

**LITEON**®

# EVO 6000 Series

## Ultra Compact Vector Drive

### User Manual



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# Chapter 1 | Safety

## 1.1 General Safety

### Safety Information:

**Caution:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause personal injury or equipment damage.

**Warning:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.

### 1.1.1 Usage

#### Caution

- The drive is used to control the speed of 3 phase synchronous and asynchronous motors, which must not be used for single phase or other purposes. Failure to comply could cause drive damage or serious injury by fire.
- The drive must not be used in any medical equipment in which human life may involve.
- The drive is manufactured according to strict quality control standard. However, bypass the safety protection in case the drive failure causes death or serious injury.

### 1.1.2 Receiving

#### Warning

- Do not install damaged drive or any drive without complete components inside. Failure to comply could result in accident.
- The product must be complete, including packaging, instruction and accessories.
- New or updated information, please refer to the following link:  
<http://www.liteon-ia.com/TW/download.php>

### 1.1.3 Installation

#### Warning

- Carry the drive by the bottom as carrying by the front cover may cause injury and damage from the main body of the drive falling.
- Attach the drive to metal or other nonflammable materials. Keep away from heat and flammable items.

- A control panel must have cooling fans, air vents and room for ventilation when the drive is installed inside.
- The mounting surface in contact with the heat sink should be made of metal, which provides good thermal conductivity and prevents flammability
- Please check the dust-proof and moisture-proof conditions to avoid the external environment affecting the inverter function.

#### 1.1.4 Wiring

<b>Caution</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Allow only qualified electrical engineers to install the drive. Failure to comply could cause electrical shocks to personnel or damage to the drive.</li> <li>■ Ensure the power supply is off when connecting. Failure to comply could cause electrical shocks.</li> <li>■ Ensure the ground terminal PE is properly wired. Failure to comply could cause electrical shocks from the drive cover. Therefore ground the drive and motor for personnel safety.</li> <li>■ Do not touch the main circuit terminal. Keep the main circuit off drive cover to avoid electrical shocks.</li> <li>■ The terminal for braking resistor is B1 and B2. Do not connect it to any other terminals. Failure to comply could cause a fire.</li> </ul>
<b>Warning</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Do not connect three-phase power supply to terminals U, V and W. Failure to comply could damage the drive.</li> <li>■ An output reactor is recommended when the cable connecting between the drive and motor is over 100 meters. Failure to comply could result in drive damage with overcurrent caused by over-distributed capacitance.</li> <li>■ Never connect the output terminals to capacitors or unapproved LC/RC filters. Failure to comply could damage the drive components.</li> <li>■ Separate the drive main circuit cables and control circuit cables. Failure to comply could cause interference to the control signals</li> <li>■ Ensure the phase of power supply and rated voltage match the label on the drive. Failure to comply could drive damage.</li> </ul>

### 1.1.5 Operation

<b>Caution</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Connect the power after completion of wiring and closing the front cover. Opening the front cover when the power is on could cause an electrical shock.</li><li>■ Keep other personnel off the equipment when setting the drive fault restart and momentary power loss restart functions. Failure to comply could cause damage to the personnel and equipment.</li><li>■ Once the drive is powered, the terminals are live even when drive is not in operation. Touching the terminals could cause electrical shocks.</li><li>■ Cancel run command before resetting the alarm and fault. Failure to comply could cause physical injury.</li></ul>
<b>Warning</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Do not start or stop the drive by connection or disconnection the power supply. Failure to comply could cause drive damage.</li><li>■ Ensure the motor and equipment are in proper use before operation. Failure to; comply could damage the equipment.</li><li>■ The temperature of the braking resistor and heatsink could be very high during operation. Do not touch it or it could result in scald.</li><li>■ For lift applications, please install mechanical brakes.</li><li>■ Adjust a few parameters only if necessary as the defaults are optimum settings for most of applications. Editing parameters indiscriminately could cause equipment abnormal operation.</li><li>■ Interlock the electricity supply with AC drive supply when both are available to a motor.</li></ul>

### 1.1.6 Maintenance

<b>Caution</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Do not touch the main circuit of the drive when power is on. Failure to comply could cause electrical shocks.</li><li>■ Disconnect the power supply before opening the front cover of the drive.</li><li>■ Maintain the drive only when the CHARGE indicator light is off or 5 minutes after turning off power supply, so as to avoid charged capacitors causing physical injury.</li><li>■ Allow only qualified electric engineers and electrician to maintain, repair and replace the AC drive modules.</li></ul>
<b>Warning</b>

- The release of breaker on the AC drive primary side could be caused by incorrect wiring, short circuit and damaged drive components. Investigate and remove the problem before reconnecting the breaker.
- Do not use a megger (insulation resistor) to test the drive control circuit. Failure to comply could cause drive damage.

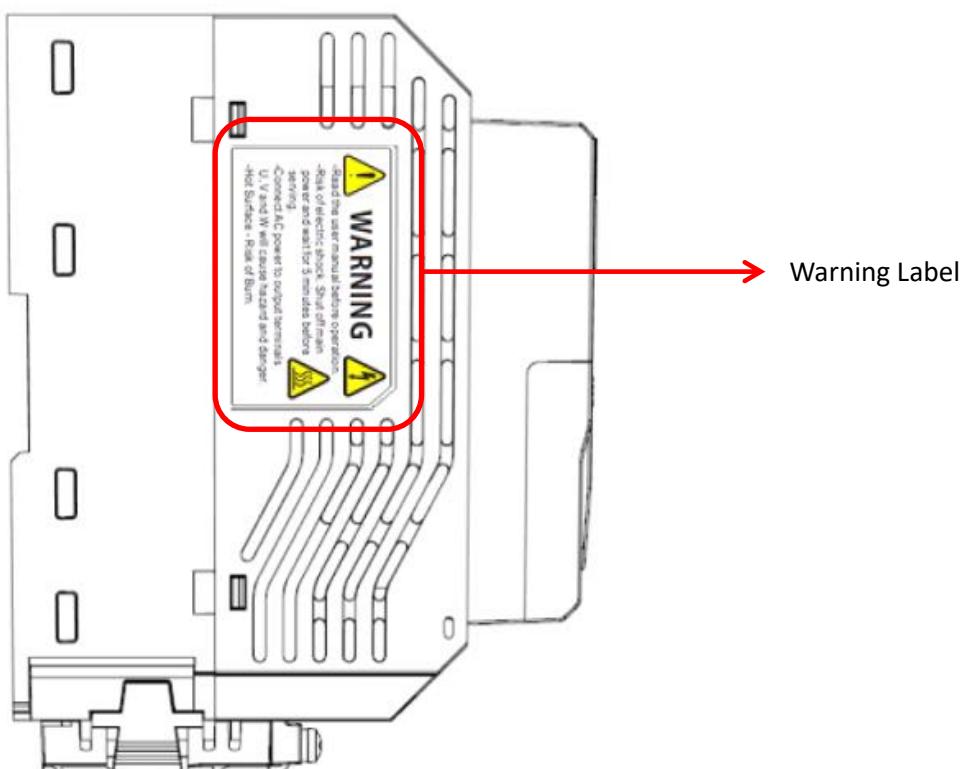
**Notice:**

All the instruction photographs and diagrams of opened drive in this manual are only for illustration. Do not attempt to operate any AC drives with the cover opened.

## 1.2 Warning Label

The warning label is on the front of the drive. Please read it carefully and follow the instructions.

- Read the user manual before operation.
- Risk of electrical shock. Shut off main power and wait for 5 minutes before servicing.
- Hot surface. Risk of burn.



## 1.3 AC Drive Application Precautions

### 1.3.1 AC Drive Selection

#### 1.3.1.1 Drive Capacity

Before driving motors, ensure the motor rated current is lower than the drive rated output. In addition, when a single AC drive is driving more than 1 motor in parallel, make sure the drive capacity is higher than 110% of total motor rated current.

#### 1.3.1.2 Starting Torque

The motor characteristics at start and during acceleration are limited by the drive overcurrent. If higher starting torque is needed, use a higher rating drive or increase capacity of both motor and drive.

#### 1.3.1.3 Emergency Stop

When a drive fault occurs, protection function will be automatically triggered to shut off the output but the motor may not stop immediately. Therefore please install mechanical brake if immediate stop is necessary.

### 1.3.2 Settings

#### 1.3.2.1 Upper Limits

The maximum output frequency of the drive is 400Hz. If the upper limit is set incorrectly, the motor will run at higher than its rated speed and cause danger. Please set the limit of output frequency in Frequency Upper Limit parameter. The default setting of the rated output frequency is 60Hz.

#### 1.3.2.2 DC Braking

Excessive DC braking current and duration could cause motor overheat.

#### 1.3.2.3 Acceleration /Deceleration Time (Acc./Dec. Time)

Acceleration and deceleration time is determined by the motor torque, load torque and load inertia. Set a longer Acc./Dec. time after Stall Prevention function is triggered. In addition, the acceleration and deceleration time will be extended depending on the Stall Prevention duration. If

faster acceleration and deceleration are required, install proper braking options or use a higher rating motor and AC drive.

### **1.3.3 General Handling**

#### **1.3.3.1 Wiring**

Connecting power supply to output terminals U/T1, V/T2 and W/T3 will damage the drive. Check all the connections and wiring sequence before turning on the power. Failure to comply could cause drive damage.

#### **1.3.3.2 Maintenance**

Capacitors in the drive may still be charged for a short time after shutting off the power. Wait for the amount of time specified on the drive before any maintenance. Failure to comply could cause electrical shocks to personnel. Besides, do not touch the heatsink which can be very hot during operation. Replace the cooling fan only when the heatsink has cooled down after shutting off the power. In addition, when a synchronous motor is coasting to stop, it regenerates voltage to keep the drive terminals live even when the drive power is off. Wait until the motor is fully stopped before drive maintenance. Failure to comply could cause electrical shocks to personnel.

#### **1.3.3.3 Wiring Tools**

Use only the tools suggested by the terminal supplier during drive maintenance.

#### **1.3.3.4 Transportation and installation**

Do not expose the drive to the environment containing the halogens or DOP gas during transportation or installation.

## **1.4 Warranty**

### **1.4.1 Warranty Period**

Contact local distributor for details.

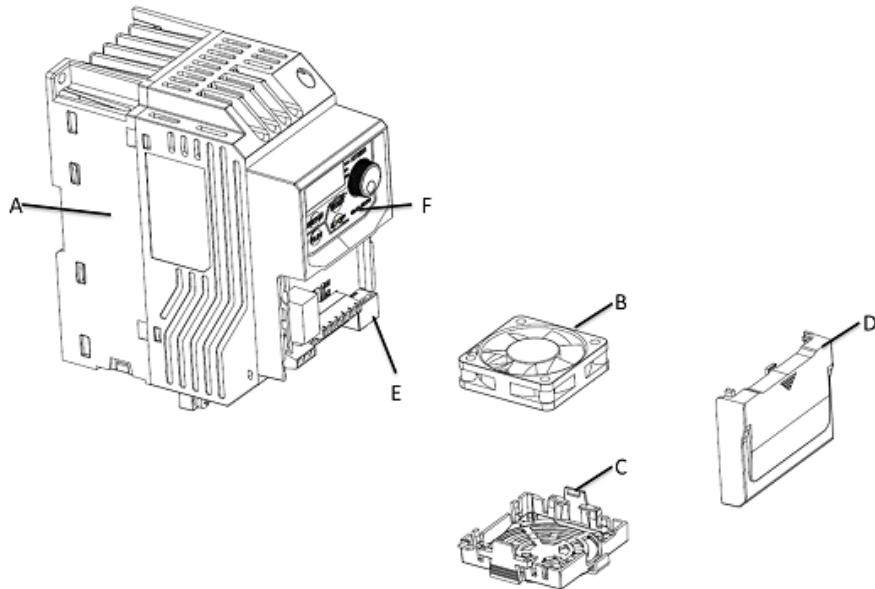
### **1.4.2 Warranty Restrictions**

Warranty is not applicable when the drive is not properly used according to the manual regardless warranty period.

# Chapter 2 | Product

## 2.1 Component Names

This section describes the structure of EVO6000. ( The fan and fan cover are only for force air-cooled type.)



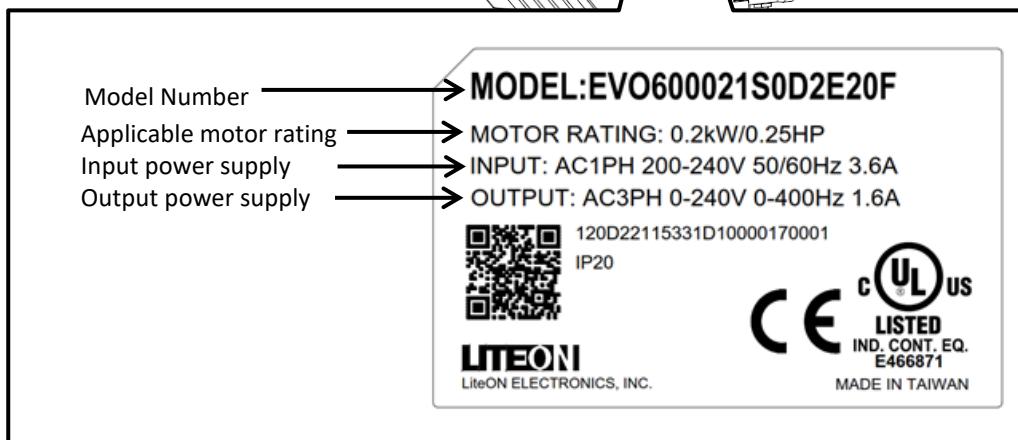
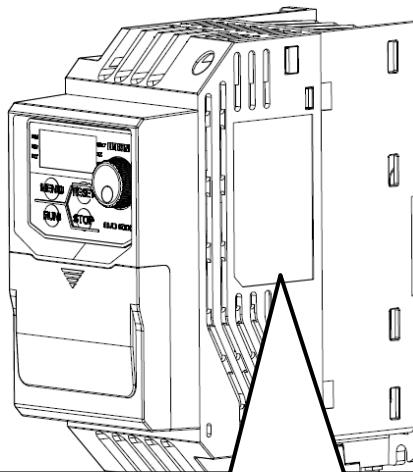
- |                 |                     |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| A – Heatsink    | D – Conduit bracket |
| B – Cooling fan | E n RJ45 port       |
| C olFan guard   | F 4Keypad           |

## 2.2 Receiving Checklist

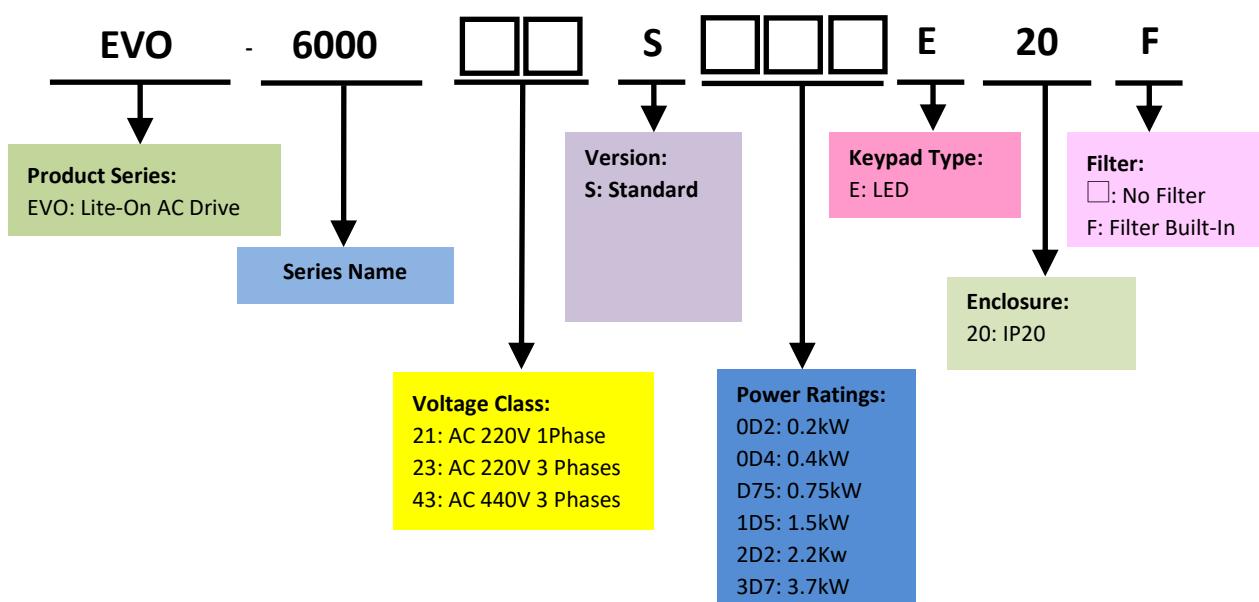
Check the following when receiving the drive:

- |                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. Is the packaging box in good condition? Any damage or damp ?<br>If so, contact the distributor or local Lite-On representative.                                           |
| 2. Is the model label on the box same as what you purchased?<br>If not, contact the distributor or local Lite-On representative.                                             |
| 3. After opening the box, is there any damp mark inside the box? Any damage or crack on the drive enclosure? If so, contact the distributor or local Lite-On representative. |
| 4. Does the drive nameplate show the same model number as the carton label?<br>If not, contact the distributor or local Lite-On representative.                              |
| 5. Is the manual included in the carton? If not, contact the distributor or local Lite-On representative.                                                                    |

## 2.3 Nameplate



## 2.4 Model Number Definition



## 2.5 Power Ratings

200V Class Single Phase						
Model No.	EVO600021S	0D2	0D4	D75	1D5	2D2
Max. Motor Capacity	HP	0.25	0.5	1	2	3
	kW	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2
Rated Input	Voltage (V) / Frequency (Hz)	Single Phases, 200 ~220 V,-15% ~ +20% , 50/60Hz				
	Current(A)	3.6	7.4	13.5	24	33
Rated Output	Current(A)	1.6	2.5	4.2	7.5	11
	Output Frequency(Hz)	0 to 400 Hz				
	Carrier Frequency (kHz)	2 to 12kHz				
Cooling Method		Fanless		Fan		
Frame Size		1		2		
Weight		1.1kg			1.6kg	

200V Class Three Phase						
Model No.	EVO600023S	0D2	0D4	D75	1D5	2D2
Max. Motor Capacity	HP	0.25	0.5	1	2	3
	kW	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2
Rated Input	Voltage (V) / Frequency (Hz)	Three Phases, 200 ~220 V,-15% ~ +20% , 50/60Hz				
	Current(A)	2.2	3.7	6.6	10.5	14.8
Rated Output	Current(A)	1.6	2.5	4.2	7.5	11
	Output Frequency(Hz)	0 to 400 Hz				
	Carrier Frequency (kHz)	2 to 12kHz				
Cooling Method		Fanless		Fan		
Frame Size		1		2		
Weight		1.1kg			1.6 kg	

400V Three Phase						
Model No.	EVO600043S	0D4	D75	1D5	2D2	3D7
Max. Motor Capacity	HP	0.5	1	2	3	5
	kW	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7
Rated Input	Voltage (V) / Frequency (Hz)	Three Phases, 380 ~480 V,-15% ~ +20% , 50/60Hz				
	Current(A)	2.7	4.4	6.7	9.3	12.9
Rated Output	Current(A)	1.5	2.5	4.2	5.5	8.2
	Output Frequency(Hz)	0 to 400 Hz				
	Carrier Frequency (kHz)	2 to 12kHz				
Cooling Method		Fanless	Fan			
Frame Size		1			2	
Weight		1.1kg			1.6kg	

## 2.6 Common Specifications

Item	Specification
Control Characteristic	V/F Control, Sensorless Voltage Vector Control ( SVVC )
	0~400 Hz
	Digital Input: within ±0.01% of the Max. output frequency
	Analog Input: within ±0.1% of max. output frequency(-10°C ~ +50°C)
	Digital input: 0.01Hz
	Analog Output: 1/1000 of max. frequency
	150% / 3Hz (V/F) 150% / 1Hz (SVVC)
	1: 40 (V/F) 1: 100 (SVVC )
	0.0 to 3600.0
	approx. 20%
	15 fixed and 1 programmable
	150% for 1 min. within every 10 min.

	Parameter Function	Over torque/torque shortage detection, multi-speed operation, acceleration/deceleration switching, instantaneous power failure restart, speed search, S-curve acceleration/deceleration, 3-wire sequential control, motor parameter automatic detection, cooling fan ON/OFF function, sliding Differential compensation, torque compensation, frequency jump, frequency command upper and lower limit setting, DC braking at start/stop, PID control, fault retry, automatic voltage adjustment.
Operating Environment	Area of Use	Indoor without corrosive gas/liquid or flammable gas/liquid/oil mist/dust
	Ambient Temperature	-10°C to +50°C, below 90% RH without froze or condensation
	Storage Temperature	-20°C to +60°C
	Altitude	Up to 1000 meters
	Shock	Below 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> (10 to 20Hz), below 5.9 m/s <sup>2</sup> (20 to 55Hz)
	Enclosure	IP20
I/O	Analog Input (AI)	1 point (AI: 0 to 5V, 0 to 10V (12 bits), 0 or 4 to 20mA(11 bits))
	Digital Input (DI)	6 points
	Analog Output (AO)	1 point (FM: 0 to 10V (10bits))
	Digital Output (DO)	0
	Relay Output (RO)	1 point
Communications	Modbus (RS-485 port)	
Option Card	Profibus-DP, CANopen, DeviceNet	
Short-Circuit Current	The drive is suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5,000 rms symmetrical amperes, 480 Volts Maximum.	
Certificate	UL 508C, CSA C22.2 no .274, IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 61800-3	

\*1. Results tested in labs

## 2.7 Product Dimensions

### Frame Size 1

200V:

EVO600021S0D2E20F, EVO600021S0D4E20F, EVO600021SD75E20F, EVO600023S0D2E20,  
EVO600023S0D4E20, EVO600023SD75E20, EVO600023S1D5E20

400V:

EVO600043S0D4E20F, EVO600043SD75E20F, EVO600043S1D5E20F

### Frame Size 2

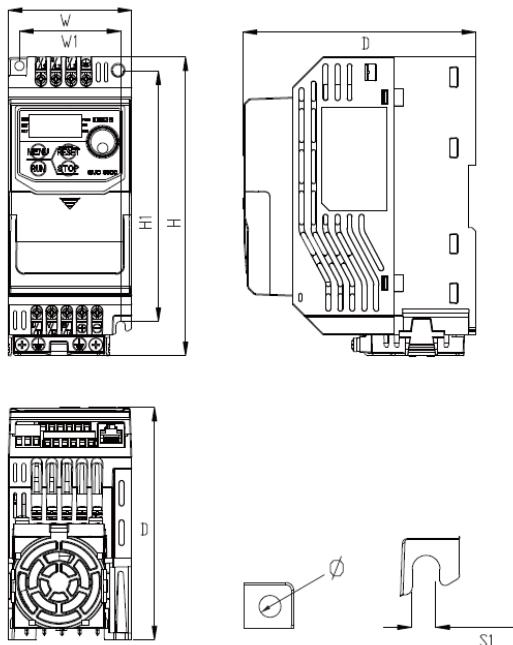
200V:

EVO600021S1D5E20F, EVO600021S2D2E20F, EVO600023S2D2E20, EVO600023S3D7E20

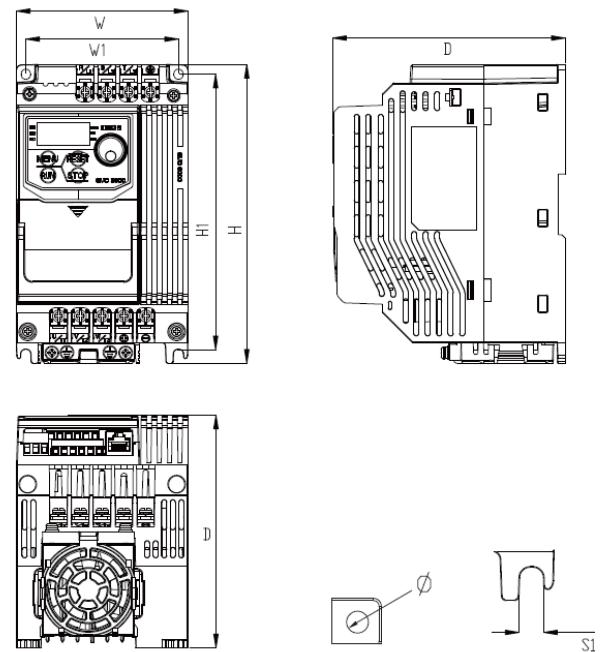
400V:

EVO600043S2D2E20F, EVO600043S3D7E20F

### Frame Size 1



### Frame Size 2



Unit: mm/inch

Series	Frame	W	W1	H	H1	D	S1	Φ
EVO6000	1	72[2.83]	59[2.32]	174.2[6.86]	151.6[5.97]	135.6[5.34]	13.8[0.54]	5.4[0.21]
	2	100[3.94]	89[3.50]	174.2[6.86]	162.6[6.41]	135.6[5.34]	10.8[0.43]	5.4[0.21]

## 2.8 Accessories

### 2.8.1 Accessories

EVO6000 Series Accessories		
Name	Model Name	Description
Copy Uint	EVO-KIT-CU	Allows parameter uploads/downloads and comparison
Communication converter	EVO-KIT-DON	USB to RS485
Braking unit	EVO6-DBU-4 <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Connects AC drive terminal DC+, DC- to significantly improve braking. Please ensure braking resistor is properly installed. ( <input type="checkbox"/> indicates 1D5 or 3D7 model )
Din Rail	EVO6-KIT-DR <input type="checkbox"/>	Accessory for DIN rail installation ( <input type="checkbox"/> indicates frame 1 or 2)
Remote keypad	EVO6-KIT-RK <input type="checkbox"/>	Connects remote keypad for remote setting and monitoring ( <input type="checkbox"/> indicates Blank, D: Horizontal)

# Chapter 3 | Drive Installation

## 3.1 Installation Environment

To ensure the optimum drive performance, install the AC drive in a proper environment specified below.

Environment	Conditions
Area of Use	Indoors
Ambient Temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ -10 to 40°C</li><li>■ Do not install the drive in environments with wide temperature fluctuations so as to ensure the drive reliability.</li><li>■ When the drive is installed in an enclosure cabinet, make sure the cooling works properly to keep the temperature within the specified levels.</li><li>■ Do not allow the drive to freeze.</li><li>■ When drives are installed side-by-side in a cabinet, follow the instruction illustrated in Figure 3.2 to ensure the air flow.</li></ul>
Humidity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Under 90% RH</li><li>■ Free of condensation</li></ul>
Storage Temperature	-20 to 40°C
Surrounding Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Free from water, oil, metal shavings or other foreign materials.</li><li>■ Free from flammable materials (e.g., wood)</li><li>■ Free from harmful gases and liquids</li><li>■ Free from direct sunlight</li><li>■ Free from oil mist, corrosive gas, flammable gas or dust.</li><li>■ Free from radioactive material</li><li>■ Green Class 2 or above</li></ul>
Altitude	Up to 1000 m without derating. Up to 2000 meters with 1% rated current derated for every 100 m counted from 1000 m.
Vibration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ 10 to 20 Hz at 9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup></li><li>■ 20 to 55 Hz at 5.9 m/s<sup>2</sup></li></ul>
Enclosure	IP20

## 3.2 Installation Direction and Spacing

### 3.2.1 Installation Direction

Install the AC drive upright for better cooling.

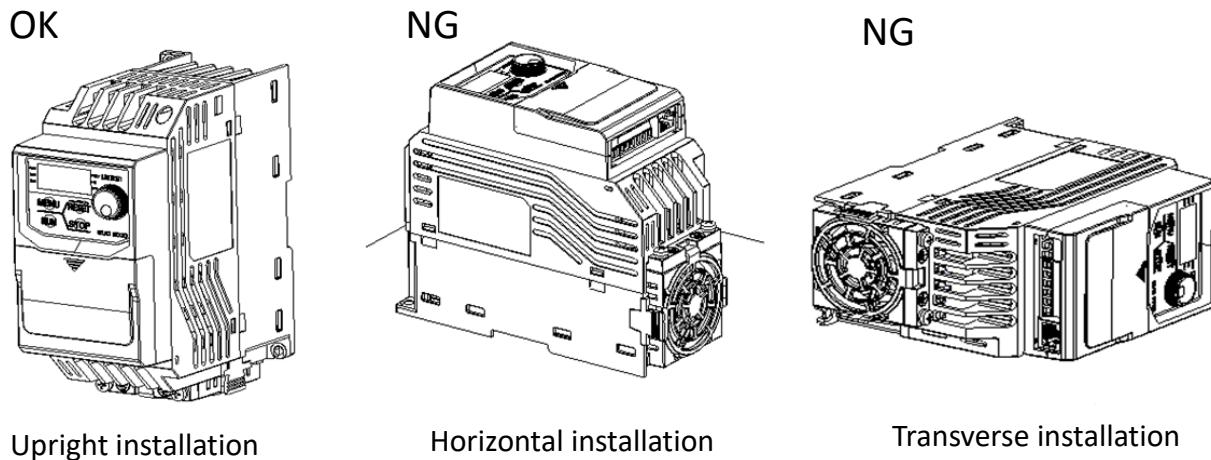


Figure 3.1 Installation Direction

### 3.2.2 Installation Spacing

Install the AC drive as illustrated below to ensure the required space for airflow and wiring.

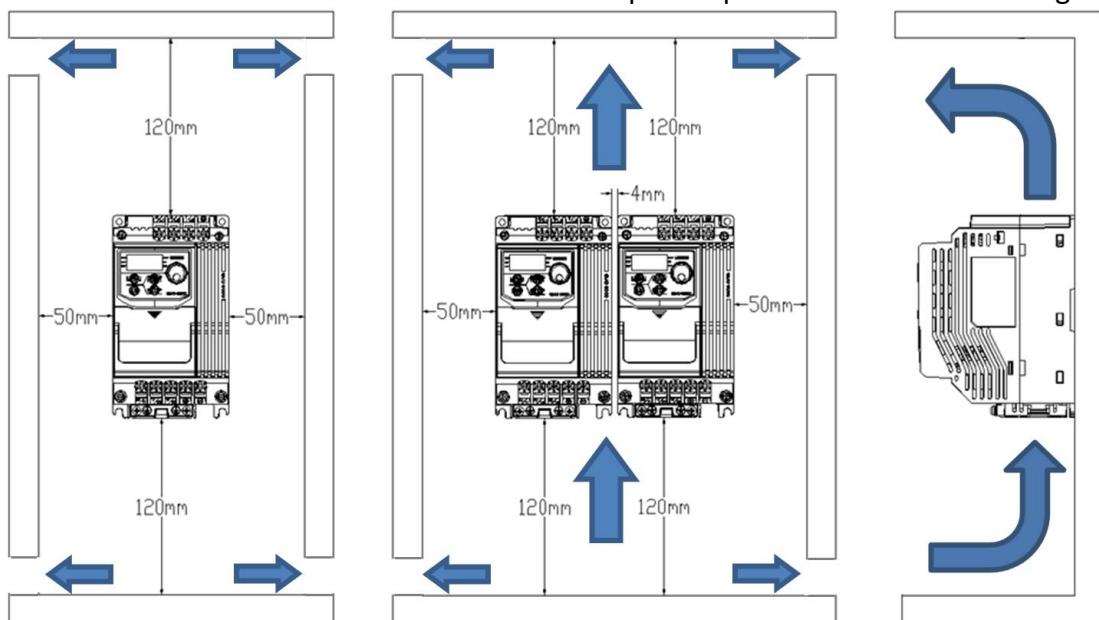
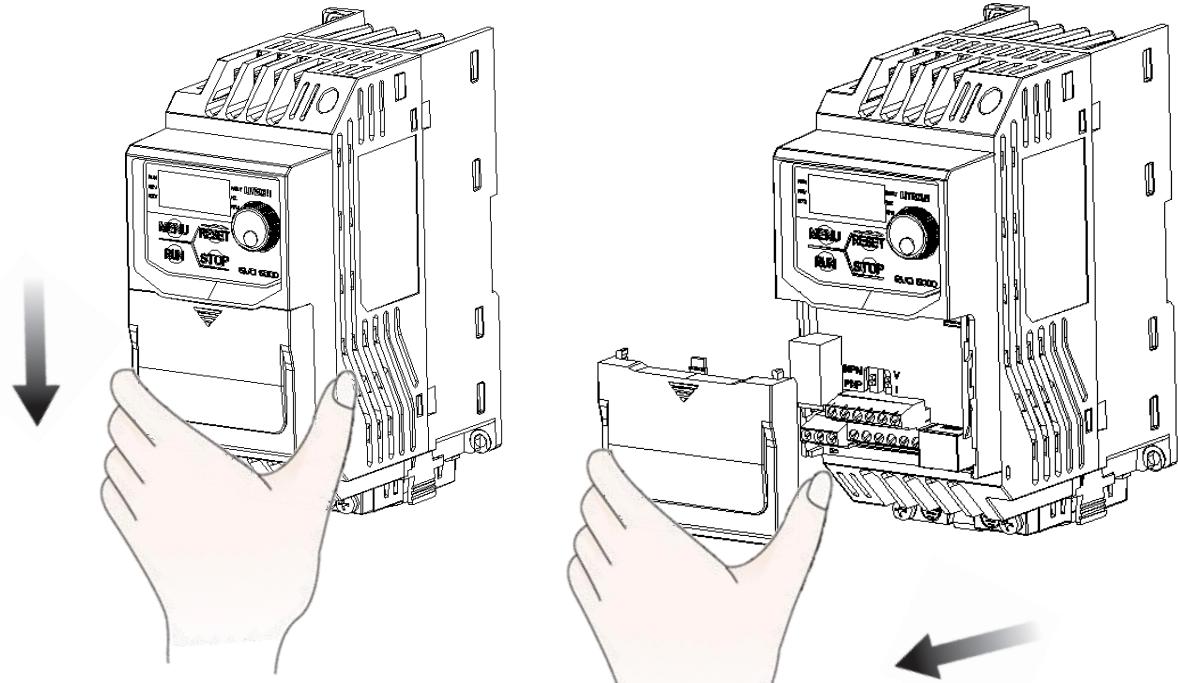


Figure 3.2 Installation Spacing Single

Note: When installing drives of different sizes, align the tops of the drives for easier cooling fan replacement.

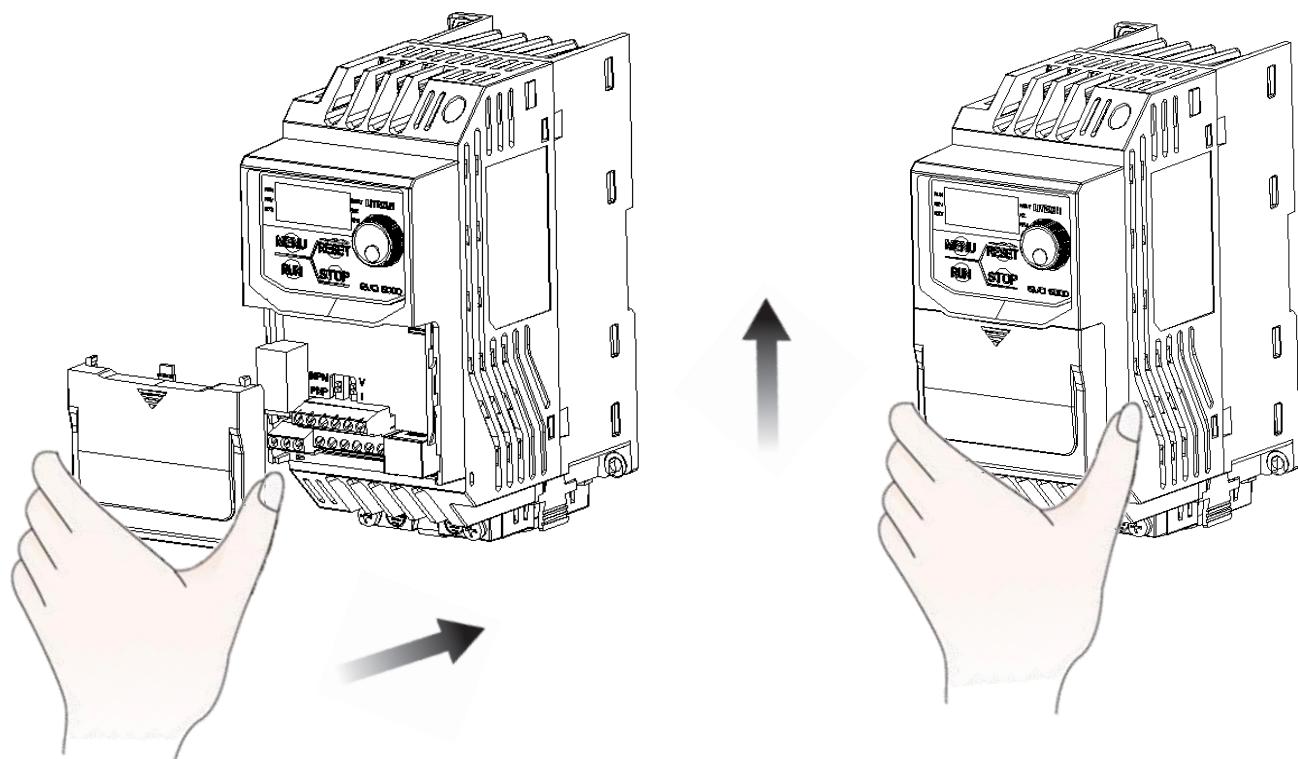
### 3.3 Keypad and Terminal Cover Installation

It is not necessary to remove the keypad before wiring. You just need to loosen the terminal cover screw and remove the terminal cover. After wiring, affix the terminal cover back in position and tighten the screw. For wiring instructions and screw tightening torque please refer to Chapter 4.



Step 1: Slide the terminal cover down

Step 2: Remove the terminal cover



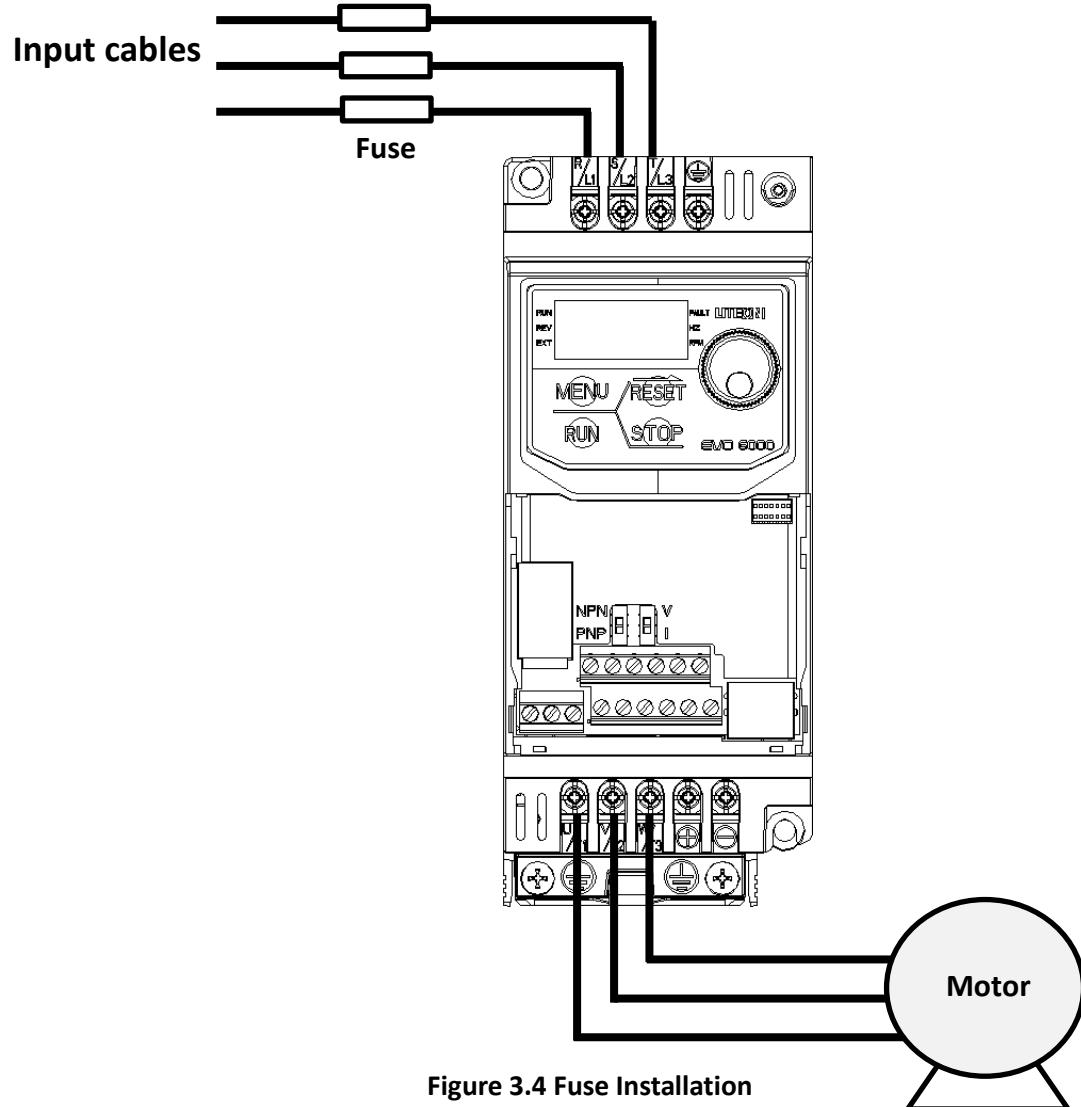
Step 3: Affix the terminal cover after wiring

Step 4: Slide the terminal up

## 3.4 Wiring Protection

### 3.4.1 Drive and Input Cable Protection for Short-Circuit Situations

Protect the drive and input power cable by using fuse in case potential short-circuit situations cause overheat. Please refer to the following figure for proper wiring.



### 3.4.2 Motors and Output Cable Protection for Short-Circuit Situations

If the output cables are properly selected according to the drive rated current, the drive itself is fully capable of protecting the motor and output cables in case of short-circuit situations.

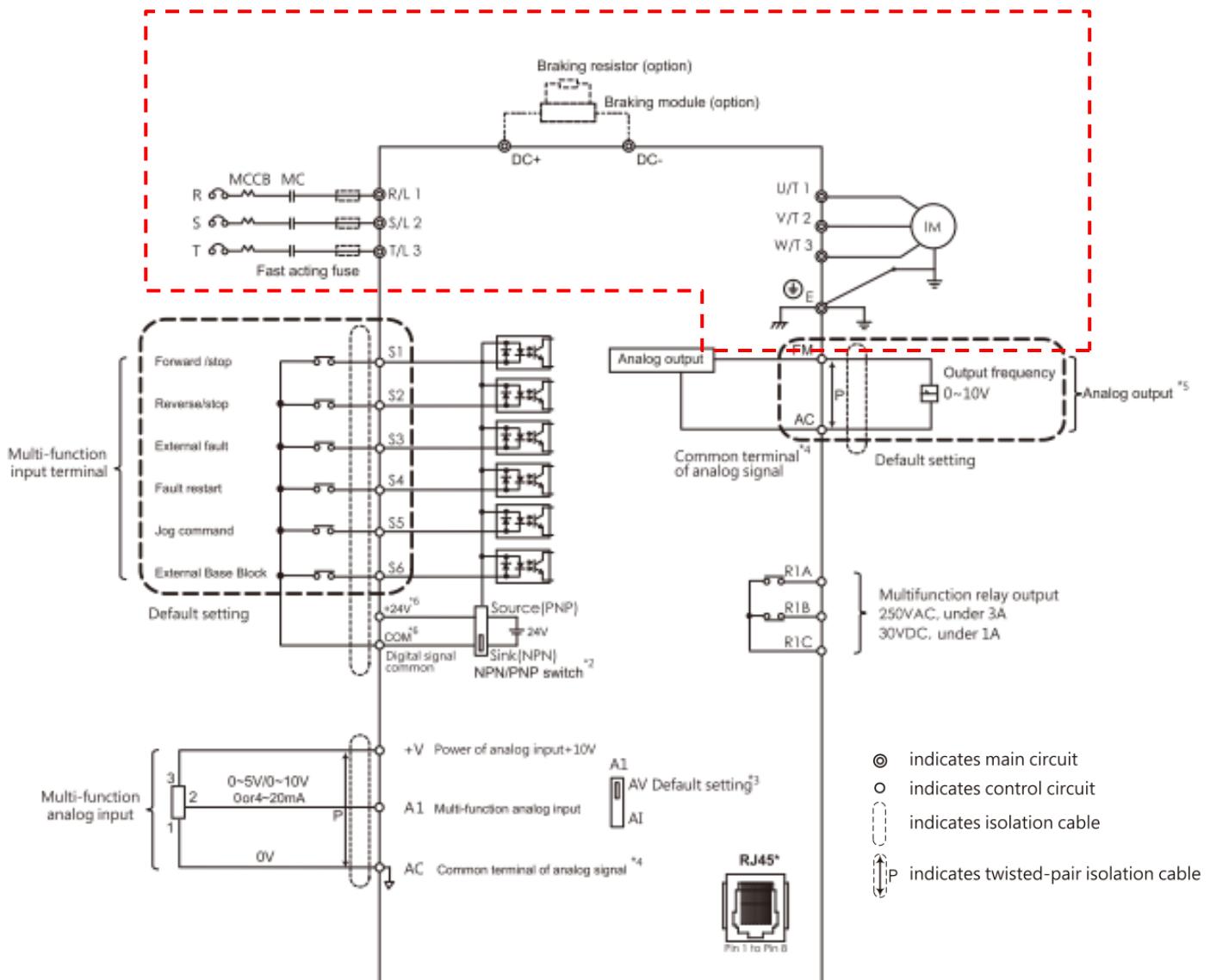
Note: If a single drive runs more than 1 motor, a separate thermal overload switch or a circuit breaker is required.

# Chapter 4 | Wiring

## 4.1 Wiring Safety

Caution
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Turn off all the power to the equipment before wiring. Wiring during power on could cause electrical shocks to personnel.</li><li>■ Allow only qualified personnel for installation, wiring, repairing and parts replacement.</li><li>■ Capacitors in the drive may still be charged for a short time after shutting off the power. Wait for the amount of time specified on the drive before any maintenance.</li><li>■ Never touch input or output power cables. Do not connect any circuit to drive enclosure.</li></ul>
Warning
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ Properly connect the motor ground terminal. Contacts between the motor ground terminal and motor enclosure could cause electrical shocks or a fire.</li><li>■ Ensure terminal screws are all tightened. Loose connection to the main circuit could cause overheating or a fire.</li><li>■ Verify if the rated voltage of the drive matches the voltage of the incoming power supply before applying power.</li><li>■ Perform all wiring as specified in the wiring diagrams provided when installing braking unit. Failure to comply could result in drive, braking unit or resistor damage or fire.</li><li>■ Do not disconnect the motor from the drive while the drive is outputting voltage.</li><li>■ Do not use unshielded cable for control circuit wiring. Failure to comply could cause abnormal operation of drive.</li><li>■ Use shielded twisted-pair cables and connect the shield to ground terminal of the drive.</li><li>■ Do not modify the drive circuits. Failure to comply could cause drive damage.</li><li>■ Ensure all connections are correct after connecting the drive with other devices.</li></ul>

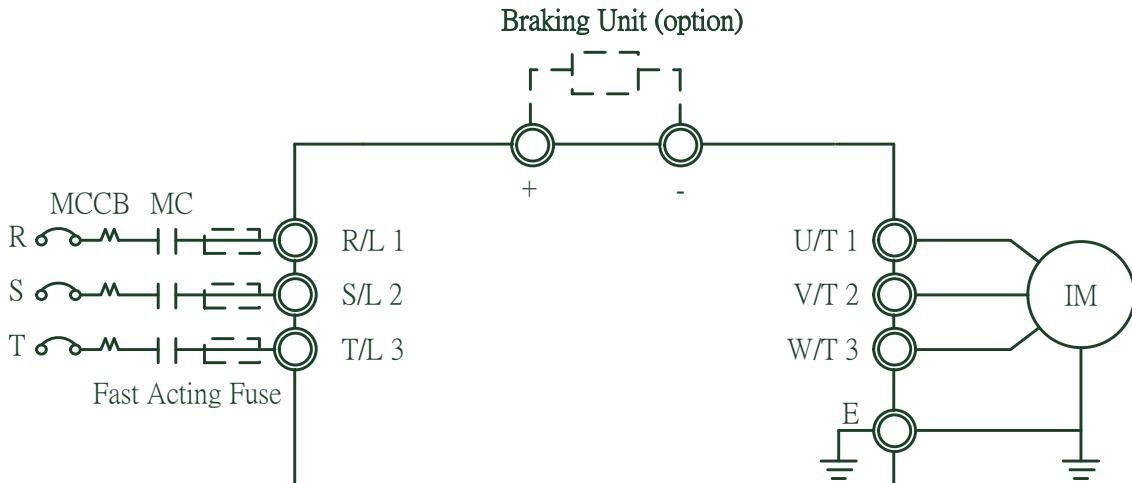
## 4.2 Main Circuit



### Note

- \*1. The RJ45 communication port support the build-in RS485 communication. The EVO6000P support RS485 communication terminal only.
- \*2. Multi-function analog input S1~S6 can be switched between Sink(NPN) or Source(PNP) mode. Default: NPN mode.
- \*3. A1 is used to set analog input as voltage input or current input.
- \*4. AC is common terminal of analog signal (Analog Common).
- \*5. Analog output is used to connect frequency meter, current meter, voltage meter and power meter.
- \*6. This manual includes the blueprint of our products in the future. For more precise specifications, please refer to the user manual that alongside with our products. If you have any question, please contact our authorized distributors or LITE-ON.
- \*7. The EVO6000P only has CE certifications.

## 4.2.1 Main Circuit Terminal



**Table 4.2.1 Main Circuit Terminals**

Terminal Name	Terminal Description
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	Power input terminal
U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	Power output terminal
+,-	Braking unit terminal. Select option as per the specifications.
E	Ground terminal

## 4.2.2 Main Circuit Wiring

### 4.2.2.1 Power Input Terminal

- Install a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) between three phase AC input power and main circuit terminals R/L1, S/L2 and T/L3. A magnetic contactor (MC) in series connection is also suggested so as to shut off the power by drive protection functions. Install a R-C varistor on both ends of the MC.
- Ensure main circuit terminal screws are tightened to avoid vibration loosening the screws which could cause electric sparks.

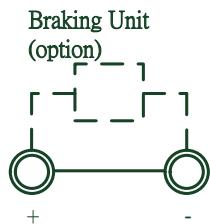
### 4.2.2.2 Power Output Terminal

- When connecting a noise filter at AC drive output terminals U/T1, V/T2 and W/T3, always use an inductive L-filter. Do not install any power capacitor, L-C or R-C filter.
- Connect AC drive output terminals U/T1, V/T2 and W/T3 to motor input terminals U, V and W respectively. Ensure the motor and drive terminals are in same phase sequence or the motor will rotate reversely.
- Do not connect power cable to output terminals of the drive. Failure to comply could cause

drive damage and a fire.

#### 4.2.2.3 Braking Unit Terminal:

- If the drive is used in a high-frequency or heavy duty application which requires frequent braking or shorter deceleration time, install an optional braking unit to increase the braking torque.



- Please refer to the wiring diagram when installing braking unit.

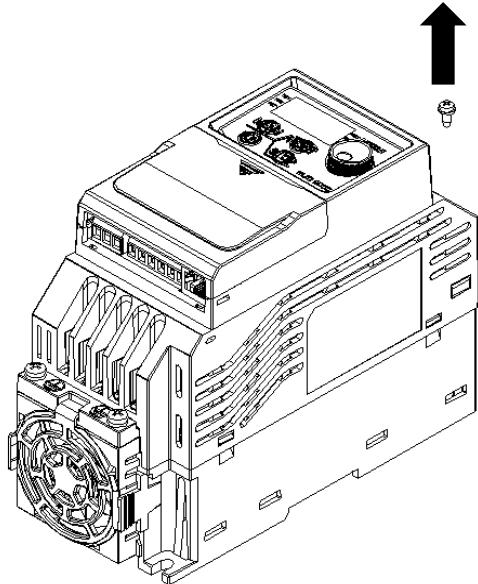
#### 4.2.2.4 Ground Terminal

- Use grounding cables of dimensions regulated by electrical equipment standard. Shrink wiring distance to prevent leakage current resulting unstable electrical potential at the terminal distant from grounding terminal.
- Do not use share the same grounding cable with welding machines or any device requiring large current. Failure to comply could cause drive or equipment malfunction.
- Do not wind the grounding cable when multiple drives are installed. Failure to comply could cause drive or equipment malfunction.
- Ensure the neutral of the input side and drive terminal "⏚" are grounded according to the local electrician regulations. 3WYE (e.g. TN and TT) system are suggested for the drive primary side.

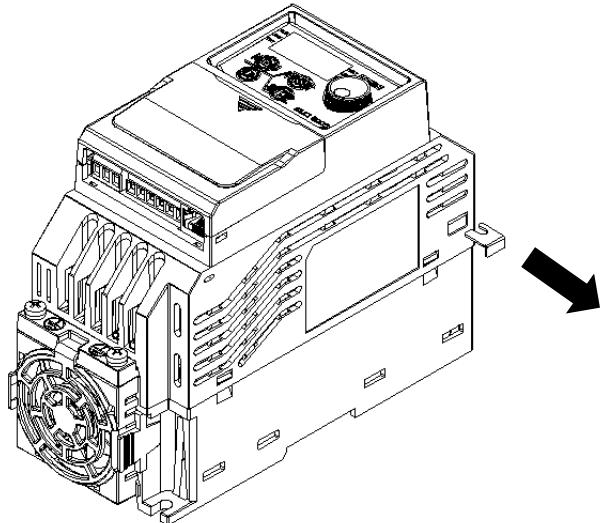
#### 4.2.2.5 Jumper

- EVO6000 complies with the European LVD standard EN 61800-5-1 (2007) reducing the touch current to below 10mA DC under testing condition regulated by IEC 60990 (1999).
- Follow the instructions below to remove the jumper if an even lower current leakage to a even lower level.
- Removing the jumper may increase the signal interference.

1. Front right corner of the machine, remove the screw using a screwdriver.



2. Remove the top right corner of the right side of the ground blade screw and save.



#### 4.2.3 Main Circuit Cable Size and Tightening Torque

Select the cables and crimp terminals according to Table 4.2.2.

1. The recommended cables(copper conductors) are 600 V vinyl-sheathed cables which has continuous temperature tolerance up to 75leakage to a even lower level. equipment malfunction.use drive or equipment malfunction.
2. Terminal + and - are only for connecting DC reactor and braking resistor options. Do not connect it to other devices.
3. Consider the amount of voltage drop when selecting cable sizes. Increase the cable size when the voltage drop exceeds 2% of the motor rated voltage. The amount of voltage drop can be calculated

using the following formula:

Line drop voltage (V) = 3  $\times$  voltage drop when selecting cable sizes. Increase the cable size<sup>3</sup>

**Table 4.2.2 Cable Size and Tightening Torque (Three-phase 400V & single phase 200V)**

Drive Frame	Terminal	USA		Europe & Asia		Terminal Screw Thread	kgf-cm (in-lbf)
		Suggested Cable Size AWG, kcmil	Applicable Cable Size AWG, kcmil	Suggested Cable Size mm <sup>2</sup>	Applicable Cable Size mm <sup>2</sup>		
Frame 1	R, S, T, U, V, W, PE	12	12 to 18	3.3	3.3 to 0.8	M3	16.1 (14)
Frame 2	R, S, T, U, V, W, PE	8	8 to 18	8.4	8.4 to 0.8	M4	18.3 (15.9)

Torque conversion (Note 1)

1 lbf.in (pound force inch) = 1.152 kgf.cm (kilogram force centimeter)

1 N.m (newton meter) = 10.2 kgf.cm (kilogram force centimeter)

Wire diameter unit (according to UL758 specifications) (Note 2)

AWG (American wire gauge) The smaller the AWG number, the thicker the total conductor diameter

Mm<sup>2</sup> (stranded conductor cross-sectional area unit) (Note 3)

Kcmil (cross-sectional area, 1000 times Circular Mil with MCM)

■ Please note the following items and be sure to follow the instructions:

1. The above torque and wire diameter are tested and certified by UL Safety Laboratory in the safe use range (UL certification force is 10% of the above table strength), if the screw is damaged due to excessive locking torque We apologize for the warranty of the company.
2. For all locking tools for locking terminal screws (screwdrivers and screwdrivers), please use the tools that meet the screw size specifications. If the screw cross hole damage does not work due to the tool not meeting the specifications, it is not covered by the warranty of the company. Forgive me.
3. All wiring specifications need to use copper wire with temperature resistance above 90 °C and meet the requirements of UL safety laboratory certification. If the machine is damaged due to the use of wire that does not meet the specifications and the safety concerns of use, the company cannot guarantee any matter.
4. Wire and product connection parts It is recommended to install and use the relevant wire diameter ring terminal to enhance the stability of wire use, to avoid the wire is not completely detached, resulting in safety concerns.
5. The end of the wire is connected with the ring terminal and the bare wire. If there is exposed wire at the wiring position, it is recommended to use UL safety laboratory certified withstand voltage gauge.The insulated heat shrinkable sleeve of the 600V YDPU2 covers the exposed copper wire part to avoid the danger of direct contact with the human body and increase the safety of use.

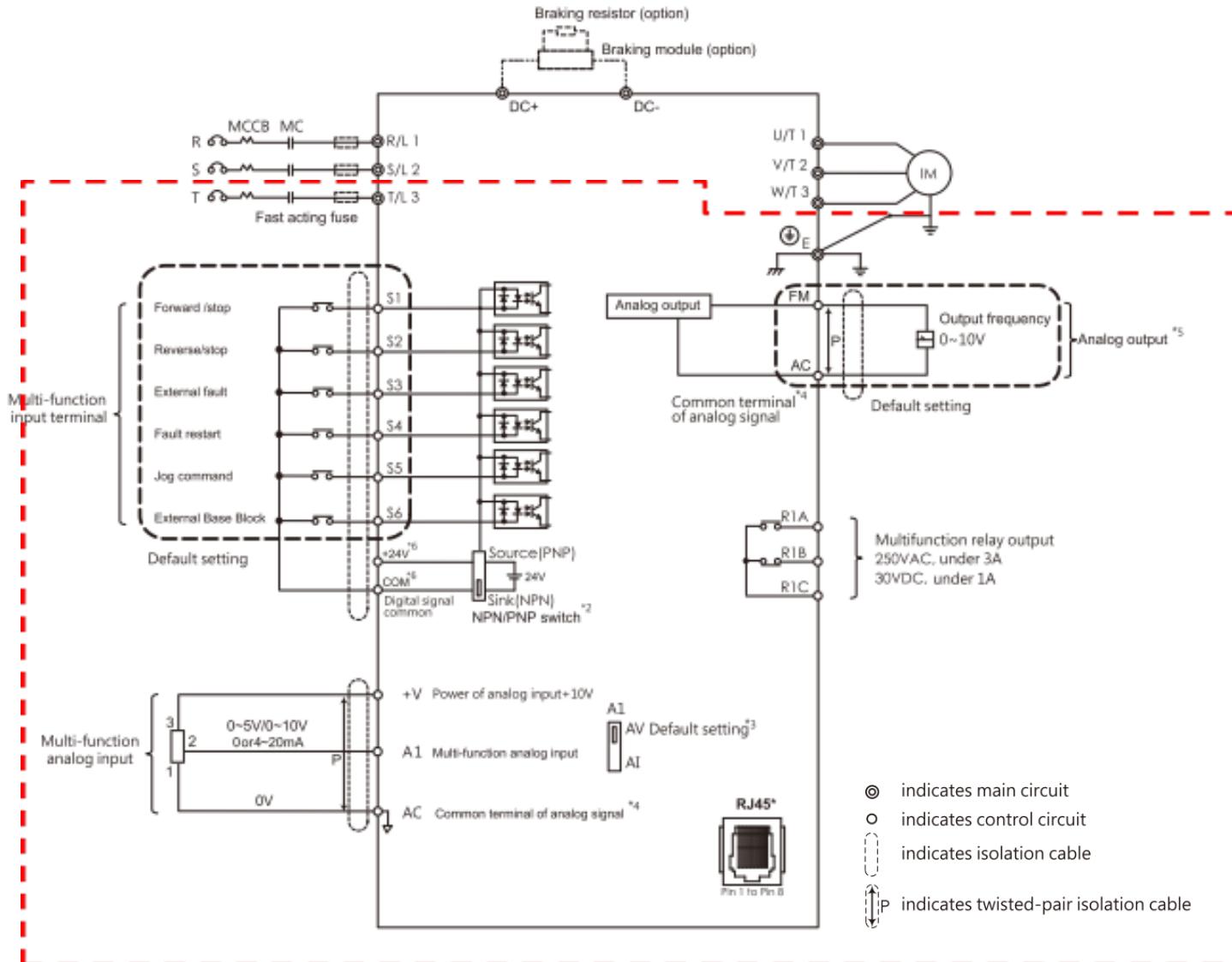
6. After the terminal is completed, please check whether the wire ends and the wire ends are installed correctly. Do not touch the wires across the distance to avoid the occurrence of machine damage. Human damage is not covered by the company's warranty, please forgive me.

7. Terminals UL Safety Laboratory Certification Number USA (XCFR2) and Canda (XCFR8) as part of the number E163737/E163040/E355499.

You can check the UL certification website at the following address:

<http://database.ul.com/cgi-bin/XYV/template/LISEXT/1FRAME/index.html>

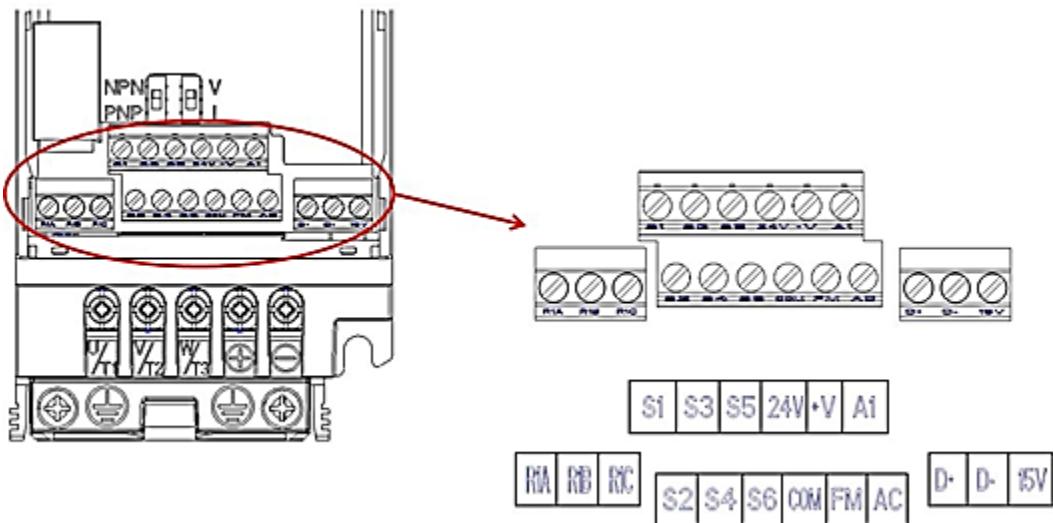
## 4.3 Control Circuit



### Note

- \*1. The RJ45 communication port support the build-in RS485 communication. The EVO6000P support RS485 communication terminal only.
- \*2. Multi-function analog input S1~S6 can be switched between Sink(NPN) or Source(PNP) mode. Default: NPN mode.
- \*3. A1 is used to set analog input as voltage input or current input.
- \*4. AC is common terminal of analog signal (Analog Common).
- \*5. Analog output is used to connect frequency meter, current meter, voltage meter and power meter.
- \*6. This manual includes the blueprint of our products in the future. For more precise specifications, please refer to the user manual that alongside with our products. If you have any question, please contact our authorized distributors or LITE-ON.
- \*7. The EVO6000P only has CE certifications.

### 4.3.1 Control Circuit Terminals



#### 4.3.1.1 Input Terminals

Table 4.3.1.1 Control Circuit Input Terminal

Terminal Type	Terminal Code	Terminal Name	Terminal Description
Multi-Function Digital Inputs	S1	Digital input terminal 1 (forward/stop)	Photocoupler, 24 V, 8 mA. Use NPN/PNP switch to select multi-function digital input type. The default is NPN mode.
	S2	Digital input terminal 2 (reverse/stop)	
	S3	Digital input terminal 3 (external fault 1)	
	S4	Digital input terminal 4 (fault reset)	
	S5	Digital input terminal 5 (Jog)	
	S6	Digital input terminal 6 (Baseblock)	
	24V	+24V auxiliary power terminal for analog input	+24V 25mA
	COM	Digital input common terminal for NPN/PNP mode switch. Select the mode correctly when connecting.	
Multi-Function Analog Inputs	+V	Auxiliary power terminal +10V	Analog input power+10V
	A1	Analog input terminal 1 (main frequency command)	Voltage input: 0 to 5V or 0 to 10V Impedance value: 32KΩ Current input: 0 or 4 to 20mA Impedance value: 250Ω
	PE	Ground terminal	The ground terminal for control signals to avoid interference. Use shielded cables only.
	AC	Common terminal for analog signals	

#### 4.3.1.2 Output Terminals

**Table 4.3.1.2 Control Circuit Output Terminals**

Terminal Type	Terminal Code	Terminal Name	Terminal Description
Multi-Function Relay Output	R1A	Relay 1 normal open	Relay output: DC 30 V, 1 A AC 250 V, 5 A
	R1B	Relay 1 normal closed	
	R1C	Relay 1 common	
Multi-Function Analog Output	FM	Programmable analog output terminal (output frequency)	Voltage Output: 0 to 10V Impedance value: 20KΩ
	AC	Analog common terminal	

<1> Do not assign frequent switching functions such as ON/OFF to terminals R, which may shorten the relay terminal life.

#### 4.3.2 Control Circuit Wiring

The applicable functions in parameter Group E can be assigned to multi-function digital inputs (S1 to S6), multi-function relay outputs (R1), multi-function analog input (A1) and multi-function analog output (FM). The default settings are listed in Figure 4.3.1.1 and Figure 4.3.1.2.

- For safety, always check the emergency stop operation after wiring. Emergency stop circuit is necessary to stop the drive immediately in a safe manner to prevent any injuries.
- Do not remove the drive covers or touch the circuit boards when the power is on. Failure to comply could cause electrical shocks to personnel.
- Separate control circuit wiring from main circuit wiring and other power lines. Failure to comply could cause drive malfunction.
- Insulate shielded cable with tape to avoid contact with equipment and other signal lines. Improper insulation could cause drive or equipment malfunction.
- Always use shielded twisted-pair cables to prevent drive and equipment malfunction caused by electrical interference.
- Ground the shield to the ground terminal of drive. Failure to comply could cause erroneous operation or damage to the drive and equipment. Wire ground terminal and main circuit terminals before wiring control circuit terminals.

#### 4.3.3 Control Circuit Cable Size and Tightening Torque

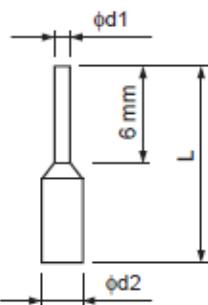
Select the cable according to Table 4.3.3.1. Use crimp ferrules on the cable ends for simpler and more reliable wiring.

**Table 4.3.3.1 Cable Size and Tightening Torque**

Terminal	Bare Cable		Ferrule-Type Terminal		kgf-cm(in-lbf)	Cable Type
	Suggested Size mm <sup>2</sup> ( AWG )	Applicable Size mm <sup>2</sup> ( AWG )	Suggested Size mm <sup>2</sup> ( AWG )	Applicable Size mm <sup>2</sup> ( AWG )		
S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, COM, 24V, +V,A1, AC, FM, PE	0.26 ~ 1.31 (23 ~ 16)	0.13 ~ 2.08 (26 ~ 14)	0.41 ~ 1 (17 ~ 21)	1.3 ~ 0.3 (22 ~ 16)	5.1-8.1 (4.4- 7in-lbf)	Shielded cable, etc.
R1A, R1B, R1C	0.26 ~ 1.65 (23 ~ 15)	0.13 ~ 3.31 (26 ~ 12)	3.31 (12)	0.13 ~ 3.31 (26~12)	5.1-8.1 (4.4- 7in-lbf)	Shielded cable, etc.

#### 4.3.4 Ferrule-Type Terminals

Always use ferrule-type terminals with insulated sleeves. Refer to Table 4.3.3.2. for dimensions. In addition, crimping tool CRIMPFOXZA-3 manufactured by Phoenix Contact is recommended.



**Table 4.3.3.2 Ferrule-Type Terminal Models and Sizes**

Cable Size mm <sup>2</sup> ( AWG )	Type	L ( mm )	d1 ( mm )	d2 ( mm )	Manufacturer
0.25 ( 24 )	AI 0.25-6YE	10.5	0.8	2	Phoenix Contact
0.34 ( 22 )	AI 0.34-6TQ	10.5	0.8	2	Phoenix Contact
0.5 ( 20 )	AI 0.56-WH	14	1.1	2.5	Phoenix Contact

## 4.4 I/O Connections

### 4.4.1 NPN and PNP Mode Selection

Use Sink/Source DIP switch on the control board to set NPN/PNP (Sink/ Source) mode for multi-function digital inputs S1 to S6. (Default: NPN mode)

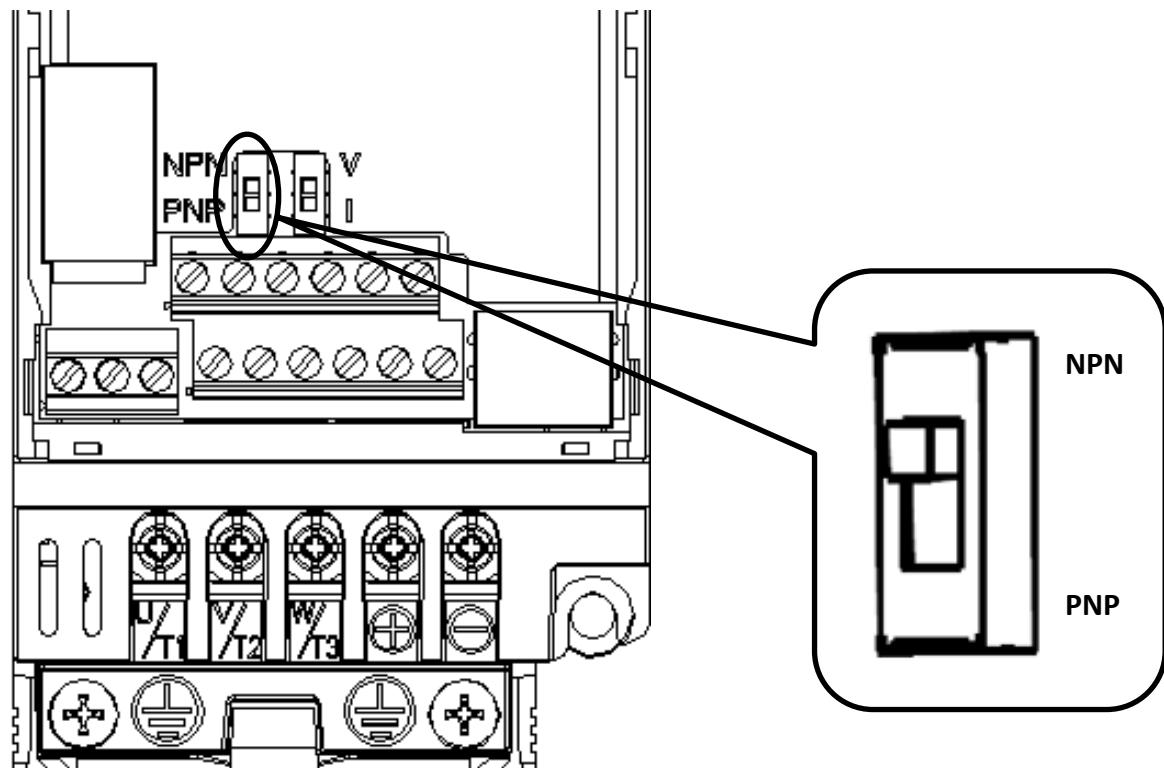


Figure 4.4.1 NPN/PNP (Sink/Source) DIP Switch

#### 4.4.2 Terminal A1 Voltage/Current Input Selection

Select voltage or current input at terminal A1

- To select current as the input type, set DIP switch A1 to I and set parameter E3-00 to 0 (0 to 20 mA) or 1 (4 to 20 mA).
- To select voltage as the input type, set DIP switch A1 to V and set parameter E3-00 to 2 (0 to 10 V) or 3 (0 to 5 V).

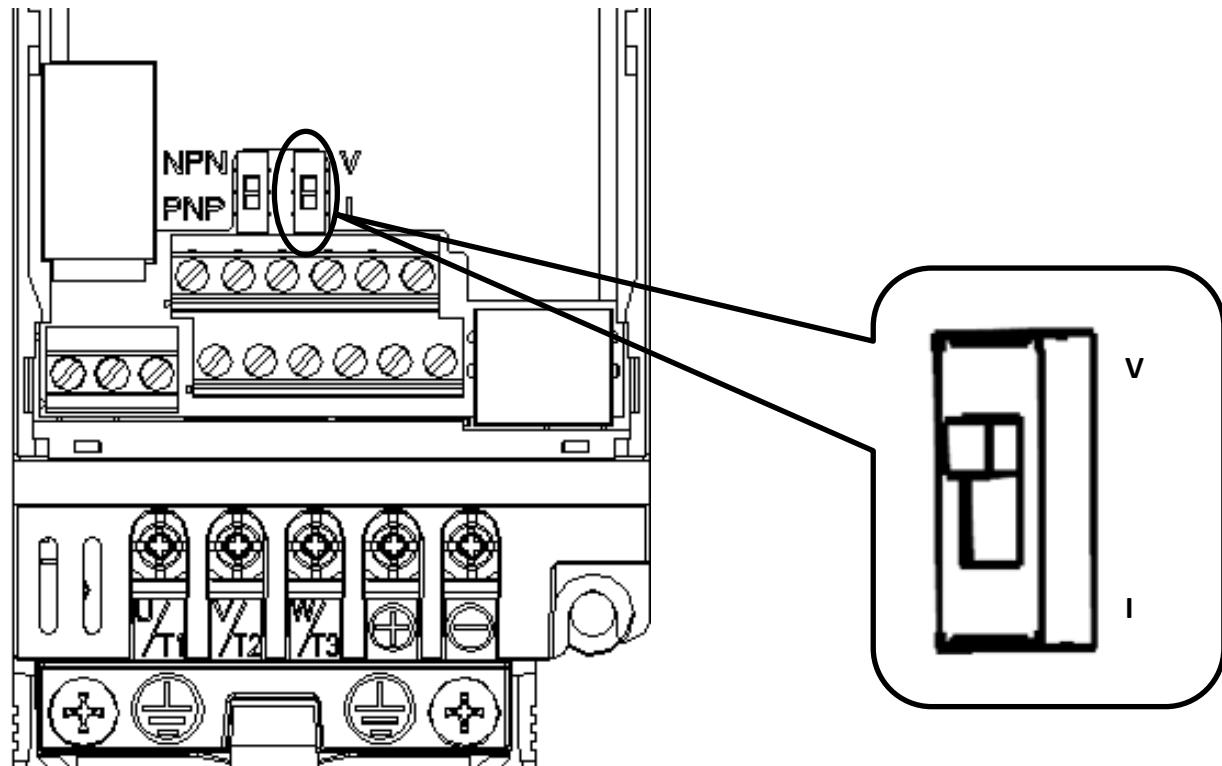


Figure 4.4.2 DIP Switch A1

Table 4.4.1 DIP Switch A1 Settings (Terminal A1)

Setting	Description
V	Voltage input (0 to 10 V (default) or 0 to 5 V)
I	Current input (4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA)

## 4.5 Wiring Checklist

**Table 4.6 Wiring Checklist**

<input type="checkbox"/>	No.	Item	Page
<b>Power Supply Voltage and Output Voltage</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	Power supply voltage is within the voltage range of specified drive input.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	The motor voltage matches the drive output specifications.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	The drive rating matches the motor rating.	
<b>Main Circuit Wiring</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	An MCCB of proper specifications is connected between the drive and motor.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	5	Power cables are correctly connected to drive input terminals R/L1, S/L2 and T/L3.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	6	Motor terminals and drive terminals U/T1, V/T2 and W/T3 are in same phase sequence. (Otherwise the motor will rotate reversely)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	7	Power supply and motor power cable complies with electrician regulations.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	8	The drive is properly grounded.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	9	Drive terminal screws of the main circuit and ground are tightened.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	10	An MC is installed for each motor if a single drive runs more than one motor.	
		<p>Note: Set MC1 to MCn OFF before operating the drive. Do not switch MC1 to MCn ON or OFF during run.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	11	When using a braking resistor or braking unit, an MC is installed on the drive input side and able to shut off the power to drive when overloaded.	
<b>Control Circuit Wiring</b>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	12	Twisted-pair cables are used for all drive control circuit wiring.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	13	Shielded cables are connected to the terminals.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	14	Options (if any) are properly installed.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	15	No wiring mistakes.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	16	Do not use a buzzer to check wiring.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	17	The control circuit terminal screws are tightened.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	18	No cable clippings or screws are left inside the drive enclosure.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	19	Control circuit wiring and main circuit wiring are separated.	

# Chapter 5 | Keypad and Parameters

## 5.1 Keypad

Use the keypad to enter RUN and STOP commands, display data, fault, alarm and set parameters.

### 5.1.1 Keys and Displays



Figure 5.3.1.1 Keypad

**Table 5.1.1.2 Keypad Keys and Displays**

No	Display	Name	Function
1		MENU Key	■ Enters or exits the parameter group ■ Switches the displayed menu
2		RUN Key	Forward/reverse selection
3		STOP Key	Stops the drive. Refer to Table 5.1.2.2
4		RESET Key	■ Moves the cursor to the right Resets the drive to clear a fault situation
5		Non-Slip Setting Dial	Press it as “ENTER” key: ■ Enters parameter value, parameter and setting ■ Enters parameter setting menu. ■ Confirms the frequency set by the dial Press it as “Dial”key: Increases or decreases parameter numbers, setting value and frequency
6		RUN Light	Refer to Table 5.1.2.2
7		REV Light	Refer to Table 5.1.2.2
8		EXT Light	Refer to Table 5.1.2.2
9		Fault Light	Refer to Table 5.1.2.2
10		Hz Light	Refer to Table 5.1.2.2
11		RPM Light	Refer to Table 5.1.2.2

## 5.1.2 Keypad Display

### 5.1.2.1 LED Display

**Table 5.1.2.1 LED Display**

Number /Letter	LED Display	Number /Letter	LED Display	Number /Letter	LED Display	Number /Letter	LED Display
0		9		i		r	
1		A		J		s	
2		b		K	Nil	t	
3		c		L		U	
4		d		M	Nil	v	
5		E		n		w	Nil
6		F		o		x	Nil
7		G		P		y	Nil
8		H		q	Nil	z	Nil

### 5.1.2.2 LED Indication

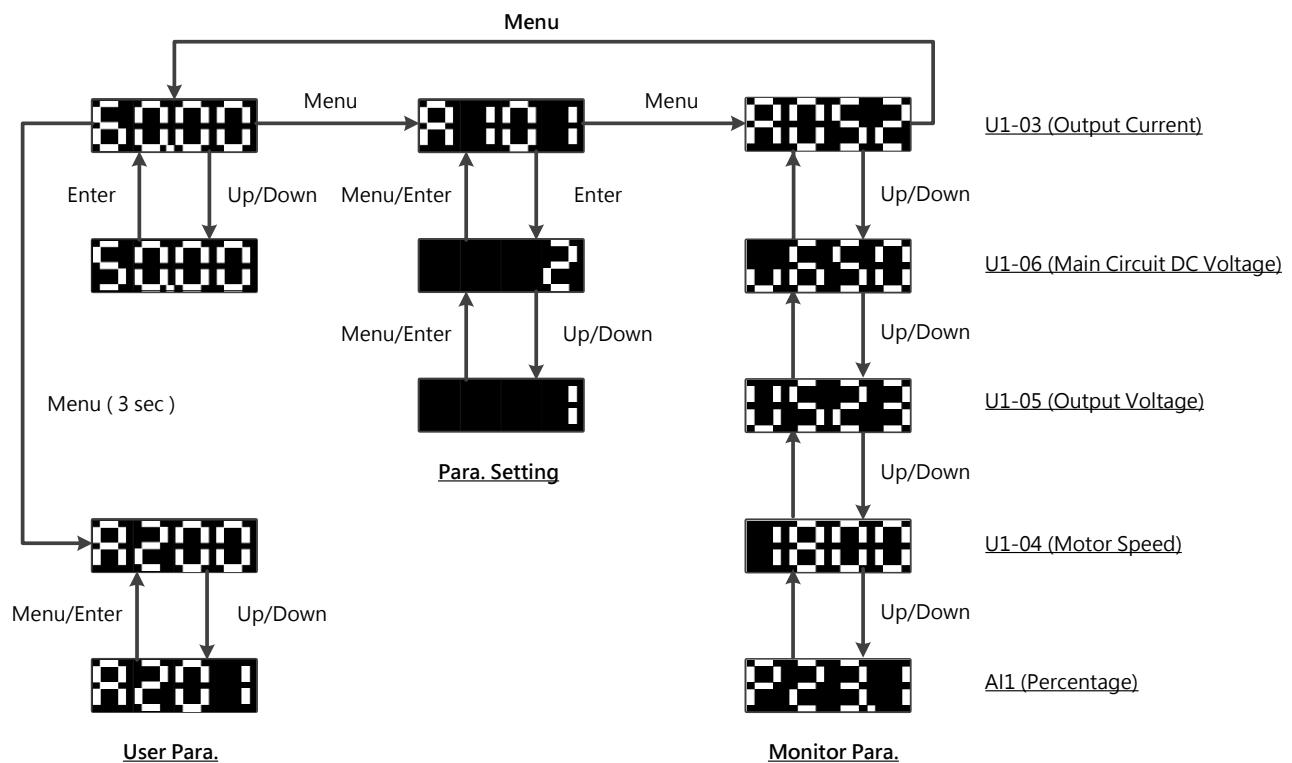
**Table 5.1.2.2 LED Indication**

Indicator Light	Lit	Blinking	Off
	Drive in operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Drive in deceleration</li> <li>■ Output frequency below the minimum frequency</li> </ul>	Drive not in operation
	Rotating reversely	Nil	Nil
	Allows Run commands only from a remote source	Nil	Nil
	During fault	Nil	Normal operation
	Displaying output frequency	Nil	Nil
	Displaying output speed	Nil	Nil

### 5.1.3 Keypad Programming

#### ■ Keypad Display Menu Structure

- A. Standard setting mode: Press MENU to switch among monitor group, A1-00 parameter group and A2-00 user-defined parameter group. Press ENTER, MENU, Non-slip setting dial, and RESET to monitor and edit settings.
  - B. Holding MENU for 3 seconds for entering User Parameter A2-00
  - C. During-operation setting mode: Durirng operation in Local mode, use the non-slip setting dial to change the drive output frequency.
  - D. Holding Non-slip setting dial for 3 seconds in menu level can enter forward and reverse switching page, for more detail please refer to parameter b1-13.



## 5.2 Parameter List

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
<b>Group A, Initialization</b>			
A1: Basic Settings			
A1-01 <4>	Access Level Selection	Selects access level ( edit /view) 0: View Only Access to only parameter A1-01. 1: User-Defined Parameter Access Access to only parameter A1-01 and A2-00 to A2-15. 2: All Parameter Access All parameters can be edited and viewed	Default: 2 Min.: 0 Max.: 2
A1-02	Control Method Selection	0: Open-Loop V/F Control 1: Sensorless Voltage Vector Control (SVVC) (Open-Loop)	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
A1-03	Reset	0: No initialization 2520: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 200V 2522: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 220V 2523: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 230V 2620: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 200V 2622: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 220V 2623: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 230V 3520: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 200V 3522: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 220V 3523: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 230V 3620: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 200V 3622: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 220V 3623: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 230V 2538: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 380V 2541: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 415V 2544: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 440V 2546: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 460V 2638: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 380V 2641: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 415V 2644: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 440V 2646: Resets 2-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 460V 3538: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 380V 3541: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 415V 3544: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 440V	Default: 0 Range: 0~9999

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
		3546: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 50Hz / 460V 3638: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 380V 3641: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 415V 3644: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 440V 3646: Resets 3-Wire Sequence / 60Hz / 460V	
A1-04	Password	Set password to parameter A1-05 and enter the password to parameter A1-04 to unlock it.	Default: 0000 Min.: 0000 Max.: 9999
A1-05	Password Setting	Parameters A1-01 to A1-03, A1-06, A2-01 to A2-15 cannot be edited until correct password is entered to A1-04	
A1-07 <10>	Pump mode enable selection	Set whether the pump mode is ON 0: Standard mode 1: Pump mode (single pump)<8> Only FW version 1.53 or later is supported	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1 Unit: -

#### A2: User-Defined Parameters

A2-00 to A2-15	User-Defined Parameters 1 to 16	Selects up to 16 parameters and assigns them to parameter A2-00 to A2-15. Saved parameters can be viewed in User-Defined Parameter Access. To assign specific parameters to A2-00 to A2-15, set parameter A1-01 to 2. The saved parameters A2-00 to A2-15 can only be viewed if A1-01 is set to 1 <b>Can be modified during running period</b>			Range: A1-00 to F1-25
		Parameter	Default	Name	
		A2-00	b1-00	Frequency command selection	
		A2-01	b1-01	Operation command selection	
		A2-02	C1-00	Acceleration time 1	
		A2-03	C1-01	Deceleration time 1	
		A2-04	C3-00	Torque compensation gain	
		A2-05	d1-02	Maximum output frequency	
		A2-06	d1-03	Maximum output voltage	
		A2-07	d1-04	Basic motor frequency	

Parameter	Name	Description			Setting Range
		A2-08	d1-05	Basic motor voltage	
		A2-09	o2-06	Motor running direction	
		A2-10	b1-10	Power ON/OFF selection	
		A2-11	E2-00	Relay1 function selection	
		A2-12	E3-00	Analog A1 input level	
		A2-13	E3-01	Analog A1 function	
		A2-14	-		
		A2-15	-		
A2-32	User-Defined Parameter Automatic Save	Saves the most recently edited parameters. 0: Do not save list of recently edited parameters 1: A2-08~A2-15 automatic registration is valid (At this time, A2-08 ~ A2-15 cannot be set manually) It can be modified during operation.			Default: 0 Range: 0, 1

### Group b, Application

#### b1: Operation Mode Selection

b1-00	Frequency Command Selection 1	0: Keypad 1: Control Circuit Terminal (Analog Input) 2: Terminal Up/Down 3: Modbus Communication	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 3
b1-01	Run Command Selection 1	0: Keypad 1: Control Circuit Terminal (Sequence Control Input) 2: Modbus Communication	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 2
b1-02	Stopping Method Selection	0: Ramp to Stop 1: Coast to Stop 2: DC Braking to Stop 3: Coast to Stop with Timer	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 3
b1-03	Reverse Rotation Selection	0: Reverse Rotation Enabled Drive accepts a run command of both forward and reverse directions 1: Reverse Rotation disabled Drive can accept only run command of forward direction	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
b1-05	Run Command Action after Switch	0: Ignore Active Run Command at the New Source	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
		<p>If a Run command at the new source is active, the drive will not start or the drive will stop operation if it was running when switching from the old source to the new source. The drive can start only when the Run command is removed and given again.</p> <p>1: Accept Active Run Command at the New Source</p> <p>If a run command at the new source is active, the drive will accept it and run the motor immediately right after switching from the old source to the new source.</p>	
b1-06	Run Command Selection during Programming	<p>0: Run command disabled during Programming</p> <p>1: Run command enabled during Programming</p> <p>2: Prohibit programming during run The programming mode cannot be displayed during run except for monitoring parameter Group U.</p>	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 2
b1-07 <7>	Frequency Command Selection 2	<p>0: Keypad</p> <p>1: Control Circuit Terminal (Analog Input)</p> <p>2: Terminal Up/Down</p> <p>3: Modbus Communication</p>	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 3
b1-09 <7>	Frequency superposition Selection	<p>0 : Disabled</p> <p>1 : Enabled</p>	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
b1-10	Run Command at Power up	<p>Determines to accept or ignore an active Run command from Remote during power up.</p> <p>0: Ignore Drive ignores an active run command during power up</p> <p>1: Accept Drive accepts an active run command at power up and runs the motor immediately.</p>	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1
b1-11	Retained		
b1-12	Local/ Remote switching Enable during Operating	<p>0 :Disabled</p> <p>1 :Enabled</p>	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
b1-13	Forward and Reverse Selection from Keypad	0 :Disabled 1 :Enabled	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
<b>b2: DC Braking</b>			
b2-00	Zero Speed Holding (DC Braking) Start Level	Sets the start frequency for Zero Speed Holding (DC braking). Enabled when b1-02 (Stopping Method Selection) is set to 0 (Ramp to Stop)	Default: 0.5Hz Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: d1-02
b2-01	DC Braking Current	Sets the DC braking current as a percentage of the drive rated current	Default: 0% Min.: 0% Max.: 100%
b2-02	DC Braking Time at Start	Sets the DC braking time at start to stop a coasting motor before restarting it or to apply braking torque at start when high starting torque is needed.  Disabled when set to 0.00.	Default: 0.00 s Min.: 0.00 s Max.: 99.99 s
b2-03	DC Braking Time at Stop	Sets the DC braking time at stop to stop a motor rotating with high inertia.  Disabled when set to 0.00.	Default: 0.00s Min.: 0.00 s Max.: 99.99 s
<b>b3: Speed Search</b>			
b3-00	Speed Search Setting	0 :Disabled 1 :Enabled and searched from the highest frequency 2 : Enabled and searched from the frequency command	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 2
b3-01	Speed Search Operating Current	Sets the current level as a percentage of the drive rated current below which Speed Search is deactivated.	Default: 120% Min.: 30 % Max.: 140%
b3-02 <7>	Voltage Recovery Time	Sets the search speed in the output voltage restoring to the time set v / f voltage curve required	Default: 0.6s Min.: 0.3s Max.: 5.0s
b3-04 <7>	Speed search deceleration time	Sets the search speed in the deceleration time (The maximum output frequency to the minimum output frequency deceleration time)	Default: 2.0s Min.: 0.1s Max.: 10.0s

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
b3-05 <7>	Search speed in V / f	In order to reduce the speed of search output current by the V / f curve calculated by multiplying the voltage set value b3-05 by adjusting the setting, the speed can be suppressed search output current.	Default: 100% Min.: 10 % Max.: 100%
b4 : Timer Function			
b4- 00 <7>	Timer Function On-Delay Time	Sets the on-delay and off-delay time to switch on/off the timer output.	Default: 0.1 s Min.: 0.1 s Max.: 3000.0 s
b4- 01 <7>	Timer Function Off-Delay Time		Default: 0.1 s Min.: 0.1 s Max.: 3000.0 s
b5: PID Control			
b5-00	PID Control Setting	0 : PID Control Disabled 1 : PID Control Enabled (D Control for Deviation Signal U4-01) 2 : PID Control Enabled (D Control for Feedback Signal U4-05) 3 : PID Control Enabled (Frequency Command + PID Output from D Controlled Deviation) 4 : PID Control Enabled (Frequency Command + PID Output from D Controlled Feedback) 5 : PID Control Disabled · but b5-14/b5-15 (PID Sleep) and b5-29/b5-30(PID Wake-up) Enabled	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 5
b5-01	Proportional Gain Setting (P)	Sets the P gain for PID input.	Default: 1.00 Min.: 0.00 Max.: 25.00
b5-02 <4>	Integral Time Setting (I)	Deviation appears between PID target value and feedback value when using only proportional control. To reduce the deviation, set integral time (I).	Default: 1.0 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 360.0 s
b5-03 <4>	Integral Time (I) Limit Setting	Sets the maximum output from the I (integral) control as a percentage of the maximum frequency (d1-02)	Default: 100.0% Min.: 0.0% Max.: 100.0%
b5-04 <4>	Derivative Time (D)	Sets derivative time for D control.	Default: 0.00 s Min.: 0.00 s Max.: 10.00 s

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
b5-05 <4>	PID Output Limit	Sets the maximum output from PID control as a percentage of the maximum frequency.	Default: 100.0% Min.: 0.0% Max.: 100.0%
b5-06 <4>	PID Bias Voltage Adjustment	Sets the PID bias voltage adjustment as a percentage of the maximum frequency to add to the PID control output.	Default: 0.0% Min.: -100% Max.: 100.0%
b5-07 <4>	PID Primary Delay Time	Sets the delay time for the PID output filter.	Default: 0.00 s Min.: 0.00 s Max.: 10.00 s
b5-08	PID Output Selection	0 : Normal PID Output 1 : Reverse PID Output Reverses the +/- sign of the PID output	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1
b5-09	PID Output Gain	Sets a PID output gain	Default: 1.00 Min.: 0.00 Max.: 25.00
b5-10	PID Output Reverse Selection	Determines whether or not a negative PID output reverses the drive rotating direction. 0 : Reverse Disabled 1 : Reverse Enabled	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1
b5-11	PID Feedback Low /High Detection Selection	0 : Multi-Function Output Only 1 : Feedback Low /High Alarm The drive continues operation when an alarm is displayed) 2 : Feedback Low /High Fault A fault will cause the drive to stop the motor. 3 : Multi-Function Output only when PID is Disabled Same action as b5-11=0. 4 : Feedback Low /High Alarm (detection disabled when PID is disabled) 5 : Feedback Low /High Fault (detection disabled when PID is disabled) 6 : Multi-Function Output (Keep running without an alarm displayed) 7 : Multi-Function Output Only (detection working when drive running or not)	Min: 0 Min.: 0 Max: 7
b5-12	PID Feedback Low Detection Level	Sets the PID feedback level used for detection. When the PID feedback falls below this level for longer than the time set to b5-13, PID feedback loss will be detected.	Default: 0% Min.: 0% Max.: 100%

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
b5-13	PID Feedback Low Detection Time	Sets the PID feedback time used for detection. When the PID feedback falls below the level set to b5-12 for longer than this time, PID feedback loss will be detected.	Default: 1.0 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 25.5 s
b5-14	PID Sleep Start Level	Sets the PID level to trigger the drive to sleep.	Default: 0.0Hz Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: <5>
b5-15	PID Sleep Delay Time	Sets the delay time used to activate/deactivate the PID Sleep function.	Default: 0.0 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 25.5 s
b5-16	PID Command Acc./Dec. Time	Sets the PID command acceleration /deceleration time used for PID target.	Default: 0.0 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 20.0 s
b5-17	PID Target Selection	0 :PID Target Disabled 1 :PID Target Enabled	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
b5-18	PID Target Value	Sets the PID target value as a percentage of the maximum output frequency when b5-17 is set to 1. Disabled when b5-17=0	Default: 0.00% Min.: 0.00% Max.: 99.99%
b5-19	PID Target Value Units	0 : 0.01Hz 1 : 0.01% (Maximum Frequency is 100%) 2 : r/min. (Number of Motor Poles must be set) 3 : User Defined (Defined by b5-24 and b5-25)	Default: 1 Min.: 0 Max.: 3
b5-20	PID Output	Sets the lower limit as a percentage of the maximum output frequency set in d1-02 for PID output.	Default: 0.0% Min.: -100% Max.: 100.0%
<7>	Min.		
b5-21	PID Input Limit	The higher PID Input value is, the higher PID output value will be. Sets this parameter to limit the PID input value.	Default: 1000% Min.: 0.0% Max.: 1000%
<7>			
b5-22 <7>	PID Feedback High Detection Level	Sets the PID feedback to exceed the detected value with the highest output frequency of 100%.	Default: 100% Min.: 0% Max.: 100%
b5-23	PID Feedback High Detection Time	Sets the time for PID feedback high detection. PID feedback high will be detected when the feedback exceeds the level set in b5-22 for longer than the time set in b5-23.	Default: 1.0 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 25.5 s

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
b5-24	PID Target Display Value	Sets a value to display to U4-00 and U4-03 when the drive runs at the maximum output frequency	Determined by b5-19 Min.: 1 Max.: 9999
b5-25	PID Target Display Digits	Sets the number of decimal places to display. 0 : No Decimal Places 1 : 1 Decimal Place 2 : 2 Decimal Places 3 : 3 Decimal Places	Determined by b5-19 Min.: 0 Max.: 3
b5-26 <7>	Frequency Command Display During PID	0 : Displays frequency command after the PID compensation 1 : Displays frequency command before the PID compensation.	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1
b5-27 <7>	PID Output Direction	Sets the direction when PID output value is minus. 0 : Reverse is not allowed 1 : Reverse is allowed	Default: 1 Min.: 0 Max.: 1
b5-28	PID Disconnection Output Frequency	When a PID feedback disconnection alarm occurs, the drive will run at the frequency set to b5-28, and return to PID control when disconnection alarm is reset.	Default: 30.0 Hz Min.:0.0Hz Max.: <5>
b5-29 <7>	PID Wake-up Level	Sets the PID Wake-up level	Default:0.0 Hz Min.:0.0 Hz Max.:<5>
b5-30 <7>	PID Wake-up delay time	Sets the PID Wake-up delay time	Default: 0.0 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 25.5 s
b9 : Zero speed DC brake function			
b9-02	Zero speed DC braking enabled	0: off 1: open	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1 Unit: -
b9-03	Zero speed DC braking time	Set the zero speed DC function actuation time	Default: 0.1 s Min.:0 s Max.:99.99 s Unit:0.01 s
<b>Group C, Tuning</b>			
C1: Acc./Dec. Time			
C1-00 <4>	Acceleration	Sets the time that the drive accelerates from	Default: 10.0 s

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
	Time 1	0Hz to the maximum output.	Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 3600 s
C1-01 <4>	Deceleration Time 1	Sets the time that the drive decelerates from the maximum output to 0Hz.	
C1-02 <4>	Acceleration Time 2	Sets the time that the drive accelerates from 0Hz to the maximum output.	
C1-03 <4>	Deceleration Time 2	Sets the time that the drive decelerates from the maximum output to 0Hz.	
C1-08	Fast Stop Time	Sets the time to stop the drive faster.	
C1-11	Jog Acc. Time	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 Hz to Jog Frequency Command (L1-16).	Default: 10.0 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 3600 s
C1-12	Jog Dec. Time	Sets the time to decelerate from Jog Frequency Command (L1-16) to 0 Hz.	Default: 10.0 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 3600 s

#### C2: S-Curve Characteristics

C2-00	S-Curve Characteristic at Acc. Start		Default: 0.00 s Min.: 0.00 s Max.: 10.00 s
C2-01	S-Curve Characteristic at Acc. End	Sets S-curve times for each acceleration or deceleration.	Default: 0.00 s Min.: 0.00 s Max.: 10.00 s
C2-02	S-Curve Characteristic at Dec. Start	Actual Acceleration Time= Determined Acc. Time+(C2-00+C2-01)/ 2 Actual Deceleration Time= Determined Dec. Time+(C2-02+C2-03) / 2	Default: 0.00 s Min.: 0.00 s Max.: 10.00 s
C2-03	S-Curve Characteristic at Dec. End		Default: 0.00 s Min.: 0.00 s Max.: 10.00 s

#### C3: Torque Compensation

C3-00	Torque Compensation Gain	Sets the gain for the motor 1 Torque compensation	Default: 0.50 Min.:0.00 Max.:2.50
C3-02	Torque Compensation Primary Delay Time	Sets the Torque compensation primary delay time.	Default: 0.010 s Min.:0.000 s Max.: 9.999 s

#### C5: Slip Compensation

C5-00	Slip Compensation	Sets the slip compensation gain to improve the speed accuracy for heavy loads.	Default: 0.0 Min.: 0.0
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Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
	Gain		Max.: 2.5
C5-01	Slip Compensation Primary Delay Time	Sets the slip compensation primary delay time to stabilize the motor speed or to improve the speed response.	Default: 100 ms Min.: 0 ms Max.:9999ms

#### C6: Carrier Frequency

C6-00	Carrier Frequency Selection	Sets the switching frequency of the drive output transistors. Adjust this setting to reduce audible noise and leakage current. 2: 2.0 kHz 3: 3.0 kHz 4: 4.0 kHz 5: 5.0 kHz 6: 6.0 kHz 7: 7.0 kHz 8: 8.0 kHz 9: 9.0 kHz 10: 10.0 kHz 11: 11.0 kHz 12: 12.0 kHz	Default: 8 Range: 2-12 Min.: 2

#### C7 : SVVC (Sensorless Voltage Vector Control)

C7-00	SVVC Proportional Gain	According to application feature to set this gain, if the load is heavy increase the value, and vice versa to reduce this value. Recommend to adjust 10% roughly and then adjust 1% minute.	Default: 40 % Min.: 0 % Max. : 250 % <7>
C7-01	SVVC mode slip adjustment	If the slip compensation is not obvious or there is too much current at low speed, the parameter can be adjusted to improve (low speed SVVC compensation constant correction)	Default: 100 Min.:0 Max. :250 Unit: 1

#### Group L, Frequency Command

##### L1: Frequency Command

L1-00 <4>	Frequency Command 1	To use speed commands for each multi-step speed, set E1-much current at lo8 (multi-step speed command 1, 2, 3, 4). Sets E1- E1-set E1-much current at low spee	Default:5.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-01 <4>	Frequency Command 2		Default: 8.00 Hz Min.: 0.00 Hz

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
		The upper limit is determined by d1-02 and L2-00.	Max.: <5> Default: 10.00Hz Min.: 0.00 Hz Max.: <5>
L1-02 <4>	Frequency Command 3	When L2-00 (Frequency Upper Limit) is adjusted, the exceeded frequency in L1-00 to L1-15 will be automatically set to the upper limit determined in L2-00.	Default: 12.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-03 <4>	Frequency Command 4		Default: 15.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-04 <4>	Frequency Command 5		Default: 20.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-05 <4>	Frequency Command 6		Default: 25.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-06 <4>	Frequency Command 7		Default: 30.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-07 <4>	Frequency Command 8		Default: 35.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-08 <4>	Frequency Command 9		Default: 40.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-09 <4>	Frequency Command 10		Default: 42.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-10 <4>	Frequency Command 11		Default: 45.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-11 <4>	Frequency Command 12		Default: 50.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-12 <4>	Frequency Command 13		Default: 50.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-13 <4>	Frequency Command 14		Default: 50.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-14 <4>	Frequency Command 15		Default: 50.00Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-15 <4>	Frequency		Default: 50.00Hz

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
	Command 16		Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L1-16 <4>	Jog Frequency Command	Sets the Jog frequency command.	Default: 6.00 Hz Min.: 0.00Hz Max.: <5>
L2: Frequency Upper/ Lower Limit			
L2-00	Frequency Command Upper Limit	Sets the upper limit as a percentage of the maximum output frequency	Default: determined by d1-02 Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: determined by d1-02
L2-01	Frequency Command Lower Limit	Sets the lower limit as a percentage of the maximum output frequency	Default: 0.0 Hz Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: determined by d1-02
L3: Jump Frequency			
L3-00	Jump Frequency 1	Sets the Jump frequency range to avoid operation at the speed causing resonance in the machinery. Set L3-00, L3-01 and L3-03 to 0.0 Hz to disable Jump frequency.	Default: 0.0 Hz Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: <5>
L3-01	Jump Frequency 2	When setting more than 1 Jump frequency, follow the condition below. $L3-00 \leq L3-01$	
L3-03	Jump Frequency Range	Sets the Jump frequency range to avoid.	Default: 1.0 Hz Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: 20.0 Hz
L4: Frequency Command Hold and Up/Down 2 Command			
L4-00	Frequency Command Hold	Determines whether or not to save the frequency command or the frequency bias (Up/Down 2) value when the Stop command is entered or the power supply is shut off. 0 : Clear the Up/Down frequency at stop 1 : Save the Up/Down frequency at stop 2 : Accept the Up/Down frequency at stop	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1, 2
L4-01 <4>	Frequency Command Bias (Up/Down 2)	Sets the bias used to add to or subtract from the frequency command by Up/Down 2.	Default: 0.00 Hz Min.: 0.00 Hz Max.: 99.99 Hz
L4-02 <4>	Frequency	Sets the acceleration/deceleration times to	Default: 0

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
L4-02 <4>	Command Acc./Dec Setting (UP2 / DOWN 2)	increase or decrease the frequency command bias for Up/Down 2. 0 : Current Acc./Dec. Time 1 : Non-Current Acc./Dec. Time	Range: 0, 1
L4-03 <4>	Up/Down Frequency Command Save	Saves the frequency command from Up/Down 1 or Up/Down 2	Default: 0.00Hz Min.: 0.00 Hz Max.: <5>
L4-04	Frequency Command Save	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	Default: 0 Range 0, 1
<b>L6 Offest Frequency</b>			
L6-00 <4><7>	Offset Frequency 1	As the correction value of the speed, the three kinds of bias frequencies can be added and subtracted to the frequency command. Select the offset frequency in E1-□□= 53, 54 and 55 (Offset Frequency 1 to 3).	Default: 0.0% Min.: -100% Max.: 100.0%
L6-01 <4><7>	Offest Frequency 2	As the correction value of the speed, the three kinds of bias frequencies can be added and subtracted to the frequency command. Select the offset frequency in E1-ed, the three kinds of bias frequencies can	Default: 0.0% Min.: -100% Max.: 100.0%
L6-02 <4><7>	Offest Frequency 3	As the correction value of the speed, the three kinds of bias frequencies can be added and subtracted to the frequency command. Select the offset frequency in E1-ed, the three kinds of bias frequencies can	Default: 0.0% Min.: -100% Max.: 100.0%
<b>Group d, Motor Parameters</b>			
<b>d1: V/F Characteristics</b>			
d1-00	Input Voltage Setting	Sets the input voltage of the drive. Always set the input voltage of the drive (not motor) to this parameter d1-00 (input voltage)	Default : 400 Min.: 155 V Max.: 255V <3>
d1-01	V/F Pattern Selection	0 : 50 Hz (Constant Torque Characteristic 1) 1 : 60 Hz (Constant Torque Characteristic 2) 2 : 60 Hz (Constant Torque Characteristic 3), 50 Hz base 3 : 72 Hz (Constant Torque Characteristic 4), 60 Hz base 4 : 50 Hz (Derated Torque Characteristic 1)	Default: F Range: 0 to 9; A to F

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
		5 : 50 Hz (Derated Torque Characteristic 2) 6 : 60 Hz (Derated Torque Characteristic 3) 7 : 60 Hz (Derated Torque Characteristic 4) 8 : 50 Hz (High Starting Torque Characteristic 1) 9 : 50 Hz (High Starting Torque Characteristic 2) A : 60 Hz(High Starting Torque Characteristic 3) B : 60 Hz(High Starting Torque Characteristic 4) C : 90 Hz, 60 Hz base D : 120 Hz, 60 Hz base E : 180 Hz, 60 Hz base F : 60Hz (Constant Torque Characteristic) (Default)	
d1-02	Maximum Output Frequency	When d1-01 $\leq$ E, parameters d1-02 to d1-11 can be used to monitor the V/F pattern.	Default: <1> Min.: 25.0 Hz Max.: 400.0 Hz
d1-03	Maximum Voltage	When d1-01 = F, parameters d1-02 to d1-11 can be used to create a V/F pattern.	Default: <1> Min.: 0.0 V Max.: 255.0 V <3>
d1-04	Base Frequency		Default: <1> Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: Defined by d1-02
d1-05	Base Voltage		Default: <1> Min.: 0.0 V Max.: 255.0 V <3>
d1-06	Middle Output Frequency		Default: <1> Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: Defined by d1-02
d1-07	Middle Output Frequency Voltage		Default: <1> Min.: 0.0 V Max.: 255.0 V <3>
d1-08	Minimum Output Frequency	When d1-01 $\leq$ E, parameters d1-02 to d1-11 can be used to monitor the V/F pattern. When d1-01 = F, parameters d1-02 to d1-11 can be used to create a V/F pattern.	Default: <1> Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: Defined by d1-02
d1-09	Minimum		Default:<1>

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
	Output Frequency Voltage		Min.: 0.0 V Max.: 255.0 V <3>
d1-15	Motor 2 Base Frequency		Default: <1> Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: Defined by d1-02
d1-20	Motor 2 Minimum Output Frequency Voltage	Set the motor 2 V/F pattern	Default: <1> Min.: 0.0 V Max.: 255.0 <3>
d2: Motor Parameters			
d2-00	Motor Rated Current	Sets the motor rated current. This will be set automatically during Auto-Tuning.	Default: o2-03 (A) Min.: 10% of drive rated current (A) Max.: 200% of drive rated current (A)
d2-01	Motor Rated Speed	Sets the motor rated speed. This will be set automatically during Auto-Tuning.	Default: o2-03 Min.: 0.00 Hz Max.: 40.00 Hz
d2-02	Motor No-Load Current	Sets the motor no-load current. This will be set automatically during Auto-Tuning.	Default: o2-03 Min.: 0 A Max.: d2-00
d2-03	Number of Motor Poles	Sets the number of motor poles. This will be set automatically during Auto-Tuning.	Default: 4 Min.: 2 Max.: 48
d2-04	Motor Line-to-Line Resistance	Sets the line-to-line resistance. This will be set automatically during Auto-Tuning.	Default: o2-03 Min.: 0.000 Ω Max.: 65.00 Ω
d2-05	Motor Leakage Inductance	Sets the voltage drop caused by the motor leakage inductance relative to the motor rated frequency and current. This will be set automatically during Auto-Tuning.	Default: o2-03 Min.: 0.00 mH Max.: 650.0 mH
d2-06	Motor Rotor Resistance	Sets the motor rotor resistance. This will be set automatically during Auto-Tuning.	Default: o2-03 Min.: 0.000 Ω Max.: 65.00 Ω
d2-07	Motor Mutual Inductance	Sets the motor mutual inductance. This will be set automatically during Auto-Tuning.	Default: o2-03 Min.: 0.0 mH Max.: 6500 mH

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
d2-10	Motor Rated Capacity	Sets the motor rated capacity. This will be set automatically during Auto-Tuning. (1HP = 0.746 kW)	Default: 02-03 Min.: 0.00 kW Max.: 650.0kW

### Group E, Multi-Function Terminals

#### E1: Multi-Function Digital Inputs

E1-00	Terminal S1 Function Selection	0 : 2-Wire Sequence Control (Forward/Stop) / 3-Wire Sequence Control (Stop) 1 : 2-Wire Sequence Control (Reverse/Stop) / 3-Wire Sequence Control (Stop)	Default : 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 0~73/100~173
E1-01	Terminal S2 Function Selection	2 : 3-Wire Sequence 3 : Local/Remote Selection	Default : 1 Min.: 0 Max.: 0~73/100~173
E1-02	Terminal S3 Function Selection	5 to 8: Multi-Step Speed Command 1 to 4 9 : Jog Frequency 10 : Up Command	Default : 23 Min.: 0 Max.: 0~73/100~173
E1-03	Terminal S4 Function Selection	11: Down Command 12: Up 2 Command 13: Down 2 Command	Default : 39 Min.: 0 Max.: 0~73/100~173
E1-04	Terminal S5 Function Selection	14, 15: FJOG/RJOG Command 16: Acc./Dec. Time Selection 1 18: Acc./Dec. Ramp Hold	Default : 9 Min.: 0 Max.: 0~73/100~173
E1-05	Terminal S6 Function Selection	19: Baseblock Command (Normal Open) 20: Retain 21: Fast Stop (Normal Open) 22: Fast Stop 23 to 38 : External Fault 39: Fault Reset 40 : oH2 (AC drive Overheat Alarm) 45: Communication Mode 46: PID Disable 47: PID Integral Reset 48: PID Integral Hold 49: PID Soft-Start On/Off 50: PID Input Characteristics Switch 52: Timer Input 53, 54, 55: Offset Frequency 1/ 2/ 3 58/59: Retain 60: Program Lockout 61: Analog Frequency Command Hold 62: Retain	Default : 19 Min.: 0 Max.: 0~73/100~173

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
		65: DC Braking 69 : Drive Enabled (Note) 0xx/1xx are anti-logic	
E1-08	2/3-wire control switch	0:2/3 line control mode 1 1:2/3 line control mode 2	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1
E1-09	DI terminal delay time	Used to set the delay time of the inverter for the change when the status of the DI terminal changes.	Default: 0 ms Min.: 0 Max.: 500 ms

#### E2: Multi-Function Digital Output

E2-00	Relay 1 Function Selection	0 : During Run 1 : Zero Speed Holding 2 : Frequency (Speed) Agree 3 :User-Defined Frequency (Speed ) Agree 4 : Drive Ready 5 : Uv (Undervoltage) Detection 6 : During Baseblock 8 : Frequency Command Source 9 : Frequency Command Loss 10: Run Command Source 11 : Fault 12 : Communication Mode 13 : Alarm 14 : Fault Restart 15 : Timer Outpu 16 : Frequency (FOUT) Detection 1 17 : Frequency (FOUT) Detection 2 18: Overvoltage/ Undervoltage Detection 1 (normal open) 22 : During Reverse 24: During Regeneration 25 : During Restart 26 : Motor Overload Pre-Alarm (oL1) 27 : Drive Overheat Pre-Alarm (oH) 35: During Frequency Output 36: Drive Enabled 38 : Local/Remote Mode 39 : During Speed Search 40 :PID Feedback Low 41 :PID Feedback High 44 : During Fast Stop	
			Default: 11 Range: 0 to 49 / 100 to 149

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
		49 : Brake Control (Desired frequency attained 52: Timer Input 100 to 149: 0 to 49 with Inverse Output	
E3: Multi-Function Analog Input			
E3-00	Terminal A1 Signal Level Selection	0: 0 to 20 mA 1: 4 to 20 mV 2: 0 to 10 V 3: 0 to 5 V	Default: 2 Range: 0 to 3
E3-01	Terminal A1 Function Selection	0 : Main Frequency Command 2 : Output Frequency Lower Limit 3 : Auxiliary Frequency Command 4 : Output Voltage Bias 5 : Acc./Dec. Time Gain (Decrease Only) 6 : DC Braking (DB) Current 7 : Stall Prevention Level During Run 8 : PID Feedback 9 : PID Target 11 : Overtorque/ Undertorque Detection 18: Communication Mode 1 19 : Communication Mode 2 21 : Retain<7>	Default: 0 Range: 0 to 21
E3-02 <4>	Terminal A1 Input Gain	Sets the terminal A1 input gain as a percentage when inputting 10V	Default: 100.0 % Min.: -999 % Max.: 999.9 %
E3-03 <4>	Terminal A1 Input Voltage Bias	Sets the terminal A1 input voltage bias as a percentage when inputting 0V	Default: 0.0 % Min.: -999 % Max.: 999.9 %
E3-04 <7>	Terminal A1 (4-20mA) lost choice	0 : no disconnection selection 1 : Operate according to P4-03 frequency setting and display ANL 2 : Speed to 0Hz and display ANL 3 : Stop immediately and display ACE	Default: 0 Range: 0 to 3
E3-05	Terminal A1 Input Filter Time	Sets the terminal A1 primary delay filter time, which can eliminate the interference	Default: 0.05 s <7> Min.: 0.00 s Max.: 2.00 s
E3-13	AI minimum input	AI minimum input. When the AI original signal is less than E3-13, it will be limited to E3-13.	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 9.9 Unit: -

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
E4: Multi-Function Analog Output			
E4-01	Terminal FM Monitor Selection	<p>Selects the terminal FM monitor.</p> <p>0 : Frequency Command            1 : Output Frequency            2 : Output Current            3 : Motor Speed            4 : Output Voltage            5 : DC Voltage            6 : Output Power            8 : AI1 Input            10 : Soft Starter Output Frequency            12 : Retain &lt;7&gt;</p>	<p>Default: 1            Range: 0 to 12</p>
E4-02 <4>	Terminal FM Monitor Gain	Sets the terminal FM monitor gain.	<p>Default: 100.0 %            Min.: -999 %            Max.: 999.9 %</p>
E4-03 <4>	Terminal FM Monitor Voltage Bias	Sets the terminal FM voltage bias.	<p>Default: 0.0 %            Min.: -999 %            Max.: 999.9 %</p>
E6: Optional Communication Card Settings			
E6-06	Drive Station Address	Sets the drive station address.	<p>Default: 1            Range: 1 to 31</p>
E6-07	RS-485 Communication Baud Rate Setting	<p>Sets the baud rate for terminals SG(+) and SG(-) of RS-485 communication.</p> <p>0: 1200 bps (bit/sec)            1: 2400 bps            2: 4800 bps            3: 9600 bps            4: 19200 bps            5: 38400 bps</p>	<p>Default: 3            Range: 0 to 5</p>
E6-08	RS-485 Communication Parity Selection	<p>Selects the communication parity for terminals SG(+) and SG(-) of RS-485 communication.</p> <p>0: 8, N, 2 (Modbus RTU)            1: 8, N, 1 (Modbus RTU)            2: 8, E, 1 (Modbus RTU)            3: 8, O, 1 (Modbus RTU)            4: 8, N, 2 (MODBUS ASCII)            5: 8, N, 1 (MODBUS ASCII)            6: 8, E, 1 (MODBUS ASCII)            7: 8, O, 1 (MODBUS ASCII)</p>	<p>Default: 1            Min.: 0            Max.:11</p>

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
		8: 7, N, 2 (MODBUS ASCII) 9: 7, N, 1 (MODBUS ASCII) 10: 7, E, 1 (MODBUS ASCII) 11: 7, 0, 1(MODBUS ASCII)	
E6-09	Communication Fault Detection Time	Sets the detection time for communication fault. 0: Disabled	Default: 0.0 s Range: 0.0 to 10.0 s
E6-10	Transmit Wait Time	Sets the wait time between sending and receiving data.	Default: 5ms Range: 0 to 65 ms
E6-11	Drive Operation During Communication Failure	0 : Display CE Alarm Only. Drive continues operation. 1 : Display CE Fault. Drive coasts to stop.	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
E6-12	Frequency command memory function	0 : Disable 1 : Frequency command is memorized when power turn off	Default: 1 Range: 0, 1
E6-13	Value of frequency command	Sets the frequency command	Default: 0.00Hz Range: 0.00 to 400.00 Hz

#### Group P, Protections

##### P1: Motor Protection Function

P1-00	Motor Protection Function Selection	0 : Disabled (Motor Overload Protection Disabled) 1 : General-Purpose Motor (Standard Motor) 2* : Drive Dedicated Motor (Constant Torque Range 1 : 10) 3 : Vector Motor (Constant Torque Range 1 : 100)	Default: 0 Range: 0 to 3
P1-01	Motor Overload Protection Time	Sets the time for the drive to shut down on motor overload.	Default: 1.0 minute Min.: 0.1 minutes Max.: 5.0 minutes
P1-05	Retained		

##### P2: Momentary Power Loss

P2-00	Momentary Power Loss Operation Selection	0 : Disabled (Default) 1 : Recover if CPU Has Power	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
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Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
P2-01	Minimum Baseblock (bb) Time	Sets the minimum baseblock time when power is restored right after a momentary power loss. This determines the time the drive waits for the residual voltage in the motor to dissipate. Increase this value if overcurrent or overvoltage occurs at the beginning of Speed Search and DC Braking	Default: o2-03 Min.: 0.1 s Max.: 5.0 s
P2-02	Uv (Undervoltage) Detection Delay Time	Sets the Delay time of undervoltage detection.	Default: 15 ms Min.: 0 ms Max.: 1000 ms
P2-03	Uv Detection Level	Sets the voltage level of undervoltage detection.	Default: Determined by d1-00, o2-03 Min.: 150V Max.: 210V <3>
P2-05	Acceleration Time after Uv (Undervoltage )	Sets the time to reaccelerate to the set frequency command after power loss. When set to 0.0 s, the drive will accelerate to the previously active frequency according to the active acceleration time set by either of C1-00, C1-02	Default: 0.3 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 6000 s
P2-10	Automatic voltage regulation (AVR)	0 : AVR is disabled 1 : AVR is enabled 2 : Cancel AVR when decelerating	Default: 1 Min.: 0 Max.: 2
<b>P3: Stall Prevention</b>			
P3-00	Stall Prevention during Acceleration	0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled the value set in P3-01. Acceleration stops when the output current exceeds the value set in P3-01. Acceleration continues when the output current drops 15% below the value set in P3-01.	Default: 1 Range: 0, 1
P3-01	Stall Prevention Level during Acceleration	Sets the output current level to activate the Stall Prevention function during acceleration.	Default: 150% Min.: 0% Max.: 180
P3-02	Stall Prevention Limit during Acceleration	Sets the lower limit of Stall Prevention in the constant power range as a percentage of the drive rated output current.	Default: 50% Min.: 0 % Max.: 100 %
P3-03	Stall Prevention	The drive decelerates according to the set	Default: 1

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
	during Deceleration	deceleration time 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled (Without Braking Resistor) 2 : Overexcitation deceleration but no stall prevention 3 : Overexcitation deceleration includes stall prevention	Range: 0 to 3
P3-04	Stall Prevention Level during Deceleration	Sets the voltage level to activate the Stall Prevention function during deceleration.	Default: 395V Min.: 330V Max.: 410V <3>
P3-05	Stall Prevention during Run	0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled (Deceleration Time 1) 2 : Enabled (Deceleration Time 2)	Default: 1 Range: 0, 1, 2
P3-06	Stall Prevention Level during Run	Sets the current level to activate the Stall Prevention function during run.	Default: 150% Min.: 30% Max.: 180%
P3-07 ~ P3-10	Retained		

#### P4: Frequency Detection

P4-00	Frequency Detection Level	Sets the detection level and width for the multi-function output terminal.	Default: 30.0 Hz Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: <5>
P4-01	Frequency Detection Width		Default: 2.0 Hz Min.: 0.1 Hz Max.: 25.5 Hz
P4-02	Frequency Command Loss Detection Selection	Sets the drive operation when a frequency command loss is detected. 0: Drive Stop 1: Continue operation according to the setting in P4-03.	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
P4-03	Frequency Command at Frequency Command Loss	Sets the frequency command level at which the drive runs when detecting a frequency command loss and when L4-02 is set to 1. Sets the value as a percentage of the maximum output frequency set in d1-02.	Default: 80% Min.: 0.0 % Max.: 100.0 %
P4-04	Frequency Command Loss Detection Time	When the frequency command falls below 90% of the command within this detection time, the frequency command loss will be detected.	Default: 20ms Min.: 20 ms Max.: 400 ms
P4-05	Mechanical brake release	Set the mechanical brake release frequency	Default: 0 Hz Min.: 0.0 Hz

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
	frequency		Max.: 20.00 Hz
P4-06	Mechanical braking frequency	Set the mechanical braking frequency	Default: 0 Hz Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: 20.00 Hz

#### P5: Fault Restart

P5-00	Number of Auto Restart Attempts	Sets the number of times to automatically attempt to restart the drive when detecting GF, OVA, OVD, OVC, OCA, OCD, OCC, OH, OL1, OL2, OT1, OT2, PF and LF1.	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 10
P5-01	Auto Restart Fault Output Operation	0 : Fault Output Disabled 1 : Fault Output Enabled	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
P5-02	Fault Restart Interval Time	Sets the amount of time between restart attempts.	Default: 10.0 s Min.: 0.5 s Max.: 3600.0 s

#### P6: Overtorque / Undertorque Detection

P6-00	Overtorque / Undertorque Detection Selection 1	Sets the operation when the motor current or torque exceeds the P6-01 level for longer than the time set to P6-02.  0 : Disabled 1 : Overtorque Alarm at Speed Agree 2 : Overtorque Alarm at Run 3 : Overtorque Fault at Speed Agree 4 : Overtorque Fault at Run 5 : Undertorque Alarm at Speed Agree 6 : Undertorque Alarm at Run 7 : Undertorque Fault at Speed Agree 8 : Undertorque Fault at Run	Default: 0 Range: 0 to 8
P6-01	Overtorque / Undertorque Detection Level 1	Sets the level for overtorque/undertorque detection 1.	Default: 150% Min.: 0 % Max.: 300 %
P6-02	Overtorque / Undertorque Detection Time 1	Sets the time for overtorque/undertorque detection 1.	Default: 0.1 s Min.: 0.0 s Max.: 10.0 s

#### P7: Drive Protection

P7-00	Input Phase Loss Protection	Enables or disables the input phase loss detection.	Default: 1 Range: 0, 1
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Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
		0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled	
P7-01	Output Phase Loss Protection	Sets the output phase loss detection. 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled when One Phase is Lost 2 : Enabled when Two Phases are Lost	Default: 0 Range: 0 to 1
P7-02	Retained		
P7-03	Heatsink Cooling Fan Operation <6>	Sets the heatsink cooling fan operation. 0 : Enabled when drive is running 1 : Enabled when power supply is On 2 : Enabled when the heatsink temperature reaches the limit.	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1, 2
P7-04	Heatsink Cooling Fan Off-Delay Time	When P7-04=0, sets the cooling fan off-delay time that the drive waits to disabled the cooling fan after run command is released.	Default: 60 s Min.: 0 s Max.: 300 s
P7-07	Retained		
P7-09	Selection OL Decline curve	P7-09 sets the OL2 decrement time to shorten the function (the power will be stored and will be initialized). 0: Regression from 100% to 0% takes 4 minutes (preset value). 1: 100%, 400V is 7 minutes, 200V is 10 minutes: 0 ~ 90%, linear processing (according to 8000 OL2 decreasing curve).	Default:1 Range:0,1
P7-11	High Current Alarm Setting	Sets the High Current Alarm (HCA) when the output current is too high 0 : Disabled (No Alarm) 1 : Enabled (Alarm)	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1
P7-13	Retained		
P7-14	Standby precharge	Turn on/off standby precharge 0 : Close 1 : Open	Default: 0 Range: 0 to 1
<b>Group n, Special adjustment function group</b>			
n1 : Special Adjustment			
n1-00	Oscillation suppression (DEHUNTING) enables	0 : Turn Run 1 : Turn Off	Default: 1 Min.: 0 Max.: 1 Unit:-
n1-01	Oscillation	Oscillation suppression gain during speed-	Default: 2.00

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
	suppression (DEHUNTING) gain value setting	search	Min.: 0.00 Max.: 5.00

### n3 : Excessive Deceleration

n3-04	Overexcitation gain	Set the gain applied to V / F mode during overexcitation deceleration (P3-03 = 2, 3)	Default: 1.10 Min.: 1.00 Max.: 2.50
n3-06	Overexcitation suppression current value	Setting the drive will begin to reduce the output current level of the overexcitation gain to prevent excessive motor slip during overexcitation deceleration. Set to the percentage of the rated current of the inverter	Default: 100 Min.: 0 Max.: 150

### Group o, Keypad Function Settings

#### o1: Display Setting

o1-00	Frequency Command Setting/Display Unit	0 : Use units of 0.01 Hz 1 : Use units of 0.01% (100% as maximum output frequency) 2 : Use units of rpm 3 : Any unit (details are set by o1-02, o1-03)	Default: 0 Range: 0 to 3
o1-01<7>	Retained		
o1-02	User-Defined Frequency Command Setting/Display	1 ~ 9999	Default: o1-00 Min.: 1 Max.: 9999
o1-03	Frequency Command Setting/Display Decimal Places	0 ~ 3	Default: o1-00 Min.: 0 Max.: 3
o1-04	Main screen display selection	0: frequency command 1: output current 2: DCbus voltage 3: output voltage 4: Motor speed 5: AI1 (Percentage)	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 5 Unit: -

#### o2: Multi-Function Selection

Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
o2-01	STOP Key Function Selection	Enables or disables the STOP key on the keypad when the drive is controlled from a remote source. 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled  The STOP key always stops drive operation even if the command source is not set to the keypad.	Default: 1 Range: 0, 1
o2-02	Retained		
o2-03	Drive Capacity Selection <2>	Set this parameter after replacing the terminal block or drive modules.	Default: <2> Determined by drive capacity
o2-04	ENTER Key Function During Frequency Command Setting	0 : ENTER Key Required 1 : ENTER Key Not Required 2 : ENTER Key Not Required	Default: 0 Range: 0 ~ 2
o2-05	Retaind		
o2-06	Operation Direction at Power Up when Using Keypad	0 : Forward 1 : Reverse  This parameter is enabled only when the keypad is selected as the Run command source.	Default: 0 Min.:0 Max.:1

#### o4: Maintenance Settings

o4-00	Cumulative Operation Time Setting	Sets the initial value by 1 hours to start keeping track of cumulative operation time.	Default: 0 h Min.: 0 Max.: 9999
o4-06	U2 Reset Setting	Resets the data for U2-ax.: 9999 Information) as these data will not be reset by A1-03 (Reset). 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled	Default: 0 Range: 0, 1

#### Group t, Auto-Tuning

##### t1: IM Motor Auto-Tuning

t1-01	Auto-Tuning Method	0 : Rotational Auto-Tuning 1 : Stationary Auto-Tuning	Default: 0 Min.: 0
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Parameter	Name	Description	Setting Range
	Selection		Max.: 1
t1-02	Motor Output Power	Sets the motor rated output power in kW units. Note: 1HP (Horse Power) = 0.746kW	Default: Determined by o2-03 Min.: 0.00 kW Max.: 650.00 kW
t1-03	Motor Rated Voltage	Sets the motor rated voltage according to the motor nameplate.	Default: 200.0 V Min.: 0.0 V Max.: 255.0 V <3>
t1-04	Motor Rated Current	Sets the motor rated current according to the motor nameplate.	Default: <2> Min.: 10% of drive rated current Max.:200% of drive rated current
t1-05	Motor Base Frequency	Sets the motor base frequency according to the motor nameplate.	Default: 50.0 Hz Min.: 0.0 Hz Max.: 400.0 Hz
t1-06	Number of Motor Poles	Sets the number of motor poles according to the motor nameplate.	Default: 4 Min.: 2 Max.: 48
t1-07	Motor Base Speed	Sets the motor base speed according to the motor nameplate.	Default: 145 (x10 rpm) Min.: 0 rpm (x10rpm ) Max.: 2400 (x10 rpm)
t1-09	Motor No-Load Current (Stationary Auto-Tuning)	Sets the no-load current for the motor. After the motor output power and rated current are set in t1-02 and t1-04, this parameter will automatically display the no-load current of a standard motor. The no-load current must be entered according to the motor test report.	Default: Determined by o2-03 Min.: 0.0 A Max.: t1-04
t1-12	Motor Auto-Tuning Setting	Enables or disables Auto-Tuning when A1-02=0 to 3 0 : Disabled 1 : Enabled	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1

Group F, Optional Function Group			
F1: Pump function			
Parameter	Name	Description	Unit
F1-00	User pressure sensor specification setting	According to the pressure sensor specification (max. feedback voltage or pressure value corresponding to feedback current)	Default: 10.0 Min.: 0.0 Max.: 10.0 Unit: 0.1bar (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
F1-01 <9>	(Switch mode) pressure operation	In the switch mode, the inverter automatically controls the pump to start or stop according to the set value.  *When the set value is greater than the target value, the stop level is the target pressure, and the starting level is 0.	Default: 5 Min.: 0 Max.: 100 Unit: 1%
F1-02	(Switch mode) detection time setting	Set the percentage of time and calculate the detection time to determine whether to enter the switch mode.  Set value 0: Switch mode function is OFF.	Default: 40 Min.: 0 Max.: 100 Unit: 1%
F1-03 <9>	(Water detection) pressure rise level	Raise a specified pressure level to detect if water is currently being used.	Default: 5 Min.: 0 Max.: 100 Unit: 1%
F1-04	(Water detection) pressure rise time "limit"	Set the lifting time "limit" of F1-03 (pressure rise level) to detect whether water is currently used.  Set value 0: This function is OFF	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 25 Unit: 0.1 sec
F1-05	(Water detection) pressure rise interval	Set the time interval of F1-03 (pressure rise level) to detect whether water is currently used.  Set value 0: Water detection function is OFF	Default: 35 Min.: 0 Max.: 250 Unit: sec
F1-06	(Water detection) inverter standby (sleep) level	When the inverter running frequency is lower than the set value, it will automatically decelerate to 0 Hz and enter the standby (sleep) state.	Default: 5Hz Min.: 0 Max.: 60 Unit: 1Hz

F1-07 <9>	PID control recovery level setting	<p>When the inverter is in the standby (sleep) state, when the pressure drops to the recovery level, the inverter starts and enters the PID control mode.</p> <p>Recovery level: Set pressure (SV) F1-07 set value.</p> <p>*When the set value is greater than the target pressure, the recovery level is 0 Hz.</p>	Default: 15 Min.: 0 Max.: 100 Unit: 1%
F1-08 <9>	PID steady state tolerance	Provide error range to determine whether PID control has reached stability.	Default: 5 Min.: 0 Max.: 100 Unit: 1%
F1-09	(Water shortage detection) pressure level	100% is the target pressure, set value 0 is OFF.	Default: 10 Min.: 0 Max.: 100 Unit: 1%
F1-10	(Water shortage detection) current level	Set the current level to detect if the pump is in a water shortage state. 100% is the rated current of the motor, set value 0 is OFF.	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 100 Unit: 1%
F1-11	(Water shortage detection) detection time	Set F1-09 pressure and F1-10 current detection time.	Default: 60 Min.: 0 Max.: 300 Unit: 1 sec
F1-12	(Fault restart) downtime interval	Shutdown time of the pump in the absence of water.	Default: 3600.0 Min.: 0.5 Max.: 3600.0 Unit: 0.1 sec
F1-13	(Fault restart) restart function selection	The way the pump is started again in the absence of water: 0: FBPL warning flashes, does not jump off 1: FBPL fault trips stop, press RESET to restart 2: FBPL fault trips stop, re-power and restart 3: FBPL fault trip stop, waiting F1-12 sets the interval time, it automatically restarts. After the restart is completed, you must re-power on the reply.	Default: 3 Min.: 0 Max.: 3 Unit: -

F1-14	Constant pressure hold time	After the feedback pressure reaches the constant pressure setting (feedback pressure >= target pressure-F1-08%), wait for the F1-14 time count to reach the water detection and sleep directly.	Default: 15 Min.: 0 Max.: 300 Unit: 1 sec
F1-15	F1-14 time counting mode	0: Accumulation mode 1: Continuous mode	Default: 1 Min.: 0 Max.: 1 Unit: -
F1-16 <9>	Feedback pressure change	This parameter is valid only when both F1-16 and F1-17 are greater than 0.	Default: 15 Min.: 0 Max.: 100 Unit: 1%
F1-17	Feedback pressure change detection time	F1-16 Feedback pressure change detection time setting	Default: 3.0 Min.: 0.0 Max.: 10.0 Unit: 0.1s
F1-18	Pressure unit selection	This parameter adjusts the unit and display mode of F1-01, F1-03, F1-07, F1-08, F1-16. 0: expressed as% of target pressure 1: The unit is bar <9>	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1 Unit: -
F1-19	Select F1-09 water pressure setting	This parameter switches the setting of F1-09 pressure level. 0:% of target pressure 1:% of Pressure Sensor F1-00	Default: 0 Min.: 0 Max.: 1 Unit: -

### Group U, Monitor Settings

#### U1: Status Monitors

U1-00	Control Method	0 : Open-Loop V/F Control 2 : Sensorless Voltage Vector Control (SVVC ) (Open-Loop)	-
U1-01	Frequency Command	Displays the frequency command. (Display units are defined by o1-00)	-
U1-02	Output Frequency	Displays the output frequency. (Display units are defined by o1-00)	-
U1-03	Output Current	Displays output current.	0.01A
U1-04	Motor Speed	Displays the motor speed.	-
U1-05	Output Voltage Command	Displays the drive output voltage command.	0.1V

U1-06	Main circuit DC Voltage	Displays the main circuit DC voltage.	0.1V
U1-07	Output Power	Displays the internal output power calculated by the drive.	0.001kW
U1-08	(water pump function) display feedback/set pressure at the same time	display feedback/set pressure	0.1bar/0.1bar
U1-09	Input Terminal Status	Displays the status of the input terminal. U1-09=C111111: The following indicate each digit from right to left. 1:Digital Input 1 (S1 enabled ) 1:Digital Input 2 (S2 enabled ) 1:Digital Input 3 (S3 enabled ) 1:Digital Input 4 (S4 enabled ) 1:Digital Input 5 (S5 enabled ) 1:Digital Input 6 (S6 enabled )	-
U1-10	Output Terminal Status	Displays the status of the output terminal. U1-10=1 Multi-Function Terminal Output (terminal R1A/R1B-R1C)	-
U1-11	Drive Operation Status	Displays the status of the drive operation. U1-11=1111111 The following indicate each digit from right to left. 1:During Run 1:During Zero Speed Holding 1:During Reverse 1:During Fault Reset Signal Input 1:During Speed Agree 1:Drive Ready 1:During Alarm Detection 1:During Fault Detection	-
U1-12	Terminal A1 Input Voltage	Displays the terminal A1 input voltage.	0.1%
U1-16	Software Version	Displays the software version.	-
U1-17		Display the datecode	-
U1-19 <7>	Communication card software version	Communication card software version	-

U1-20	(water pump function) display setting pressure	Display the feedback pressure	0.1bar
U1-21	(water pump function) display setting pressure	Display the setting pressure	0.1bar
U2: Fault Information			
U2-00	Current Fault	Displays the current fault.	-
U2-01	1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the first most recent fault.	-
U2-02	2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the second most recent fault.	-
U2-03	3 <sup>rd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the third most recent fault.	-
U2-04	4 <sup>th</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the fourth most recent fault.	-
U2-05	Frequency Command at 1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the frequency command at the first most recent fault.	-
U2-06	Output Frequency at 1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the output frequency at the first most recent fault.	-
U2-07	Output Current at 1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the output current at the first most recent fault.	0.01A
U2-08	Motor Speed at 1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the motor speed at the first most recent fault.	-
U2-09	Output Voltage command at 1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the output voltage command at the first most recent fault.	0.1V
U2-10	Main Circuit DC Voltage at 1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the main circuit DC voltage at the first most recent fault.	0.1V
U2-13	Input Terminal Status at 1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the input terminal status at the first most recent fault. (Same status display as U1-09)	-
U2-14	Output Terminal Status at 1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the output terminal status at the first most recent fault. (Same status display as U1-10)	-
U2-15	Operation Status at 1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent	Displays the operation status at the first most recent fault.	-

	Fault	(Same status display as U1-11)	
U2-17	Cumulative Operation Time at 1st Fault	Displays the cumulative operation time when the first fault occurred	1h
U2-18	Cumulative Running Time at 1st Fault	Displays the cumulative running time when the first fault occurred	1h
U2-19	Frequency Command at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the frequency command at the second most recent fault.	-
U2-20	Output Frequency at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the output frequency at the second most recent fault.	-
U2-21	Output Current at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Displays the output current at the second most recent fault.	0.01A
U2-22	Motor Speed at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the motor speed at the second most recent fault.	0.1 rpm
U2-23	Output Voltage command at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the output voltage command at the second most recent fault.	0.1V
U2-24	Main Circuit DC Voltage at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the main circuit DC voltage at the second most recent fault.	0.1V
U2-27	Input Terminal Status at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the input terminal status at the second most recent fault. (Same status display as U1-09)	-
U2-28	Output Terminal Status at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the output terminal status at the second most recent fault. (Same status display as U1-10)	-
U2-29	Operation Status at 2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Fault	Displays the operation status at the second most recent fault. (Same status display as U1-11)	-
U2-31	Cumulative Power On Time at 2nd Fault	Displays the cumulative Power On Time when the second fault occurred	1h
U2-32	Cumulative Operation Time at 2nd Fault	Displays the cumulative operation time when the second fault occurred	1h
U2-33	Current Alarm	Displays the current alarm.	-
U2-34	1 <sup>st</sup> Most Recent Alarm	Displays the first most recent alarm.	-

U2-35	2 <sup>nd</sup> Most Recent Alarm	Displays the second most recent alarm.	-
U2-36	3 <sup>rd</sup> Most Recent Alarm	Displays the third most recent alarm.	-
U2-37	4 <sup>th</sup> Most Recent Alarm	Displays the fourth most recent alarm.	-

### U3: Maintenance Monitors

U3-00	Cumulative Drive Operation Time	Displays the cumulative operation time for the drive.	1h
U3-02	Cumulative Drive Operation Time	Displays the cumulative operation time for the drive. The initial value is determined by o4-00. Keeping track of time from run or power up is determined by o4-01. The maximum number displayed is 9999, after which the value will be counted from 0.	1h
U3-06	Heatsink temperature	Display the temperature of heatsink	1°C
U3-07	LED Check	Lights all segments of the LED to verify that the display is working properly	-
U3-10	Peak Hold Current	Displays the peak current value during operation	0.01A
U3-11	Peak Hold Output Frequency	Displays the output frequency when the peak current displayed in U3-10 occurred.	-
U3-12	Motor Overload Estimate (oL1)	Displays the value of the motor overload detection accumulator. An oL1 will be triggered when reaching 100%.	1%
U3-13	Frequency Command Source Selection	Displays the source for the frequency command as XY-nn. X: Command Used 1: Command 1 Y-nn: Frequency Command Source 0-01: Keypad 1-01: Analog input (Terminal AI 1) 2-02 to 2-16: Multi-step speed command 2-17: Jog frequency command 3-01: PID frequency command 4-01: Terminal UP/ DOWN 5-01: Modbus communication	-

U3-14	Run Command Source Selection	<p>Displays the source for the frequency command as XY-nn.</p> <p>XY-nn=00-00: Local</p> <p>X: Command Used</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1: Command 1</li> <li>Y-nn: Command Source</li> <li>0-00: Keypad</li> <li>1-00: Control Circuit Terminal (Sequence Control Input)</li> <li>2-00: Modbus communication</li> </ul>	-
U3-17	Drive Overload Estimate (oL2)	Displays the value of the drive overload detection accumulator. An oL2 will be triggered when reaching 100%.	1%
U4: PID Monitors			
U4-00	PID Feedback	Displays the PID feedback value as a percentage of the maximum output frequency.	0.01%
U4-01	PID Input	Displays the PID input value as a percentage of the maximum output frequency.	0.01%
U4-02	PID Output	Displays the PID output value as a percentage of the maximum output frequency.	0.01%
U4-03	PID Target	Displays the PID target value as a percentage of the maximum output frequency.	0.01%
U4-08	PID Output 2	Displays the PID output 2 value as a percentage of the maximum output frequency.	0.01%

- <1> The default is determined by the drive capacity and control method.
- <2> Refer to user manual for details. <http://www.liteon-ia.com.tw/ENG/download.php>
- <3> Double the value for 440V class AC drives.
- <4> The parameter can be set during run.
- <5> The upper limit is determined by d1-02 and L2-00 settings.
- <6> Contact the local distributor for any malfunction.
- <7> This functional software version V1.40 open.
- <8> When A1-07 = 1, the preset values of the following parameters will be modified

Parameter	Name	Description
B1-01	Operation command selection 1	1 control circuit terminal (sequence control input)
B5-01	Proportional gain(P)	3.00
B5-02	Integration time (I)	0.4s
C1-00	Acceleration time 1	5.0s
C1-01	Deceleration time 1	5.0s
E3-00	Terminal A1 signal level selection	1 (4~20mA)
P3-01	Stall prevention value during acceleration	100%
P3-06	Stall prevention value during operation	100%
P5-02	Fault retry interval timing	3600.0s

- <9> When F1-18 = 1, the factory settings, upper and lower limits and units of some parameters will be changed as follows

Parameter	Name	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit
F1-01	(Switch mode) pressure operation interval	0.3	0.1	10.0	0.1bar (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
F1-03	(Water detection) Pressure raise level	0.2	0.0	5.0	0.1bar (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
F1-07	PID control recovery level setting	0.3	0.0	10.0	0.1bar (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
F1-08	PID steady-state allowable error	0.1	0.0	5.0	0.1bar (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
F1-16	Feedback pressure change	0.5	0.0	5.0	0.1bar (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )

- <10> When A1-03 is initialized, this parameter will not be restored to factory settings.

\*means under development.

# Chapter 6 | Troubleshooting

## 6.1 Alarm and Fault Displays

**Table 6.1 Alarm and Fault Displays, Causes, and Possible Solutions**

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
EF0	Retain		
EF1 to EF6	External Fault ( Input Terminal S1 to S6 )	1. An external device tripped an alarm 2. Incorrect wiring 3. Multi-function input wiring is not correct	1. Remove the cause of the external fault then reset the multi-function input. 2. Confirm if the signal lines is properly connected to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (E1-□□= 23 to 38) 3. Confirm if E1-□□=23 to 38 is set to the unused terminals.
FbH	PID Feedback High  PID feedback input is greater than the detection level set to b5-22 for longer than the detection time set to b5-23	1. b5-22 and b5-23 inappropriate setting 2. PID feedback wiring incorrect 3. Feedback sensor malfunction 4. Feedback input circuit malfunction	1. Confirm b5-22 and b5-23 settings 2. Correct the wiring 3. Replace the sensor if it is damaged 4. Replace the PCB or drive. Contact the local distributor.
FbL	PID Feedback Low  When the PID feedback detection is enabled in b5-11, a FbL will be triggered while the PID feedback falls below the level set to b5-12 for longer than the time set to b5-13.	1. Inappropriate setting in b5-12 and b5-13 2. Incorrect PID feedback wiring 3. Feedback sensor malfunction 4. Incorrect feedback input circuit	1. Correct b5-12 and b5-13 settings 2. Correct the wiring 3. Replace the sensor if it is damaged 4. Contact the local distributor to replace the board or the drive.
oH	Heatsink Overheat	1. Ambient	1. Check the temperature surrounding the drive

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
	Heatsink temperature over 95°C	temperature is too high 2. Internal cooling fan stopped operating 3. Bad air flow due to insufficient room.	a. Improve the air flow inside the enclosure panel b. Install an air conditioner or fan to cool the environment c. Remove any possible source of heat 2. Measure the output current a. Reduce the load b. Lower setting in C6-00 (Carrier Frequency Option) 3. Replace the cooling fan
oH1	Motor Overheat  The temperature signal from motor temperature sensor via the multi-funtion analog input (E3-01=20) exceeded the overheat detection level of the drive.	1. Fault on the machinery (e.g., machinery is locked up) 2. Motor overheat	1. Check the machinery status 2. Check the load, acceleration / deceleration time and cycle time a. Reduce the load. b. Increase the C1-00 to C1-07 (Acc./Dec. Time) settings c. Adjust d1-02 to d1-11 (V/F Characteristics)
ot1	Overtorque Detection 1  The current has exceeded the torque level set to P6-01 for longer than the time set to P6-02	1. Incorrect parameter settings 2. Malfunction on machinery	1. Reset P6-01 and P6-02 2. Check machinery and load status
ov	Overvoltage  Voltage in the DC bus exceeded the overvoltage detection level 1.200 V class: 410 V 2.400 V class: 820 V( 740 V when d1-01 < 400 )	1. Drive input power has surge voltage entering 2. Machinery output short circuit 3. Ground fault in the output circuit causes the DC bus capacitor to overcharge 4. Electrical signal	1. Install a DC link choke Voltage surge can result from a thyristor convertor and phase advancing capacitor using the same input power supply 2. Check the motor power cable, relay terminals and motor terminal box 3. Correct grounding shorts and reapply power 4. Check the solutions for interference suppression »Check the control circuit lines, main circuit lines and grounding wiring.

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
		interference causes drive malfunction	»If the MC is the source of interference, connect a suppressor to it. 5. Reconnect the cable 6. Correct the wiring
Uv	Undervoltage  1.Voltage in the DC bus fell below the undervoltage detection level (P2-03) 2.200 V class: 190 V 3.400 V class: 380 V ( 350 V when d1-01 < 400 )	1. Input power phase loss 2. Loose wiring terminals of drive input power 3. Problem with the voltage from the drive input power 4. The drive main circuit capacitors are weakened. 5. The contactor or relay on the soft-charge bypass circuit is damaged	1. Correct the drive input power wiring 2. Tighten the terminals 3. Check the voltage a. Adjust the voltage according to the drive input power specifications b. Check the main circuit magnetic contactor if there is no problem with the power supply 4&5. Turn on and turn off the power to see if any problem occurs Replace either the entire drive or the control board if the problem continues to occur. Contact the local distributor for more information.
Ut1	Undertorque Detection 1  The current has dropped below the torque detection level set to P6-01 for longer than the time set to P6-02	1. Incorrect parameter settings 2.Malfunction on machinery side. Ex, the machinery is locked up	1. Reset P6-01 and P6-02 2. Ensure there is no problem on the machinery side.
bb	Baseblock  Drive output interrupted by an external baseblock signal	An external baseblock signal was input via one of the multi-function input terminals (S1 to S6)	Check baseblock signal input timing and external sequence
oH2	Drive Overheat Warning  Drive Overheat Warning input via a multi-function input terminal (S1to S6 )	An overheat warning in the drive was triggered by an external device	1. Search the device which caused the overheat warning. Remove the cause of the problem. 2. Reset Drive Overheat Warning input at the assigned multi-function input terminal (S1 to S6)

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
	when E1-□ □= 40		
HCA	Current Alarm Drive current exceeded the level of over current warning (150% of the rated current)	1. The load is too heavy 2. Deceleration and acceleration times are too short 3. The drive is attempting to run a motor greater than the maximum allowable capacity, or a special-purpose motor is being used 4. The current level went up because of Speed Search while attempting to perform a fault restart or after a momentary power loss	1. Reduce the load or use a drive of higher rating 2. Calculate the torque required during acceleration and the inertia »Take the following steps if the torque level is not right for the load <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Increase the settings for acceleration and deceleration time (C1-00 to C1-03)</li> <li>· Use a drive of higher rating</li> <li>3. Check the motor capacity</li> <li>· Make sure the motor capacity is right for the drive rating.</li> </ul> 4. During a momentary power loss or an attempt to reset a fault, the alarm is displayed. However, there is no need to take any action because the fault display will disappear shortly
DNE	Driver Enable	1. Multi-function contact input is set to 69/169, but the contact input status is incorrect 2. The multi-function contact input is incorrect	1. Multi-function contact input is set to 69 and switched on. 2. Multi-function contact input is set to 169 and switched off
AnL	Simulation A2 input signal is lost	1. Simulation A2 input signal is lost	1. Check the simulation signal wiring 2. Check the E3-10 parameter settings
ES	Emergency Stop	1. Emergency stop is turned on (P2-11) before the power off, when the DC	1. Turn off the emergency stop function P2-11, or adjust P2-06 settings Level 2. Confirm the multi-function contact input function set and terminal status

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
		bus voltage is lower than P2-06 2. Multi-function contact input is set to 21/121, but the contact input is switched on	
Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
EF0	Retain		
EF1 to EF6	External Fault ( Input Terminal S1 to S6 )	1. An external device tripped an alarm 2. Incorrect wiring 3. Multi-function input wiring is not correct	1. Remove the cause of the external fault then reset the multi-function input. 2. Confirm if the signal lines is properly connected to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (E1-□□= 23 to 38) 3. Confirm if E1-□□=23 to 38 is set to the unused terminals.
FbH	PID Feedback High  PID feedback input is greater than the detection level set to b5-22 for longer than the detection time set to b5-23	1. b5-22 and b5-23 inappropriate setting 2. PID feedback wiring incorrect 3. Feedback sensor malfunction 4. Feedback input circuit malfunction	1. Confirm b5-22 and b5-23 settings 2. Correct the wiring 3. Replace the sensor if it is damaged 4. Replace the PCB or drive. Contact the local distributor.
FbL	PID Feedback Low  When the PID feedback detection is enabled in b5-11, a FbL will be triggered while the PID feedback falls below the level set to b5-12 for longer than the time set to b5-13.	1. Inappropriate setting in b5-12 and b5-13 2. Incorrect PID feedback wiring 3. Feedback sensor malfunction 4. Incorrect feedback input circuit	1. Correct b5-12 and b5-13 settings 2. Correct the wiring 3. Replace the sensor if it is damaged 4. Contact the local distributor to replace the board or the drive.
oH	Heatsink Overheat	1. Ambient	1. Check the temperature surrounding the drive

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
	Heatsink temperature over 95°C	temperature is too high 2. Internal cooling fan stopped operating 3. Bad air flow due to insufficient room.	a. Improve the air flow inside the enclosure panel b. Install an air conditioner or fan to cool the environment c. Remove any possible source of heat 2. Measure the output current a. Reduce the load b. Lower setting in C6-00 (Carrier Frequency Option) 3. Replace the cooling fan
oH1	Motor Overheat  The temperature signal from motor temperature sensor via the multi-funtion analog input (E3-01=20) exceeded the overheat detection level of the drive.	1. Fault on the machinery (e.g., machinery is locked up) 2. Motor overheat	1. Check the machinery status 2. Check the load, acceleration / deceleration time and cycle time a. Reduce the load. b. Increase the C1-00 to C1-07 (Acc./Dec. Time) settings c. Adjust d1-02 to d1-11 (V/F Characteristics)
ot1	Overtorque Detection 1  The current has exceeded the torque level set to P6-01 for longer than the time set to P6-02	1. Incorrect parameter settings 2. Malfunction on machinery	1. Reset P6-01 and P6-02 2. Check machinery and load status
ov	Overvoltage  Voltage in the DC bus exceeded the overvoltage detection level 1.200 V class: 410 V 2.400 V class: 820 V( 740 V when d1-01 < 400 )	1. Drive input power has surge voltage entering 2. Machinery output short circuit 3. Ground fault in the output circuit causes the DC bus capacitor to overcharge 4. Electrical signal	1. Install a DC link choke Voltage surge can result from a thyristor convertor and phase advancing capacitor using the same input power supply 2. Check the motor power cable, relay terminals and motor terminal box 3. Correct grounding shorts and reapply power 4. Check the solutions for interference suppression »Check the control circuit lines, main circuit lines and grounding wiring.

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
		interference causes drive malfunction	»If the MC is the source of interference, connect a suppressor to it. 5. Reconnect the cable 6. Correct the wiring
Uv	Undervoltage  1.Voltage in the DC bus fell below the undervoltage detection level (P2-03) 2.200 V class: 190 V 3.400 V class: 380 V ( 350 V when d1-01 < 400 )	1. Input power phase loss 2. Loose wiring terminals of drive input power 3. Problem with the voltage from the drive input power 4. The drive main circuit capacitors are weakened. 5. The contactor or relay on the soft-charge bypass circuit is damaged	1. Correct the drive input power wiring 2. Tighten the terminals 3. Check the voltage a. Adjust the voltage according to the drive input power specifications b. Check the main circuit magnetic contactor if there is no problem with the power supply 4&5. Turn on and turn off the power to see if any problem occurs Replace either the entire drive or the control board if the problem continues to occur. Contact the local distributor for more information.
Ut1	Undertorque Detection 1  The current has dropped below the torque detection level set to P6-01 for longer than the time set to P6-02	1. Incorrect parameter settings 2.Malfunction on machinery side. Ex, the machinery is locked up	1. Reset P6-01 and P6-02 2. Ensure there is no problem on the machinery side.
bb	Baseblock  Drive output interrupted by an external baseblock signal	An external baseblock signal was input via one of the multi-function input terminals (S1 to S6)	Check baseblock signal input timing and external sequence
oH2	Drive Overheat Warning  Drive Overheat Warning input via a multi-function input terminal (S1to S6 )	An overheat warning in the drive was triggered by an external device	1. Search the device which caused the overheat warning. Remove the cause of the problem. 2. Reset Drive Overheat Warning input at the assigned multi-function input terminal (S1 to S6)

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
	when E1-□ □= 40		
HCA	Current Alarm Drive current exceeded the level of over current warning (150% of the rated current)	1. The load is too heavy 2. Deceleration and acceleration times are too short 3. The drive is attempting to run a motor greater than the maximum allowable capacity, or a special-purpose motor is being used 4. The current level went up because of Speed Search while attempting to perform a fault restart or after a momentary power loss	1. Reduce the load or use a drive of higher rating 2. Calculate the torque required during acceleration and the inertia »Take the following steps if the torque level is not right for the load <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Increase the settings for acceleration and deceleration time (C1-00 to C1-03)</li> <li>· Use a drive of higher rating</li> <li>3. Check the motor capacity</li> <li>· Make sure the motor capacity is right for the drive rating.</li> </ul> 4. During a momentary power loss or an attempt to reset a fault, the alarm is displayed. However, there is no need to take any action because the fault display will disappear shortly
DNE	Driver Enable	1. Multi-function contact input is set to 69/169, but the contact input status is incorrect 2. The multi-function contact input is incorrect	1. Multi-function contact input is set to 69 and switched on. 2. Multi-function contact input is set to 169 and switched off
AnL	Simulation A2 input signal is lost	1. Simulation A2 input signal is lost	1. Check the simulation signal wiring 2. Check the E3-10 parameter settings
ES	Emergency Stop	1. Emergency stop is turned on (P2-11) before the power off, when the DC	1. Turn off the emergency stop function P2-11, or adjust P2-06 settings Level 2. Confirm the multi-function contact input function set and terminal status

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
		bus voltage is lower than P2-06 2. Multi-function contact input is set to 21/121, but the contact input is switched on	
FBPL	(Water pump function) Water shortage warning	1. The feedback pressure is less than the water shortage detection value (F1-09) and for a period of time (F1-11) 2. The output current is less than the water shortage detection value (F1-10) and continue for a period of time (F1-11)	1. Water shortage / water shortage 2. Judging that the level value is too large 3. Detection time is too short

## 6.2 Fault Detection

**Table 6.2 Fault Displays, Causes, and Possible Solution**

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
GF	Ground Fault	Output power cable is damaged	Check and replace output power cable
oVA oVd oVC oVAH oVdH ovCH	Overvoltage (Acceleration, Deceleration and Constant Speed)  The main circuit DC voltage exceeded the overvoltage detection level  200V class: 410V 400 V class: 820 V	<p>1. Regenerative energy is flowing from the motor into the drive because the deceleration time is too short</p> <p>2. The motor overshoot the speed reference because the acceleration time is too short</p> <p>3. Excessive braking load</p> <p>4. Surge voltage entering from the drive input power</p> <p>5. Motor short-circuited</p> <p>Ground fault current charges the drive main circuit capacitor.</p> <p>6. Improper parameter settings for Speed Search (including Speed Search after a fault restart and after a momentary power loss)</p> <p>7. Drive input voltage is too high</p> <p>8. The braking transistor or braking resistor are wired incorrectly</p> <p>9. PG cable is disconnected</p> <p>10. PG cable wiring is incorrect</p> <p>11. PG encoder wiring has interference of electrical signal</p> <p>12. Electrical signal interference causes the drive malfunction</p> <p>13. Incorrect inertia setting of the load</p> <p>14. Motor hunting occurs</p>	<p>1. Increase the deceleration time settings (C1-01 and C1-03) »Install a braking unit »Set P3-03 (Stall Prevention during Deceleration) to 1 (Enabled)(default is 1)</p> <p>2. Confirm if overvoltage alarm oVA or oVC was triggered during sudden drive acceleration. »Increase the acceleration time »Use S-curve deceleration and acceleration times and increase the value set to C2-01 ( S-curve at acceleration end )</p> <p>3. Thyristor convertor and phase advancing capacitor using the same input power supply might cause a voltage surge</p> <p>4. Check the motor power cable, relay terminals and motor terminal box » Correct grounding shorts and reapply power</p> <p>5. Adjust parameter settings for Speed Search (group b3) »Proceed Auto-Tuning for line-to-line resistance</p> <p>6. Check the voltage »Lower drive input power voltage within the range listed in the drive specifications</p> <p>7. Check the wiring of the braking resistor and braking unit »Correct the wiring</p>

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
			8. Tighten the terminal or replace the damaged cable 9. Correct the wiring 10. Check the solutions for interference suppression
oCA, oCd, oCC	Overcurrent (Acceleration, Deceleration and Constant Speed)	1. The motor insulation is damaged or the motor is overheated 2. Grounding problem caused by damaged motor cable 3. The drive is damaged 4. The load is too heavy 5. Settings for acceleration or deceleration time is too short 6. The drive is running a special purpose motor or a motor larger than the drive rated capacity 7. A magnetic contactor (MC) on the output side of the drive has turned on or off 8. V/F set incorrectly 9. Excessive torque compensation	1. Check the insulation resistance 2. Check the motor power cable 3. Check the resistance between the cable and the terminal. 4. Short circuit on drive output side or grounding causes register damage. 5. Measure the current flowing into the motor  5. Check the motor capacity 6. Calculate the torque required during acceleration according to the load inertia and acceleration time. If the required torque is insufficient, check the motor capacity. 7. Install a sequence controller to ensure the MC does not open or close when the drive is outputting voltage. 8. Check the ratios between the frequency and voltage set by V/F.

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
		10. Electrical signal interference causes drive malfunction 11. Overexcitation gain is set too high 12. Run command was applied while motor was coasting 13. Incorrect motor code 14. The motor does not match the drive control method 15. The motor cable is too long	9. Adjust d1-02 to d1-11 (or d1-13 to d1-22 for motor 2) 10. Check the amount of torque compensation 11. Find out possible solutions to suppress the electrical signal interference 11. Check if the fault occurs frequently with overexcitation function operation 12. Enable Speed Search via multi-function input terminal 14. Check the control method (A1-02) 15. Use a larger drive
SC 、 SC1 、 SC2 、 SC3	IGBT Fault or Output Short Circuit	1. Motor has been damaged due to the motor insulation weakened or overheat 2. The cable is damaged 3. Hardware fault 4. The drive is damaged	1. Replace the motor or check the motor insulation resistance 2. Repair any short circuits and check the motor power cable
EF0	Retain		
EF1 to EF6	External Fault ( Input Terminal S1 to S6 )	1. An external device tripped an alarm 2. Incorrect wiring 3. Multi-function input wiring is not correct	1. Remove the cause of the external fault then reset the multi-function input. 2. Confirm if the signal lines is properly connected to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (E1-□□= 23 to 38) 3. Confirm if E1-□□=23 to 38 is set to the unused terminals.
O(P)E17	Improper setting of motor rated speed	Motor rated speed setting over than motor synchronous speed	1. Correctly set the motor base frequency and motor number 2. Correctly set the rated motor speed Motor synchronous speed = 120 base frequency / motor pole count
oH	Heatsink Overheat Heatsink temperature over 95 °C	1. Ambient temperature is too high 2. Internal cooling fan stopped operating	1. Check the temperature surrounding the drive a. Improve the air flow inside the enclosure panel

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
		3. Bad air flow due to insufficient room.	b. Install an air conditioner or fan to cool the environment c. Remove any possible source of heat 2. Measure the output current a. Reduce the load b. Lower setting in C6-00 ( Carrier Frequency Option ) 3. Replace the cooling fan
oH1	Motor Overheat 1  The temperature signal from motor temperature sensor via analog input terminal A1 (E3-01=20) exceeded the overheat detection level of the drive.	1. Incorrect motor temperature input (terminal MT) wiring 2. Fault on the machinery (e.g., machinery is locked up) 3. Motor overheat	1. Check the load, acceleration / deceleration time and cycle time a. Reduce the load b. Increase C1-00 to C1-03 (Acc./Dec. Time) settings 2. Adjust d1-02 to d1-09 (V/F Characteristics) Note: If the d1-02 and d1-09 are set too low, the tolerance at low speed will be reduced. 3.a. Check the setting for motor rated current. Set d1-00 as per the data written on the motor plate. b. Check if the motor cooling is working properly.
oL1	Motor Overload	1. The load is too heavy 2. The acceleration and deceleration times are too short 3. The motor is driven below the rated speed with a high load 4. Incorrect setting in P1-00 (Motor Protection Function Selection) when running a special motor 5. The voltage determined by the V/F is too high 6. d2-00 (Motor Rated Current) setting incorrect 7. The base frequency is set too low	1. Check loading capacity » Reduce the load 2. Confirm acceleration and deceleration times » Increase C1-00 to C1-03 parameter settings 3. »Reduce the load » Increase the speed » Either increase the motor capacity or use a special-purpose motor if the motor needs to operate at low speeds 4. Set P1-00 to 2. 5. Adjust d1-02 to d1-09 settings (V/F Characteristics) Note: If d1-02 to d1-09 settings are too low, load tolerance at low

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
		8. Use one drive to run multiple motors 9. The electrical thermal protection characteristics do not match the motor overload characteristics. 10. The electrical thermal relay operates at the wrong level 11. Motor overheated by overexcitation operations 12. Speed Search related parameters are set incorrectly 13. Power supply phase loss causes output current oscillation.	speeds will be reduced 6. Confirm the motor rated current » Set d2-00 (Motor Rated Current) according to the motor nameplate 7. Confirm the rated frequency showed on the motor nameplate » Set d1-04 (Base Frequency) according to the motor nameplate 8. Set P1-00 (Motor Protection Function Selection) to 0 (Disabled) and install a thermal relay to each motor 9. Confirm characteristics of the motor » Set P1-00 (Motor Protection Function Selection) correctly » Install an external thermal relay 10. Set the motor rated current according to the motor plate. 11. Adjust parameters related to Speed Search » Adjust the b3-01 (Speed Search Operation Current) setting 12. Check the power supply for phase loss
oL2	Drive Overload	1. The load is too heavy 2. The acceleration and deceleration times are too short 3. The voltage determined by the V/F is too high 4. The drive capacity is too small 5. The motor is driven below the rated speed with a high load 6. Torque compensation is too high	1. Check loading capacity » Reduce the load 2. Confirm acceleration and deceleration times » Increase C1-00 to C1-03 parameter settings 3. Adjust d1-02 to d1-09 settings (V/F Characteristics) Note: If d1-02 to d1-09 settings are too low, load tolerance at low speeds will be reduced 4. Use a larger drive 5. » Reduce the load at low speed » Use a larger drive

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
		7. Speed Search related parameters are set incorrectly 8. Power supply phase loss causes output current oscillation	» Set a lower value to C6-00 (Carrier Frequency) 6. Check the torque compensation » Set a lower value to C3-00 (Torque Compensation Gain) until the current is decreased and the motor does not stall. 7. Adjust parameters related to Speed Search » Adjust b3-03 8. Check the power supply for phase loss
ot1	Overtorque Detection 1  The current has exceeded the torque level set to P6-01 for longer than the time set to P6-02	1. Incorrect parameter settings 2. Malfunction on the machinery side	1. Reset P6-01 and P6-02 2. Check machinery and load status
Ut1	Undertorque Detection 1  The current has dropped below the torque detection level set to P6-01 for longer than the time set to P6-02	1. Incorrect parameter settings 2. Malfunction on the machinery side	1. Reset P6-01 and P6-02 2. Ensure there is no problem on the machinery side.
Uv1	Undervoltage Detection 1  Voltage in the DC bus fell below the undervoltage detection level (P2-03) during run. · 200 V class: 190 V · 400 V class: 380 V	1. Input power phase loss 2. Loose wiring terminals of drive input power 3. Problem with the voltage from the drive input power 4. The drive main circuit capacitors are weakened. 5. The contactor or relay on the soft-charge bypass circuit is damaged	1. Correct the drive input power wiring 2. Tighten the terminals 3. Check the voltage a. Adjust the voltage according to the drive input power specifications b. Check the main circuit magnetic contactor if there is no problem with the power supply 4. Turn on and turn off the power to see if any problem occurs

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
			a. Replace either the entire drive or the control board if the problem continues to occur. Contact the local distributor for more information.
Uv2	Retain		
PF	Input Phase Loss  Drive input power has a large imbalance of voltage between phases or has an open phase (Detected when P7-00=1)	1. Phase loss in the drive input power 2. Drive input power terminals has a loose wiring 3. Drive input power voltage has an excessive fluctuation 4. The main circuit capacitors are impaired	1. Check wiring for errors in the main circuit drive input power »Correct wiring 2. Make sure the terminals are tightened correctly »Apply the tightening torque as showed in the manual 3. Confirm the voltage from the drive input power »Apply possible solutions for drive input power stabilization 4. Check drive input power. If drive input power seems normal but the alarm continues to occur, replace either the entire drive or the control board. Contact the local distributor for more information.
LF1	Output Phase Loss  Phase loss on the drive output side	1. The output cable is not connected 2. The motor winding is impaired 3. The output terminal is loose 4. The rated current of the motor being used is 5% less than the drive rated current 5. An output transistor is impaired 6. A single phase motor is activating	1. Check the errors for wiring then properly connect the output cable »Correct the wiring 2. Check the resistance which located between motor lines »If the winding is impaired, replace the motor 3. Use tightening torque which showed in the manual in order to fasten the terminal 4. Check motor capacities and the drive 5. The drive cannot run a single phase motor
FbH	PID Feedback High	1. Incorrect parameter settings	1. Reset b5-22 and b5-23 2. Correct the wiring

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
		2. Incorrect PID feedback wiring 3. Feedback sensor malfunction	3. Check the sensor
FbL	PID Feedback Low	1. Incorrect parameter settings 2. Incorrect PID feedback wiring 3. Feedback sensor malfunction	1. Reset b5-12 and b5-13 2. Correct the wiring 3. Check the sensor
bUS	Retain		
CE	Modbus Communication Error	1. Incorrect wiring 2. Communication data error caused by noise	1. Correct the wiring »Check short circuits and disconnected cables, repair if necessary 2. Check possible solution to suppress the noise
CF	Retain		
Err	Retain		
JoGE	FJOG/ RJOB Input Error	A FJOG and RJOB Run commands are received at the same time	Check the Run command from the external source for Fjog/Rjog
ACE	A1 Input signal is missing	1. A1 Input signal is missing	1. Check the analog signal wiring 2. Confirm the E3-04 parameter setting
FBPL	(water pump function) water shortage failure	1. The feedback pressure is less than the water shortage detection value (F1-09) and lasts for a period of time (F1-11) 2. The output current is less than the water shortage detection value (F1-10) and lasts for a while (F1-11)	1. Insufficient water / water shortage 2. Judging the level value is too large 3. Detection time is too short
EFO	External fault input from communication	Register (send) an external failure of the host device with the communication data. (2401H.BIT 2 = 1)	Troubleshoot external causes Cancel the external fault input of the host device

## 6.3 Operation Errors

**Table 6.3 Error Displays, Causes, and Possible Solutions**

Keypad Display	Error Name	Cause	Possible Solution
oE02	Parameter Range Setting Error	Parameters are set outside of the possible setting range	1. Set the parameters to the proper values 2. Reset the drive
oE03	Multi-Function Input Selection Error	1. Either of Up command and Down command is not set (E1-□□= 10 or 11 ) 2. Either of Up command 2 and Down command 2 is not set (E1-□□=12 or 13)	Properly assign both of the UP and Down commands to the multi-function input terminal.
oE04	3-Wire Sequence Control Setting Error	Multi-Function input terminals S1 and S2 are assigned to E1-□□= 2 (3-Wire Sequence)	Do not assign multi-function input terminals S1 and S2 to E1-□□= 2 (3 - Wire Sequence)
oE05	Communication Error		
oE09	PID Control Selection Fault (When b5-00 (PID Control Setting)= 1 to 4)	1. Contradictory settings · b5-14 (PID Sleep Start Level) is not set to 0.0 · b1-02 (Stopping Method Selection) is set to 2 (DC Braking to Stop) or 3 (Coast to Stop with Timer) 2. L2-01 (Frequency Command Lower Limit)≠0 when b5-00 = 1 or 2 (PID Control Enabled) 3. b5-10 (PID Output Reverse Selection) = 1 (Reverse Enabled) when b5-00 = 1 or 2 4. L2-01 ≠ 0 when b5-00 = 3 or 4	1. Correct the parameter setting. 2. Correct the parameter setting. 3. Correct the parameter setting. 4. Correct the parameter setting.
oE10	V/F Data Setting Error Incorrect d1-02, d1-04, d1-06, d1-08, d1-09 settings	V/F parameters setting incorrect	Correct the setting in d1-02, d1-04, d1-06, d1-08 and d1-09.

Keypad Display	Error Name	Cause	Possible Solution
oE11	Carrier Frequency Setting Error	<p>1. Contradictory settings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· C6-03 (Carrier Frequency Proportional Gain) &gt; 6</li> <li>· C6-02 (Minimum Carrier Frequency) &gt; C6-01 (Maximum Carrier Frequency)</li> </ul> <p>Note: If C6-03 ≤ 6 , the drive operates at C6-01</p> <p>2. The upper and lower limit set in C6-00 to C6-03 are contradictory.</p>	Correct the parameter setting.
oE17	Improper setting of motor rated speed	<p>1. The following is also set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· C6-03 (carrier frequency proportional gain) &gt;6</li> <li>· C6-02 &gt; C6-01 (lower carrier frequency &gt; upper carrier frequency)</li> </ul> <p>(Note) When C6-03 ≤ 6, press the fixed value of C6-01</p> <p>2. The upper and lower limits of C6-00~03 are set incorrectly.</p>	Correct the parameter setting.

## 6.4 Auto-Tuning Fault Detection

**Table 6.4 Auto-Tuning Codes, Causes, and Possible Solution**

Keypad Display	Fault Name	Cause	Possible Solution
TF00	Auto-Tuning Stop	User presses STOP key during Auto-Tuning	Do not press STOP key during Auto-Tuning
TF01	Line-to Line Resistance Error	The line-to-line resistance in Auto-Tuning is negative or limited by the upper the lower limit	Check and correct motor wiring
TF07	Motor Data Error	t5-05 and t1-07 setting incorrect	Make sure the data entered to t1-05 and t1-07 is the same as the information showed on the motor nameplate. Reset the parameters.

# Chapter 7 | Communction Protocol

## 7.1 MODBUS Communction Specification

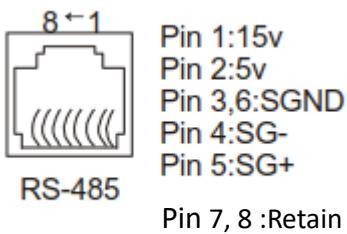
Modbus Communction Specification:

Item	Specification
Interface	RS-485
Synchronously	Asynchronous
Communication Parameters	Serial transmission rate Data length Parity check: even parity / odd parity / no Stop bit
Communication Protocol	MODBUS Standard
How many machines can be connected	Max. 31

## 7.2 How to connect with controller/ PLC/ HMI

### 7.2.1 Connection of communication cable

1. Connect the communication cable between the device/PLC/human interface and the inverter with the power OFF. The connection terminal of the MODBUS communication cable is RJ45 port.



(Note) When wiring for communication, separate the main circuit wiring from other power lines and power lines. The communication wiring uses a mask wire, and the mask wire is covered and connected to the ground terminal of the inverter, and the other end is not connected and subjected to end processing, which has the effect of preventing malfunction and causing malfunction.

2. Turn on the power.
3. Use the operator to set the parameters required for communication (E6 - 06 to E6 - 10).
4. Turn off the power and check that the display of the operator disappears.
5. Turn the power on again.

6. Communicate with the device/PLC/human interface.

## 7.3 Information format

### 7.3.1 Slave site

Set the slave station address of the inverter. Please set the value from 0 to 0x1F (Hex). When the slave station address is set to 0, the master station sends an instruction to all slave stations. (broadcast transmission)

For broadcast transmission, the slave does not send a response message to the primary station.

00H: All drive broadcasts (Broadcast)

01H: For the 01th address driver

0FH: drive to the 15th address

10H: For the 16th address driver, and so on....., up to 31 (1FH).

### 7.3.2 Function code

Is the code used to specify the instruction. There are four types of function codes.

Function Code and Data Characters

03H : Read the contents of the scratchpad

06H : Write a WORD to the scratchpad (scratchpad write)

08H : Loop test

10H : Write multiple data to the scratchpad (multiple register write)

### 7.4 MODBUS Data List

The MODBUS data list is as follows. The types of materials include instruction materials, surveillance materials, and broadcast transmission materials.

#### Command DATA (can be read and written)

Loc.	definition	
2400H	Retain	
	Operation Command	
2401H	BIT 0	Stop/Run (0: Stop, 1: Run)
	BIT 1	Forward/reverse (0: forward, 1: reverse)
	BIT 2	External fault EFO
	BIT 3	Failure return
	BIT 4	Retain
	BIT 5	Retain
	BIT 6	Retain
	BIT 7	Retain
	BIT 8	Multi-function terminal 1 (1: ON)
	BIT 9	Multi-function terminal 2 (1: ON)

	BIT 10	Multi-function terminal 3 (1: ON)
	BIT 11	Multi-function terminal 4 (1: ON)
	BIT 12	Multi-function terminal 5 (1: ON)
	BIT 13	Multi-function terminal 6 (1: ON)
2402H	Frequency command (unit: 0.01Hz)	
2404H	Multi-function output instruction	
	BIT 0	1: Relay1 ON (only valid when E2-00 is set to 12 communication mode)

#### Monitor DATA (read only)

Loc.	Definition	
2420H	Retain	
2421H	Operational state	
	BIT 0	1: In operation
	BIT 1	1: Reverse running
	BIT 2	1: Zero speed
	BIT 3	1: malfunction
	BIT 4	1: Warning
	BIT 5	1: Consistent frequency
	BIT 6	1: The inverter is ready to run.
	BIT 7	1: Frequency provided by communication
	BIT 8	1: Operation provided by communication
BIT 11~15		Retain
2422H	Frequency command (Unit 0.01Hz)	
2423H	Output frequency (Unit 0.01Hz)	
2424H	Output current (Unit 0.1A)	
2425H	Output voltage (Unit 0.1V)	
2426H	DC voltage (Unit 0.1V)	
2427H	Warning Description	
2428H	Malfunction Description	
2429H	Multi-function input and output status	
	BIT 0	1: Multi-function terminal 1 ON
	BIT 1	1: Multi-function terminal 2 ON
	BIT 2	1: Multi-function terminal 3 ON
	BIT 3	1: Multi-function terminal 4 ON
	BIT 4	1: Multi-function terminal 5 ON
	BIT 5	1: Multi-function terminal 6 ON
	BIT 8~10	Retain
	BIT 12	1: Relay1 ON
	BIT 14	1: PH1 ON
BIT 15		Retain
242AH	AI1 Input(0 correspond 0V or 0mA, 1000 correspond 10V or 20mA)	

242CH	Retain
242DH	AO1 Input (0 correspond 0V, 1000 correspond 10V)

### Warning Description (2427H)

Value	Content	Value	Content	Value	Content
0	No warning	13	Retain	26	UT1 (Motor low torque1)
1	EF0 (Communication error)	14	Retain	27	Retain
2	EF1 (external warning 1)	15	Retain	28	Retain
3	EF2 (external warning2)	16	Retain	29	Retain
4	EF3 (external warning 3)	17	Retain	30	Retain
5	EF4 (external warning 4)	18	FbH (PID feedback is too high)	31	BB (Output shutoff)
6	EF5 (external warning 5)	19	FbL (PID feedback is too low)	32	OH2 (Inverter OH2 warning)
7	EF6 (external warning 6)	20	OH (Inverter overheating)	33	HCA(Overcurrent)
8	Retain	21	Retain	34	DNE (Drive is invalid)
9	Retain	22	OT1 (Motor over torque 1)	35	Retain
10	Retain	23	Retain	36	CE (MODBUS communication is abnormal)
11	Retain	24	OV (Overvoltage warning)	37	Retain
12	Retain	25	UV (Low voltage warning)	38	Retain

### Fault description (2428H)

Value	Content	Value	Content	Value	Content
0	functional	31	Retain	62	Retain
1	GF (ground short circuit)	32	Retain	63	SEr (speed search is abnormal)
2	OVA (Accelerated overvoltage)	33	OH (Inverter overheating)	64	Retain
3	OVd (Deceleration over voltage)	34	Retain	34	OH1 (motor overheated)
4	OVC (fixed speed overvoltage)	35	Retain	66	CPF02
5	OCA(acceleration overcurrent)	36	OL1 (motor overload)	67	CPF03
6	OCd (deceleration over current)	37	OL2 (Inverter overload)	68	CPF04
7	OCC (overcurrent during operation)	38	Retain	69	CPF05
8	EF(overcurrent during operation)	39	OT1 (motor over torque 1)	70	CPF06
9	SC (short circuit)	40	Retain	71	CPF07
10	Retain	41	UT1 (motor low torque 1)	72	Retain
11	Retain	42	Retain	73	JOGE (FJOG, RJOB At the same time)
12	Retain	43	Retain	74	-OFF-
13	Retain	44	UV1(DC voltage is too low)	75	Retain
14	Retain	45	UV2	76	Retain
15	Retain	46	PF (input phase)	77	Retain
16	Retain	47	LF1 (output phase loss)	78	Retain
17	EFO (communication exception)	48	Retain	79	Retain
18	EF1 (external fault 1)	49	Retain	80	Retain
19	EF2 (external fault2)	50	Retain	81	Retain
20	EF3 (external fault 3)	51	Retain	82	Retain

21	EF4 (external fault 4)	52	Retain	83	Retain
22	EF5 (external fault 5)	53	Retain	84	Retain
23	EF6 (external fault 6)	54	FbH (PID feedback is too high)	85	Retain
24	Retain	55	FbL (PID feedback is too low)	86	Retain
25	Retain	56	bUS (Communication card is abnormal)	87	Retain
26	Retain	57	CE (communication error)	88	Retain
27	Retain	58	CF (control fault)	89	Retain
28	Retain	59	Err (EEPROM error)	90	Retain
29	Retain	60	Retain	91	Retain
30	Retain	61	Retain		

Mod The parameter Modbus address corresponding to the inverter is as follows

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
A1-00	0x0000	A2-00	0x0080	A2-11	0x008B
A1-01	0x0001	A2-01	0x0081	A2-12	0x008C
A1-02	0x0002	A2-02	0x0082	A2-13	0x008D
A1-03	0x0003	A2-03	0x0083	A2-14	0x008E
A1-04	0x0004	A2-04	0x0084	A2-15	0x008F
A1-05	0x0005	A2-05	0x0085	A2-32	0x00A0
A1-07	0x0007	A2-06	0x0086		
		A2-07	0x0087		
		A2-08	0x0088		
		A2-09	0x0089		
		A2-10	0x008A		

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
B1-00	0x0100	B2-00	0x0180	B3-00	0x0200
B1-01	0x0101	B2-01	0x0181	B3-01	0x0201
B1-02	0x0102	B2-02	0x0182	B3-02	0x0202
B1-03	0x0103	B2-03	0x0183	B3-03	0x0203
B1-05	0x0105			B3-04	0x0204
B1-06	0x0106			B3-05	0x0205
B1-07	0x0107				
B1-09	0x0109				
B1-10	0x010A			B4-00	0x0280
B1-12	0x010C			B4-01	0x0281
B1-13	0x010D				

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
B5-00	0x0300	B5-21	0x0315	B9-02	0x0502
B5-01	0x0301	B5-22	0x0316		
B5-02	0x0302	B5-23	0x0317		
B5-03	0x0303	B5-24	0x0318		
B5-04	0x0304	B5-25	0x0319		
B5-05	0x0305	B5-26	0x031A		
B5-06	0x0306	B5-27	0x031B		
B5-07	0x0307	B5-28	0x031C		
B5-08	0x0308	B5-29	0x031D		
B5-09	0x0309	B5-30	0x031E		
B5-10	0x030A				
B5-11	0x030B				
B5-12	0x030C				

B5-13	0x030D				
B5-14	0x030E				
B5-15	0x030F				
B5-16	0x0310				
B5-17	0x0311				
B5-18	0x0312				
B5-19	0x0313				
B5-20	0x0314				

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
C1-00	0x0580	C2-00	0x0600	C3-00	0x0680
C1-01	0x0581	C2-01	0x0601	C3-02	0x0682
C1-02	0x0582	C2-02	0x0602		
C1-03	0x0583	C2-03	0x0603	C5-00	0x0780
C1-08	0x0588			C5-01	0x0781
C1-11	0x058B				
C1-12	0x058C			C6-00	0x0800

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
L1-00	0x0880	L1-13	0x088D	L4-00	0x0A00
L1-01	0x0881	L1-14	0x088E	L4-01	0x0A01
L1-02	0x0882	L1-15	0x088F	L4-02	0x0A02
L1-03	0x0883	L1-16	0x0890	L4-03	0x0A03
L1-04	0x0884			L4-04	0x0A04
L1-05	0x0885	L2-00	0x0900		
L1-06	0x0886	L2-01	0x0901	L6-00	0x0B00
L1-07	0x0887			L6-01	0x0B01
L1-08	0x0888	L3-00	0x0980	L6-02	0x0B02
L1-09	0x0889	L3-01	0x0981		
L1-10	0x088A	L3-02	0x0982		
L1-11	0x088B	L3-03	0x0983		

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
D1-00	0x0B80	D2-00	0x0C00	E1-00	0x0D00
D1-01	0x0B81	D2-01	0x0C01	E1-01	0x0D01
D1-02	0x0B82	D2-02	0x0C02	E1-02	0x0D02
D1-03	0x0B83	D2-03	0x0C03	E1-03	0x0D03
D1-04	0x0B84	D2-04	0x0C04	E1-04	0x0D04
D1-05	0x0B85	D2-05	0x0C05	E1-05	0x0D05
D1-06	0x0B86	D2-06	0x0C06	E1-08	0x0D08

D1-07	0x0B87	D2-07	0x0C07	E1-09	0x0D09
D1-08	0x0B88	D2-10	0x0C0A	E2-00	0x0D80
D1-09	0x0B89			E3-00	0x0E00
D1-15	0x0B8F			E3-01	0x0E01
D1-20	0x0B94			E3-02	0x0E02

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
E3-03	0x0E03	E4-03	0x0E83	E6-09	0x0F89
E3-05	0x0E05	E6-05	0x0F85	E6-10	0x0F8A
E3-13	0x0E0D	E6-06	0x0F86	E6-11	0x0F8B
E4-01	0x0E81	E6-07	0x0F87	E6-12	0x0F8C
E4-02	0x0E82	E6-08	0x0F88	E6-13	0x0F8D

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
P1-00	0x1000	P2-00	0x1080	P3-00	0x1100
P1-01	0x1001	P2-01	0x1081	P3-01	0x1101
P1-05	0x1005	P2-03	0x1083	P3-02	0x1102
		P2-05	0x1085	P3-03	0x1103
		P2-10	0x108A	P3-04	0x1104
				P3-05	0x1105
				P3-06	0x1106
				P3-07	0x1107
				P3-08	0x1108
				P3-09	0x1109
				P3-10	0x110A

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
P4-00	0x1180	P5-00	0x1200	P6-00	0x1280
P4-01	0x1181	P5-01	0x1201	P6-01	0x1281
P4-02	0x1182	P5-02	0x1202	P6-02	0x1282
P4-03	0x1183				
P4-04	0x1184				
P4-05	0x1185				
P4-06	0x1186				

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
P7-00	0x1300	N1-00	0x1380	T1-07	0x1887
P7-01	0x1301	N1-01	0x1381	T1-09	0x1889
P7-02	0x1302	N3-04	0x1484	T1-12	0x188C
P7-03	0x1303	N3-06	0x1486		
P7-04	0x1304	T1-01	0x1881		

P7-07	0x1307	T1-02	0x1882		
P7-09	0x1309	T1-03	0x1883		
P7-10	0x130A	T1-04	0x1884		
P7-11	0x130B	T1-05	0x1885		
P7-14	0x130E	T1-06	0x1886		

Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
O1-00	0x1680	O2-01	0x1701	O4-00	0x1800
O1-02	0x1682	O2-02	0x1702	O4-06	0x1806
O1-03	0x1683	O2-03	0x1703		
O1-04	0x1684	O2-04	0x1704		
		O2-05	0x1705		
		O2-06	0x1706		
Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address	Parameter	Address
U1-00	0x1D00	U2-09	0x1D89	U3-08	0x1E08
U1-01	0x1D01	U2-10	0x1D8A	U3-09	0x1E09
U1-02	0x1D02	U2-13	0x1D8D	U3-10	0x1E0A
U1-03	0x1D03	U2-14	0x1D8E	U3-11	0x1E0B
U1-04	0x1D04	U2-15	0x1D8F	U3-12	0x1E0C
U1-05	0x1D05	U2-17	0x1D91	U3-13	0x1E0D
U1-06	0x1D06	U2-18	0x1D92	U3-14	0x1E0E
U1-07	0x1D07	U2-19	0x1D93	U3-15	0x1E0F
U1-08	0x1D08	U2-20	0x1D94	U3-17	0x1E11
U1-09	0x1D09	U2-21	0x1D95	U4-00	0x1E80
U1-10	0x1D0A	U2-22	0x1D96	U4-01	0x1E81
U1-11	0x1D0B	U2-23	0x1D97	U4-02	0x1E82
U1-12	0x1D0C	U2-24	0x1D98	U4-03	0x1E83
U1-16	0x1D10	U2-27	0x1D9B	U4-08	0x1E88
U1-17	0x1D11	U2-28	0x1D9C		
U1-19	0x1D13	U2-29	0x1D9D		
U1-20	0x1D14	U2-31	0x1D9F		
U1-21	0x1D15	U2-32	0x1DA0		
U2-00	0x1D80	U2-33	0x1DA1		
U2-01	0x1D81	U2-34	0x1DA4		
U2-02	0x1D82	U2-35	0x1DA5		
U2-03	0x1D83	U2-36	0x1DA6		
U2-04	0x1D84	U2-37	0x1DA7		
U2-05	0x1D85	U3-00	0x1E00		
U2-06	0x1D86	U3-02	0x1E02		
U2-07	0x1D87	U3-06	0x1E06		
U2-08	0x1D88	U3-07	0x1E07		

<b>Parameter</b>			<b>Parameter</b>		
A1-00			b3-04		
A1-01			b3-05		
A1-02			b5-00		
A1-03			b5-01		
A1-04			b5-02		
A1-05			b5-03		
A2-00			b5-04		
A2-01			b5-05		
A2-02			b5-06		
A2-03			b5-07		
A2-04			b5-08		
A2-05			b5-09		
A2-06			b5-10		
A2-07			b5-11		
A2-08			b5-12		
A2-09			b5-13		
A2-10			b5-14		
A2-11			b5-15		
A2-12			b5-16		
A2-13			b5-17		
A2-14			b5-18		
A2-15			b5-19		
A2-32			b5-20		
b1-00			b5-21		
b1-01			b5-22		
b1-02			b5-23		
b1-03			b5-24		
b1-05			b5-25		
b1-06			b5-26		
b1-09			b5-27		
b1-10			b5-28		
b1-11			b8-00		
b2-00			C1-00		
b2-01			C1-01		
b2-02			C1-02		
b2-03			C1-03		
b3-00			C1-08		
b3-01			C2-00		
b3-02			C2-01		
b3-03			C2-02		

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Edit Date</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Edit Date</b>
C2-03		d1-05	
C3-00		d1-06	
C5-00		d1-07	
C5-01		d1-08	
C6-00		d1-09	
C6-01		d2-00	
C6-02		d2-01	
C6-03		d2-02	
L1-00		d2-03	
L1-01		d2-04	
L1-02		E1-00	
L1-03		E1-01	
L1-04		E1-02	
L1-05		E1-03	
L1-06		E1-04	
L1-07		E1-05	
L1-08		E2-00	
L1-09		E3-00	
L1-10		E3-01	
L1-11		E3-02	
L1-12		E3-03	
L1-13		E3-05	
L1-14		E4-00	
L1-15		E4-01	
L1-16		E4-02	
L2-00		E4-03	
L2-01		E6-00	
L3-00		E6-01	
L3-01		E6-02	
L3-03		E6-03	
L4-00		E6-04	
L4-01		E6-05	
L4-02		E6-06	
L4-03		E6-07	
L4-04		E6-08	
d1-00		P1-00	
d1-01		P1-01	
d1-02		P1-05	
d1-03		P2-00	
d1-04		P2-01	

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Edit Date</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Edit Date</b>
P2-02		o4-01	
P2-03		o4-06	
P2-05		o4-07	
P3-00		o4-08	
P3-01		t1-02	
P3-02		t1-03	
P3-03		t1-04	
P3-05		t1-05	
P3-06		t1-06	
P3-07		t1-07	
P3-08		t1-10	
P3-11		t1-12	
P4-00			
P4-01			
P4-02			
P4-03			
P4-04			
P5-00			
P5-01			
P5-02			
P6-00			
P6-01			
P6-02			
P7-00			
P7-01			
P7-02			
P7-03			
P7-04			
P7-05			
P7-09			
P7-12			
o1-00			
o2-01			
o2-02			
o2-03			
o2-05			
o2-06			
o3-00			
o3-01			
o4-00			

## Appendix UL Description

- 1) "Maximum surrounding air temperature rating of 50°C"
- 2) "The drive is suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5,000 rms symmetrical amperes, Maximum, 220 V for 200 V three-phase, 240 V for 200 V single-phase, 480 V for 400 V three-phase."

These devices are only intended to be installed with the following branch circuit fuse.

400V 3Φ	Input Current I (A)	Line Fuse	
		I (A)	Bussmann P/N
0.4kW (0.5 HP)	2.7	10	FRS-R-10
0.75kW (1 HP)	4.4	10	FRS-R-10
1.5kW (2 HP)	6.7	10	FRS-R-10
2.2kW (3 HP)	9.3	15	FRS-R-15
3.7kW (5 HP)	12.9	20	FRS-R-20
200V 1Φ	Input Current I (A)	Line Fuse	
		I (A)	Bussmann P/N
0.2kW (0.25 HP)	3.6	6	FRS-R-6
0.4kW (0.5 HP)	7.4	10	FRS-R-10
0.75kW (1 HP)	13.5	20	FRS-R-20
1.5kW (2 HP)	24	30	FRS-R-30
2.2kW (3 HP)	33	50	FRS-R-50
200V 3Φ	Input Current I (A)	Line Fuse	
		I (A)	Bussmann P/N
0.2kW (0.25 HP)	2.2	5	FRS-R-5
0.4kW (0.5 HP)	3.7	5	FRS-R-5
0.75kW (1 HP)	6.6	10	FRS-R-10
1.5kW (2 HP)	10.5	15	FRS-R-15
2.2kW (3 HP)	14.8	20	FRS-R-20
3.7kW (5 HP)	21.5	30	FRS-R-30

- 3) "The drive must be installed in a Pollution 2 environment with clean air according to enclosure classification. Cooling air must be clean, free from corrosive materials and electrically conductive dust."
- 4) "Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes", or the equivalent.
- 5) "Solid State motor overload protection level in percent of full-load current (150% FLA)."
- 6) "Overtemperature protection is not provided by the drive."
- 7) Use Copper Conductors rated 60/75°C.
- 8) Type of electrical supply system (3WYE) to which the drive shall be connected  
(Only for three phase series)

- 1) COURANT NOMINAL DE COURT-CIRCUIT, 5000 A SYMÉTRIQUES EFF. MAXIMUM, 220 V POUR 200 V TRIPHASÉ, 240 V POUR 200 V MONOPHASÉ, 480 V POUR 400 V TRIPHASÉ.
- 2) CONVIENT AUX CIRCUITS NON SUSCEPTIBLES DE DÉLIVRER PLUS DE 5000 AMPÉRES SYMÉTRIQUES EFF. MAXIMUM, 220 V POUR 200 V TRIPHASÉ, 240 V POUR 200 V MONOPHASÉ, 480 V POUR 400 V TRIPHASÉ.
- 3) AVEC UNE PROTECTION PAR DES FUSIBLES CLASSE RK5 DE CALIBRE NOMINAL MAXIMAL DE V, A, VÉRIFIEZ LE TABLEAU SUIVANT.
- 4) AVEC PROTECTION PAR DES FUSIBLES DE CALIBRE RK5, VÉRIFIEZ LE TABLEAU SUIVANT.
- 5) LA PROTECTION INTÉGRÉE CONTRE LES COURTS-CIRCUITS N'ASSURE PAS LA PROTECTION DE LA DÉRIVATION. LA PROTECTION DE LA DÉRIVATION DOIT ÊTRE EXÉCUTÉE CONFORMÉMENT AU CODE CANADIEN DE L'ÉLECTRICITÉ, PREMIÈRE PARTIE.
- 6) AVERTISSEMENT : RISQUE DU CHOC ÉLECTRIQUE. UNE TENSION DANGEREUSE PEUT ÊTRE PRÉSENTÉE JUSQU'À 5 MINUTES APRÉS AVOIR COUPÉ L'ALIMENTATION.

Model No.	Branch Circuit Fuses
EVO600043S0D4	Class RK5, rated 600 V ac, 10 A, Interrupting Current 200 kA
EVO600043SD75	
EVO600043S1D5	
EVO600043S2D2	Class RK5, rated 600 V ac, 15 A, Interrupting Current 200 kA
EVO600043S3D7	Class RK5, rated 600 V ac, 20 A, Interrupting Current 200 kA

Model No.	Maximum Branch Circuit Fuses
EVO600021S0D2	Class RK5, rated 300/600 V ac, 6 A, Interrupting Current 200 kA
EVO600021S0D4	Class RK5, rated 300/600 V ac, 10 A, Interrupting Current 200 kA
EVO600021SD75	Class RK5, rated 300/600 V ac, 20 A, Interrupting Current 200 kA
EVO600021S1D5	Class RK5, rated 300/600 V ac, 30 A, Interrupting Current 200 kA
EVO600021S2D2	Class RK5, rated 300/600 V ac, 50 A, Interrupting Current 200 kA

Model No.	Branch Circuit Fuses
EVO600023S0D2	Class RK5, rated 240 V ac or higher, 5 A
EVO600023S0D4	Class RK5, rated 240 V ac or higher, 10 A
EVO600023SD75	Class RK5, rated 240 V ac or higher, 15 A
EVO600023S1D5	Class RK5, rated 240 V ac or higher, 20 A
EVO600023S2D2	Class RK5, rated 240 V ac or higher, 30 A
EVO600023S3D7	Class RK5, rated 240 V ac or higher, 30 A

# EVOLution Series

LITE-ON Industrial Automation

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