Gain switchover hysteresis	-	0 to 20000	30	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Eh	H08-13	Position gain switchover time	-	0 to 10000	30	0.1 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	10h	H08-15	Load/Rotor inertia ratio	-	0 to 12000	100	0.01	16 bits	During running	Immediate

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter								
	13h	H08-18	Time constant of speed feedforward filter	-	0 to 6400	50	0.01 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	14h	H08-19	Speed feedforward gain	-	0 to 1000	0	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	15h	H08-20	Time constant of torque feedforward filter	-	0 to 6400	50	0.01 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	16h	H08-21	Torque feedforward gain	-	0 to 2000	0	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
2008	17h 18h	H08-22 H08-23	Speed feedback filter option Cutoff frequency of speed feedback low-	0: Moving average filter disabled 1: 2 moving average filters on speed feedback2: 4 moving average filters on speed feedback 3: 8 moving average filters on speed feedback 4: 16 moving average filters on speed feedback 4: 16 moving average filters on speed feedback	0 to 4 100 to 4000	0 4000	1 1 HZ	16 bits	At stop During running	Immediate
	19h	H08-24	PDFF control coefficient	-	0 to 1000	1000	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
				2009h/H09 Self	-adjustment par	ameters	·			
2009	01h	H09-00	Self- adjustment mode selection	 0: Parameter self- adjustment is invalid. manually adjust the gain parameters. 1: Parameter self- adjustment mode, gain parameters tuned automatically based on the stiffness table 2: Positioning mode, gain parameters tuned automatically based on the stiffness table 	0 to 2	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate

Pa	arameter	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	02h	H09-01	Stiffness level	-	0 to 31	12	1	16 bits	During	Immediate
			section	0: The adaptive notches are no longer updated. 1: An adaptive notch is active (Group 3 notches).						
	03h	H09-02	Mode selection of adaptive notch	2: Two adaptive notches are active (Group 3 and Group 4 notches). 3: Test only the resonance point shown in H0924.	0 to 4	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
				4: Clear the adaptive notches, and restore the value of group 3 and group 4 notches to their default settings.						
2009	04h	H09-03	Online inertia auto-tuning mode	0: Disabled 1: Enabled, change slowly 2: Enabled, change always 3: Enabled,	0 to 3	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	05h	H09-04	Suppression mode of low- frequency resonance	change quickly 0: Manually set the parameters of the low frequency resonance suppression filter. 1: Automatically set the parameters of the low frequency resonance suppression filter.	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	06h	H09-05	Offline inertia auto-tuning mode	0: Positive and negative triangular wave mode 1: JOG mode	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	07h	H09-06	Maximum speed for inertia auto- tuning	-	100 to 1000	500	1 RPM	16 bits	At stop	Immediate

Pa	arametei	group		Onting					Ohanaa	Effective
Hexad	decimal	Decimal	Name	Option	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	Change	Effective
Group	Index	Parameter		Description					memou	vvay
	08h	H09-07	Time constant of accelerating to max. speed for inertia auto-tuning	-	20 to 800	125	1 ms	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	09h	H09-08	Interval after an inertia auto-tuning	-	50 to 10000	800	1 ms	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	0Ah	H09-09	Motor revolutions for an inertia autotuning	-	0 to 65535	0	0.01	16 bits	-	-
	0Dh	H09-12	Group 1 notch frequency	-	50 to 4000	4000	1 Hz	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Eh	H09-13	Group 1 notch width level	-	0 to 20	2	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Fh	H09-14	Group 1 notch depth level	-	0 to 99	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	10h	H09-15	Group 2 notch frequency	-	50 to 4000	4000	1 Hz	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	11h	H09-16	Group 2 notch width level	-	0 to 20	2	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	12h	H09-17	Group 2 notch depth level	-	0 to 99	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	13h	H09-18	Group 3 notch frequency	-	50 to 4000	4000	1 Hz	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	14h	H09-19	Group 3 notch width level	-	0 to 20	2	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
2009	15h	H09-20	Group 3 notch depth level	-	0 to 99	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	16h	H09-21	Group 4 notch frequency	-	50 to 4000	4000	1 Hz	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	17h	H09-22	Group 4 notch width level	-	0 to 20	2	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	18h	H09-23	Group 4 notch depth level	-	0 to 99	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	19h	H09-24	Obtained resonance frequency	-	0 to 2000	0	1 Hz	16 bits	-	-
	1Fh	H09-30	Torque disturbance compensation gain	-	-1000 to 1000	0	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	20h	H09-31	Time constant of torque disturbance observer filter	-	0 to 2500	50	0.01 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	21h	H09-32	Constant torque compensation value	-	-1000 to 1000	0	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	22h	H09-33	Positive friction compensation value	-	-1000 to 1000	0	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	23h	H09-34	Reverse friction compensation value	-	-1000 to 1000	0	0.1%	16 bits	During running	Immediate

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Wav
Group	Index	Parameter								
	27h	H09-38	Frequency of low-frequency resonance	-	10 to 1000	1000	0.1Hz	16 bits	During running	Immediate
2009	28h	H09-39	Filter setting of low- frequency resonance	-	0 to 10	2	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
			20	0Ah/H0A Fault a	and Protection F	arameter	5			
	01h	H0A-00	Power input phase loss protection	0: Enable faults and inhibit warnings. 1: Enable faults and warnings. 2: Disable faults and warnings.	0 to 2	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	02h	H0A-01	Absolute position limit	0: Disable absolute position limit 1: Enable absolute position limit 2: Enable absolute position limit after homing attaining	0 to 2	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
200A	04h	H0A-03	Retentive at power failure	0: Do not perform power-down save 1: Perform power-down save 2: Do not perform power- down save, shield control power supply undervoltage fault	0 to 2	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	05h	H0A-04	Motor overload protection gain	-	50 to 300	100	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	07h	H0A-06	Overload motor level	-	0 to 400	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	08h	H0A-07	Enable UVW phase sequence auto-tuning	0: Do not recognize UVW phase sequence while performing angle auto- tuning. 1: Recognize UVW phase sequence while performing angle auto- tuning.	0 to 1	1	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate

Pa	arameter	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter	Quanta a d						During	
	09h	H0A-08	threshold	-	0 to 10000	0	1 RPM	16 bits	running	Immediate
	0Dh	H0A-12	Enable runaway protection function	0: Disable runaway protection 1: Enable runaway protection	0 to 1	1	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
				0: Use Z signal for auto-tuning 1: Do not use						
	0Eh	H0A-13	Initial angle auto-tuning mode selection	for jogging auto-tuning 2: Voltage	0 to 3	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
				3: Voltage injection using Z signal angle auto-tuning						
	10h	H0A-15	Motor rotation threshold	-	1 to 1000	5	1 RPM	16 bits	During running	Immediate
200A	11h	H0A-16	Position deviation threshold for low-frequency resonance suppression	-	1 to 1000	5	1р	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	14h	H0A-19	Time constant of probe 1 filter	-	0 to 630	200	1 us	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	15h	H0A-20	Time constant of probe 2 filter	-	0 to 630	200	1 us	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	16h	H0A-21	STO function shield switch	0: Enable STO function. 1: Shield STO function.	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	17h	H0A-22	Sigma_Delta filter time	-	0 to 3	1	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	18h	H0A-23	TZ signal filter time	-	0 to 31	15 years	125 ns	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	1Ah	H0A-25	Filter time constant of speed feedback display value	-	0 to 5000	50	1 ms	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	1Bh	H0A-26	Enabling motor overload shielding	0: Show motor overload warnings. 1: Shield motor overload warnings (E2.909) and faults (E2.620).	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate

Pa	arameter	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter		Beeenpaen					mounou	
	21h	H0A-32	Time threshold for locked rotor over- temperature protection	-	10 to 65535	200	1 ms	16 bits	During running	Immediate
200A	22h	H0A-33	Locked rotor over- temperature protection	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	0 to 1	1	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	25h	H0A-36	Encoder multi-turn overflow fault shield	0: Do not shield 1: Shield	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
		1		200Bh/H0B	monitor parame	eters		-	1	
	01h	H0B-00	Actual motor speed	-	-9999 to 9999	0	1 RPM	16 bits	-	-
	02h	H0B-01	Speed reference	-	-9999 to 9999	0	1 RPM	16 bits	-	-
	03h	H0B-02	Internal torque reference	-	-3000 to 3000	0	0.1%	16 bits	-	-
	04h	H0B-03	Input signal (DI signal) monitoring	-	0 to 0x00FF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	06h	H0B-05	Output signal (DO signal) monitoring	-	0 to 0x0003	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	08h	H0B-07	Absolute position counter	-	-2147483648- 2147483647	0	1р	32 bits	-	-
	0Ah	H0B-09	Mechanical angle	-	-	0 to 3600	0	0.1°	16 bits	-
	0Bh	H0B-10	Electric angle	-	-	0 to 3600	0	0.1°	16 bits	-
	0Dh	H0B-12	Average load ratio	-	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1%	16 bits	-
200B	10h	H0B-15	Position follow-up deviation (encoder unit)	-	-2147483648– 2147483647	0	1р	32 bits	-	-
	12h	H0B-17	Feedback pulse counter	-	-2147483648- 2147483647	0	1p	32 bits	-	-
	14h	H0B-19	Total power- on time	-	0 to 4294967295	0	0.1s	32 bits	-	-
	19h	H0B-24	Phase current effective value	-	0 to 65535	0	0.01 A	32 bits	-	-
	1Bh	H0B-26	Bus voltage	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1 V	16 bits	-	-
	1Ch	H0B-27	Module temperature	-	0 to 65535	0	1 🗆	16 bits	-	-
	1Dh	H0B-28	Absolute encoder fault information given by FPGA	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	1Eh	H0B-29	System status information given by FPGA	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-

Parameter group			Ontion					Change	Effective	
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter		Becchption					mounou	
	1Fh	H0B-30	System failure information given by FPGA	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	20h	H0B-31	Encoding internal fault information	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	22h	H0B-33	Fault record	-	0 to 9	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	23h	H0B-34	Fault code of the selected fault record	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	24h	H0B-35	Time stamp upon displayed fault	-	0 to 4294967295	0	0.1s	32 bits	-	-
	26h	H0B-37	Motor speed upon displayed fault	-	-9999 to 9999	0	1 RPM	16 bits	-	-
	27h	H0B-38	Motor phase U current upon displayed fault	-	-32768 to 32767	0	0.01 A	16 bits	-	-
	28h	H0B-39	Motor phase V current upon displayed fault	-	-32768 to 32767	0	0.01 A	16 bits	-	-
200B	29h	H0B-40	Bus voltage upon displayed fault	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1 V	16 bits	-	-
	2Ah	H0B-41	Input terminal state upon displayed fault	-	0 to 0x00FF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	2Ch	H0B-43	Output terminal state upon displayed fault	-	0 to 0x0002	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	2Eh	H0B-45	Internal fault code	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	2Fh	H0B-46	Absolute encoder error information given by FPGA when the fault is selected	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	30h	H0B-47	System status information given by FPGA when the fault is selected	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	31h	H0B-48	System failure information given by FPGA when the fault is selected	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-

Parameter group			Ontion					Change	Effective	
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Wav
Group	Index	Parameter								
	32h	H0B-49	Encoding internal fault information when the fault is selected	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	34h	H0B-51	Internal fault code when the fault is selected	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	36h	H0B-53	Position follow-up deviation (reference unit)	-	-2147483648– 2147483647	0	1р	32 bits	-	-
	38h	H0B-55	Actual motor speed	-	-60000 to 60000	0	0.1 RPM	32 bits	-	-
	3Ah	H0B-57	Control power bus voltage	-	0 to 65535	0	0.1 V	16 bits	-	-
	3Bh	H0B-58	Mechanical absolute position (low 32 bits)	-	0 to 4294967295	0	1р	32 bits	-	-
	3Dh	H0B-60	Mechanical absolute position (high 32 bits)	-	-2147483648– 2147483647	0	1р	32 bits	-	-
	47h	H0B-70	Number of the absolute encoder turns	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	-	-
200B	48h	H0B-71	Position of absolute encoder within one turn	-	0 to 2147483647	0	1p	32 bits	-	-
	4Eh	H0B-77	Encoder position (low 32 bits)	-	0 to 4294967295	0	1p	32 bits	-	-
	50h	H0B-79	Encoder position (high 32 bits)	-	-2147483648– 2147483647	0	1p	32 bits	-	-
	52h	H0B-81	Rotating load single-turn position (low 32 bits)	-	0 to 4294967295	0	1p	32 bits	-	-
	54h	H0B-83	Rotating load single-turn position (high 32 bits)	-	-2147483648– 2147483647	0	1p	32 bits	-	-
	56h	H0B-85	Rotating load single- turn position (reference unit)	-	-2147483648– 2147483647	0	1p	32 bits	-	-
	5Bh	H0B-90	Function code group number with abnormal parameter	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	5Ch	H0B-91	Offset in function code group with abnormal parameter	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	-	-

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter								,
			2	00Dh/H0D Auxil	iary Function Pa	arameters	r			
	01h	H0D-00	Software reset	0: No operation 1: Enabled	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	02h	H0D-01	Fault reset	0: No operation 1: Fault reset	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	04h	H0D-03	Encoder initial angle auto- tuning	0: No operation 1: Enable	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
200D	05h	H0D-04	Encoder ROM read/write	0: No operation 1: Write ROM 2: Read ROM	0 to 2	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	06h	H0D-05	Emergency stop	0: No operation 1: Emergency stop	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Dh	H0D-12	UV phase current balance correction	0: Disable 1: Enable	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	15h	H0D-20	Absolute encoder reset function	0: No operation 1: Fault 2: Reset faults and multi-turn data	0 to 2	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
			200E	h/H0E Commun	nication Function	n Paramet	ers			
	01h	H0E-00	Node address	-	1 to 127	1	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
200E	02h	H0E-01	Whether to save data to E2PROM if written via communication	0: Do not save data to EEPROM when writing function code and object dictionary. 1: Save data to EEPROM only when writing object dictionary. 3: Save data to EEPROM only when writing object dictionary.	0 to 3	pin 3	1	16 bits	During	Immediate
1	03h	H0E-02	Shaft address	-	1 to 127	1	1	16 hits	- 1	-

Pa	arametei	group		Ontina					Ohanaa	Effective
Hexad	decimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	Change	Way
Group	Index	Parameter		Description					method	way
	09h	H0E-08	Servo node address selection	0: Node address determined by function code H0E-00 1: Node address determined by DIP switch 1	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Bh	H0E-10	CAN communication mode	0: Not selected 1: CANopen 2: CANlink	0 to 2	1	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Ch	H0E-11	CAN baud rate	0: 20K 1: 50K 2: 100K 3: 125K 4: 250K 5: 500K 6: 1M	0 to 6	5	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	0Dh	H0E-12	Number of CAN frames per unit time	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	0Eh	H0E-13	Maximum CAN reception errors per unit time	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	0Fh	H0E-14	Maximum CAN send errors per unit time	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	10h	H0E-15	CAN bus disengagement times per unit time	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	11h	H0E-16	CAN configuration mode	-	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	15h	H0E-20	EtherCAT slave station name	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	16h	H0E-21	EtherCAT slave site alias	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	17h	H0E-22	Permissible interruption loss times of EtherCAT synchronization	-	1 to 20	9	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	18h	H0E-23	EtherCAT synchronization detection mode	0: Standard mode 1: Surplus mode	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	19h	H0E-24	Number of times of synchronization loss	-	0 to 65535	0	1	16 bits	-	-

Parameter group			Ontion					Change	Effective	
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter								
	1Ah	H0E-25	Maximum EtherCAT port 0 invalid frames and errors per unit time	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	1Bh	H0E-26	Maximum EtherCAT port 1 invalid frames and errors per unit time	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	1Ch	H0E-27	Maximum EtherCAT port forwarding errors per unit time	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	1Dh	H0E-28	Maximum EtherCAT data frame processing unit errors per unit time	-	0 to 0x0255	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	1Eh	H0E-29	Maximum EtherCAT port 0 link losses per unit time	-	0 to 0xFFFF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	1Fh	H0E-30	EtherCAT host type selection	-	0 to 3	2	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
200E	20h	H0E-31	EtherCAT synchronization mode settings	-	0 to 2	1	1	16 bits	At stop	Power-on again
	21h	H0E-32	EtherCAT synchronous error threshold	-	0 to 2000	500	1	16 bits	At stop	Immediate
	22h	H0E-33	EtherCAT state machine status	-	0 to 8	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	23h	H0E-34	Number of times the CSP position reference increment becomes too large	-	0 to 7	1	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	29h	H0E-40	EOE enabled	0: Disable 1: Enable	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	2Ah	H0E-41	EOE IP address highest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	2Bh	H0E-42	EOE IP address second highest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	2Ch	H0E-43	EOE IP address second lowest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	2Dh	H0E-44	EOE IP address lowest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate

Pa	arametei	r group		Onting					Ohanaa	Effective
Hexad	decimal	Decimal	Name	Option	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	Change	Effective
Group	Index	Parameter		Description					methou	vvay
	2Eh	H0E-45	EOE subnet mask highest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	2Fh	H0E-46	EOE subnet mask second highest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	30h	H0E-47	EOE subnet mask second lowest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	31h	H0E-48	EOE subnet mask lowest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	32h	H0E-49	EOE default gateway highest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	33h	H0E-50	EOE default gateway second highest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	34h	H0E-51	EOE default gateway second lowest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	35h	H0E-52	EOE default gateway lowest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	36h	H0E-53	EOE uses the MAC highest byte	-	0 to 0x00FF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
200E	37h	H0E-54	EOE uses the MAC second byte	-	0 to 0x00FF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	38h	H0E-55	EOE uses the MAC third byte	-	0 to 0x00FF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	39h	H0E-56	EOE uses the MAC fourth byte	-	0 to 0x00FF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	3Ah	H0E-57	EOE uses the MAC fifth byte	-	0 to 0x00FF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	3Bh	H0E-58	EOE uses the MAC lowest byte	-	0 to 0x00FF	0	1	16 bits	-	-
	3Dh	H0E-60	Ethernet IP automatic acquisition enabled	0: Disable 1: Enable	0 to 1	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	3Eh	H0E-61	Ethernet IP address highest byte	-	0 to 255	192	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	3Fh	H0E-62	Ethernet IP address second- highest byte	-	0 to 255	168	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	40h	H0E-63	Ethernet IP address second- lowest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	41h	H0E-64	Ethernet IP address lowest byte	-	0 to 255	2	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate

Pa	arametei	group		Ontion					Change	Effective
Hexad	lecimal	Decimal	Name	Description	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	method	Way
Group	Index	Parameter	Ethornot							
	42h	H0E-65	subnet mask highest byte	-	0 to 255	255	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	43h	H0E-66	Ethernet subnet mask second highest byte	-	0 to 255	255	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	44h	H0E-67	Ethernet subnet mask second lowest byte	-	0 to 255	255	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	45h	H0E-68	Ethernet subnet mask lowest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	46h	H0E-69	Ethernet default gateway highest byte	-	0 to 255	192	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	47h	H0E-70	Ethernet default gateway second highest byte	-	0 to 255	168	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	48h	H0E-71	Ethernet default gateway second lowest byte	-	0 to 255	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
200E	49h	H0E-72	Ethernet default gateway lowest byte	-	0 to 255	1	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	51h	H0E-80	Modbus baud rate	0: 300 bps 1: 600 bps 2: 1200 bps 3: 2400 bps 4: 4800 bps 5: 9600 bps 6: 19200 bps 7: 38400 bps 8: 57600 bps 9: 115200 bps	0 to 9	9	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	52h	H0E-81	Modbus data format	0: No parity, 2-stop bits (8-N-2) 1: Even parity, 1-stop bit (8-E-1) 2: Odd parity, 1-stop bit (8-O-1) 3: No parity, 1-stop bit (8-N-1)	0 to 3	pin 3	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	53h	H0E-82	Modbus response delay	-	0 to 20	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
Parameter group				Ontion					Ohanaa	Effective
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Hexadecimal		Decimal	Name	Option	Setting Range	Default	Min. Unit	Width	Change	Effective
Group	Index	Parameter		Description					methou	way
200E	54h	H0E-83	Modbus communication timeout	-	0 to 600	0	1	16 bits	During running	Immediate
	5Bh	H0E-90	Modbus version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.01	16 bits	-	-
	5Ch	H0E-91	CANopen version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.01	16 bits	-	-
	5Dh	H0E-92	CANlink version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.01	16 bits	-	-
	5Eh	H0E-93	EtherCAT COE version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.01	16 bits	-	-
	5Fh	H0E-94	EtherCAT EOE version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.01	16 bits	-	-
	60h	H0E-95	Ethernet version SN	-	0 to 65535	0	0.01	16 bits	-	-

SDO Abort Transfer Code

Abort code	Function description					
0503 0000	Toggle bit not alternated.					
0504 0000	SDO protocol timed out.					
0504 0001	Client/server command specifier invalid or unknown					
0504 0005	Out of memory.					
0601 0000	Unsupported access to an object.					
0601 0001	Attempt to read a write-only object.					
0601 0002	Attempt to write a read-only object.					
0602 0000	The object does not exist in the object dictionary.					
0604 0041	The object cannot be mapped to the PDO.					
0604 0042	The number and length of the objects to be mapped exceed PDO length.					
0604 0043	General parameter incompatibility.					
0604 0047	General internal incompatibility in the device.					
0606 0000	Access failed due to a hardware error.					
0607 0010	The data type does not match and the length of service parameter does not match.					
0607 0012	The data type does not match and the service parameter is too long.					
0607 0013	The data type does not match and the service parameters is too short.					
0609 0011	The sub-index does not exist.					
0609 0030	Invalid value for parameter.					
0609 0031	The value of the written parameter is too large.					
0609 0032	The value of the written parameter is too small.					
0609 0036	The maximum value is less than the minimum value.					
0800 0000	General error					
0800 0020	Data cannot be transferred or stored to the application.					
0800 0021	Data cannot be transferred or stored to the application because of local control.					
0800 0022	Data cannot be transferred or stored to the application because of the present device state.					
0800 0023	B Dynamic object dictionary generation fails or no object dictionary is present.					
0800 0024	The value does not exist.					

Appendix 2 General Wiring Diagram

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